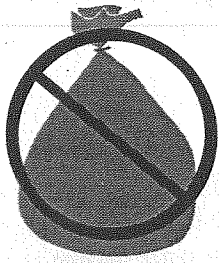


# Grasscycling



Don't  
trash  
grass!



## What is grasscycling?

Grasscycling is the natural recycling of grass by leaving clippings on the lawn when mowing. Grass clippings decompose quickly and release valuable nutrients back into the soil.

## Mow it!

Proper mowing is required for successful grasscycling. Cut the top 1/3 of the grass when the surface is dry. Raising the mowing height in the summer encourages deeper roots and protects grass from drought and heat damage.

## Water it!

The best time to water is early morning, as less water is lost due to evaporation. Try to avoid watering in the evening because it may encourage disease development.

## Fertilize it!

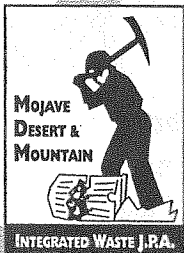
Proper fertilization is essential in maintaining a healthy lawn. Grasscycling can reduce the amount of fertilizer needed by 15-20 percent because grass clippings return nitrogen to the soil.

## Proper Mowing Heights (in inches) for various types of grasses.

GRASS TYPE	MOWER SETTING	MOW WHEN GRASS IS:
Bermudagrass (common)	1 - 1 1/2	1 1/2 - 2 1/4
Bermudagrass (hybrid)	1/2 - 1	3/4 - 1 1/2
Kentucky Bluegrass	1 1/2 - 2 1/2	2 1/4 - 3 3/4
Kikuyugrass	1 - 1 1/2	1 1/2 - 2 1/4
Perennial Ryegrass	1 1/2 - 2 1/2	2 1/4 - 3 3/4
Tall Fescue	1 1/2 - 3	2 1/4 - 4 1/2
St. Augustine	1 - 2	1 1/2 - 3
Zoysia	3/4 - 1 1/2	3/4 - 2 1/4

Grasscycling eliminates raking, bagging, and dumping grass clippings. Saves time, money and is environmentally friendly. San Bernardino County residents spend over \$400,000 each year to bury grass. Stop sending your grass to landfills.

*Mow down pollution naturally!*



For more information on Grasscycling or other waste diversions, call 1-888-URECYCLE.

## Recycle your grass. Don't bag it!