SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY INITIAL STUDY/MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

This form and the descriptive information in the application package constitute the contents of Initial Study pursuant to County Guidelines under Ordinance 3040 and Section 15063 of the State CEQA Guidelines.

PROJECT LABEL:

APN(s): 0457-174-01 USGS Shadow Mountain SE

Quad:

Applicant: Sheep Creek Community **Lat/Long:** 34°34'19.53"N,

Solar Project *T, R,* 117°34'33.53"W

JATON, LLC Section: T 06N R 07W SEC 36

1071 East Verdugo Avenue

Burbank, CA 91501

Project No: P201900158 Community El Mirage

Plan:

Staff: Anthony DeLuca, Senior LUZD: RL-5

Planner

Rep Elevated Entitlements, LLC **Overlays:** Biotic – Desert Tortoise,

Mohave Ground Squirrel;

FEMA-D

Proposal: Conditional Use Permit (CUP)

to establish a 3 Megawatt community photovoltaic solar facility on 19.25 acres on the southeast corner of Sheep Creek Road and Parkdale Road in the Community of El

Mirage.

PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION:

Lead agency: County of San Bernardino

Land Use Services Department 385 N. Arrowhead Avenue, 1st Floor San Bernardino, CA 92415-0182

Contact Anthony DeLuca, Senior Planner

person:

No:

E-mail: Anthony.DeLuca@lus.sbcounty.gov

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Summary

Request for a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) to establish a community photovoltaic solar facility on 19.25 acres on the southeast corner of Sheep Creek Road and Parkdale Road in the community of El Mirage. The property is assigned the Assessor Parcel Number: 0457-174-01.

The proposed community solar project would have a capacity of 3 Megawatts (MW) and would utilize approximately 10,000 Poly or Mono Crystalline photovoltaic solar modules, which would be mounted on single axis trackers, and use four (4) 750 kilowatt (kW) central inverters. The number of modules and inverters is subject to change depending on the final design and availability. The Applicant (JATON LLC) proposes to construct 1,300 feet (0.3 miles) of distribution lines northerly along Sheep Creek Road to connect to an existing distribution line nearby the proposed project site. The electricity generated by this small-scale solar photovoltaic (PV) generating facility would ultimately be purchased by residential, agricultural, and commercial off-takers under Southern California Edison's (SCE) Green Tariff Shared Renewables program (GTSR Tariff).

Sheep Creek Community Solar (Project) has been approved as a community solar project by SCE under SCE's GTSR Tariff program ("Community Solar Program"). SCE's Community Solar Program is the result of Senate Bill 43, which allows participating utility customers to meet up to 100 percent of their energy usage from local renewable energy resources. Under the SCE Community Solar Program, SCE customers are allowed to subscribe up to 100 percent of their energy need from a local renewable energy project and receive bill credits from SCE based on their energy subscription directly from the local renewable energy project.

Sheep Creek Community Solar would produce clean sustainable electricity to approximately 2,600 local contracted customers. The proposed Project has received over 1,300 signatures from local customers who have expressed interest in contracting with the community solar project. These customers would be the direct consumers of the 100 percent community solar initiative from the proposed Sheep Creek Community Solar project. Local customers support local solar power because it provides clean energy for their long-term future and reduces greenhouse gas emissions, which contributes to a cleaner, healthier environment.

Operation and Maintenance

The Project would be operated on an autonomous, unstaffed basis and monitored remotely from an existing off-site facility. It is anticipated that maintenance requirements will be minimal as the proposed Project's PV arrays will operate with limited moving parts. No full-time staffing would be required to operate the facility; however one or two employees are expected to visit the site five days per week for routine maintenance and check-ups. Operational activities are limited to monitoring plant performance and responding to utility needs for plant adjustment along with preventative and unscheduled maintenance. The Project will operate during daylight hours only. Periodic module cleanings and quarterly maintenance activities might utilize six to eight full-time workers for one to two weeks per quarter, or up to 40 days per year. No heavy equipment will be used during routine Project operation. Operation and maintenance vehicles will include trucks (pickup, flatbed), forklifts, and loaders for routine and unscheduled maintenance, and water trucks for solar module washing. Large heavy-haul transport equipment may be brought to the site infrequently for equipment repair or replacement.

Any required maintenance will be scheduled so as to avoid peak electric load periods, with unplanned maintenance activity as needed depending on the event. Preventative maintenance kits and certain critical spare components will be stored at the Project site, while all other

necessary maintenance components will be available at an offsite location. On an as-needed basis, SCE will make necessary inspections, maintenance and improvements to their facilities that are on-site connecting the project to the distribution grid.

Vegetation is sparse with little potential for vegetative fuel buildup. The applicant will prepare a weed abatement plan for the Project in compliance with applicable County regulations. The Project would produce a small amount of waste associated with maintenance activities. PV solar farm wastes typically include broken and rusted metal, defective or malfunctioning modules, electrical materials, empty containers, and other miscellaneous solid materials including typical household type refuse generated by workers. These materials will be collected and recycled to the extent possible.

Decommissioning

At the end of the Project site's operational term, the applicant may determine that the site should be decommissioned and deconstructed, or it may seek an extension of its PPA and/or revision to its CUP, as applicable. When the solar arrays, panels, fencing, etc. are removed after the Project's lifetime, the land will be largely restored to its pre-project condition. The Project would utilize BMPs to ensure the collection and recycling of the solar arrays, panels, fencing, etc. to the extent feasible.

All decommissioning and restoration activities would adhere to the requirements of the appropriate governing authorities and in accordance with all applicable federal, State, and County regulations. Following the implementation of a decommissioning plan, all equipment, foundations, and fencing would be removed and the Project site would be re-vegetated so that the end use and site condition are consistent with the surrounding agricultural landscape. End uses would be consistent with the existing zoning. The funding requirements for the implementation of the decommissioning plan will be provided in the form of a bond estimate by the project proponent prior to construction of the Project.

Surrounding Land Uses and Setting

Land uses on the Project site and surrounding parcels are governed by the San Bernardino County General Plan/Development Code. The following table lists the existing land uses and zoning districts. The property is zoned Rural Living/5-acre minimum lot size (RL-5). The surrounding properties in all directions share the same land use zoning designation (RL-5).

Existing Land Use and Land Use Zoning Districts					
Location Existing Land Use Land Use Zoning District					
Project Site	Vacant Land	Rural Living/5-acre minimum lot size (RL-5)			
North	Vacant Land	Rural Living/5-acre minimum lot size (RL-5)			
South	Vacant Land	Rural Living/5-acre minimum lot size (RL-5)			
East	Vacant Land	Rural Living/5-acre minimum lot size (RL-5)			
West	Vacant Land	Rural Living/5-acre minimum lot size (RL-5)			

Project Site Location, Existing Site Land Uses and Conditions

The Sheep Creek Community Solar project is proposed at 4301-4681 Parkdale Road at the southeast corner of Parkdale Road and Sheep Creek Road in El Mirage, California.

The 19.25-acre parcel is zoned Rural Living/5-acre minimum (RL-5) per the County of San Bernardino Development Code. The Project site is generally flat with slopes less than 5% with

minimal native vegetation, and no known animal habitats, or historical features. There are no defined watercourses on the site.



Figure 1 Project Site – Land Use Designation

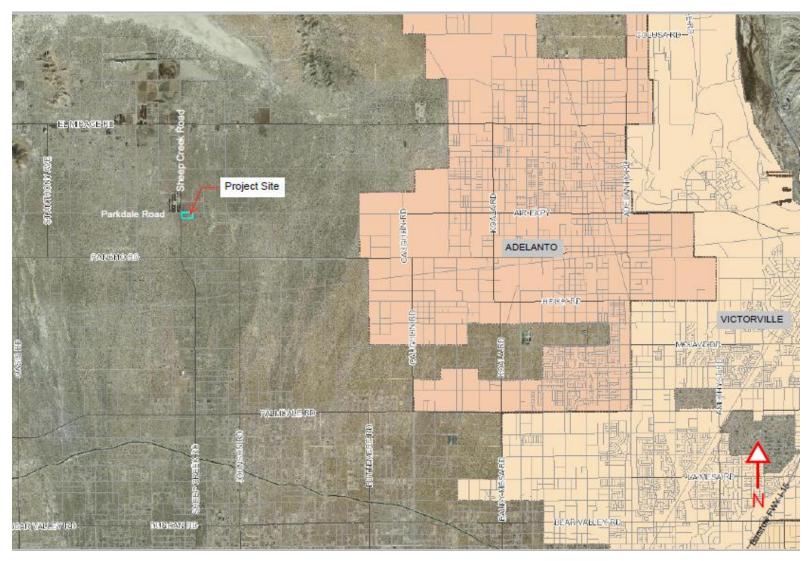


Figure 2 Project Site – Regional Location

Site Photographs



Figure 3 Project Site View East



Figure 4 Project Site View North



Figure 5 Project Site View South

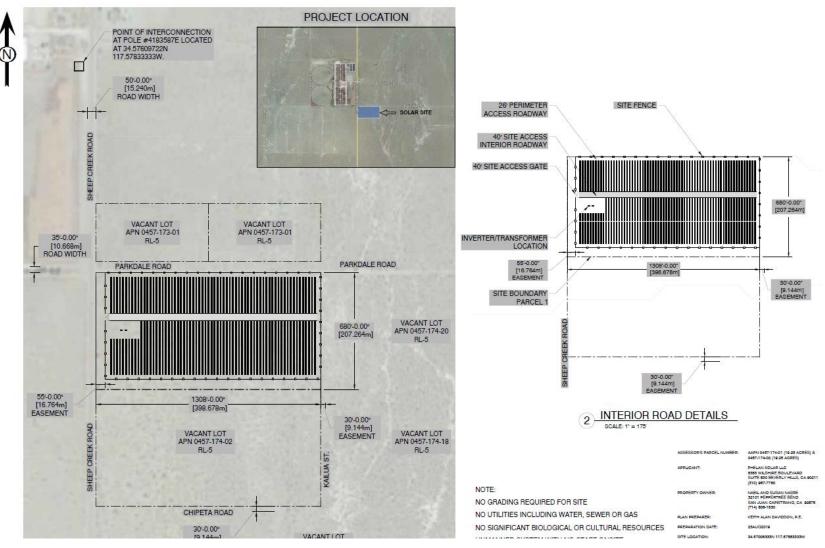


Figure 6 Site Plan

1 CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN
SCALE: 1' = 150'

ACTUAL OPTIMAL DIMENSIONS MAY DEPEND ON SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE SITE.

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDITIONAL APPROVAL REQUIRED BY OTHER PUBLIC AGENCIES

Other public agencies whose approval may be required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):

- Federal: N/A
- <u>State of California</u>: California Fish & Wildlife, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD)
- <u>County of San Bernardino</u>: Land Use Services Building and Safety, Traffic, Land Development Engineering – Roads/Drainage; Public Health – Environmental Health Services; Public Works, Surveyor; and County Fire
- Local: N/A

CONSULTATION WITH CALIFORNIA NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES

Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the Project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Tribal consultation request letters were sent to the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians (SMBMI), Morongo Band of Mission Indians (Morongo), Colorado River Indian Tribes (CRIT), Fort Mohave Indian Tribe (FMIT), Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians, and Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians. Response letters were received from FMIT, SMBMI, and Morongo. The FMIT indicated that the Project as described shows that there is no substantial evidence that there would be a significant effect on FMIT tribal cultural resources. Formal consultation was requested by the SMBMI which took place on November 17, 2019, and also by the Morongo which took place on January 16, 2020. The resulting recommended mitigation and monitoring measures have been added to Section V Cultural Resources and Section XVIII Tribal Cultural Resources of this document.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

EVALUATION FORMAT

This Initial Study is prepared in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000, et seq. and the State CEQA Guidelines (California Code of Regulations Section 15000, et seq.). Specifically, the preparation of an Initial Study is guided by Section 15063 of the State CEQA Guidelines. The format of this Initial Study is presented as follows. The Project is evaluated based on its potential effect on twenty major categories of environmental factors. Each factor is reviewed by responding to a series of questions regarding the impact of the Project on each element of the overall factor. The Initial Study checklist provides a formatted analysis that provides a determination of the effect of the Project on the factor and its elements. The effect of the Project is categorized into one of the following four categories of possible determinations:

APN: 0457-174 August 2020

Potentially	Less than Significant	Less than	No
Significant Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Significant	Impact

Substantiation is then provided to justify each determination. One of the four following conclusions is then provided as a summary of the analysis for each of the major environmental factors.

- 1. **No Impact**: No impacts are identified or anticipated and no mitigation measures are required.
- 2. **Less than Significant Impact**: No significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated and no mitigation measures are required.
- 3. Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation: Possible significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated and the following mitigation measures are required as a condition of project approval to reduce these impacts to a level below significant. The required mitigation measures are: (List of mitigation measures)
- 4. **Potentially Significant Impact**: Significant adverse impacts have been identified or anticipated. An Environmental Impact Report (EIR) is required to evaluate these impacts, which are (List of the impacts requiring analysis within the EIR).

At the end of the analysis the required mitigation measures are restated and categorized as being either self- monitoring or as requiring a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below will be potentially affected by this Project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Air Quality
Biological Resources	<u>Cultural Resources</u>	Energy
Geology/Soils	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & Hazardous Materials
Hydrology/Water Quality	Land Use/Planning	Mineral Resources
Noise	Population/Housing	Public Services
Recreation	Transportation	Tribal Cultural Resources
Utilities/Service Systems	Wildfire	Mandatory Findings of Significance

DETERMINATION:	(To be complete	ed by the Lead	Agency)
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On the basis of	f this initial	evaluation,	the following	finding is	made:
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		made.				
	The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant NEGATIVE DECLARATION shall be prepared.	nt effect on the environment, and a				
	Although the proposed project could have a significant eff be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE D	e project have been made by or agreed				
	The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one eff an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal stand mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis a ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it is to be addressed.	fect 1) has been adequately analyzed in dards, and 2) has been addressed by is described on attached sheets. An				
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because al potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					
Sign	ADeLucaJn ature: (prepared by Anthony DeLuca, Senior Planner)	7/30/2020 Date				
Signa	dure. (prepared by Antiropy Decuca, Seriioi Planner)	Date				
	(Main)					
	Kllldum	7/30/2020				
Signa	ignature:(Chris Warrick, Supervising Planner) Date					

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
l.	AESTHETICS – Except as provided in Public Rethe project:	esources C	Code Section	n 21099, w	ould
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
c)	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from a publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which will adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
SL	JBSTANTIATION: (Check ☐ if project is locate Route listed in the General I 2007; Submitted Project Ma	Plan): San		_	

- a) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project is located within an area where most of the surrounding parcels are vacant and undeveloped. The former Meadowbrook Dairy is at the northwest corner of Sheep Creek Road, and Parkdale Road and contains a similar sized solar facility, with a proposed cogeneration facility that is currently in review. Given the nature and proposed height of the Project, there would be minimal obstruction to the north and west from the surrounding parcels. The Project would have a less than significant impact.
- b) **No Impact.** The site is not adjacent to a state scenic highway. There are no protected trees, rock outcroppings, or historic buildings on the Project site. Therefore, the proposed Project would not substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would not substantially degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings. The proposed Project is similar in scale and character as the existing commercial uses in the immediate vicinity of the site and is not in conflict with existing zoning. The conditions of approval would include requirements for the development to comply with all County Development Codes and ordinances. The proposed Project would have a less than significant impact on the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings.

d) Less than Significant Impact. All proposed development must comply with San Bernardino County Code (SBCC) Chapter 83.13 Sign Regulations and SBCC§ 83.07.030 "Glare and Outdoor Lighting – Desert Region", which includes light trespass onto abutting residential properties, shielding, direction, and type. Additionally, solar projects would be required to comply with solar development standards as outlined in Chapter 84.29 Renewable Energy Generation Facilities. Adherence would result in a less than significant impact.

II.	AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCE agricultural resources are significant environments.	ental effects	s, lead ager	ncies may r	efer to
	the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and by the California Dept. of Conservation as an open on agriculture and farmland. In determining including timberland, are significant environmentation compiled by the California Deparegarding the state's inventory of forest land Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy measurement methodology provided in Forest Resources Board. Would the project:	otional mode whether in ental effects rtment of F and, includi Assessmen	el to use in a mpacts to , lead agen forestry and ng the Fo t Project; a	ssessing ir forest reso cies may r d Fire Pro rest and nd forest o	mpacts ources, efer to tection Range carbon
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
d) e)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

SUBSTANTIATION:	(Check if project is located in the Important Farmlands Overlay):
	San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007 and Policy Map NR-5
	Agricultural Resources; California Department of Conservation
	Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program; Submitted Project
	Materials

- a) **No Impact**. According to the San Bernardino County General Plan Policy Map: NR-5 *Agricultural Resources*, and the California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, the proposed site is not within an area identified as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance. As proposed the Project would not convert Farmland to non-agricultural use. Therefore no impacts would occur.
- b) **No Impact**. The proposed Project would not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract. The proposed Project site is not under a Williamson Act contract. There would be no impact and no further analysis is warranted.
- c) **No Impact**. The proposed Project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. The proposed Project area has never been designated as forest land or timberland because the site is within the desert region which does not contain forested lands. Therefore no impacts would occur.
- d) **No Impact**. The proposed Project would not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. The proposed Project site is within the desert region of the County and does not contain forested lands. Therefore no impacts would occur.
- e) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use. The proposed Project site does not contain forested lands. Therefore no impacts would occur.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
III.	AIR QUALITY - Where available, the significance air quality management or air pollution control disfollowing determinations. Would the project:				
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			\boxtimes	
b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?				
c)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				

,	missions (such as those leading rsely affecting a substantial e?				
SUBSTANTIATION:	(Discuss conformity with the S Plan, if applicable): Air Quality Creek Community Solar Proj 2020; California Emissions E 2016.3.2); Mojave Desert Air (MDAQMD); San Bernardin Submitted Project Materials	//Greenhou ect, Elevate stimator Mo Quality Ma	se Gas Stu ed Entitlem edel (CalEE anagement	udy for ents, J Mod; V Distric	Sheep luly 14, lersion et 2017

The Project site falls under the jurisdiction of the Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD) and is located in the Mojave Desert Air Basin (MDAB). The Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) provides a program for obtaining attainment status for key monitored air pollution standards, based on existing and future air pollution emissions resulting from employment and residential growth projections. The Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) is developed using input from various agencies' General Plans and other projections for population and employment growth. Emissions with regional effects during Project construction, calculated with the California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod); Version 2016.3.2, would not exceed criteria pollutant thresholds established by the MDAQMD.

The proposed Project is expected to have a minimal impact on the air quality of the area and would produce relatively few emissions during construction (three-month period) and negligible emissions during operation. In addition, the development of renewable energy sources is expected to produce cumulative and regional environmental benefits. Therefore, impacts are considered less than significant. **Table 1** below presents the regional air quality significance thresholds.

Table 1: MDAQMD Air Quality Significance Thresholds & Project Maximum Daily Emissions – Temporary Construction							
Regional Thresholds (lbs/day)	VOC ¹	NO _x	СО	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO _x	
Construction							
Construction Emissions	4.55	50.26	32.81	20.41	11.99	0.10	
MDAQMD Significance Thresholds	137	137	548	82	65	137	
Exceeds Threshold	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Volatile Organic Compound (also referred to as ROC or ROG) Source: https://www.mdaqmd.ca.gov/home/showdocument?id=538							

a) Less than Significant Impact. As shown in Table 1, emissions from construction of the proposed Project would be below MDAQMD air quality significance thresholds for all pollutants. Based on this, the proposed Project would not be expected to conflict with or obstruct implementation of the AQMP. There would be no expected conflict or obstruction of any air quality plans. Most of the polluting emissions would be produced during the construction period where earthmovers, delivery trucks, and personal vehicles would be used during the construction phase. These emissions would be in the form of exhaust and dust. The amount of exhaust associated with the proposed project would be negligible compared to the yearly exhaust levels of San Bernardino County.

The proposed Project is located within the MDAQMD which is non-attainment for ozone and PM₁₀. The MDAQMD has adopted federal attainment plans (1995 for PM₁₀ and 2004 for ozone) for these two pollutants. The proposed Project is expected to generate minor particulate and ozone precursors during the approximately three-month construction period. However, these would be less than or roughly equal to pollutants generated by other land uses for this property such as farming (farrowing, plowing, etc.). Best Management Practices for the proposed Project shall include use of water trucks to reduce particulate emissions during construction. In addition, a Dust Control Plan shall be developed and submitted to the County and MDAQMD for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit and/or land disturbance.

b) Less than Significant Impact. MDAQMD has established daily emissions thresholds for construction and operation of a proposed project in the MDAB. The emissions thresholds were established based on the attainment status of the MDAB with regard to air quality standards for specific criteria pollutants. Because the concentration standards were set at a level that protects public health within an adequate margin of safety, these emissions thresholds are regarded as conservative and would overstate an individual project's contribution to health risks.

As shown in **Table 1**, emissions from construction of the proposed Project would be below MDAQMD air quality significance thresholds for all pollutants. Specifically, the proposed Project would not exceed MDAQMD significance thresholds for ozone precursor pollutants, VOC and NOx, as well as PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} for which the MDAB is in non-attainment.

Projects in the Basin with construction or operation related emissions that exceed any of their respective emission thresholds would be considered significant under MDAQMD guidelines. These thresholds, which MDAQMD developed and that apply throughout the Basin, apply as both Project and cumulative thresholds. If a project exceeds these standards, it is considered to have a project-specific and cumulative impact.

c) Less than Significant Impact. The California Air Quality Management District's recommend that all air quality analyses include an assessment of both construction and operational impacts on the air quality of nearby sensitive receptors. Sensitive receptors are defined as populations that are more susceptible to the effects of pollution than the population at large. The MDAQMD identifies the following as sensitive receptors: residences, schools, daycare centers, playgrounds, and medical facilities. The proposed Project is not bordered by any sensitive receptors. The Project site is located near vacant land uses that are zoned Rural Living.

The proposed Project is not expected to produce cumulatively significant emissions for ozone or PM₁₀. During construction activities, dust would be produced by general activity on-site, especially earth-moving activities. The MDAQMD Rule 403.2 requires that mitigation measures be implemented in order to reduce the amount of dust produced during construction periods. These standard mitigations measures include periodic watering via water truck to minimize any visible fugitive dust emissions, taking actions to prevent the tracking of bulk material onto public roads, and reducing non-essential earth-moving activities when wind exceeds gusts of 25 miles per hour or an hourly average wind

speed of 15 miles per hour. Any project-related spills or tracking of bulk material on public surfaces must be cleaned up within 24 hours as required by the Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District. After construction has been completed, the amount of air pollutants is expected to be reduced considerably since photovoltaic energy production systems do not generate emissions that would cause reduction of air quality or produce objectionable odors. Air emissions would also occur during occasional maintenance. However, these emissions would be at insignificant levels (generally twice per year). However, it is recommended that maintenance vehicles be kept in good condition and not be allowed to idle for extended periods of time.

Sensitive receptors include residences, schools, hospitals, and similar uses that are sensitive to adverse air quality. The Air Quality Management District (AQMD) Localized Significance Threshold (LST) Methodology specifies, "Projects with boundaries located closer than 25 meters to the nearest receptor should use the LSTs for receptors located at 25 meters." There are no residences within a quarter mile of the Project, therefore further analysis is not necessary.

d) Less than Significant Impact.

Electricity generation via the use of photovoltaic systems does not generate chemical emissions that would negatively contribute to air quality or produce objectionable odors. Potential odor generation associated with the proposed Project would be limited to construction sources such as diesel exhaust and dust. No significant odor impacts related to Project implementation are anticipated due to the nature and short-term extent of potential sources, as well as the intervening distance to sensitive receptors. Therefore, the operation of the Project would have a less than significant impact associated with the creation of objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people.

Construction: Heavy-duty equipment in the Project area during construction would emit odors, primarily from the equipment exhaust. However, the construction activity would cease to occur after construction is completed. No other sources of objectionable odors have been identified for the proposed Project, and no mitigation measures are required. MDAQMD Rule 402 regarding nuisances states: "A person shall not discharge from any source whatsoever such quantities of air contaminants or other material which cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance to any considerable number of persons or to the public, or which endanger the comfort, repose, health or safety of any such persons or the public, or which cause, or have a natural tendency to cause, injury or damage to business or property." The proposed Project is not anticipated to emit any objectionable odors. Therefore, objectionable odors posing a health risk to potential on-site and existing off-site uses would not occur as a result of the proposed Project.

Operation and Maintenance: The Project would be operated on an autonomous, unstaffed basis and monitored remotely from an existing off-site facility. It is anticipated that maintenance requirements would be minimal as the proposed Project's PV arrays would operate with limited moving parts. No full-time staffing would be required to operate the facility. Operational activities are limited to monitoring facility performance and responding to facility needs for adjustments along with preventative and unscheduled maintenance. The Project would operate 24/7. No heavy equipment would be used during routine Project operation. Operation and maintenance vehicles would include trucks (pickup, flatbed), forklifts, and loaders for routine and unscheduled maintenance, and water trucks for solar module washing. Large heavy-haul transport equipment may be brought to the site

infrequently for equipment repair or replacement. Any required maintenance would be scheduled so as to avoid peak electric load periods, with unplanned maintenance activity as needed depending on the event.

The Project would produce a small amount of waste associated with maintenance activities. PV solar farm wastes typically include broken and rusted metal, defective or malfunctioning modules, electrical materials, empty containers, and other miscellaneous solid materials including typical household type refuse generated by workers. These materials would be collected and recycled to the extent possible.

Decommissioning:

At the end of the Project site's operational term, the applicant may determine that the site should be decommissioned and deconstructed, or it may seek an extension of its Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) and/or revision to its CUP, as applicable. When the solar arrays, panels, and fencing are removed after the Project's lifetime, the land would largely be restored to its pre-project condition. The Project would utilize BMPs to ensure the collection and recycling of all components to the extent feasible.

All decommissioning and restoration activities would adhere to the requirements of the appropriate governing authorities and in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and County regulations. Following the implementation of a decommissioning plan, all equipment, foundations, and fencing would be removed and the Project site would be revegetated so that the end use and site condition are consistent with the surrounding agricultural landscape. End uses would be consistent with the existing zoning. The funding requirements for the implementation of the decommissioning plan would be provided in the form of a bond estimate by the Project proponent prior to construction of the Project.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
IV.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Would the project	:			
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands as (including, but				

d)	not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of					\boxtimes
e)	native wildlife nursery since Conflict with any local protecting biological res	policies or ordinances ources, such as a tree				
f)	preservation policy or or Conflict with the prov Habitat Conservation Pl Conservation Plan, or regional or state habitat	isions of an adopted an, Natural Community other approved local,				
	SUBSTANTIATION:	(Check if project is local or contains habitat for Natural Diversity Data and Desert Tortoise Project, Panorama Mojave Ground Squire Solar Project, Panorama 2018; Botanical Survey Jaton Sheep Creek Panorama Environm Bernardino County Grand Materials;	r any spec base]: Surveys Environme rel Trappin rama Env ey and Sea Solar Po nental, In	cies listed Focused for Sheetental, Inc., og Results ironmental orch for Select, ower General	in the Ca Burrowing p Creek August for Sheep II, Inc., A nsitive Pla eration Plast St 2018;	lifornia g Owl Solar 2018; Creek August ants at roject, San

Less than Significant Impact. City and County General Plans and development a) ordinances may include regulations or policies governing biological resources. For example, policies may include tree preservation, locally designated species survey areas, local species of interest, and significant ecological areas. The Project site does not have trees or shrubs that could provide nesting habitat for birds; nor does it contain evidence of the presence of Mojave Ground Squirrel (MGS), Burrowing Owl (BUOW), or Desert Tortoise. The results of the visual survey and trapping sessions performed by Phoenix Biological Consulting for Panorama Environmental, Inc. were negative for MGS and thus the Project would not have a significant impact. Phoenix Biological Consulting also conducted field surveys for BUOW and Desert Tortoise during the Spring and Summer of 2018, and came to the following conclusions. The field results were negative for BUOW. Numerous small burrows were observed during the field survey. The largest burrow on site measured 3-inches wide and was unsuitable for BUOW. The burrows all appeared to be inactive and appear to have been ground squirrel burrows. No BUOW were observed during the survey effort and no BUOW sign was observed. The field results were negative for Desert Tortoise as well. Numerous small burrows were observed during the field effort. The burrows were absent of signs of Desert Tortoise. The burrows all appeared to be inactive and appear to have been ground squirrel burrows. No Desert Tortoises were observed during the survey effort and no Desert Tortoise scat was observed.

An inventory of vegetation types and species present within the entire study area was completed using transect-style field surveys conducted on April 6 and April 20-21, 2018. The study area for botanical resources that may be affected by the Project totals 30 acres. This area includes the 20-acre project footprint where the direct impacts of soil disturbance and loss of vegetative cover would occur, as well as a buffer of 100 feet in all directions.

No populations of sensitive plant species were found during the April 2018 search. Only species that are regionally common were found. There was no evidence that grazing of range cattle had occurred on site during months prior to the survey, and Off-Highway Vehicles (OHV) related disturbances that may have affected the inventory outcome were very limited. The timing of the survey dates coincided with the flowering and fruiting periods for all of the potentially occurring sensitive species; however, precipitation in 2018 did not favor seedbank germination. Construction-related disturbance would occur entirely within areas that were mapped in 2018 as Creosote Bush Shrublands. This vegetation community type is regionally widespread and common. The loss of approximately 20 acres of this community in highly degraded condition would not substantially alter the environment with respect to the amount of the plant community type that is regionally available. As development of the High Desert Corridor Project is implemented throughout the local landscape, it can be expected that these plants and their habitat would become increasingly disturbed and isolated, even if the Project does not occur.

With the exception of the long-lived native creosote shrubs, plant presence within the study area is currently almost entirely limited to naturalized non-native plants such as Mediterranean grass, redstem filaree, Russian thistle (Salsola tragus), red brome (Bromus madritensis ssp. rubra), and cheat grass (Bromus tectorum). It is unlikely that any potentially occurring sensitive annual plant populations would be affected. It is very unlikely that any potentially occurring sensitive perennial species including cacti would be affected. There is one Joshua tree located adjacent to Parkdale Road that may be affected. Project-related devegetation, while removing only common and weedy nonnative plants, nevertheless could in the absence of mitigation, lead to greater site soil mobility and fugitive dust emissions. Windspeeds and associated saltation of sand particles would be increased at the soil surface with the removal of the current shrub cover, potentially exacerbating the ongoing habitat degradation that is already occurring at neighboring properties.

The Project would not conflict with local policies or ordinances related to biological resources. The Project is not within an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan area. The Project would not have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.

b) **No Impact.** This Project would not have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or United States Fish and

Wildlife Service because no such habitat has been identified or is known to exist on the Project site. There are no defined watercourses on the site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

- c) No Impact. This Project would not have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means, because the Project is not within an identified protected wetland. There are no defined watercourses on the site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- d) No Impact. Due to the absence of sensitive biological species as described in the biological reports prepared by Phoenix Biological Consulting The Project would not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites, because there are no such corridors or nursery sites within or near the Project site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- e) Less than Significant Impact. Existing vegetation is sparsely distributed throughout the parcel and is nearly monotypic in vegetation diversity; very few other shrubs types are present. The undisturbed area consists of creosote bush scrub with very low density Joshua trees (Yucca brevifolia). Joshua tree is a Regulated Plant as defined under Section 88.01 of the San Bernardino County Development Code, thus requiring a permit for removal. One live individual was found within the project area boundaries and thus may be affected by implementation. If this individual is to be removed, mandatory conditions for permit approval (Code Section 88.01.050(f)(3)) would include transplanting in compliance with the provisions of the California Desert Native Plants Act. The occurring individual is not large enough to be considered "specimen size" as defined in this same Code section. There are no true trees in or bordering the sites. Evidence of creosote rings are noticeable in aerial photos of the Project area as are intermittent dry desert drainages along the eastern border of the parcel. This Project would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance. Therefore impacts would be less than significant.
- f) **No Impact.** This Project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan, because no such plan has been adopted in the area of the Project site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

August 2020

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact				
V.	CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the pre	oject:							
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to §15064.5?								
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?								
c)	Disturb any human remains, including those outside of formal cemeteries?								
SU	SUBSTANTIATION: (Check if the project is located in the Cultural or Paleontological Resources overlays or cite results of cultural resource review): Archaeological Survey of Approximately 38.5 Acres of Land on Behalf of Universal Solar Partners for the Proposed Sheep Creek Community Solar Project, Stantec, September, 2019; Cultural Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), South Central Coast Information Center, California State University, Fullerton; San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Submitted Project Materials								

- a) Less than Significant Impact. The South Central Coastal Information Center received the Project's records search request for the Project's development footprint area located on the Shadow Mountain SE USGS 7.5' quadrangle. The Archaeological Study prepared by Universal Solar Partners by Stantec Consulting Services, Inc. (Stantec) reflects the results of the records search for the Project area and a 1-mile radius. The search includes a review of all recorded archaeological and built-environment resources as well as a review of cultural resource reports on file. In addition, the California Points of Historical Interest, the California Historical Landmarks (CHL), the California Register of Historical Resources (CAL REG), the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), and the California State Historic Properties Directory (HPD) listings were reviewed for the above referenced Project site and a 1-mile radius. Based on the findings in the Archaeological Study, the proposed Project would not cause a substantial adverse change to the significance of historical resources as defined in Section 15064.5. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. As part of the current Archaeological Study prepared by Stantec, 38.5 acres of land was inventoried to determine whether significant cultural resources would be affected by the proposed Project. The survey resulted in the identification and documentation of a single, historic period refuse labeled as Sheep Creek-1. Based on archival research and data gathered during the study, it appears that the documented resource shall not be considered historically or culturally significant as it does not meet the minimum criteria for eligibility set forth in the California Register of Historical Resources (CRHR) (Pub. Res. Code SS5024.1, Title 14 CCR, Section 4852). Based on the findings in the Archaeological Study, the proposed Project would not

cause a substantial adverse change to the significance of historical resources as defined in Section 15064.5. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.

During an intensive pedestrian survey conducted by Stantec on August 27-28, 2019 several small modern-era refuse deposits were observed along Parkdale Street and along the northern portion of the Project Area, including bedframes, milled wood, broken bottles, wires, electronic components, plastic buckets, and plastic bottles. A small and narrow, OHV trail was observed in the western portion of the Project Area and running parallel to Sheep Creek Road. During the course of the survey a large, but very sparse, historic-era refuse deposit was identified and documented within eastern portion of the Project Area.

The methods and techniques used by Stantec are considered sufficient for the identification and evaluation of cultural resources visible at the ground surface. However, there is always a possibility that buried archaeological deposits could be found during construction and earth disturbing activities. In the event that cultural resources are encountered during construction activities, all work must stop, and a qualified archaeologist should be contacted immediately. Further, if human remains are encountered during construction, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 requires that no further work shall continue at the location of the find until the County Coroner has made all the necessary findings as to the origin and distribution of such remains pursuant to Public Code Resources Code Section 5097.98.

c) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation. The Project area is located in the vicinity of Native American ancestral lands. Therefore, sensitivity for undocumented subsurface resources related to Native American Tribal cultural heritage within the Project area may be inferred. Compliance with mitigation measure CUL-1C described below, and monitoring recommendations would reduce impacts to the inadvertent discovery of human remains to less than significant.

Mitigation Measures:

CUL 1C: In the event human remains are encountered, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. The County Coroner must be notified of the find immediately. If the remains are determined to be Native American, the County Coroner shall notify the NAHC, which would determine and notify a Most Likely Descendant (MLD). With the permission of the landowner or his/her authorized representative, the MLD may inspect the site of the discovery. The MLD shall complete the inspection within 48 hours of notification by the NAHC. The MLD would have the opportunity to offer recommendations for the disposition of the remains.

Monitoring Measures:

- 1. Monitoring of earthmoving activities by a qualified archaeologist and/or tribal monitor (including initial grubbing and vegetation removal) is recommended to mitigate potential impacts to undiscovered human remains.
- 2. Due to the heightened cultural sensitivity of the proposed Project area, an archaeological monitor with at least three years of regional experience in archaeology shall be present for all ground-disturbing activities that occur within the proposed Project area (which includes, but is not limited to, tree/shrub removal and planting,

clearing/grubbing, grading, excavation, trenching, compaction, fence/gate removal and installation, drainage and irrigation removal and installation, hardscape installation [benches, signage, boulders, walls, seat walls, fountains, etc.], and archaeological work).

Issues		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact				
VI.	ENERGY – Would the project:								
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?								
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?								
SU	SUBSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Renewable Energy and Conservation Element of the General Plan 2017; California Energy Commission Title 24								

- a) Less than Significant Impact. Construction shall be limited to the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday in accordance with the County of San Bernardino Development Code standards. No construction activities are permitted outside of these hours or on Sundays and Federal holidays. The proposed Project would be conditioned to comply with Greenhouse Gas (GHG) operational standards during temporary construction. Adherence would ensure that there would not be a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during Project construction or operation.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. The County of San Bernardino adopted a Renewable Energy and Conservation Element (RECE) as part of the County's General Plan dated August 8, 2017. The proposed Project would be required to meet Title 24 Energy Efficiency requirements. Adherence would ensure that the Project would not conflict with or obstruct the recently adopted RECE or any other state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency.

Therefore, no impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
VII.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Would the project:				

 a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

	i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map Issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.								
	ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes					
	iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				\boxtimes				
	iv. Landslides?								
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss			\boxtimes					
c)	of topsoil? Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is			\bowtie					
σ,	unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on or off site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?	_							
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect	_							
e)	risks to life or property? Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?								
SU	IBSTANTIATION: (Check [] if project is le								
District): San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007 Hazards Policy Map: HZ-1 Earthquake Fault Zones, Map: HZ-2 Liquefaction and Landslides, Map: HZ-11 Wind Erosion Hazards; Submitted Project Materials; California Building Code; Public Resources Code.									
a)	a) i) Less than Significant Impact. The Project site is not located within an official earthquake fault zone based on the County of San Bernardino General Plan Hazards Policy Map: HZ-1 Earthquake Fault Zones, or within a quarter of a mile of a mapped fault. However, all of Southern California is subject to major earthquake activity. In terms of proximity to an active fault the impact would be considered less than significant.								
	ii) Less than Significant Impact. The subject property is within an area that is subject to severe ground shaking as is most of Southern California. There would be a less than significant impact to the unmanned facility as no buildings are proposed, however the solar arrays could sustain damage from a moderate earthquake.								

- iii) **No Impact.** The Project site is not located in an area of high liquefaction susceptibility. However, adherence to California Building Code Seismic Design Standards, Chapter 16: *Structural Design* would further assure a less than significant impact due to liquefaction. However, as an unmanned facility with no proposed buildings, there would be no impact.
- iv) **No Impact.** The Project site is in a generally level desert area and is not in close proximity to hillsides, foothills or mountains that could have the potential to slide during a ground disturbing event such as an earthquake. Therefore there would be no impact.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project is within a High Erodibility zone according to the County of San Bernardino General Plan Hazards Policy Map: HZ-11 Wind Erosion Hazards. The near surface sandy soils may be subject to water erosion. Positive drainage should be provided around the perimeter of all structures and all foundations toward streets or approved drainage devices to minimize water infiltrating into the underlying natural and engineered fill soils. Erosion control plans and grading plans would be required to be submitted, approved, and implemented for the proposed development. Addition of the solar arrays to the vacant parcel would help contain much of the erosion of the soil beneath. Therefore, a less than significant impact would occur.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. The Project is not identified as being located on a geologic unit or soil that has been identified as being unstable or having the potential to result in on- or off- site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse based on the Project location and San Bernardino General Plan Hazards Policy Map: HZ-2 Liquefaction and Landslides. Therefore, a less than significant impact would occur.
- d) Less than Significant Impact. The Project site is not located in an area that has been identified by the County Building and Safety Geologist as having the potential for expansive soils as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property. Therefore, a less than significant impact would occur.
- e) **No Impact.** As an unmanned facility there would be no septic or alternative wastewater treatment systems onsite. No further study of onsite soils for this purpose is necessary therefore, no significant adverse impacts would occur.

No significant impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
VIII.	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Would	the projec	t:		
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
b)	Conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

SUBSTANTIATION: Air Quality/Greenhouse Gas Study for Sheep Creek Community Solar Project, Elevated Entitlements, July 14, 2020; California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod; Version 2016.3.2); Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District 2017 (MDAQMD); County of San Bernardino Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Plan, September 2011; San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Submitted Project Materials

Construction is estimated to start in 2020 and would take approximately three months to complete. Elevated Entitlements quantified greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions resulting from the construction and operation of the Project using construction and operational data provided by the Project applicant. Emission factors and other data are from the CalEEMod California Emissions Estimator Model. This software was used as the GHG quantification tool for this Project. The applicant estimated the Project construction activities would occur over a three-month period, while the operational Project life is estimated at 30 years. The total Project related average annual GHG emissions were determined to not exceed 3.000 metric tons carbon dioxide equivalent per year (MTCO₂e/yr), or 548,000 lbs/day. As shown in **Table 2** below the temporary construction activities for the Project would not exceed the MDAQMD thresholds. These Project GHG emissions are consistent with the County of San Bernardino's September 2011 Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan and would present a less than significant impact for GHG emission.

Table 2: Greenhouse Gas (CO ₂) lbs/day						
Project Construction Emissions	9,807.55					
MDAQMD Threshold ¹	548,000					
Exceeds Threshold	No					
¹ Source: https://www.mdaqmd.ca.gov/home/showdocument?id=538						

Less than Significant Impact. Construction of the Project would generate GHG a) emissions and maximum daily emissions are shown in Table 2 above. The Project's construction emissions would be below the MDAQMD's daily GHG threshold, therefore, the project would not generate GHG emissions that would have a significant impact on the environment and impacts would be less than significant.

Construction Activities: During construction of the Project, GHGs would be emitted through the operation of construction equipment and from worker and vendor vehicles, each of which typically uses fossil-based fuels to operate. The combustion of fossilbased fuels creates GHGs (e.g., CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O). Furthermore, Methane (CH₄) is emitted during the fueling of heavy equipment.

Gas, Electricity, and Water Use: Natural gas use results in the emission of two GHGs: CH₄ (the major component of natural gas) and CO₂ (from the combustion of natural gas). Electricity use can result in GHG production if the electricity is generated by combustion of fossil fuel. California's water conveyance system is energy-intensive. Water-related electricity use is 48 terawatt hours per year and accounts for nearly 20 percent of California's total electricity consumption. Gas, electricity and water use would be minimal during temporary construction and operation of the unmanned facility.

S<u>olid Waste Disposal:</u> Solid waste generated by the Project would contribute to minimal GHG emissions during temporary construction of the facility only. During operation, the unmanned solar facility would require the disposal of solid waste.

Motor Vehicle Use: During construction, transportation associated with the proposed Project would result in GHG emissions from the combustion of fossil fuels in daily automobile and truck trips. During operation, as an unmanned facility, these emissions would be minimal.

Operational Activities: Mobile source emissions of GHGs would include Project-generated vehicle trips associated with on-site facilities and customers/visitors to the Project site. As proposed the Project would be an unmanned solar facility, with no customer visits to the site. Any operation and maintenance employees that would be required to visit the site would be minimal, resulting in a negligible amount of mobile source emissions of GHG.

No Impact. A project's incremental contribution to a cumulative Greenhouse Gas (GHG) effect is not cumulatively considerable if the Project complies with the requirements in a previously adopted plan or mitigation program under specified circumstances. In 2011, the County adopted the GHG Emissions Reduction Plan, and in 2016, the County adopted the GHG Development Review Process (DRP). The GHG Emissions Reduction Plan qualifies as a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions pursuant to the State CEQA Guidelines, and the DRP is a guideline for the GHG Emissions Reduction Plan. The DRP identifies local GHG performance standards that need to be applied to the Project.

The proposed Project would be a net generator of clean, renewable energy that would reduce GHG emissions associated with generation of electricity from fossil fuels at other power plants. As a renewable energy generator, the proposed Project would be consistent with state goals in AB 32 and 2017 Scoping Plan for reducing GHG emissions from fossil fuel sources, as well as support meeting Renewable Portfolio Standard requirements. The proposed Project would not conflict with an applicable, plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing GHG emissions, therefore, impacts would be less than significant. As an unmanned solar facility that would produce negligible emissions, the Project would be consistent with the GHG Emissions Reduction Plan.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
IX.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -	Would the	project:		
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use,				
b)	or disposal of hazardous materials? Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the				

	release of hazardous materials into the environment?		
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?		
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?		
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, will the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?		
f)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?		
g)	Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?		

SUBSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007, Hazards Policy Maps; San Bernardino County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, July 13, 2017; Submitted Project Materials

- a) Less than Significant Impact. Compliance with federal, state, and local closure requirements, the Project would have a less than significant impact to the public or the environment. A decommissioning plan when the facility reaches its end of life per San Bernardino County Development Code Section 84.29.070 Decommissioning Requirements would be required. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. Through mitigation, the Project would have a less than significant impact to the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment. The use and storage of all hazardous materials is subject to permit and inspection by the Hazardous Materials Division of the County Fire Department. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. Emissions and handling of hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, or substances, would have a less than significant impact on any existing or proposed schools that are within a quarter mile from the Project site. The nearest schools are more than eight (8) miles to the east in the City of Adelanto. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.
- d) **No Impact.** The Project site is not included on the San Bernardino County list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code 65962.5. Therefore, the Project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

- e) **No Impact.** The Project site is located approximately ten (10) miles to the west of the Southern California Logistics Airport and is not located within an Airport Land Use Plan or within two miles of a public use airport. Therefore, the proposed Project would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the Project area. As a result, no impacts would occur.
- f) No Impact. The Project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan, because the Project has adequate access from two or more directions. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- g) **No Impact.** Being an unmanned facility in a sparsely populated desert location, the Project would not expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

		Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
Χ.	HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would	d the proje	ect:		
a)	discha	antially degrade surface or ground water				
b)	Substa or int rechai	antially decrease groundwater supplies erfere substantially with groundwater rge such that the project may impede nable groundwater management of the				
c)	Substance pattern the alt or thro	antially alter the existing drainage of the site or area, including through eration of the course of a stream or river ough the addition of impervious surfaces, anner which would:				
	i.	result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site;				
	ii.	substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on or offsite;				
	iii.	create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of runoff; or				
	iv.	impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	

SUBS	TANTIATION:	Preliminary Drai Stantec, August 2007; Submitted	26, 2019; Sar	n Bernaro		
e)	Conflict with or o	obstruct implementa ontrol plan or su nagement plan?				
d)	•	sunami, or seiche zo ollutants due to	•			

- a) **No Impact.** The Project would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. This is an unmanned facility with no requirement for water service or an on-site waste water treatment system. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- b) **No Impact**. The Project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level, because the Project is not proposing onsite water usage. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- c) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is located within the high desert region of San Bernardino County and is on the southwest end of the expansive Mojave Desert. The nearby City of Adelanto adopted a Drainage Master Plan Update prepared by So & Associates Engineers, Inc. in May of 2012. The Project site is located to the west of the study watershed limits and is not a part of the latest City's Master Plan update. Mapping and topography were developed from 2,000 scale (7.5 minute) USC&GS quadrangle maps of the entire tributary area to the project site.

The Preliminary Drainage Study utilizes preliminary Geographical Information System (GIS) level site topography along with a conceptual site layout as the basis of design. The Project site is not impacted by United States Geological Survey (USGS) mapped blue line streams. The Project site is located in an undefined floodplain with an extensive tributary area. Since no on-site grading is proposed, the proposed Project would not increase the pre-development runoff flowrate.

The proposed Project layout maintains the low flow of the main natural drainage course traversing the Project site unoccupied and obstructed. Based on the approved drainage study prepared by Stantec the Project would not:

- i. Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site.
- ii. Increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on or offsite as the solar panels are elevated above the surface of the ground allowing movement of any run-off below.
- Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of runoff.
- iv. Impede or redirect flood flows.
- d) **No Impact.** Based on existing site conditions, and proposed Project activities the Project would not substantially alter any existing drainage pattern of the site or area,

which includes through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or a substantial increase in the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on or off-site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

e) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. No grading is proposed as part of Project activities, as such there would be little to no alteration in the natural drainage of flows on site. There would be adequate capacity in the local and regional drainage systems, so that downstream properties are not negatively impacted by any increases or changes in volume, velocity or direction of storm water flows originating from or altered by the Project. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Therefore, no significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XI.	LAND USE AND PLANNING - Would the project	ect:			
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
b)	Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
SU	BSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County Ge	neral Plar	n, 2007; Su	bmitted F	roject

a) **No Impact.** The Project would not physically divide an established community, because the Project is in an area of large vacant parcels with no anticipated residential development proposed for the foreseeable future. There are scattered single family residences within a mile of the proposed Project, but the Project would not cause a physical division of an established community. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Materials

b) No Impact. The Project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the Project adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect because the Project is consistent with all applicable land use policies and regulations of the County Development Code, and General Plan. The Project complies with all hazard protection, resource preservation, and land-use-modifying Overlay District regulations. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less than Significant	No Impact	
			Incorporated			
XII.	MINERAL RESOURCES - Would the project:					
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that will be of value to the					
b)	region and the residents of the state? Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?					
SUBSTANTIATION: (Check if project is located within the Mineral Resource Zone Overlay): San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007, Policy Map NR-4 Mineral Resource Zones; Submitted Project Materials; California Department of Conservation: Mineral Land Classification Maps						
a)	No Impact. According to the Policy Map NR-4 <i>M</i> site is not located within a Mineral Resources Zo closest mineral resources and/or mines are app	one within	San Bernard	dino Count	y. The	

b) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan. The Project site lies between ten (10) and twenty (20) miles from any sites where adequate information indicates that significant mineral deposits are present, or where it is judged that a high likelihood for their presence exists. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

mining operations. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

to the north and east respectively. The proposed Project would not interfere with current

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XIII.	NOISE - Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b)	Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				\boxtimes
c)	For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or,				\boxtimes

where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

SUBSTANTIATION:	(Check if the project is located in the Noise Hazard Overlay District
	or is subject to severe noise levels according to the General Plan
	Noise Element (): San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007;
	Submitted Project Materials

- a) **No Impact**. The Project site consists of an unmanned community PV solar facility and would not generate ambient noise levels in the area that would violate the San Bernardino Development Code, or General Plan Noise Element. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- b) **No Impact.** As an unmanned facility, the Project would not create exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels. The Project is required to comply with the vibration standards of the County Development Code. No vibration exceeding these standards is anticipated to be generated by the proposed uses. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- c) No Impact. The proposed Project is not within the Airport Safety Review Area. The Project is located one (1) mile west of Krey Field private airstrip, and five (5) miles southeast of El Mirage private airstrip. Photovoltaic solar does not use reflective mirrored panels, thus the Project would not cause a significant impact to aircraft utilizing these airstrips in terms of glint or glare. The Project is not within two (2) miles of a public or public use airport. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Therefore, no significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact		
XIV.	POPULATION AND HOUSING - Would the pr	roject:					
a)	Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?						
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?						
SUBSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Submitted Project Materials.							

a) Less than Significant Impact. The Project would not induce substantial population growth in an area either directly or indirectly. As an unmanned photovoltaic solar facility,

the Project is not expected to induce population growth or the development of new homes or roads.

b) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not displace any housing units, necessitating the construction of replacement housing because no housing units are proposed to be demolished as a result of this proposal. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Therefore, no significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.

		Potentially	Less than	Less than	No	
	Issues	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact	
		Impact	with			
			Mitigation			
	5115116 655111656		Incorporated			
XV.	PUBLIC SERVICES					
a)	Would the project result in substantial advers provision of new or physically altered governmental altered governmental facilities, the construction environmental impacts, in order to maintain according to the performance objectives for any of the province of the performance of	ental facilitie tion of whi ceptable se	s, need for r ch could c ervice ratios	new or phy ause sigr	sically nificant	
	Fire Protection?					
	Police Protection?			\boxtimes		
	Schools?			\boxtimes		
	Parks?			\boxtimes		
	Other Public Facilities?					
SU	SUBSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Submitted Project Materials					

a) Less than Significant Impact. The Project would not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services, including fire and police protection, schools, parks, or other public facilities. The proposed Project would increase property tax revenues to provide a source of funding that is sufficient to offset any increases in the anticipated demands for public services generated by this Project. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XVI.	RECREATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility will occur or be accelerated?				
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				

SUBSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Submitted Project Materials

- a) Less than Significant Impact. The Project would not increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. The Project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment, because the type of Project proposed would not result in an increased demand for recreational facilities. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XVII.	TRANSPORTATION – Would the project:				
a)	Conflict with a program plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				
b)	Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3 subdivision (b)?				
c)	Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?			\boxtimes	

August 2020

SUBSTANTIATION: San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Submitted Project Materials

- a) Less than Significant Impact. As an unmanned solar facility, the Project would not cause an increase in traffic. Local roads would only be impacted during temporary construction and bi-annual maintenance activities. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.
- b) Less than Significant Impact. As an unmanned solar facility the Project would not conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3 subdivision (b). The scheduled maintenance activities would result in a negligible increase to vehicle miles traveled (VMT). Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.
- c) No Impact. The Project would not substantially increase hazards due to a design feature or incompatible uses because the Project site is adjacent to an established road that is accessed at points with good site distance and properly controlled intersections. There are no incompatible uses proposed by the Project that would impact surrounding land uses. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- d) Less than Significant Impact. The site is designed to allow emergency vehicles responding to a possible event. Adequate access to ingress and egress points including turnaround areas, perimeter roads, and interior roads between panel rows that are of adequate width and approved by County Fire during their review of the Project would be provided. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.

August 2020

XVIII.	Issues TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact			
res cult	a) Would the Project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and							
i)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or							
ii)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe?							
SUBSTANTIATION: Archaeological Survey of Approximately 38.5 Acres of Land on Behalf of Universal Solar Partners for the Proposed Sheep Creek Community Solar Project, Stantec, September, 2019; San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Cultural Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), South Central Coast Information Center, California State University, Fullerton; Submitted Project Materials								

Assembly Bill (AB) 52 took effect on July 1, 2015. AB 52 requires a lead agency to make best efforts to avoid, preserve, and protect tribal cultural resources.

Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and Project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) also contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

Prior to the release of the CEQA document for a project, AB 52 requires the lead agency to initiate consultation with a California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed project if: (1) the California Native American tribe requested the lead agency, in writing, to be informed by the lead agency through formal notification of proposed project in the geographic area that is traditionally and through formal notification of proposed projects in the geographic area that is traditionally and culturally

affiliated with the tribe, and (2) the California Native American tribe responds, in writing, within 30 days of receipt of the formal notification, and requests the consultation.

Tribal consultation request letters were sent to the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians (SMBMI), Morongo Band of Mission Indians (Morongo), Colorado River Indian Tribes (CRIT), Fort Mohave Indian Tribe (FMIT), Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians, and Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians. Response letters were received from FMIT, SMBMI, and Morongo. The FMIT indicated that the Project as described shows that there is no substantial evidence that there would be a significant effect on FMIT tribal cultural resources. Formal consultation with the SMBMI took place on November 17, 2019, and the Morongo on January 16, 2020. The consultations resulted in concerns for the inadvertent discovery of human remains and other archaeological/tribal cultural resources on-site, and provided mitigation measures in the form of standard language which is included in *Sections V. Cultural Resources*, and *XVIII. Tribal Cultural Resources* of this document as well as the conditions of approval for the Project. Archaeological/tribal monitoring was also requested by both the San Manuel and Morongo tribes. The CRIT, Soboba, and Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians did not respond to the County's consultation letters.

a) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation. The South Central Coastal Information Center received a records search request for the Project area located on the Shadow Mountain SE USGS 7.5' quadrangle. Records search for the Project area and a 1-mile radius were provided and included a review of all recorded archaeological and built-environment resources as well as a review of cultural resource reports on file. In addition, the California Points of Historical Interest, the California Historical Landmarks (CHL), the California Register of Historical Resources (CAL REG), the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), and the California State Historic Properties Directory (HPD) listings were reviewed for the Project site and a 1-mile radius.

A portion of the Project site has been previously surveyed. While there are no recorded archaeological sites within the Project area, buried resources could potentially be unearthed during Project activities. Therefore, customary caution and a halt-work condition shall be in place for all ground-disturbing activities. In the event that any evidence of cultural resources is discovered, all work within the vicinity of the find shall stop until a qualified archaeological consultant can assess the find and make recommendations. Excavation of cultural resources shall not be attempted by Project personnel. It is also recommended that the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) be consulted to identify if any additional traditional cultural properties or other sacred sites are known to be in the area. The NAHC may also refer the Project proponent to local tribes with particular knowledge of potential sensitivity. The NAHC and local tribes may offer additional recommendations to what is provided here and may request an archaeological monitor.

b) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation. The Project proponent shall consider the significance of any possible resource to a California Native American tribe. With required mitigation and monitoring requested by tribes with ancestral interest in the Project area, the impact would be reduced to a less than significant level.

Mitigation Measures

TCR-1: Treatment of Tribal Cultural Resources

If a pre-contact cultural resource is discovered during Project implementation, ground disturbing activities shall be suspended sixty (60) feet around the resource(s) and an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA) physical demarcation/barrier constructed. A research design shall be developed by the archaeologist that shall include a plan to evaluate the resource for significance under CEQA criteria. Representatives from the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians Cultural Resources Department (SMBMI), the archaeologist/applicant, and the Lead Agency shall confer regarding the research design, as well as any testing efforts needed to delineate the resource boundary. Following the completion of evaluation efforts, all parties shall confer regarding the archaeological significance of the resource, its potential as a Tribal Cultural Resource (TCR), and avoidance (or other appropriate treatment) of the discovered resource.

Should any significant resource and/or TCR not be a candidate for avoidance or preservation in place, and the removal of the resource(s) is necessary to mitigate impacts, the research design shall include a comprehensive discussion of sampling strategies, resource processing, analysis, and reporting protocols/obligations. Removal of any cultural resource(s) shall be conducted with the presence of a Tribal monitor representing the Tribe, unless otherwise decided by SMBMI. All plans for analysis shall be reviewed and approved by the applicant and SMBMI prior to implementation, and all removed material shall be temporarily curated on-site. It is the preference of SMBMI that removed cultural material be reburied as close to the original find location as possible. However, should reburial within/near the original find location during Project implementation not be feasible, then a reburial location for future reburial shall be decided upon by SMBMI, the landowner, and the Lead Agency, and all finds shall be reburied within this location. Additionally, in this case, reburial shall not occur until all ground-disturbing activities associated with the Project have been completed, all monitoring has ceased, all cataloguing and basic recordation of cultural resources have been completed, and a final monitoring report has been issued to Lead Agency, CHRIS, and SMBMI. All reburials are subject to a reburial agreement that shall be developed between the landowner and SMBMI outlining the determined reburial process/location, and shall include measures and provisions to protect the reburial area from any future impacts (vis a vis Project plans, conservation/preservation easements, etc.).

Should it occur that avoidance, preservation in place, and on-site reburial are not an option for treatment, the landowner shall relinquish all ownership and rights to this material and confer with SMBMI to identify an American Association of Museums (AAM)-accredited facility within the County that can accession the materials into their permanent collections and provide for the proper care of these objects in accordance with the 1993 CA Curation Guidelines. A curation agreement with an appropriate qualified repository shall be developed between the landowner and museum that legally and physically transfers the collections and associated records to the facility. This agreement shall stipulate the payment of fees necessary for permanent curation of the collections and associated records and the obligation of the Project developer/applicant to pay for those fees.

All draft records/reports containing the significance and treatment findings and data recovery results shall be prepared by the archaeologist and submitted to the Lead

Agency and SMBMI for their review and comment. After approval from all parties, the final reports and site/isolate records are to be submitted to the local CHRIS Information Center, the Lead Agency, and SMBMI.

TCR-2: Inadvertent Discoveries of Human Remains/Funerary Objects

In the event that any human remains are discovered within the Project area, ground disturbing activities shall be suspended 100 feet around the resource(s) and an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA) physical demarcation/barrier constructed. The on-site lead/foreman shall then immediately notify SMBMI, the applicant/developer, and the Lead Agency. The Lead Agency and the applicant/developer shall then immediately contact the County Coroner regarding the discovery. If the Coroner recognizes the human remains to be those of a Native American, or has reason to believe that they are those of a Native American, the Coroner shall ensure that notification is provided to the NAHC within twenty-four (24) hours of the determination, as required by California Health and Safety Code § 7050.5 (c). The NAHC-identified Most Likely Descendant (MLD), shall be allowed, under California Public Resources Code § 5097.98 (a), to (1) inspect the site of the discovery and (2) make determinations as to how the human remains and funerary objects shall be treated and disposed of with appropriate dignity. The MLD, Lead Agency, and landowner agree to discuss in good faith what constitutes "appropriate dignity" as that term is used in the applicable statutes. The MLD shall complete its inspection and make recommendations within forty-eight (48) hours of the site visit, as required by California Public Resources Code § 5097.98.

Reburial of human remains and/or funerary objects (those artifacts associated with any human remains or funerary rites) shall be accomplished in compliance with the California Public Resources Code § 5097.98 (a) and (b). The MLD in consultation with the landowner, shall make the final discretionary determination regarding the appropriate disposition and treatment of human remains and funerary objects. All parties are aware that the MLD may wish to rebury the human remains and associated funerary objects on or near the site of their discovery, in an area that shall not be subject to future subsurface disturbances. The applicant/developer/landowner should accommodate on-site reburial in a location mutually agreed upon by the Parties.

It is understood by all Parties that unless otherwise required by law, the site of any reburial of Native American human remains or cultural artifacts shall not be disclosed and shall not be governed by public disclosure requirements of the California Public Records Act. The Coroner, parties, and Lead Agencies, would be asked to withhold public disclosure information related to such reburial, pursuant to the specific exemption set forth in California Government Code § 6254 (r).

Monitoring Measures

1. A sufficient number archaeological monitors shall be present each work day to ensure that simultaneously occurring ground disturbing activities receive thorough levels of monitoring coverage. A Monitoring and Treatment Plan (MTP) that is reflective of the Project mitigation ("Cultural Resources" and "Tribal Cultural Resources") shall be completed by the archaeologist and submitted to the Lead Agency for dissemination to the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians Cultural Resources Department (SMBMI). Any and all findings would be subject to the protocol detailed within the MTP, as well as the protocol outlined in TCR-1. The MTP shall also state the frequency by which the archaeological monitor would submit monitoring logs to the Lead Agency and SMBMI. Once all parties review and

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approve the MTP, it shall be adopted by the Lead Agency, which shall occur prior to permitting for the Project. At the conclusion of monitoring for the Project, a draft monitoring report would be submitted to the Lead Agency and SMBMI for review, and the final monitoring report would be submitted to all parties for their records.

- 2. Monitoring of earthmoving activities by a qualified archaeologist and/or tribal monitor (including initial grubbing and vegetation removal) is recommended to mitigate potential impacts to undiscovered human remains.
- **3.** The Morongo tribe requested a tribal monitor be present if an archaeological monitor was onsite during ground disturbing activities.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XIX.	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS - Would	d the proje	ect:		
a)	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				
c)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
d)	Generate solid waste in excess of state or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction				
e)	goals? Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

a) **No Impact.** As an unmanned solar facility, the proposed Project does not propose the use or implementation of a wastewater treatment facility. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

County of San Bernardino General Plan 2007; Submitted Project

b-c) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities. The proposed

Project is an unmanned solar facility with no water or wastewater facilities proposed. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

- d) **No Impact.** The proposed Project does not require a permanent water source and would use water trucks for the occasional cleaning/washing of the panel arrays. There would be no impact to wet utilities in this regard. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- e) Less than Significant Impact. The Project developer shall provide adequate space and storage bins for both refuse and recycling materials. This requirement is to assist the County in compliance with the recycling requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 2176. A Construction Waste Management Plan would be prepared in two parts to show adequate handling of waste materials; disposal, reuse, or recycling as required by the County Department of Public Works Solid Waste Management Department. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Therefore, no significant adverse impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XX.	WILDFIRE: If located in or near state responsib high fire hazard severity zones, woul	_		ssified as v	ery
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant				
c)	concentrations from wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire? Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water resources, power				
d)	lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment? Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
SUL	BSTANTIATION: County of San Bernardino Map HZ-5 Fire Hazard S				_

a) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

- b) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project is within a moderate Local Response Area (LRA) Fire Hazard Severity Zone. According to the Countywide Plan Policy Map HZ-5 Fire Hazard Severity Zones, the subject parcel is within a sparsely populated area of the desert surrounded by vacant land. Implementation of the proposed Project would not cause a significant impact due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, thereby exposing Project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur.
- c) No Impact. The proposed Project would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water resources, power lines or other utilities). The Project is not expected to exacerbate fire risk that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. Therefore, no impacts would occur.
- d) **No Impact.** The proposed Project would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

	Issues	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant	No Impact
XXI.	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:				
a)	Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of				
c)	probable future projects)? Does the project have environmental effects, which would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

a) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation. The Project does not have the potential to significantly degrade the overall quality of the region's environment, or substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population or drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.

There are no identified historic or prehistoric resources identified on this site based on field surveys conducted by Stantec in August 2019. No archaeological or paleontological resources have been identified in the Project area. Impacts to Cultural or Tribal Cultural Resources due to inadvertent discoveries during Project development would be reduced to a less than significant level with the implementation of mitigation measures recommended in the Cultural Resources (CUL-1C), and Tribal Cultural Resources (TCR-1, and TCR-2).

b) **No Impact.** The Project does not have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable. The sites of projects in the area to which this Project would add cumulative impacts have either planned or existing infrastructure that is sufficient for all planned uses.

c) No Impact. The Project would not have environmental effects that would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly, as there are no such impacts identified by the studies conducted for this Project or identified by review of other sources or by other agencies.

All potential impacts have been thoroughly evaluated and have been deemed to be neither individually significant nor cumulatively considerable in terms of any adverse effects upon the region, the local community or its inhabitants. At a minimum, the Project would be required to meet the conditions of approval for the Project to be implemented. It is anticipated that all such conditions of approval would further insure that no potential for adverse impacts would be introduced by construction activities, initial or future land uses authorized by the Project approval.

GENERAL REFERENCES

California Department of Conservation, California Geological Survey, Mineral Resources and Mineral Hazards

County of San Bernardino 2007 Development Code

County of San Bernardino Geologic Hazards Overlays Map

County of San Bernardino Hazard Overlay Map

County of San Bernardino Identified Hazardous Materials Waste Sites List, April 1998.

County of San Bernardino, Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan, March 1995.

County of San Bernardino, Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Plan, January 6, 2012.

County of San Bernardino, San Bernardino County Storm Water Program, Model Water Quality Management Plan Guidance.

County of San Bernardino Road Planning and Design Standards.

Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map and Flood Boundary Map.

San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007.

San Bernardino County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, July 13, 2017

San Bernardino County General Plan, 2007; Environmental Impact Report

South Coast Air Quality Management District, CEQA Air Quality Handbook, November 1993.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. Web Soil Survey. Available at http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/

PROJECT-SPECIFIC REFERENCES

- Air Quality/Greenhouse Gas Study for Sheep Creek Community Solar Project, Elevated Entitlements, July 14, 2020.
- Archaeological Survey of Approximately 38.5 Acres of Land on Behalf of Universal Solar Partners for the Proposed Sheep Creek Community Solar Project, Stantec, September, 2019.
- Botanical Survey and Search for Sensitive Plants at Jaton Sheep Creek Solar Power Generation Project, Panorama Environmental, Inc., August 2018.
- California Historical Resources Information System, South Central Coast Information Center, California State University, Fullerton, Department of Anthropology MH-426, January 9, 2020.
- Focused Burrowing Owl and Desert Tortoise Surveys for Sheep Creek Solar Project, Panorama Environmental, Inc., August 2018.
- Mojave Ground Squirrel Trapping Results for Sheep Creek Solar Project, Panorama Environmental, Inc., August 2018.

Preliminary Drainage Study for Sheep Creek Community Solar, Stantec, August 26, 2019.