



# Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agency

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*Serving San Bernardino, Inyo, and Mono Counties*  
*Tom Lynch, EMS Administrator*  
*Reza Vaezazizi, MD, Medical Director*

**DATE:** July 27, 2021

**TO:** EMS Providers - ALS, LALS, BLS, EMS Aircraft  
Hospital CEOs, ED Directors, Nurse Managers and PLNs  
EMS Training Institutions and Continuing Education Providers  
Inyo, Mono and San Bernardino County EMCC Members  
Medical Advisory Committee (MAC) Members  
Systems Advisory Committee (SAC) Members

**FROM:** Tom Lynch  
EMS Administrator

Reza Vaezazizi, MD  
Medical Director

**SUBJECT: 30-DAY NOTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC COMMENT**

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Public comment for the policies/protocols listed below will occur at the next Medical Advisory Committee meeting on August 26, 2021, at 1:00 pm. Please review and bring suggestions for modification to the meeting.

ICEMA Reference Number and Name

8130R2 Assess and Refer: Emergency Response Plan (San Bernardino County)  
11010R2 Medication - Standard Orders

TL/RV/jlm

Enclosures

c: File Copy

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**30-DAY NOTIFICATION FOR POLICIES/PROTOCOLS CHANGES  
JULY 27, 2021**

Reference #	Name	Changes
<b>DELETIONS</b>		
None		
<b>NEW</b>		
None		
<b>CHANGES</b>		
8130R2	Assess and Refer: Emergency Response Plan	Updated policy from an emergency surge response plan, to remain active during normal operations. Changed name of policy to Assess and Refer Response Plan.
11010R2	Medication Standard Orders	Addition of Naloxone (Narcan) 4 mg IN for suspected Adult Fentanyl overdose.



# INLAND COUNTIES EMERGENCY MEDICAL AGENCY POLICY AND PROTOCOL MANUAL

Reference No. 8130R23  
Effective Date: ~~12/10/2010/01/21~~  
Supersedes: ~~12/02/2012/10/20~~  
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## ASSESS AND REFER: ~~EMERGENCY~~ RESPONSE PLAN (San Bernardino County Only)

### I. PURPOSE

To establish standards for the identification of patients whose condition does not require transport by 9-1-1 emergency ambulance. All 9-1-1 calls for EMS will receive an appropriate response, timely assessment, and appropriate patient care. If it is determined that the patient is stable, and does not require emergency department services EMS field personnel will assess patient and provide an appropriate alternative recommendation.

### II. POLICY

- ~~This emergent policy is being implemented in accordance with the XBO COVID19 EMS Plan and will be used only in response to surge triggers defined in that plan in order to maintain continuity of EMS in San Bernardino County during a public health emergency.~~
- ~~Destination decisions will be based on patient's condition or on patient, guardian, family or law enforcement requests.~~ If the patient's condition is stable and meets assess and refer criteria EMS field personnel will provide the patient the following recommendation:
  - "It appears that you do not require immediate care in the emergency department. You should seek care with your regular healthcare provider, urgent care or clinic. If symptoms worsen seek medical help or re-contact 9-1-1."

### III. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Transport all patients requiring immediate medical attention to the closest most appropriate hospital.
- EMS should not require patients that are being released from the scene to sign AMA on the Patient Care Record.
- Provide instructions that if symptoms worsen, patient should go to the emergency department, contact their healthcare provider, or re-contact 9-1-1.
- If the patient or guardian refuses the referral, the patient will be transported to the closest most appropriate hospital.

### IV. PARAMEDIC ASSESS AND REFER DECISION MAKING PRINCIPLES

- Does the patient, parent, or guardian have Decision Making Capacity?
- Is EMS field personnel concerned with the patient's current medical condition?
- How likely is the patient to successfully navigate the provided referral?

### V. ASSESS AND REFER CRITERIA

- The patient must meet all of the following criteria:
  - Parent or guardian is on scene if the patient is under 18 years of age (unless legally emancipated).

- Has a Glasgow Coma Scale (GSC) of 15 or GCS is at patient's baseline.
- Exhibits no clinical evidence of:
  - Altered level of consciousness
  - Alcohol or drug ingestion that impairs decision making capacity
  - Abnormal or labored breathing or shortness of breath
  - Chest pain/discomfort of any kind
  - Hypoxia as indicated by low oxygen saturation
  - Significant tachycardia
  - Serious hemorrhage
- Exhibits evidence of Decision-Making Capacity sufficient to understand the nature of the medical condition as well as the risks and potential consequences of not seeking additional medical care from the provided recommendation.
- The patient would benefit from the provided recommendation.
- The patient is likely to successfully navigate the provided recommendation.
- If there is clinical evidence of a viral illness, the patient must meet all the following criteria: The COVID positive patient or person under investigation (PUI) must meet all of the following criteria:
  - Be stable.
  - Not under two (2) years of age, or over 65 years of age.
  - Does not have an underlying medical history.
- For the COVID positive patient or PUI, assess for a referral to stay home, self-isolate, and seek follow-up treatment with a physician.

#### VI. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

- Physical exam.
- Treatment provided.
- Patient, parent, or guardian is alert, oriented, and acting appropriately for their age.
- Indications that there were no signs of significant impairment due to drugs, alcohol, organic causes, or mental illness.
- Any other observations that indicate that the patient, parent, or guardian has impaired Decision-Making Capacity.
- Recommendation/referrals shall be documented utilizing the following four (4) step process:
  - That a recommendation/referral was offered.
  - What the recommendation/referral was that EMS field personnel provided.
  - The patient's understanding of the recommendation/referral.

- The patient's plan based on the recommendation/referral of the EMS field personnel.
- The person(s), if any, who remained to look after the patient (the patient's "support system").
- The name of the interpreter utilized, if applicable.
- EMS field personnel will leave a referral card containing relevant community referral information with the patient.

**NOTE:** All assess and refer cases will undergo 100% CQI.



**INLAND COUNTIES  
EMERGENCY MEDICAL AGENCY  
POLICY AND PROTOCOL MANUAL**

**Reference No. 11010R23**  
Effective Date: ~~06/15/21~~10/01/21  
Supersedes: ~~06/01/21~~06/15/21  
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**MEDICATION - STANDARD ORDERS**

**Medications listed in this protocol may be used only for the purposes referenced by the associated ICEMA Treatment Protocol.**

**For Nerve Agent Antidote Kit (NAAK) or medications deployed with the ChemPack see Appendix I (Page 12).**

**Adenosine (Adenocard) - Adult (ALS)**

*Stable narrow-complex SVT or Wide complex tachycardia:*

Adenosine, 6 mg rapid IVP followed immediately by 20 cc NS bolus, and Adenosine, 12 mg rapid IVP followed immediately by 20 cc NS bolus if patient does not convert. May repeat one (1) time.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14040*

**Albuterol (Proventil) Aerosolized Solution - Adult (LALS, ALS)**

Albuterol, 2.5 mg nebulized, may repeat two (2) times.

*Reference #s 4060, 7010, 7020, 14010, 14070*

**Albuterol (Proventil) Metered-Dose Inhaler (MDI) - Adult (LALS, ALS - Specialty Programs Only)**

Albuterol MDI, four (4) puffs every 10 minutes for continued shortness of breath and wheezing.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 14120, 14140, 14190*

**Albuterol (Proventil) - Pediatric (LALS, ALS)**

Albuterol, 2.5 mg nebulized, may repeat two (2) times.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14120, 14140, 14190*

**Albuterol (Proventil) Metered-Dose Inhaler (MDI) - Pediatric (LALS, ALS - Specialty Programs Only)**

Albuterol MDI, four (4) puffs every 10 minutes for continued shortness of breath and wheezing.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 14120, 14140, 14190*

**Aspirin, chewable (LALS, ALS)**

Aspirin, 325 mg PO chewed (one (1) adult non-enteric coated aspirin) or four (4) chewable 81 mg aspirin.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 5010, 7010, 7020, 14240*

**Atropine (ALS) - Adult**

Atropine, 0.5 mg IV/IO. May repeat every five (5) minutes up to a maximum of 3 mg or 0.04 mg/kg.

*Organophosphate poisoning:*

Atropine, 2 mg IV/IO, repeat at 2 mg increments every five (5) minutes if patient remains symptomatic.

Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 13010, 14030, 14260

**Atropine - Pediatric (ALS)***Organophosphate poisoning - Pediatrics less than 14 years of age:*

Atropine, 0.05 mg/kg IV/IO not to exceed adult dose of 2 mg, repeat at 0.1 mg/kg increments every five (5) minutes if patient remains symptomatic.

Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 13010

**Calcium Chloride - Adult (ALS)***Calcium Channel Blocker Poisonings (base hospital order only):*

Calcium Chloride, 1 gm (10 ml of a 10% solution) IV/IO.

Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 13010

*For cardiac arrest with suspected hypocalcemia, hyperkalemia, hypermagnesemia or calcium channel blocker poisoning (base hospital order only):*

Calcium Chloride, 1 gm (10 ml of a 10% solution) IV/IO.

Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14050

**Calcium Chloride - Pediatric (ALS)***Calcium Channel Blocker Poisonings (base hospital order only):*

Calcium Chloride, 20 mg/kg IV/IO over five (5) minutes.

Reference #s 7010, 7020, 13010

**Dextrose - Adult (LALS, ALS)***Hypoglycemia - Adult with blood glucose less than 80 mg/dL:*

Dextrose 10% /250 ml (D10W 25 gm) IV/IO Bolus

Reference #s 4060, 4080, 5010, 7010, 7020, 8010, 13020, 13030, 14040, 14060

**Dextrose - Pediatric (LALS, ALS)***Hypoglycemia - Neonates (0 - 4 weeks) with blood glucose less than 35 mg/dL or pediatric patients (more than 4 weeks) with glucose less than 60 mg/dL:*

Dextrose 10%/250 ml (D10W 25 gm) 0.5 gm/kg (5 ml/kg) IV/IO

Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 13020, 13030, 14150, 14160, 14170

**Diphenhydramine - Adult (ALS)**

Diphenhydramine, 25 mg IV/IO

Diphenhydramine, 50 mg IM

Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 13010, 14010

**Diphenhydramine - Pediatric (ALS)***Allergic reaction:*

2 years to 14 years      Diphenhydramine, 1 mg/kg slow IV/IO, not to exceed adult dose of 25 mg, **or**

Diphenhydramine, 2 mg/kg IM not to exceed adult dose of 50 mg IM.

Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14140

**Epinephrine (1 mg/ml) - Adult (LALS, ALS)***Severe Bronchospasm, Asthma Attack, Pending Respiratory Failure, Severe Allergic Reactions:*

Epinephrine, 0.3 mg IM. May repeat after 15 minutes one (1) time if symptoms do not improve.

Reference # 14010

**Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml) - Adult (ALS)***For persistent severe anaphylactic reaction:*

Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 0.1 mg slow IVP/IO. May repeat every five (5) minutes as needed to total dosage of 0.5 mg.

Reference # 14010

*Cardiac Arrest, Asystole, PEA:*

Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 1 mg IV/IO.

Reference #s 4060, 4080, 5010, 7010, 7020, 14010, 14050, 14260

**Epinephrine (0.01 mg/ml) - Adult (ALS)***Post resuscitation, persistent profound nontraumatic shock and hypotension (Push Dose Epinephrine):*

Prepare Epinephrine 0.01 mg/ml solution by mixing 9 ml of normal saline with 1 ml of Epinephrine 0.1 mg/ml in a 10 ml syringe. Administer 1 ml every one (1) to five (5) minutes titrated to maintain SBP more than 90 mm Hg.

Reference #s 4060, 4080, 5010, 7010, 7020, 11010, 14050, 14230

**Epinephrine (1 mg/ml) - Pediatric (LALS, ALS)***Severe Bronchospasm, Asthma Attack, Pending Respiratory Failure, Severe Allergic Reactions:*

Epinephrine, 0.01 mg/kg IM not to exceed adult dosage of 0.3 mg.

Reference #s 4060, 5010, 7010, 7020, 14120, 14140



**Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml) - Pediatric (ALS)**

*Anaphylactic reaction (no palpable radial pulse and depressed level of consciousness):*

Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 0.01 mg/kg IV/IO, no more than 0.1 mg per dose. May repeat to a maximum of 0.5 mg.

*Cardiac Arrest:*

1 day to 8 years                      Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 0.01 mg/kg IV/IO (do not exceed adult dosage)

9 to 14 years                         Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 1.0 mg IV/IO

*Newborn Care:*

Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 0.01 mg/kg IV/IO if heart rate is less than 60 after one (1) minute after evaluating airway for hypoxia and assessing body temperature for hypothermia.

Epinephrine (0.1 mg/ml), 0.005 mg/kg IV/IO every 10 minutes for persistent hypotension as a base hospital order or in radio communication failure.

*Reference # 14200*

**Epinephrine (0.01 mg/ml) - Pediatric (ALS)**

*Post resuscitation, profound shock and hypotension (Push Dose Epinephrine):*

Prepare Epinephrine 0.01 mg/ml solution by mixing 9 ml of normal saline with 1 ml of Epinephrine 0.1 mg/ml in a 10 ml syringe. Administer 0.1 ml/kg (do not exceed adult dosage), every one (1) to five (5) minutes. Titrate to maintain a SBP more than 70 mm Hg.

*Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 11010, 14150, 14230*

**Fentanyl - Adult (ALS)**

*Chest Pain (Presumed Ischemic Origin):*

Fentanyl, 50 mcg slow IV/IO over one (1) minute. May repeat every five (5) minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 200 mcg.

Fentanyl, 100 mcg IM/IN. May repeat 50 mcg every 10 minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 200 mcg.

*Acute traumatic injuries, acute abdominal/flank pain, burn injuries, Cancer pain, Sickle Cell Crisis:*

Fentanyl, 50 mcg slow IV/IO push over one (1) minute. May repeat every five (5) minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 200 mcg IV/IO, **or**

Fentanyl, 100 mcg IM/IN. May repeat 50 mcg every 10 minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 200 mcg.

*Pacing, synchronized cardioversion:*

Fentanyl, 50 mcg slow IV/IO over one (1) minute. May repeat in five (5) minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 200 mcg.

Fentanyl, 100 mcg IN. May repeat 50 mcg every 10 minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 200 mcg.

*Reference #s 3050, 4060, 4080, 5010, 7010, 7020, 11020, 13030, 14070, 14090, 14100, 14240*

**Fentanyl - Pediatric (ALS)**

Fentanyl, 0.5 mcg/kg slow IV/IO over one (1) minute. May repeat in five (5) minutes titrated to pain, not to exceed 100 mcg.

Fentanyl, 1 mcg/kg IM/IN, may repeat every 10 minutes titrated to pain not to exceed 200 mcg.

*Reference #s 3050, 4080, 5010, 7010, 7020, 13030, 14180, 14190, 14240*

**Glucose - Oral - Adult (BLS, LALS, ALS)**

*Adult with blood glucose less than 80 mg/dL:*

Glucose - Oral, one (1) tube for patients with an intact gag reflex and hypoglycemia.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 13020, 14060, 14080, 14230*

**Glucose - Oral - Pediatric (BLS, LALS, ALS)**

*Hypoglycemia - Neonates (0 - 4 weeks) with blood glucose less than 35 mg/dL or pediatric patients (more than 4 weeks) with glucose less than 60 mg/dL:*

Glucose - Oral, one (1) tube for patients with an intact gag reflex and hypoglycemia.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14170, 14160*

**Glucagon - Adult (LALS, ALS)**

Glucagon, 1 mg IM/SC/IN, if unable to establish IV. May administer one (1) time only.

*Beta blocker Poisoning (base hospital order only):*

Glucagon, 1 mg IV/IO

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 13010, 13030, 14060*

**Glucagon - Pediatric (LALS, ALS)**

*Hypoglycemia, if unable to establish IV:*

Glucagon, 0.03 mg/kg IM/IN, if unable to start an IV. May be repeated one (1) time after 20 minutes for a combined maximum dose of 1 mg.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 13030, 14160, 14170*

*Beta blocker poisoning (base hospital order only):*

Glucagon, 0.03 mg/kg IV/IO

*Reference #'s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 13010*

**Ipratropium Bromide (Atrovent) Inhalation Solution use with Albuterol Adult (ALS)**

Atrovent, 0.5 mg nebulized. Administer one (1) dose only.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14010, 14070*

**Ipratropium Bromide (Atrovent) Metered-Dose Inhaler (MDI) use with Albuterol Adult (ALS - Specialty Programs Only)**

When used in combination with Albuterol MDI use Albuterol MDI dosing.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 14010, 14070*

**Ipratropium Bromide (Atrovent) Inhalation Solution use with Albuterol - Pediatric (ALS)**

1 day to 12 months Atrovent, 0.25 mg nebulized. Administer one (1) dose only.  
 1 year to 14 years Atrovent, 0.5 mg nebulized. Administer one (1) dose only.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14120, 14140, 14190*

**Ipratropium Bromide (Atrovent) Metered-Dose Inhaler (MDI) use with Albuterol - Pediatric (ALS - Specialty Programs Only)**

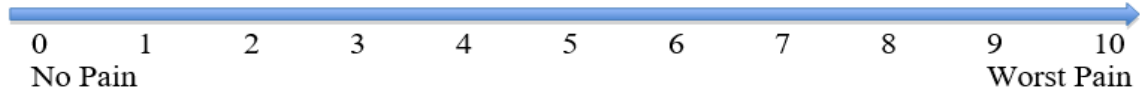
When used in combination with Albuterol MDI use Albuterol MDI dosing.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 14120, 14140, 14190*

**Ketamine - Adult (ALS)**

*Acute traumatic injury, acute abdominal/flank pain, burn injuries, cancer related pain and sickle cell crisis:*  
 Ketamine, 0.3 mg/kg to a max of 30 mg in a 50 - 100 ml of NS via IV over five (5) minutes. May repeat one (1) time, after 15 minutes, if pain score remains at five (5) or higher. Do not administer IVP, IO, IM, or IN.

This is the official pain scale to be used in patient assessment and documented on the PCR.



*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14100*

**Lidocaine - Adult (ALS)**

*VT (pulseless)/VF:*

Initial Dose: Lidocaine, 1.5 mg/kg IV/IO

For refractory *VT (pulseless)/VF*, may administer an additional 0.75 mg/kg IV/IO, repeat one (1) time in five (5) to 10 minutes; maximum total dose of 3 mg/kg.

*V-Tach, Wide Complex Tachycardia - with Pulses:*

Lidocaine, 1.5 mg/kg slow IV/IO

May administer an additional 0.75 mg/kg slow IV/IO; maximum total dose of 3 mg/kg.

*Reference #s 4060, 5010, 7010, 7020, 8010, 11020, 14040, 14050, 14090*

**Lidocaine - Pediatric (ALS)***Cardiac Arrest:*

1 day to 8 years Lidocaine, 1.0 mg/kg IV/IO

9 to 14 years Lidocaine, 1.0 mg/kg IV/IO

May repeat Lidocaine at 0.5 mg/kg after five (5) minutes; maximum total dose of 3 mg/kg.

*Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 14150***Lidocaine 2% (Intravenous Solution) - Pediatric and Adult (ALS)***Pain associated with IO infusion:*

Lidocaine, 0.5 mg/kg slow IO push over two (2) minutes, not to exceed 40 mg total.

*Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 11020***Magnesium Sulfate (ALS)***Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia:*

Magnesium Sulfate, 2 gm IV/IO bolus over five (5) minutes for polymorphic VT if prolonged QT is observed during sinus rhythm post-cardioversion.

*Eclampsia (Seizure/Tonic/Clonic Activity):*

Magnesium Sulfate, 4 gm IV/IO slow IV push over three (3) to four (4) minutes.

Magnesium Sulfate, 10 mg/min IV/IO drip to prevent continued seizures.

*Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 8010, 14210**Severe Asthma/Respiratory Distress (ALS) (base hospital order only):*

Magnesium Sulfate, 2 gm slow IV drip over 20 minutes. Do not repeat.

*Reference# 14010***Magnesium Sulfate - Pediatric (ALS)***Severe Asthma/Respiratory Distress (base hospital order only):*

Magnesium Sulfate, 50 mg/kg slow IV drip over 20 minutes. Do not exceed the adult dosage of 2 gm total. Do not repeat.

*Reference # 14120***Midazolam (Versed) - Adult (ALS)***Behavioral Emergencies, with suspected excited delirium:*Midazolam, 2.5 mg IV/IO/IN. May repeat in five (5) minutes, **or**

Midazolam, 5 mg IM. May repeat in 10 minutes.

Maximum of three (3) doses using any combination of IV/IO/IM/IN may be administered. Contact base hospital for additional orders and to discuss further treatment options.

*Reference # 14110*

**Seizure:**

Midazolam, 2.5 mg IV/IO/IN. May repeat in five (5) minutes for continued seizure activity, **or**

Midazolam, 5 mg IM. May repeat in 10 minutes for continued seizure activity.

Assess patient for medication related reduced respiratory rate or hypotension.

Maximum of three (3) doses using any combination of IV/IO/IM/IN may be administered for continued seizure activity. Contact base hospital for additional orders and to discuss further treatment options.

**Pacing, synchronized cardioversion:**

Midazolam, 2 mg slow IV/IO push or IN

**CPAP:**

Midazolam, 1 mg slow IV/IO push may be administered one (1) time for anxiety related to application of CPAP. Contact base hospital for additional orders.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 11020, 13020, 14060, 14210*

**Midazolam (Versed) - Pediatric (ALS)****Seizures:**

Midazolam, 0.1 mg/kg IV/IO with maximum dose 2.5 mg. May repeat Midazolam in five (5) minutes, **or**

Midazolam, 0.2 mg/kg IM/IN with maximum dose of 5 mg. May repeat Midazolam in 10 minutes for continued seizure.

Assess patient for medication related reduced respiratory rate or hypotension.

Maximum of three (3) doses using any combination of IV/IO/IM/IN may be administered for continued seizure activity. Contact base hospital for additional orders and to discuss further treatment options.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14170*

**Naloxone (Narcan) - Adult (BLS)****For resolution of respiratory depression related to suspected opiate overdose:**

Naloxone, 0.5 mg IM/IN, may repeat Naloxone 0.5 mg IM/IN every two (2) to three (3) minutes if needed.

**For suspected Fentanyl overdose with respiratory depression:**

Consider a loading dose of 4 mg IN Naloxone, if no signs of respiratory improvement; consider Naloxone 0.5 mg IM/IN as indicated above.

Do not exceed 10 mg of Naloxone total regardless of route administered.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 8030, 14060*

**Naloxone (Narcan) - Adult (LALS, ALS)**

*For resolution of respiratory depression related to suspected opiate overdose:*

Naloxone, 0.5 mg IV/IO/IM/IN, may repeat Naloxone 0.5 mg IV/IO/IM/IN every two (2) to three (3) minutes if needed.

*For suspected Fentanyl overdose with respiratory depression:*

*Consider a loading dose of 4 mg IN Naloxone, if no signs of respiratory improvement; consider Naloxone 0.5 mg IV/IO/IM/IN as indicated above.*

Do not exceed 10 mg of Naloxone total regardless of route administered.

*Reference #s 4080, 7010, 7020, 14060*

**Naloxone (Narcan) - Pediatric (BLS)**

*For resolution of respiratory depression related to suspected opiate overdose:*

1 day to 8 years            Naloxone, 0.1 mg/kg IM/IN (do not exceed the adult dose of 0.5 mg per administration)  
9 to 14 years                Naloxone, 0.5 mg IM/IN

May repeat every two (2) to three (3) minutes if needed. Do not exceed the adult dosage of 10 mg total IM/IN.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 8030, 14150, 14160*

**Naloxone (Narcan) - Pediatric (LALS, ALS)**

*For resolution of respiratory depression related to suspected opiate overdose:*

1 day to 8 years            Naloxone, 0.1 mg/kg IV/IO/IM/IN (do not exceed the adult dose of 0.5 mg per administration)  
9 to 14 years                Naloxone, 0.5 mg IV/IO/IM/IN

May repeat every two (2) to three (3) minutes if needed. Do not exceed the adult dosage of 10 mg total IV/IO/IM/IN.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14150, 14160*

**Nitroglycerin (NTG) (LALS, ALS)**

Nitroglycerin, 0.4 mg sublingual/transmucosal.

One (1) every three (3) minutes as needed. May be repeated as long as patient continues to have signs of adequate tissue perfusion. **If a Right Ventricular Infarction is suspected, the use of nitrates requires base hospital contact.**

Nitroglycerin Paste, 1 inch (1 gm) transdermal, may not repeat.

Nitroglycerin sublingual is the preferred route of administration for ACS. Nitro Paste is a one (1) time dose and intended for when sublingual cannot be easily administered (i.e., CPAP).

Nitroglycerin is contraindicated if there are signs of inadequate tissue perfusion or if sexual enhancement medications have been utilized within the past 48 hours.

*Reference #s 4060, 4080, 7010, 7020, 14010, 14240*

**Ondansetron (Zofran) - Patients four (4) years old to Adult (ALS)***Nausea/Vomiting:*

Ondansetron, 4 mg slow IV/IO/ODT

All patients four (4) to eight (8) years old: May administer a total of 4 mgs of Ondansetron prior to base hospital contact.

All patients nine (9) and older: May administer Ondansetron 4 mg; may repeat two (2) times, at 10 minute intervals, for a total of 12 mgs prior to base hospital contact.

May be used as prophylactic treatment of nausea and vomiting associated with narcotic administration.

*Reference #s 4080, 7010, 7020, 14090, 14180, 14220*

**Oxygen (non-intubated patient per appropriate delivery device)***General Administration (Hypoxia):*

Titrate Oxygen at lowest rate required to maintain SPO<sub>2</sub> at 94%. Do not administer supplemental oxygen for SPO<sub>2</sub> more than 95%.

*Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD):*

Titrate Oxygen at lowest rate required to maintain SPO<sub>2</sub> at 90%. Do not administer supplemental oxygen for SPO<sub>2</sub> more than 91%.

*Reference #s 12010, 13010, 13020, 13030, 13050, 14010, 14020, 14030, 14040, 14060, 14070, 14090, 14120, 14130, 14140, 14160, 14170, 14180, 14190, 14200, 14210, 14220, 14230, 14240*

**Sodium Bicarbonate - Adult (ALS)***Tricyclic Poisoning (base hospital order only):*

Sodium Bicarbonate, 1 mEq/kg IV/IO

*Reference #s 5010, 7010, 7020, 13010*

*For cardiac arrest with suspected metabolic acidosis, hyperkalemia or tricyclic poisoning (base hospital order only):*

Sodium Bicarbonate, 50 mEq IV/IO

*Reference #'s 7010, 7020, 14050*

**Sodium Bicarbonate - Pediatric (ALS)***Tricyclic Poisoning (base hospital order only):*

Sodium Bicarbonate, 1 mEq/kg IV/IO

*Reference #'s 7010, 7020, 13010*

**Tranexamic Acid (TXA) - Patients 15 years of age and older (ALS)**

*Signs of hemorrhagic shock meeting inclusion criteria:*

Administer TXA 1 gm in 50 - 100 ml of NS via IV/IO over 10 minutes. Do not administer IVP as this will cause hypotension.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 14090*



**APPENDIX I****Medications for self-administration or with deployment of the ChemPack.**

**Medications listed below may be used only for the purposes referenced by the associated ICEMA Treatment Protocol. Any other use, route or dose other than those listed, must be ordered in consultation with the Base Hospital physician.**

**Atropine - Pediatric (BLS, AEMT-Auto-injector only with training, ALS)**

*Known nerve agent/organophosphate poisoning with deployment of the ChemPack using:*

Two (2) or more mild symptoms: Administer the weight-based dose listed below as soon as an exposure is known or strongly suspected. If severe symptoms develop after the first dose, two (2) additional doses should be repeated in rapid succession 10 minutes after the first dose; do not administer more than three (3) doses. If profound anticholinergic effects occur in the absence of excessive bronchial secretions, further doses of atropine should be withheld.

One (1) or more severe symptoms: Immediately administer (3) three weight-based doses listed below in rapid succession.

*Weight-based dosing:*

Less than 6.8 kg (less than 15 lbs):	0.25 mg, IM using multi-dose vial
6.8 to 18 kg (15 to 40 lbs):	0.5 mg, IM using AtroPen auto-injector
18 to 41 kg (40 to 90 lbs):	1 mg, IM using AtroPen auto-injector
More than 41 kg (more than 90 lbs):	2 mg, IM using multi-dose vial

*Symptoms of insecticide or nerve agent poisoning, as provided by manufacturer in the AtroPen product labeling, to guide therapy:*

Mild symptoms: Blurred vision, bradycardia, breathing difficulties, chest tightness, coughing, drooling, miosis, muscular twitching, nausea, runny nose, salivation increased, stomach cramps, tachycardia, teary eyes, tremor, vomiting, or wheezing.

Severe symptoms: Breathing difficulties (severe), confused/strange behavior, defecation (involuntary), muscular twitching/generalized weakness (severe), respiratory secretions (severe), seizure, unconsciousness, urination (involuntary).

**NOTE:** Infants may become drowsy or unconscious with muscle floppiness as opposed to muscle twitching.

*Reference #s 11010, 13010, 13040*

**Diazepam (Valium) - Adult (ALS)**

*For seizures associated with nerve agent/organophosphate exposure ONLY with the deployment of the ChemPack:*

Diazepam 10 mg (5 mg/ml) auto-injector IM (if IV is unavailable), **or**  
Diazepam 2.5 mg IV

*Reference # 13040*

**Diazepam (Valium) - Pediatric (ALS)**

*For seizures associated with nerve agent/organophosphate exposure ONLY with the deployment of the ChemPack:*

Diazepam 0.05 mg/kg IV

*Reference # 13040*

**Nerve Agent Antidote Kit (NAAK)/Mark I or DuoDote (containing Atropine/Pralidoxime Chloride for self-administration or with deployment of the ChemPack) - Adult**

*Nerve agent exposure with associated symptoms:*

One (1) NAAK auto-injector IM into outer thigh. May repeat up to two (2) times every 10 to 15 minutes if symptoms persist.

*Reference #s 7010, 7020, 13010, 13040*