



CAO Legislative Report

Administration

[AB 345](#)

[Ridley-Thomas D \(Dist. 54\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Municipal code violations. Current law authorizes the legislative body of a city or county to establish a procedure to use a nuisance abatement lien or a special assessment to collect abatement costs and related administrative costs. This bill would authorize, until January 1, 2023, the legislative body of a city or county to also collect fines related to the nuisance abatement using a nuisance abatement lien or a special assessment.

[AB 428](#)

[Ridley-Thomas D \(Dist. 54\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Local government: the Ralph M. Brown Act. Current law, until January 1, 2018, authorizes a health authority that conducts a teleconference meeting to count members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50% of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting, as specified. This bill would extend the operation of these provisions relating to the establishment of a quorum for teleconferenced meetings of a health authority indefinitely.

[AB 556](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

County ordinances: violations: fines. Under current law, violation of a county ordinance is generally a misdemeanor, unless by ordinance it is made an infraction. Current law establishes fines for violations of an ordinance determined to be an infraction and limits the amount of fine to \$100 for a first violation, \$200 for a 2nd violation within one year, and \$500 for each additional violation within one year or, in the case of violations of a local building and safety code, a fine not exceeding \$100 for a first violation, \$500 for a 2nd violation within one year, and \$1,000 for each additional violation within one year. This bill would increase the maximum amount of a fine for a violation of an event permit requirement, as defined, to \$150 for a first violation, \$700 for a 2nd occurrence of the same violation by the same owner or operator within 3 years, and \$2,500 for each additional occurrence of the same violation by the same owner or operator within 3 years.

[AB 891](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE E.Q.

Tribal gaming: compact ratification. Would ratify the tribal-state gaming compact entered into between the State of California and the Morongo Band of Mission Indians, executed on September 6, 2017. The bill would provide that, in deference to tribal sovereignty, certain actions related to that compact are not projects for purposes of CEQA. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

[AB 1250](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Counties: contracts for personal services. Would establish specific standards for the use of personal services contracts by counties. The bill would allow a county or county agency to contract for personal services currently or customarily performed by employees, as applicable, when specified conditions are met. The bill would exempt certain types of contracts from its provisions, and would exempt a city and county from its provisions. By placing new duties on local government agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill also would provide that its provisions are severable.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose



[AB 1378](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Tribal gaming: compact ratification. Would ratify the amendment to the tribal-state gaming compact entered into between the State of California and the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians executed on August 18, 2017. The bill would provide that, in deference to tribal sovereignty, certain actions related to that amended compact are not projects for purposes of CEQA. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

[SB 231](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE ENROLLMENT

Local government: fees and charges. Articles XIIC and XIID of the California Constitution generally require that assessments, fees, and charges be submitted to property owners for approval or rejection after the provision of written notice and the holding of a public hearing. Current law, the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act, prescribes specific procedures and parameters for local jurisdictions to comply with Articles XIIC and XIID of the California Constitution and defines terms for these purposes. This bill would define the term "sewer" for these purposes. The bill would also make findings and declarations relating to the definition of the term "sewer" for these purposes.

[SB 653](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

County tax collectors: notices: publication. Current law requires a county tax collector to publish various notices in a newspaper, including a notice specifying, among other things, the dates when property taxes on the secured roll will be due and the penalties and costs for delinquency. This bill would require the tax collector to also provide notice on the tax collector's regularly maintained Internet Web site of any notice required to be published in a newspaper of general circulation under the Revenue and Taxation Code, as provided.

[SB 671](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

County employees' retirement: retirement funds: transfers. The CERL authorizes the board of supervisors to authorize the county auditor to make an advance payment of all or part of the county's estimated annual contribution if the payment is made within 30 days after the county's fiscal year begins. Current law also authorizes a district that is a member of the retirement system in the County of San Bernardino to make advance payments, as described above. This bill would specify that the authority to make advance payments, described above, does not prevent the board of supervisors or governing body of a district from making advance payments for the estimated annual county or district contributions for an additional year or partial year if certain requirements are satisfied.

Air Quality

[AB 193](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Air Quality Improvement Program: Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project. Would require the State Air Resources Board to establish the Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project, as a part of the Air Quality Improvement Program, to provide rebates for the acquisition of an eligible used vehicle, as defined; the replacement or refurbishment of an electric vehicle battery and related components for an eligible used vehicle or a vehicle service contract, as defined, for the battery or related components; or a vehicle service contract to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer's warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified.

[AB 378](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \(Dist. 58\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Greenhouse gases, criteria air pollutants, and toxic air contaminants. The California Global Warming Solutions Act requires the State Air Resources Board, when adopting rules and regulations to achieve greenhouse gas emissions reductions beyond the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit and to protect the state's most impacted and disadvantaged communities, to follow specified



requirements, consider the social costs of the emissions of greenhouse gases, and prioritize specified emission reduction rules and regulations. This bill would require the state board to consider and account for the social costs of the emissions of greenhouse gases when adopting those rules and regulations.

Animal Control

[AB 292](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Personal income tax: deductions: qualified pet adoption costs. The Personal Income Tax Law, in modified conformity with federal income tax laws, allows various deductions in computing the income that is subject to the taxes imposed by that law, including miscellaneous itemized deductions that are allowed only to the extent that the aggregate amount of those deductions exceed 2% of adjusted gross income. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, and before January 1, 2023, would allow a deduction, not to exceed \$100, under that law for the qualified costs paid or incurred by a taxpayer for the adoption of a qualified pet, as defined, from a qualified animal rescue organization.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

Behavioral Health

[AB 254](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish the Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program for the purpose of improving the behavioral health outcomes of students by improving the delivery of direct behavioral health services, as defined. The bill would require the department to encourage eligible participants to participate in the program, to provide technical assistance to eligible participants, to develop a request for a proposals process to determine funding allocation, and to formulate any necessary Medi-Cal State Plan amendments, and award grants pursuant to these provisions.

[AB 1315](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Mental health: early psychosis and mood disorder detection and intervention. Would establish an advisory committee to the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission for purposes of creating an early psychosis and mood disorder detection and intervention competitive selection process to, among other things, expand the provision of high-quality, evidence-based early psychosis and mood disorder detection and intervention services in this state by providing funding to the counties for this purpose. The bill would require a county that receives an award of funds to contribute local funds, as specified.

[AB 1473](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental health: pilot crisis stabilization program. The Investment in Mental Health Wellness Act of 2013, provides that funds appropriated by the Legislature to the California Health Facilities Financing Authority for purposes of the act be made available to selected counties or counties acting jointly, except as otherwise provided, and used to increase capacity for client assistance and services in specified areas, including crisis intervention and crisis stabilization. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to create a pilot crisis stabilization program in the County of Orange to provide mental health and safety support for older adults, and would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund to the department for the purposes of implementing these provisions.

[SB 177](#)

[Nguyen R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cognitively impaired adults: caregiver resource centers. This bill would, each fiscal year, commencing with the 2017-18 fiscal year, appropriate \$3,300,000 from the General Fund to the State



Department of Health Care Services for allocation to CRCs for the purpose of providing those respite care services, and would require this funding to be used by the department to supplement, and not supplant, the level of funding that was allocated in the 2016-17 fiscal year for CRCs. The bill would also authorize those services to be provided in person and, except for respite care services, through the use of remote technologies.

[SB 192](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental Health Services Act Reversion Fund. Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by instead requiring that any funds allocated since the 2008–09 fiscal year, except as specified, to a large, medium, small, or very small county, as defined, that have not been spent for their authorized purpose within 3 years of being allocated, and any interest earned on unspent funds, revert to the state for deposit into the newly established Mental Health Services Act Reversion Fund. The bill would authorize a very small county to apply for a waiver, subject to approval by the commission, requesting a delay of the reversion of funds, but not for more than 5 fiscal years from the time of allocation of funds.

Cannabis

[AB 64](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: licensure and regulation. Both MCRSA and AUMA generally divide responsibility for state licensure and regulation between the Bureau of Marijuana Control (bureau) within the Department of Consumer Affairs, which serves as the lead state agency, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health. AUMA requires the licensing authorities to begin issuing licenses to engage in commercial adult-use cannabis activity by January 1, 2018. This bill, if SB 94 is enacted, would repeal that separate and distinct premises requirement. The bill would also prohibit a testing licensee under MAUCRSA from owning, or having an ownership interest in, a premises licensed under MAUCRSA for any activity except testing.

[AB 76](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Adult-use marijuana: marketing. Under current law, the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, regulates the cultivation, distribution, transport, storage, manufacturing, testing, processing, sale, and use of marijuana for nonmedical purposes by people 21 years of age and older. This bill would prohibit an operator, as defined, of an Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application from marketing or advertising any marijuana, marijuana product, or marijuana business to a person who is under 21 years of age if the operator has actual knowledge that a person under 21 years of age is using its Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application, and if the marketing or advertising is specifically directed to that person based upon information specific to that person, including, but not limited to, the person's profile, activity, address, or location.

[AB 110](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Cannabis: medicinal and adult use. The Medical Marijuana Program also provides immunity from arrest to those exempt patients or designated primary caregivers who engage in certain acts involving marijuana, up to certain limits, and who have identification cards issued pursuant to the program unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the information contained in the card is false or fraudulent, the card has been obtained by means of fraud, or the person is otherwise in violation of the law. Under existing law, a person who steals, fraudulently uses, or commits other prohibited acts with respect to those identification cards is subject to criminal penalties. This bill would require probable cause to believe that the information on the card is false or fraudulent, the card was obtained by fraud, or the person is otherwise in violation of the law to overcome immunity from arrest to patients and primary caregivers in possession of an identification card.

[AB 238](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



Nonmedical marijuana: manufacturing: volatile solvents in residential structures. Would prohibit a manufacturing Level 2 licensee from manufacturing marijuana products using volatile solvents on property zoned for residential or mixed use. The bill would declare that its provisions implement specified substantive provisions and are consistent with and further the intent of the act. This bill contains other existing laws.

[AB 259](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Medical cannabis and nonmedical marijuana: California residency requirement for licensing. Until December 31, 2019, AUMA requires a person to demonstrate continuous California residency from or before January 1, 2015, in order to be issued a license for commercial nonmedical marijuana activity. Current law, the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MCRSA), authorizes a person who obtains both a state license under the MCRSA and the relevant local license to engage in commercial medical cannabis activity pursuant to those licenses, as specified. Existing law prescribes requirements for a licensing authority to issue a license, including submission of an application and payment of a fee. This bill would require a person to demonstrate 3 years of continuous California residency prior to the date of application before being issued a license under either AUMA or MCRSA.

[AB 350](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Cannabis edibles: appealing to children. Would change references to marijuana instead to cannabis and would amend the AUMA to prohibit a cannabis product from being made in the shape of a person, animal, insect, or fruit. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 420](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity. Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2018, would specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis or marijuana trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.

[AB 729](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY B.&P.

Nonmedical marijuana: licensee regulation. Would require a licensing authority to suspend a license for a 3rd or subsequent violation of the prohibition on engaging in nonmedical marijuana commercial activities with a person under 21 years of age if the violation occurs within 36 months of the initial violation. The bill would authorize a licensing authority to revoke a license for a 3rd violation of that provision that occurs within any 36-month period. The bill would specify that these provisions do not limit the authority and discretion of a licensing authority to revoke a license prior to a 3rd violation when the circumstances warrant that penalty.

[AB 823](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Edible cannabis products: labeling. Would amend the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act by requiring the universal symbol required to be on edible cannabis product not sold as a liquid, loose bulk good, or powder to meet specified requirements, including that the symbol be placed directly on at least one side of each serving so as to be distinguishable and easily recognizable as well as size and placement requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 844](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE



California Marijuana Tax Fund: grants for support system navigation services. Would amend AUMA by requiring GO-Biz to give preference to applicants for grants to provide support system navigation services, as described in AUMA, that meet specific minimum performance standards, including, among other standards, capability of providing service 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, and 365 days per year. This bill would also establish the Community Reinvestments Grants Program Fund, as a continuously appropriated fund, thereby making an appropriation, and require certain funds distributed to GO-Biz pursuant to AUMA to be deposited into that fund.

[AB 845](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabidiol. The California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, classifies controlled substances into 5 designated schedules with the most restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule I, and the least restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule V. Existing law places cannabis in Schedule I. Cannabidiol is a compound found in cannabis. This bill, if one of specified changes in federal law regarding the controlled substance cannabidiol occurs, would provide that a physician, pharmacist, or other authorized healing arts licensee who prescribes, furnishes, or dispenses a product composed of cannabidiol, in accordance with federal law, is in compliance with state law governing those acts.

[AB 903](#)

[Cunningham R \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

California Marijuana Tax Fund: California Highway Patrol. Would amend AUMA by requiring the Department of the California Highway Patrol to additionally use its annual appropriation from the fund to study the viability of standards for marijuana impairment and coordinate with research organizations within the state to accomplish, establish, and adopt these protocols and studies. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 924](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

Indian tribes: commercial cannabis activity. Would amend AUMA by authorizing the Governor to enter into an agreement with a federally recognized Indian tribe authorizing commercial cannabis activity that requires the tribe to establish a cannabis regulatory commission that would exercise exclusive regulatory authority over all commercial cannabis activity, by both Indians and non-Indians, in Indian country and that requires the commission to adopt standards that meet or exceed the standards adopted under the state's regulatory framework governing commercial cannabis activity.

[AB 948](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer. Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA whose estimated tax liability under that law averages \$10,000 or more per month to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 963](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Taxation: marijuana. The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA) imposes an excise tax on the purchase of marijuana and marijuana products, as defined, and a separate cultivation tax on marijuana that enters the commercial market, and requires revenues from those taxes, interest, penalties, and other related amounts to be deposited into the California Marijuana Tax Fund, which is continuously appropriated for specified purposes pursuant to a specified schedule. This bill would provide for the suspension or revocation of those permits, would authorize the board to deny an application for a permit if the applicant had previously been issued a permit that was suspended or revoked, among other reasons, and would set forth the process for appealing permit suspensions, revocations, and application denials.



[AB 1002](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Center for Cannabis Research. Current law authorizes the creation by the University of California of the California Cannabis Research Program, the purpose of which is to develop and conduct studies intended to ascertain the general medical safety and efficacy of cannabis and, if found valuable, to develop medical guidelines for the appropriate administration and use of cannabis. Current law authorizes the program to conduct focused controlled clinical trials on the usefulness of cannabis in patients diagnosed with specified conditions, including cancer and glaucoma. This bill would expand the purview of the program to include the study of naturally occurring constituents of cannabis and synthetic compounds that have effects similar to naturally occurring cannabinoids. al cannabis.

[AB 1090](#)

[Cunningham R \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis use: location restrictions. Would prohibit the possession, smoking, or ingesting of cannabis or cannabis products in or upon the grounds of a school, day care center, or youth center, regardless of whether children are present. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1159](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Cannabis: legal services. Under current law a contract that is contrary to an express provision of law, contrary to the policy of express law, or that is otherwise contrary to good morals is not lawful. This bill would provide that commercial activity relating to medicinal cannabis or adult-use cannabis activity conducted in compliance with state law and any applicable local standards and regulations is a lawful object of a contract, is not contrary to an express policy or provision of law or to good morals, and is not against public policy.

[AB 1527](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

State and local marijuana regulatory agencies: employees. Would prohibit a former employee of the Bureau of Marijuana Control, a licensing authority, the panel, or a local jurisdiction who had specified regulatory or licensing responsibilities from being employed by a person or entity licensed under AUMA or MCRSA for a period of one year from the last date of employment by the bureau, licensing authority, panel, or local jurisdiction.

[AB 1578](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Cannabis programs: cooperation with federal authorities. Would prohibit a state or local agency, as defined, from taking certain actions without a federal agent obtaining a court order signed by a judge and presenting that order to the state or local agency, including using agency money, facilities, property, equipment, or personnel to assist a federal agency to investigate, detain, detect, report, obtain information, or arrest a person for commercial or noncommercial cannabis activity that is authorized or allowed under state and local law in the State of California and from transferring an individual to federal law enforcement or detaining an individual at the request of federal law enforcement or federal authorities for cannabis-related activity that is legal under state and applicable local law.

[AB 1700](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: license application: OSHA training. Would require an applicant for a state license under MAUCRSA to provide a statement that the applicant employs, or will employ within one year of receiving a license, an employee who has successfully completed a federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration 10-hour general industry course. By expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.



SB 65

Hill D (Dist. 13)

Location: SENATE ENROLLED

Vehicles: alcohol and marijuana: penalties. Would make drinking an alcoholic beverage or smoking or ingesting marijuana or any marijuana product while driving, or while riding as a passenger in, a motor vehicle being driven upon a highway or upon specified lands punishable as an infraction. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

SB 94

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Cannabis: medicinal and adult use. The Medical Marijuana Program also provides immunity from arrest to those exempt patients or designated primary caregivers who engage in certain acts involving marijuana, up to certain limits, and who have identification cards issued pursuant to the program unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the information contained in the card is false or fraudulent, the card has been obtained by means of fraud, or the person is otherwise in violation of the law. This bill would require probable cause to believe that the information on the card is false or fraudulent, the card was obtained by fraud, or the person is otherwise in violation of the law to overcome immunity from arrest to patients and primary caregivers in possession of an identification card.

SB 663

Nielsen R (Dist. 4)

Location: SENATE ENROLLED

Packages and labels of cannabis or cannabis products: children. Would specify that a package or label of cannabis or cannabis products is deemed to be attractive to children if the package or label has specific characteristics, including, among others, displaying a name resembling the name of any candy, snack food, baked good, or beverage commercially sold without cannabis. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

SB 794

Stern D (Dist. 27)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Edible marijuana products: labeling and packaging. Would require each single serving of an edible marijuana product to be stamped, marked, or otherwise imprinted directly on the product with a universal symbol that is designed by the Bureau of Marijuana Control. The bill would specify the required size and visibility of the universal symbol. The bill would require edible marijuana products to be sold in packaging that is tamperproof, child resistant, and, if the product contains more than one serving, resealable. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a 2/3 vote, certain provisions of the act, provided that the amendments are consistent with, and further the purposes and intent of, the act.

SJR 5

Stone R (Dist. 28)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Federal rescheduling of marijuana from a Schedule I drug. This measure would request that the Congress of the United States pass a law to reschedule marijuana or cannabis and its derivatives from a Schedule I drug to an alternative schedule and that the President of the United States sign such legislation.

Early Childhood Education

AB 26

Caballero D (Dist. 30)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care and development: child care resource and referral programs: assistance to license-exempt child care providers. The Child Care and Development Services Act administered by the State Department of Education, requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer child care and development programs. Current law authorizes funds appropriated for purposes of the act to be used for child care resource and referral programs, which may be operated by public or private nonprofit entities and are required to provide certain information and services to parents and child care providers relating to child care services in a defined geographic area. This bill would, until July 1,



2022, require the department to establish and administer a pilot program to provide outreach, training, and technical assistance to license-exempt child care providers through county child care resource and referral programs.

[AB 99](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

School finance: education omnibus trailer bill. Current law establishes a public school financing system that requires state funding for county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to be calculated pursuant to a local control funding formula, as specified. Current law requires, for the 2013–14 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Superintendent of Public Instruction to annually calculate a county local control funding formula for each county superintendent of schools, as provided. This bill, commencing with the 2017–18 fiscal year, would require the Superintendent to add a specified amount to the annual apportionment to each county superintendent of schools as part of the county local control funding formula, as provided.

[AB 258](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care and development services: individualized county child care subsidy plan: County of Fresno. Would authorize, until January 1, 2023, the County of Fresno to develop an individualized county child care subsidy plan, as specified. The bill would require the plan to be submitted to the local planning council and the Fresno County Board of Supervisors for approval, as specified. The bill would require the Early Education and Support Division of the State Department of Education to review and approve or disapprove the plan and any subsequent modifications to the plan.

[AB 273](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care services: eligibility. The Child Care and Development Services Act requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer child care and development programs that offer a full range of services for eligible children from infancy to 13 years of age. Current law establishes eligibility requirements and requires families to meet at least one requirement in each of 2 specified areas, including the area relating to why the family has a need for the child care service. This bill would include in the area relating to need, as a requirement that may be satisfied for purposes of eligibility, that the family needs the child care services because the parents are engaged in an educational program for English language learners or to attain a high school diploma or general educational development certificate.

[AB 300](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care and development services: individualized county child care subsidy plans: Counties of Monterey, San Benito, Santa Clara, and Santa Cruz. Would authorize, until January 1, 2023, the Counties of Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz to develop individualized county child care subsidy plans, as specified. The bill would require the plans to be submitted by the counties to their local planning council and their respective county board of supervisors for approval, as specified. The bill would require the Early Education and Support Division of the State Department of Education to review and approve or disapprove the plans and any subsequent modifications to the plans.

[AB 603](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care: alternative payment programs: child care providers: electronic payments: notice of service changes. The Child Care and Development Services Act requires the State Department of Education to contract with local contracting agencies to provide for alternative payment programs, and authorizes alternative payments to be made for child care services, as provided. The act requires child care providers authorized to provide services to submit to the alternative payment program a monthly attendance record or invoice for each child who received services, as provided. This bill would require, on or before July 1, 2019, an alternative payment program to establish a program of electronic banking



for payments made to licensed or license-exempt child care providers that have a contract with that alternative payment program, as provided.

[AB 752](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care: state preschool programs: expulsion. Would prohibit a contracting agency from expelling or unenrolling a child from a state preschool program because of a child's behavior unless the contracting agency has expeditiously pursued and documented reasonable steps to maintain the child's safe participation in the program and determines, in consultation with specified parties, that the child's continued enrollment would present a continued serious safety threat to the child or other enrolled children, and has referred the parents or legal guardians to other potentially appropriate placements, the local child care resource and referral agency, or any other referral service available in the local community.

[AB 1106](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Child care and development services: alternative payment programs. The Child Care and Development Services Act requires the State Department of Education to expand existing alternative payment programs and fund new alternative payment programs to the extent that funds are provided by the Legislature. This bill would require an alternative payment program, with certain exceptions, to have no less than 36 months to expend funds allocated to that program in any fiscal year, and would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop a process that provides alternative payment programs no less than 36 months to expend funds allocated to that program in any fiscal year.

Economic Development

[SB 13](#)

[Gaines R \(Dist. 1\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing and research. On and after July 1, 2014, tangible personal property with a useful life of one or more years, as defined by reference to state income or franchise taxes, is deemed to have a useful life of one or more years for purposes of the exemption. Current law exempts from the definition of qualified person a trade or business that is required to apportion its business income under a specified section of law, which includes, among others, a trade or business that derives more than 50% of its gross business receipts, as defined, from conducting agricultural business activities. This bill, on and after January 1, 2018, would expand the definition of a qualified person to include a person that conducts a trade or business that is required to apportion its business income because it derives 50% or more of its gross business receipts, as defined, from conducting agricultural business activities, as specified.

Education

[AB 214](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Postsecondary education: student hunger. Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reduce the incidence of hunger and homelessness among college students in California. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 234](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Student financial aid: Assumption Program of Loans for Education. Would express the intent of the Legislature to restore the funding for the Assumption Program of Loans for Education to its 2011–12 fiscal year level. The bill would require the Student Aid Commission to award 7,200 new warrants for the assumption of loans under the program in the 2017–18 fiscal year. The bill would appropriate \$5,000,000 from the General Fund to the commission for the funding of warrants for the assumption of loans under the program for the 2017–18 fiscal year.

Position: San Bernardino County Support



[AB 667](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Pupil discipline: suspension: informal conference. Current law requires a suspension by the principal, the principal’s designee, or the district superintendent of schools to be preceded by an informal conference conducted by the principal, the principal’s designee, or the district superintendent of schools between the pupil and, whenever practicable, the teacher, supervisor, or school employee who referred the pupil to the principal, the principal’s designee, or the district superintendent of schools. Current law requires a pupil, at the conference, to be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against him or her, and given the opportunity to present his or her version and evidence in his or her defense. This bill would require a pupil, at the conference, to also be informed of the other means of correction that were attempted before the suspension.

[SB 12](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Foster youth: postsecondary education: financial aid assistance. Would require the Student Aid Commission to work cooperatively with the State Department of Social Services to develop an automated system to verify a student’s status as a foster youth to aid in the processing of applications for federal financial aid. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 85](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Education. Current law provides for the attendance of apprentices at high schools, unified school districts, regional occupational centers or programs, community colleges, and adult schools under vocational education program standards that are established with the participation of the State Department of Education, the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, and the Division of Apprenticeship Standards of the Department of Industrial Relations. Current law establishes standards for the provision of state funding and reimbursements for these programs at local educational agencies, as defined, separate from these programs at community colleges. This bill would, among other things, require the Controller to include instructions necessary to enforce provisions governing apprenticeship programs at local educational agencies in a specified audit guide.

[SB 483](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Education finance: Higher Education Facilities Bond Act of 2018. Would enact the Higher Education Facilities Bond Act of 2018, which, upon approval by the state electorate, would authorize the issuance of state general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000,000 with one-half of the amount designated for the University of California and the Hastings College of the Law and the other half designated for the California State University, for purposes similar to those specified in the Higher Education Facilities Bond Act of 1986, the Higher Education Facilities Bond Act of 1988, and the Higher Education Facilities Bond Act of June 1992, to be issued and sold in a manner similar to that provided under those acts.

Elections

[AB 84](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Primary elections: election date. Would require that the presidential primary election be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in March of a year that is evenly divisible by the number 4. The bill would require that the statewide direct primary election be held on that same day in March and consolidated with the presidential primary election during a presidential primary election year. The statewide direct primary election would continue to be held in June of an even-numbered year in which a presidential primary election is not held.

[AB 187](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED



Political Reform Act of 1974: local ballot measure contribution and expenditure reporting. The Political Reform Act of 1974 provides that if a committee receives contributions totaling \$2,000 or more in a calendar year and is subject to a specified reporting requirement, that committee is required to file online or electronically with the Secretary of State each time it makes contributions of independent expenditures of at least \$5,000 to support or oppose the qualification or passage of a single state ballot measure. This bill would additionally require a committee to file a report each time it makes contributions or independent expenditures aggregating \$5,000 or more to support or oppose the qualification of a single local initiative or referendum ballot measure.

[AB 195](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Local initiative measures: ballot printing specifications. Current law requires that the ballots used when voting upon a proposed county, city, or district ordinance submitted to the voters as an initiative measure have printed on them a specified statement describing the nature of the proposed ordinance. This bill would extend these ballot requirements to any measure submitted to the voters that is proposed by a local governing body or submitted to the voters as an initiative or referendum measure. The bill would require the statement describing the measure to be a true and impartial synopsis of the proposed measure, as specified.

[AB 939](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Elections: precincts: postings. Current law, before opening the polls, requires the precinct board to post at least two copies of the index to the affidavits of voter registration for that precinct in separate, convenient places at or near the polling place. Current law allows the copies of the index to be by street address in numerical order. This bill instead would require the copies of the index to be by street address in numerical order. By imposing additional duties on elections officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[ACA 3](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Elections: initiatives and referenda. Would transfer from the Attorney General to the Legislative Analyst the duty of preparing the title and summary for a proposed initiative or referendum. The measure would also require, for each measure that appears on a statewide ballot, that the Legislative Analyst to prepare the ballot label, and the ballot title and summary for the ballot pamphlet.

[SB 149](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Presidential primary elections: ballot access. Would enact the Presidential Tax Transparency and Accountability Act, which would require a candidate for President, in order to have his or her name placed upon a primary election ballot, to file his or her income tax returns for the 5 most recent taxable years with the Secretary of State, as specified. The act would require the Secretary of State, after adopting regulations, to redact the income tax returns of Presidential candidates as necessary to protect individual privacy, as specified, and subsequently to make the returns available to the public on the Secretary of State's Internet Web site.

[SB 286](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Elections: voting. Current law permits vote by mail voters who return to their home precincts on election day to vote if they surrender their vote by mail ballots, as specified. Current law requires the precinct board to return these surrendered ballots to the elections official in a designated envelope. This bill would permit vote by mail voters who return to their home precincts or go to another voting location, as specified, to vote nonprovisional ballots if they surrender their ballots to the relevant voting authority or, if they are unable to surrender their vote by mail ballots, if the voting authority verifies that they have not returned their vote by mail ballots and notates their voter records accordingly.

[SCA 5](#)

[Fuller R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.



Elections: initiative, referendum, and recall. The California Constitution provides that all political power is inherent in the people and that government is instituted for their protection, security, and benefit. The California Constitution provides that the people have the right to alter or reform government when the public good may require. This measure would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

Emergency Services

[AB 263](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Emergency medical services workers: rights and working conditions. Would require an employer that provides emergency medical services as part of an emergency medical services system or plan to authorize and permit its employees engaged in prehospital emergency services to take prescribed rest periods, including specifying grounds for interruption of a rest period and compensation for an interrupted rest period. The bill also would require the employer to provide these employees with prescribed meal periods, including specifying grounds for interruption of a meal period and compensation for an interrupted meal period.

[AB 289](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Office of Emergency Services: State Emergency Plan: update. Would require the Office of Emergency Services to update the State Emergency Plan on or before January 1, 2019, and every 5 years thereafter.

[AB 1116](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. Would create the Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a "peer support team" as a local critical incident response team composed of individuals from emergency services professions, emergency medical services, hospital staff, clergy, and educators who have completed a peer support training course developed by the Office of Emergency Services, the California Firefighter Joint Apprenticeship Committee, or the Commission on Correctional Peace Officer Standards and Training, as specified.

Employee Relations

[SB 63](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Unlawful employment practice: parental leave. Would prohibit an employer, as defined, from refusing to allow an employee with more than 12 months of service with the employer, who has at least 1,250 hours of service with the employer during the previous 12-month period, and who works at a worksite in which the employer employs at least 20 employees within 75 miles, to take up to 12 weeks of parental leave to bond with a new child within one year of the child's birth, adoption, or foster care placement. The bill would also prohibit an employer from refusing to maintain and pay for coverage under a group health plan for an employee who takes this leave.

Environmental Health

[ACA 1](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Reserve Fund. Would create the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Reserve Fund, in which all moneys collected by the state board as part of a market-based compliance mechanism beginning January 1, 2024, and until the effective date of specified legislation would be deposited. The measure would require all moneys in the fund to be available upon appropriation for specified purposes and would require a bill making those appropriations to be passed by a 2/3 vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature. The measure would require all new moneys collected as part of a market-based compliance mechanism after the effective date of that specified legislation to be deposited in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund.



Finance

[AB 9](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \(Dist. 58\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Sales and use taxes: exemption: sanitary napkins: tampons: menstrual sponges and menstrual cups. Would, on and after January 1, 2018, exempt from sales and use taxes the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, tampons, sanitary napkins, menstrual sponges, and menstrual cups. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 75](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

Personal income taxes: earned income credit. Would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2017, expand the earned income credit allowed by the Personal Income Tax Law by providing additional conformity with federal income tax law to include specified net earnings from self-employment in earned income, thus allowing an earned income credit for taxpayers for those earnings. This bill would additionally set the earned income tax credit adjustment factor as 85%.

Health and Human Services

[AB 105](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Human services. Current law requires the Department of Community Services and Development to develop and administer the Energy Efficiency Low-Income Weatherization Program and expend moneys appropriated by the Legislature for the proposes of the program. This bill would require the department, for any appropriation to the department for the Energy Efficiency Low-Income Weatherization Program in the 2017–18 fiscal year, or any fiscal year thereafter, in its contract procurement processes for single-family energy efficiency and renewable energy services, to develop new program processes and solicitations, as specified.

[AB 126](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Health and human services. Current law requires the State Department of Developmental Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop an alternative service delivery model that provides an Individual Choice Budget for obtaining quality services and supports that provides choice and flexibility within a finite budget that reduces regional center purchase of service expenditures, reduces reliance on the General Fund, and maximizes federal financial participation. AB 107 of the 2017-18 Regular Session would repeal the provision that places restrictions on the purchase of those services. This bill would delay the repeal of that provision until January 1, 2018.

[AB 180](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Medi-Cal. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop and prepare one or more reports issued on at least a quarterly basis and make the reports public within 30 days for the purpose of informing the California Health and Human Services Agency, the California Health Benefit Exchange, the Legislature, and the public about the enrollment process for all insurance affordability programs. Current law further requires the department to collect the data for these reports pursuant to specified administrative procedures. This bill would require these ongoing reports to be issued on at least a biannual basis and be made public within 90, rather than 30, days.

[AB 205](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Medi-Cal: Medi-Cal managed care plans. Under current law, one of the methods by which Medi-Cal services are provided is pursuant to contracts with various types of managed care plans. Cirremt federal regulations, published on May 6, 2016, revise regulations governing Medicaid managed care plans to, among other things, align, where feasible, those rules with those of other major sources of



coverage, including coverage through qualified health plans offered through an American Health Benefit Exchange, such as the California Health Benefit Exchange, and promote quality of care and strengthen efforts to reform delivery systems that serve Medicaid and CHIP beneficiaries. This bill would implement various provisions in regard to those federal regulations, as amended May 6, 2016, governing Medicaid managed care plans.

[AB 236](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalWORKs: housing assistance. As part of the CalWORKs program, a homeless family that has used all available liquid resources in excess of \$100 is eligible for homeless assistance benefits to pay the costs of temporary shelter if the family is eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program. This bill would also provide that homeless assistance is available to homeless families that would be eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program but for the fact that the only child or children in the family are in out-of-home placement pursuant to an order of the dependency court, if the family is receiving reunification services and the county determines that homeless assistance is necessary for reunification to occur.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 275](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Long-term care facilities: requirements for changes resulting in the inability of the facility to care for its residents. Current law imposes various notice and planning requirements upon a long-term health care facility before allowing a change in the status of the license or operation of the facility that results in the inability of the facility to care for its patients or residents, including a requirement for written notification to the affected patients or their guardians at least 30 days prior to the change. Under current law, these requirements also include taking reasonable steps to medically, socially, and physically assess each affected patient or resident prior to a transfer due to the change, and, when 10 or more residents are likely to be transferred due to a change, the preparation and submission of a proposed relocation plan to the department for approval. This bill would expand the notice and planning requirements that a long-term health care facility provides before any change in the status of the license or in the operation of the facility that results in its inability to care for its residents.

[AB 323](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

CalFresh: emergency food provider referrals. Current law requires a county welfare department to compile a list of emergency food providers and make that list available upon request. This bill, to be known as the County Human Services Information and Referral Modernization Act of 2017, would authorize a county human services agency to refer a CalFresh applicant or recipient to the 2-1-1 dial code to access information on emergency food providers and supplemental food assistance providers in lieu of providing a list if the county deems that method to be the most appropriate to serve an applicant or recipient.

[AB 340](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program: trauma screening. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with the State Department of Social Services and others, to convene, by September 15, 2018, an advisory working group to update, amend, or develop, if appropriate, tools and protocols for screening children for trauma as defined, within the EPSDT benefit, as specified. The bill would require this group to report its findings and recommendations, as well as any appropriations necessary to implement those recommendations, to the department and to the Legislature's budget subcommittees on health and human services no later than May 1, 2019, and would provide that this group would be disbanded on December 31, 2019.

[AB 415](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



CalFresh: employment social enterprises. Would authorize the State Department of Social Services, to the extent permitted by federal law, to contract directly with an entity that provides services on a regional or statewide basis and that has expertise in, and secures funds for, CalFresh E&T program services. The bill would authorize the department to act as the state entity for receipt of federal reimbursement on behalf of the entity in certain circumstances and would require the department to seek any county consultation necessary to implement the contract.

[AB 480](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalWORKs: welfare-to-work: necessary supportive services. Current law generally requires a recipient of CalWORKs benefits to participate in welfare-to-work activities as a condition of eligibility for aid. Current law requires that necessary supportive services be available to participants in welfare-to-work activities, including child care, personal counseling, transportation costs, and ancillary expenses. This bill would, on and after April 1, 2018, require the above-described supportive services to additionally include the costs of diapers. The bill would make a participant who is participating in a welfare-to-work plan eligible for \$30 per month to assist with diaper costs for each child who is under 36 months of age.

[AB 550](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program: funding. Current law requires the California Department of Aging to allocate federal and state funds for local ombudsman programs according to a specified distribution, but prohibits the department from allocating less than \$35,000 per fiscal year, except in areas with fewer than 10 facilities and fewer than 500 beds. This bill would increase the base allocation for local ombudsman programs to \$100,000 per fiscal year. The bill would appropriate \$2,250,000 from the General Fund to the California Department of Aging for the purpose of increasing base allocation funding for that purpose.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 557](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalWORKs: victims of abuse. Current law requires children in a CalWORKs assistance unit for whom school attendance is compulsory, except individuals who are eligible for the Cal-Learn Program and children subject to a county school attendance project, to attend school. The needs of a child in the assistance unit who is 16 years of age or older shall not be considered in computing the specified grant of the family for any month in which the county is informed by a school district or a county school attendance review board that the child did not attend school, unless at least one of certain conditions is present, including that good cause for school nonparticipation exists at any time during the month. This bill would provide that a circumstance that shall constitute good cause includes, but is not limited to, the applicant or recipient is in a domestic violence situation that results in school nonparticipation or the failure to cooperate.

[AB 563](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalFresh Employment and Training program. Current law, for a county that elects to participate in the CalFresh E&T, requires an individual to be deferred from a mandatory placement in CalFresh E&T if he or she satisfies any of various criteria, including, among others, residing in a federally determined work surplus area. Current federal law limits a participant who is an able-bodied adult without dependents (ABAWD) to 3 months of CalFresh benefits in a 3-year period unless that participant has met specified work participation requirements or is otherwise exempt. Current law directs the State Department of Social Services to annually seek a federal waiver of this limitation, and provides that an eligible county is included in this waiver. This bill, for a county that elects to participate in CalFresh E&T, would prohibit a person who is subject to the able-bodied adult without dependents (ABAWD) time limit described above from mandatory placement in CalFresh E&T.

[AB 597](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



Child abuse and neglect: information: computerized database system. Would authorize the Counties of Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, and San Mateo to jointly establish a computerized database system to be used between and among those counties, and would authorize that system to also share specified identifying information regarding families at risk for child abuse or neglect for research purposes. The bill would authorize the sharing of personal identifying information for research purposes only upon approval by an institutional review board. The bill would set forth various conditions for the review and approval of a research project for the purpose of protecting personal identifying information.

[AB 604](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Nonminor dependents: extended foster care benefits. Would, among other things, provide that a minor or nonminor who met or would meet the criteria to be within the transition jurisdiction of the juvenile court, but for the fact that the underlying adjudication was vacated because the minor or nonminor was a victim of human trafficking when the crime was committed, is within the court's transition jurisdiction. The bill would require the court to assume transition jurisdiction over the minor or nonminor notwithstanding that vacating of the underlying adjudication, and would require the Judicial Council, on or before January 1, 2019, to amend and adopt rules of court and develop appropriate forms to implement these provisions.

[AB 607](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Public social services: disaster assistance services. Current law requires CalWORKs eligibility to be terminated if the recipient has received aid payment at an address outside of the state for two consecutive months, the county has made inquiry of the recipient, and the recipient has not responded and has not clearly shown that he or she has not established residence elsewhere and has been prevented by illness or other good cause from returning to this state. This bill, to be known and cited as the Community Resiliency and Disaster Preparedness Act of 2017, would, among other things, additionally authorize a person who has responded, clearly showing that he or she has not established residence elsewhere and has been prevented from returning to the state due to a disaster declared by the Governor, or the President of the United States, to continue his or her CalWORKs eligibility.

[AB 611](#)

[Dababneh D \(Dist. 45\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Mandated reporters of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult: powers of attorney. Would authorize a mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult to not honor a power of attorney as to an attorney-in-fact about whom he or she made a report to an adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency of any state that the natural person who executed the power of attorney may be an elder or dependent adult subject to financial abuse by that attorney-in-fact.

[AB 675](#)

[Ridley-Thomas D \(Dist. 54\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

In-home supportive services. Current law requires, as part of the CCI, Medi-Cal long-term services and supports, including IHSS, to be covered services under managed care health plan contracts and to be available only through managed care health plans to beneficiaries residing in the CCI counties, except as specified. This bill would provide that the provision conditioning implementation of the CCI on the above-described estimation by the Director of Finance shall not apply to the requirement that IHSS be a covered service available through managed care health plans in CCI counties, and would continue IHSS as a covered service available through Medi-Cal managed care health plans in those counties.

[AB 766](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



Foster youth: students of the California State University and California Community

Colleges. Current law authorizes a nonminor dependent to receive all of his or her AFDC-FC payment directly if he or she is living in a supervised independent living placement and he or she complies with certain requirements. This bill would establish, as an additional AFDC-FC eligible placement for specified minor dependents enrolled in a postsecondary educational institution, a dormitory or other designated housing of the postsecondary educational institution in which the minor dependent is living independently. The bill would authorize the minor dependent to receive the AFDC-FC payment directly, if specified conditions are met.

[AB 796](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Public social services: SSI/SSP. Current law prohibits, for each calendar year, commencing with the 2011 calendar year, any cost-of-living adjustment from being made to the maximum benefit payment unless otherwise specified by statute, except for the pass along of any cost-of-living increase in the federal SSI benefits. Current law continuously appropriates funds for the implementation of SSP. This bill would reinstate the cost-of-living adjustment beginning January 1 of the 2018 calendar year.

[AB 818](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

CalWORKs: welfare to work. Current law requires a recipient of CalWORKs to participate in certain welfare-to-work activities as a condition of eligibility for 24 cumulative months, as specified, and then to meet other federal requirements afterwards, as specified. Current law authorizes each county to provide an extension of the 24 months for recipients who are unlikely to meet the federal requirements, and authorizes a recipient to request the extension and present evidence to the county that he or she meets a specified circumstance. This bill would provide that for purposes of the educational or treatment program circumstance, a high school education or its equivalent is presumed to meaningfully increase the likelihood of the recipient's employment.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 910](#)

[Ridley-Thomas D \(Dist. 54\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

CalWORKs: welfare-to-work activities: hours. Current law requires families to be grouped into assistance units for purposes of determining eligibility and computing the amount of CalWORKs aid to be paid. This bill would, commencing July 1, 2018, instead require that aid be granted to a family with a related child who is under 18 years of age if the family meets applicable eligibility requirements, without regard to the absence or employment status of the parent. The bill would prohibit, however, an absent parent from being included in the family's assistance unit for purposes of determining eligibility or computing the amount of aid to be paid, as specified.

[AB 1006](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Foster youth. Would require, in any case in which the court has ordered a dependent child or a ward of the juvenile court placed for adoption or has appointed a relative or nonrelative legal guardian, the social worker or probation officer to provide the prospective adoptive family or the guardian or guardians specified mental health treatment information. The bill would also require the department, the county adoption agency, or the licensed adoption agency, to provide that information to the prospective adoptive family at the time the application for adoption is made and at the time immediately prior to the finalization of the adoption decree.

[AB 1021](#)

[Baker R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

In-home supportive services: application. Current law provides for the county-administered In-Home Supportive Services program, under which qualified aged, blind, and disabled persons are provided with services in order to permit them to remain in their own homes. This bill would require each county to accept applications for benefits under the program by telephone, through facsimile, or



in person, or, if the county is capable of accepting online applications or applications via email for benefits under the program, by email or other electronic means.

[AB 1332](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Juveniles: dependents: removal. Would prohibit the removal of a child from the physical custody of his or her parent with whom the child did not reside at the time the petition was initiated, unless the juvenile court finds clear and convincing evidence that there would be a substantial danger to the physical health, safety, protection, or physical or emotional well-being of the child for the parent to live with the child or otherwise exercise the parent's right to physical custody, and there are no reasonable means available by which the child's physical and emotional health can be protected without removing the child from the child's parent's physical custody.

[AB 1371](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Juveniles: ward, dependent, and nonminor dependent parents. Current law authorizes a social worker, in lieu of filing a petition or subsequent to dismissal of a petition already filed, and with the consent of the child's parent or guardian, to undertake a program of supervision of the child. If the parent is a dependent of the juvenile court at the time that a social worker seeks to undertake a program of supervision, and if counsel has been appointed for the parent, current law prohibits the program of supervision from being undertaken until the parent has consulted with his or her counsel. This bill would make this prohibition applicable to a parent who is a nonminor dependent or ward of the juvenile court.

[AB 1446](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Dependent children: periodic review hearing. Would require, in any case in which a dependent child or nonminor dependent is detained or placed for more than 5 consecutive calendar days in emergency shelter care, a temporary shelter care facility, or a transitional shelter care facility, as defined, or is inappropriately residing in a place that is not a licensed or approved shelter, home, or facility, the court to periodically review the action taken by the social worker to locate a placement consistent with the case plan for the dependent child or nonminor dependent.

[AB 1520](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Lifting Children and Families Out of Poverty Task Force. Would establish the Lifting Children and Families Out of Poverty Task Force, for the purpose of producing a report for the Legislature and the executive administration of the state, as specified, that recommends future comprehensive strategies to eliminate deep poverty among children and reduce the overall child poverty rate in the state. The bill would require the report to be completed by November 1, 2018. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to invite and convene the task force and to work with the task force to carry out its duties, as specified. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2020.

[AB 1604](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalWORKs: welfare-to-work: education. Would provide that if the county determines that a CalWORKs recipient has not received his or her high school diploma or its equivalent, the recipient may participate in a high school equivalency program in order to complete a high school equivalency test recognized by the State Department of Education, and would make a related conforming change.

[ACR 34](#)

[Baker R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Child Abuse Prevention Month. This measure would acknowledge the month of April 2017 as Child Abuse Prevention Month and encourage the people of the State of California to work together to support youth-serving child abuse prevention activities in their communities and schools.



[AJR 8](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Public social services: Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid. This measure would call on California's Representatives in Congress to vote against cuts to, and proposals to privatize, Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid, and would call on the President of the United States to veto any legislation to cut or privatize these programs.

[SB 12](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Foster youth: postsecondary education: financial aid assistance. Would require the Student Aid Commission to work cooperatively with the State Department of Social Services to develop an automated system to verify a student's status as a foster youth to aid in the processing of applications for federal financial aid. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 89](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Human services. Current law requires the Department of Community Services and Development to develop and administer the Energy Efficiency Low-Income Weatherization Program and expend moneys appropriated by the Legislature for the purposes of the program. This bill would require the department, for any appropriation to the department for the Energy Efficiency Low-Income Weatherization Program in the 2017–18 fiscal year, or any fiscal year thereafter, in its contract procurement processes for single-family energy efficiency and renewable energy services, to develop new program processes and solicitations, as specified.

[SB 111](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Health and human services. Current law requires the State Department of Developmental Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop an alternative service delivery model that provides an Individual Choice Budget for obtaining quality services and supports that provides choice and flexibility within a finite budget that, in the aggregate, reduces regional center purchase of service expenditures, reduces reliance on the General Fund, and maximizes federal financial participation. Current law places certain restrictions on the purchase of respite services, based on need and duration, until implementation of the Individual Choice Budget, as specified. AB 107 of the 2017–18 Regular Session would repeal the provision that places restrictions on the purchase of those services. This bill would delay the repeal of that provision until January 1, 2018.

[SB 171](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Medi-Cal: Medi-Cal managed care plans. Current state law establishes hearing procedures for an applicant for or beneficiary of Medi-Cal who is dissatisfied with certain actions regarding health care services and medical assistance to request a hearing from the State Department of Social Services under specified circumstances, and requires a request for a hearing to be filed within 90 days after the order or action complained of. This bill would implement various provisions in regard to those federal regulations, as amended May 6, 2016, governing Medicaid managed care plans.

[SB 220](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Medi-Cal Children's Health Advisory Panel. Current law establishes the Medi-Cal Children's Health Advisory Panel for the purpose of advising the Department of Health Care Services on matters relevant to all children enrolled in Medi-Cal and their families. Current law requires the department to pay a per-meeting stipend to each advisory panel member who is a Medi-Cal enrollee or parent of a Medi-Cal enrollee. This bill would revise the qualification criteria for the 3 panel positions filled by parent members described above to instead fill those positions with 3 members who are either Medi-Cal enrollees who have received Medi-Cal benefits or services in relation to a pregnancy, or who are a



parent, foster parent, relative caregiver, or legal guardian of a Medi-Cal enrollee who is 21 years of age or younger.

[SB 232](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Parental Empowerment Pilot Project. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in consultation with the County Welfare Directors Association of California, no later than July 1, 2018, to design and implement a 5-year pilot project under which monetary grants are provided to organizations operating programs that assist individuals receiving CalWORKs benefits achieve economic independence.

[SB 278](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

CalFresh: overissuance. Current law requires each county human services agency to carry out the local administrative responsibilities of CalFresh, subject to the supervision of the State Department of Social Services and to rules and regulations adopted by the department. This bill would require the department, by January 1, 2019, to finalize an analysis and determine whether it has adequate information to set a minimum statewide cost-effective threshold for collecting overissuances that are greater than \$125, and, if it has adequate information, to include that greater threshold in the state's claims management plan that is submitted for approval to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Food and Nutrition Service (FNS).

[SB 282](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

CalFresh and CalWORKs. 3) Existing law requires each county to provide cash assistance and other social services to needy families through the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program using federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families block grant program, state, and county funds. Existing law generally requires a recipient of CalWORKs benefits to participate in welfare-to-work activities as a condition of eligibility for aid. Existing law requires that necessary supportive services be available to participants in welfare-to-work activities, including child care. Existing law declares the intent of the Legislature that the annual Budget Act appropriate state and federal funds in a single allocation to counties for the support of administrative activities undertaken by the counties to provide benefit payments to recipients of aid under the CalWORKs program and to provide required work activities and support services. This bill would authorize a county to provide employment services to a noncustodial parent from its single allocation funds. (4) Existing law requires the State Department of Social Services to develop an allocation methodology to distribute additional funding for expanded subsidized employment programs for CalWORKs recipients, or recipients who have exceeded the 48-month time limit, and authorizes the allocated funds to be utilized to cover all expenditures related to the operational costs of the program. This bill would authorize a county to use existing funds provided under these provisions to provide employment services for noncustodial parents of children receiving benefits under the CalWORKs program.

[SB 380](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

CalWORKs: child support. For purposes of determining eligibility under the CalWORKs program, and for computing the amount of aid payment, current law requires that families be grouped into assistance units, as specified. Current law requires an assistance unit to include the eligible parents of the eligible child and the eligible siblings of the eligible child when those persons reside in the same home as the eligible child, except as specified. This bill would prohibit the inclusion of a stepsibling or half-sibling for whom child support payments are received, as specified, in the number of needy persons in the same family for purposes of determining the maximum aid payment under the CalWORKs program and for no other purpose. The bill would require each county welfare department to notify CalWORKs applicants and recipients of these provisions, in writing, as specified.

[SB 469](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING



Child support guidelines: low-income adjustments. Current law establishes a rebuttable presumption that an obligor with a net disposable income, as defined, of a specified amount per month is entitled to a low-income adjustment to his or her child support obligation. Until January 1, 2018, the net disposable income threshold is \$1,500 per month, and is requested to be adjusted annually for cost-of-living increases. This bill would extend the January 1, 2018, date of repeal to January 1, 2021, for the version of existing law that is currently operative, thereby maintaining the net disposable income threshold at \$1,500 per month, adjusted annually for cost-of-living increases, until January 1, 2021, and would change the operative date of the successor version of that law to January 1, 2021.

[SB 570](#)

[Newman D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

CalWORKs. Would exempt benefits and related allowances received through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for education, training, vocation, or rehabilitation from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility for CalWORKs program benefits and calculating grant amounts for veterans and their spouses and dependents, under specified circumstances. By imposing additional duties on counties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SB 612](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Foster care: transitional housing. Would revise and recast specified described provisions, by among other things, redefining "transitional housing placement provider" to mean an organization licensed by the State Department of Social Services to provide transitional housing to foster children at least 16 years of age to promote their transition to adulthood. The bill would authorize transitional housing placement providers to operate either a "Transitional Housing Placement program for minor foster children," a program serving foster children at least 16 years of age and not more than 18 years of age, or a "Transitional Housing Placement program for nonminor dependents," a program serving nonminor dependents at least 18 years of age and not more than 21 years of age.

[SB 684](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE ENROLLED

Incompetence to stand trial: conservatorship: treatment. Current law allows a mentally incompetent defendant to be committed to the State Department of State Hospitals or other public or private treatment facility. If the defendant is gravely disabled upon his or her return to the committing court, current law requires the court to order the conservatorship investigator of the county to initiate conservatorship proceedings on the basis that the indictment or information pending against the person charges a felony involving death, great bodily harm, or a serious threat to the physical well-being of another person. This bill would also allow the initiation of conservatorship proceedings on the basis that person is gravely disabled due to a condition in which the person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for his or her basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter.

[SCR 15](#)

[Gaines R \(Dist. 1\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This measure would proclaim the month of January 2017 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month, and encourage certain activities with regard to honoring that month, as specified.

[SR 21](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Relative to World Day of the Fight Against Sexual Exploitation. Would resolve that the Senate condemns trafficking in persons, especially women and children, which constitutes an offense and a serious threat to human dignity and physical integrity, human rights, and development, and hereby recognizes March 4, 2017, as World Day of the Fight Against Sexual Exploitation.

Health Care

[AB 156](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH



Individual market: enrollment periods. Would require, with respect to individual health benefit plans offered outside of the Exchange, that the annual open enrollment period for policy years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, extend from October 15 of the preceding calendar year, to January 15 of the benefit year, inclusive. The bill would instead require, with respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, that the annual open enrollment period for policy years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, extend from November 1 to December 15 of the preceding calendar year, inclusive.

[AB 251](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Health and care facilities: dialysis clinics. Would, for each fiscal year starting on or after January 1, 2019, require a chronic dialysis clinic to submit a report to the State Department of Public Health detailing the total treatment revenue of the clinic, and the percentages of that total treatment revenue the clinic has expended on direct patient care services costs, health care quality improvements costs, federal and state taxes, facility license fees, and all other costs.

[SB 133](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Health care coverage: continuity of care. Current law prohibits completion of covered services for a serious chronic condition from exceeding 12 months from the contract termination date or 12 months from the effective date of coverage for a newly covered enrollee or insured. Current law requires a health care service plan to provide a disclosure form regarding the benefits, services, and terms of a plan contract and requires the disclosure form to include a description of how an enrollee can request continuity of care under the provisions described above. This bill would provide that an enrollee or insured who has a condition that will require a heart transplant is not limited by the 12-month period described above and would require the completion of covered services to be provided until the time he or she undergoes the transplant surgery and receives the necessary follow-up care that is consistent with good professional practice.

[SR 26](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. Would resolve that the Senate affirms its strong support for the Affordable Care Act and calls upon the United States Congress to reject any effort to repeal the Affordable Care Act unless it is simultaneously replaced with an alternative program that meets the standards clearly and consistently articulated by President Trump: that not one American will lose coverage and that coverage will be more affordable and of higher quality for all Americans. The Senate urges Congress to not jeopardize the health of millions of Americans by pushing through irresponsible policy in late-night hearings, but instead allow for comprehensive public review, including evaluations by the Congressional Budget Office and relevant policy committees, so that Americans have the opportunity to offer input and have their concerns heard.

Homelessness

[AB 210](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Homeless multidisciplinary personnel team. Current law authorizes counties to establish a child abuse multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined, to allow provider agencies to share confidential information in order to investigate reports of suspected child abuse or neglect or for the purpose of child welfare agencies making detention determinations, as specified. This bill would authorize counties to also establish a homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined, with the goal of facilitating the expedited identification, assessment, and linkage of homeless individuals to housing and supportive services within that county and to allow provider agencies to share confidential information, as specified, for the purpose of coordinating housing and supportive services to ensure continuity of care.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 232](#)

[Ridley-Thomas D \(Dist. 54\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE



Department of Finance: homelessness relief. Current law creates the Department of Finance and provides that the department has general powers of supervision over all matters concerning the financial and business policies of the state. This bill would enact the Homeless Relief Act of 2017. The bill would appropriate \$500,000,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Finance for expenditure for the purpose of relieving homelessness in this state, to be allocated to local continuums of care based on a formula developed by the Department of Housing and Community Development.

[AB 236](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalWORKs: housing assistance. As part of the CalWORKs program, a homeless family that has used all available liquid resources in excess of \$100 is eligible for homeless assistance benefits to pay the costs of temporary shelter if the family is eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program. This bill would also provide that homeless assistance is available to homeless families that would be eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program but for the fact that the only child or children in the family are in out-of-home placement pursuant to an order of the dependency court, if the family is receiving reunification services and the county determines that homeless assistance is necessary for reunification to occur.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 824](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Transitional Housing for Homeless Youth Grant Program. Would establish the Transitional Housing for Homeless Youth Grant Program to be administered by the Office of Emergency Services to award grants to qualified nonprofit entities to provide transitional living services, such as long-term residential services, access to resources, and counseling services, to homeless youth ages 18 to 24 years of age, inclusive, for a period of up to 36 months. The bill would require the office, in consultation with specified stakeholders, to establish minimum standards and procedures for awarding the grant moneys.

Housing

[AB 53](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Personal income taxes: deduction: homeownership savings accounts. Would, upon appropriation of specified funds by the Legislature, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, would allow a deduction, not to exceed specified amounts, of the amount a qualified taxpayer, as defined, contributed in any taxable year to a homeownership savings account and would exclude from gross income any income earned on the moneys contributed to a homeownership savings account. The bill would provide that a qualified taxpayer may withdraw amounts from a homeownership savings account to pay for qualified homeownership savings expenses, defined as expenses paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of a principal residence in this state.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 56](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank: housing. Would revise the definition of the term "public development facilities" for purposes of the Bergeson-Peace Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Act to mean real and personal property, structures, conveyances, equipment, thoroughfares, buildings, and supporting components thereof, excluding any housing, that are directly related to providing, among other things, housing-related infrastructure, which includes city streets; drainage, water supply, and flood control; environmental mitigation measures; power and communications; public transit improvement that directly supports transit-oriented housing; sewage collection and treatment; and water treatment and distribution.

[AB 71](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING



Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: farmworker housing. Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, for calendar years beginning in 2018, would increase the aggregate housing credit dollar amount that may be allocated among low-income housing projects by an additional \$300,000,000, as specified, and would allocate to farmworker housing projects \$25,000,000 per year of that amount.

[AB 72](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Housing. Current law prescribes requirements for the preparation of the housing element, including a requirement that a planning agency submit a draft of the element or draft amendment to the element to the Department of Housing and Community Development prior to the adoption of the element or amendment to the element. Current law requires the department to review the draft and report its written findings, as specified. This bill would require the department to also review any action or failure to act by the city, county, or city and county that it determines is inconsistent with an adopted housing element or a specified provision and to issue written findings, as specified, whether the action or failure to act substantially complies with the housing element.

[AB 73](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Planning and zoning: housing sustainability districts. Would authorize a city, county, or city and county, including a charter city, charter county, or charter city and county, to establish by ordinance a housing sustainability district that meets specified requirements, including authorizing residential use within the district through the ministerial issuance of a permit. The bill would authorize the city, county, or city and county to apply to the Department of Housing and Community Development for approval for a zoning incentive payment and require the city, county, or city and county to provide specified information about the proposed housing sustainability district ordinance.

[AB 74](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Housing. Current law establishes the Department of Housing and Community Development in the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency. This bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2019, to establish the Housing for a Healthy California Program to create supportive housing opportunities through grants to counties for capital and operating assistance, as specified, or operating reserve grants and capital loans to developers, or both. The bill would require the department to award grants to counties on a competitive basis pursuant to rating and ranking criteria, as specified. The bill would require the county to use grant funds in a specified manner and to comply with federal Housing Trust Fund regulations.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 149](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Personal income taxes: Habitat for Humanity Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund. Would allow an individual to designate on his or her tax return that a specified amount in excess of his or her tax liability be transferred to the Habitat for Humanity Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund, which would be created by this bill. The bill would require the fund to meet an annual minimum contribution amount of \$250,000, as specified.

[AB 346](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Redevelopment: housing successor: Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund. Current law requires the housing successor to expend funds received from the successor agency to meet its enforceable obligations, and for specified administrative and monitoring costs relating to ensuring the long-term affordability of units subject to affordability restrictions. The housing successor may then expend a specified amount per fiscal year for homeless prevention and rapid rehousing services, including specified types of services described in that provision, and must use all funds remaining



thereafter for the development of affordable housing, as specified. This bill would expand the specified types of services included within permissible homeless prevention and rapid rehousing services to include contributions toward the construction of local or regional homeless shelters.

[AB 571](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Farmworker housing: income taxes: insurance tax: credits: low-income housing: migrant farm labor centers. Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, modify the definition of applicable percentage relating to qualified low-income buildings that are farmworker housing projects, as provided. The bill would authorize the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee to allocate the farmworker housing credit even if the taxpayer receives federal credits for buildings located in designated difficult development areas or qualified census tracts. The bill would also redefine farmworker housing to mean housing in which at least 50% of the units are available to, and occupied by, farmworkers and their households. The bill would make the aforementioned provisions operative on January 1, 2018.

[AB 678](#)

[Bocanegra D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Housing Accountability Act. The Housing Accountability Act, among other things, prohibits a local agency from disapproving, or conditioning approval in a manner than renders infeasible, a housing development project for very low, low-, or moderate-income households or an emergency shelter unless the local agency makes specified written findings based upon substantial evidence in the record. This bill would require the findings of the local agency to instead be based on a preponderance of the evidence in the record.

[AB 727](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Mental Health Services Act: housing assistance. Current law specifies the manner in which counties are to use the funds distributed from the Mental Health Services Fund, including using the majority of the funds for services provided by county mental health programs. Current law specifies a target population for these programs, including seriously emotionally disturbed children or adolescents and adults or older adults who have a serious mental disorder. This bill would clarify that counties may spend MHSA moneys on housing assistance, as defined, for people in the target population.

[AB 863](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program. Current law continuously appropriates specified portions of the annual proceeds in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to various programs, including 20% for the Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program administered by the Strategic Growth Council. Current law provides for that program to fund projects that implement land use, housing, transportation, and agricultural land preservation practices to support infill and compact development and that support other related and coordinated public policy objectives. This bill would provide that a project receiving funding pursuant to the program shall be encouraged, among other things, to employ local entrepreneurs and workers utilizing appropriate workforce training programs. The bill would make related revisions to the policy objectives for the program.

[AB 879](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Planning and zoning: housing element. The Planning and Zoning Law requires, after the legislative body of the city or county has adopted all or part of a general plan, the planning agency to investigate and make recommendations to the legislative body of the city or county regarding reasonable and practical means to implement the general plan or element and to provide by April 1 of each year an annual report to the legislative body, the Office of Planning and Research, and the Department of Housing and Community Development that includes specified information pertaining to the implementation of the general plan. Current law excludes a charter city from these requirements. This



bill would require that this report additionally include the number of housing development applications received in the prior year, units included in all development applications in the prior year, units approved and disapproved in the prior year, and a listing of sites rezoned to accommodate that portion of the city's or county's share of the regional housing need for each income level that could not be accommodated on specified sites.

[AB 932](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Shelter crisis: homeless shelters. Current law authorizes a governing body of a political subdivision, as defined, to declare a shelter crisis if the governing body makes a specified finding. This bill, until January 1, 2021, upon a declaration of a shelter crisis by the City of Berkeley, Emeryville, Los Angeles, Oakland, or San Diego or the City and County of San Francisco, would authorize emergency housing to include homeless shelters in the City of Berkeley, Emeryville, Los Angeles, Oakland, or San Diego or the City and County of San Francisco, respectively. The bill, in lieu of compliance with local building approval procedures or state housing, health, habitability, planning and zoning, or safety standards, procedures, and laws, would authorize those jurisdictions to adopt by ordinance reasonable local standards for homeless shelters, as specified.

[AB 1086](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Housing: regional housing needs. The Planning and Zoning Law requires the housing element, in turn, to include, among other things, an assessment of housing needs and an inventory of resources and constraints relevant to the meeting of those needs. That law further requires the Department of Housing and Community Development, for the 4th and subsequent revisions of the housing element, to determine the existing and projected need for housing for each region, based upon population projections produced by the Department of Finance and regional population forecasts used in preparing regional transportation plans, in consultation with each council of governments. Current law includes a declaration of legislative intent regarding the allocation of regional housing need. This bill would make additional findings regarding the relationship between the shortage of housing and the state's environmental policies.

[AB 1137](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Housing developments: pet permissibility. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to require each housing development, as defined, that is financed on or after January 1, 2018, pursuant to the Zenovich-Moscone-Chacon Housing and Home Finance Act, to authorize a resident of the housing development to own or otherwise maintain one or more common household pets, as defined, within the resident's dwelling unit, subject to applicable state laws and local government ordinances related to public health, animal control, and animal anticruelty.

[AB 1193](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Property tax: welfare exemption: low-income housing. Would, in the case of an owner of property that is eligible for the specified described federal low-income housing tax credit, would provide that a unit would continue to be treated as occupied by a lower income household if the occupants were lower income households on the lien date in the fiscal year in which occupancy of the unit commenced and the unit continues to be rent restricted, notwithstanding an increase in the income of the occupants of the unit to 140% of area median income, but that the unit would cease to be treated as a lower income unit if the income of the occupants of the unit increases above 140% of area median income. The bill would provide that its provisions would be operative only from the 2018–19 fiscal year through the 2027–28 fiscal year.

[AB 1397](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local planning: housing element: inventory of land for residential development. The Planning and Zoning Law requires each city, county, and city and county to prepare and adopt a general plan



that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. Current law requires the housing element to contain, among other things, an inventory of land suitable for residential development, including vacant sites and sites having the potential for redevelopment. This bill would require the inventory of land to be available for residential development in addition to being suitable for residential development and to include vacant sites and sites that have realistic and demonstrated potential for redevelopment during the planning period to meet the locality's housing need for a designated income level.

[AB 1521](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Land use: notice of proposed change: assisted housing developments. Would require the owner of an assisted housing development that is within 3 years of a scheduled expiration of rental restrictions to also provide notice of the scheduled expiration of rental restrictions to any prospective tenant at the time he or she is interviewed for eligibility, and to existing tenants by posting the notice, as specified. The bill would additionally specify that injunctive relief may include, but is not limited to, the reimposition of prior restrictions, as specified, and restitution of rent increases that were collected improperly.

[AB 1598](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Affordable housing authorities. Would authorize a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution creating an affordable housing authority with power limited to providing low- and moderate-income housing and affordable workforce housing, as defined, funded through a low- and moderate-income housing fund, as specified. The bill would prohibit certain local government entities from participating in the authority. The bill would authorize an authority created pursuant to those provisions to have boundaries that are identical to the boundaries of the city, county, or city and county that created the authority.

[AB 1637](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local housing authority: middle-income housing projects. The Housing Authorities Law authorizes a housing authority of a city or county to, among other things, prepare, carry out, acquire, lease, and operate housing projects and housing developments for persons of low income, as provided. That law grants powers to an authority relating to, among other things, the issuance of bonds. This bill would make findings and declarations relating to affordable housing. The bill would authorize an authority to develop and finance a middle-income housing project, as defined, if the project receives gap financing, as defined. The bill would prohibit financial or other assistance from any public or private source, as specified, from being used to provide gap financing to units that will be occupied at market-rate rents.

[AB 1670](#)

[Gomez D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

Income taxes: credits: qualified developer: affordable housing. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2022, in an amount equal to 50% of the amount paid or incurred by a taxpayer to a qualified developer during the taxable year for the development of a qualified project, as defined, not to exceed \$250,000.

[AB 1714](#)

Committee on Housing and Community Development

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: farmworker housing: building standards: housing and home finance. Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, modify specified criteria necessary for an existing property to qualify as being "at risk of conversion" by expanding the eligible government assistance programs to



include an additional federal program and also receiving state loans or grants through programs administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development.

[ACA 11](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

California Middle Class Affordable Housing and Homeless Shelter: funding. Would create the California Middle Class Affordable Housing and Homeless Shelter Account in the General Fund for the support of local and state programs that assist in the development or acquisition of housing, as specified. The measure would impose a tax upon all retailers at the rate of 0.25% of the gross receipts of any retailer from the sale of all tangible personal property sold at retail in this state on and after January 1, 2019.

[SB 2](#)

[Atkins D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Building Homes and Jobs Act. This bill would enact the Building Homes and Jobs Act. The bill would make legislative findings and declarations relating to the need for establishing permanent, ongoing sources of funding dedicated to affordable housing development. The bill would impose a fee, except as provided, of \$75 to be paid at the time of the recording of every real estate instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, per each single transaction per single parcel of real property, not to exceed \$225.

[SB 3](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Veterans and Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2018. Would enact the Veterans and Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2018, which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. Of the proceeds from the sale of these bonds, \$3,000,000,000 would be used to finance various existing housing programs, as well as infill infrastructure financing and affordable housing matching grant programs, as provided, and \$1,000,000,000 would be used to provide additional funding for the above-described program for farm, home, and mobilehome purchase assistance for veterans, as provided.

[SB 35](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Planning and zoning: affordable housing: streamlined approval process. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a planning agency, after a legislative body has adopted all or part of a general plan, to provide an annual report to the legislative body, the Office of Planning and Research, and the Department of Housing and Community Development on the status of the general plan and progress in meeting the community's share of regional housing needs. Current law requires the housing element portion of the annual report to be prepared through the use of forms and definitions adopted by the department pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act. This bill would require the housing element portion of the annual report to be prepared through the use of standards, forms, and definitions adopted by the department.

[SB 136](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Mobilehome parks: mobilehome park program funding. Would authorize the Department of Housing and Community Development to contract directly with nonprofit corporations that have significant experience working with mobilehome park residents, or acquiring, rehabilitating, and preserving affordable housing, and have statewide or regional capacity to deliver technical assistance to mobilehome park residents or community-based nonprofit corporations in order to assist them in acquiring, financing, operating, and improving mobilehome parks occupied by low- and moderate-income households. The bill would authorize moneys in the fund to be used for grants to provide these services.

[SB 167](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING



Housing Accountability Act. The Housing Accountability Act, among other things, prohibits a local agency from disapproving, or conditioning approval in a manner than renders infeasible, a housing development project for very low, low-, or moderate-income households or an emergency shelter unless the local agency makes specified written findings based upon substantial evidence in the record. This bill would require the findings of the local agency to instead be based on a preponderance of the evidence in the record.

[SB 540](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Workforce Housing Opportunity Zone. Would authorize a local government, as defined, to establish a Workforce Housing Opportunity Zone by preparing an EIR pursuant to CEQA and adopting a specific plan that is required to include text and a diagram or diagrams containing specified information. The bill would require a local government that proposes to adopt a Workforce Housing Opportunity Zone to hold public hearings on the specific plan. The bill would authorize a local government, after a specific plan is adopted and the zone is formed, to impose a specific plan fee upon all persons seeking governmental approvals within the zone.

[SB 542](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR

Manufactured Housing Act of 1980: notice of transfer and release of liability. Current law prohibits transfer of title of a registered manufactured home, mobilehome, commercial coach, truck camper, or floating home until the transferor has properly endorsed and delivered the certificate of title and delivery of the registration card to the transferee. This bill would prohibit an owner, as defined, from being liable for taxes and fees specified in the Manufactured Housing Act of 1980 that accrue after the compliance date if the owner properly endorses and delivers the certificate of title to the transferee and delivers or mails to the Department of Housing and Community Development the completed notice of sale or transfer form developed by the department.

[SB 612](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Foster care: transitional housing. Would revise and recast specified described provisions, by among other things, redefining “transitional housing placement provider” to mean an organization licensed by the State Department of Social Services to provide transitional housing to foster children at least 16 years of age to promote their transition to adulthood. The bill would authorize transitional housing placement providers to operate either a “Transitional Housing Placement program for minor foster children,” a program serving foster children at least 16 years of age and not more than 18 years of age, or a “Transitional Housing Placement program for nonminor dependents,” a program serving nonminor dependents at least 18 years of age and not more than 21 years of age.

IHSS

[AB 106](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Public social services: 1991 Realignment Legislation and IHSS Maintenance of Effort and collective bargaining. Would revise and recast provisions relating to 1991 Realignment Legislation and the County IHSS MOE. Among other things, the bill would eliminate the existing County IHSS MOE and instead implement a new costsharing arrangement between the state and counties, as specified. The bill would establish a statewide total County IHSS MOE base for these purposes, as specified, and establish a process for determining each county’s share of that amount. The bill would appropriate moneys from the General Fund to offset a portion of IHSS costs incurred by the counties.

[SB 90](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Public social services: 1991 Realignment Legislation and IHSS Maintenance of Effort and collective bargaining. Would revise and recast provisions relating to 1991 Realignment Legislation and the County IHSS MOE. Among other things, the bill would eliminate the existing County IHSS MOE and instead implement a new costsharing arrangement between the state and counties, as



specified. The bill would establish a statewide total County IHSS MOE base for these purposes, as specified, and establish a process for determining each county's share of that amount. The bill would appropriate moneys from the General Fund to offset a portion of IHSS costs incurred by the counties. The bill would further authorize a portion of those costs to be offset from other related 1991 Realignment funds, as specified.

Immigration

[AB 291](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Housing: immigration. The State Bar Act makes it a cause for suspension, disbarment, or other discipline for any member of the State Bar to report suspected immigration status or threaten to report suspected immigration status of a witness or party to a civil or administrative action or his or her family member, as defined, to a federal, state, or local agency because the witness or party exercises or has exercised a right related to his or her employment. This bill would expand that provision to make it a cause for suspension, disbarment, or other discipline for a member of the State Bar to report suspected immigration status or threaten to report suspected immigration status of a witness or party to a civil or administrative action or his or her family member, as defined, to a federal, state, or local agency because the witness or party exercises or has exercised a right related to the hiring of residential real property.

[AB 299](#)

[Calderon D \(Dist. 57\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Hiring of real property: immigration or citizenship status. Current law prohibits any city, county, or city and county from compelling a landlord or any agent of the landlord to take any action, as specified, based on the immigration or citizenship status of a tenant, prospective tenant, occupant, or prospective occupant of residential rental property. This bill would revise this prohibition to include a "public entity," which the bill would define to include the state, as defined, a city, county, city and county, district, public authority, public agency, and any other political subdivision or public corporation in the state.

[AB 699](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Educational equity: immigration and citizenship status. Current law requires the State Department of Education to assess whether local educational agencies have taken certain actions related to educational equity, including adopting a policy that prohibits, and adopting a process for receiving and investigating complaints of, discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying based on those actual or perceived specified characteristics. This bill would expressly include immigration status in the specified characteristics for purposes of those provisions.

[HR 15](#)

[Gomez D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ADOPTED

Relative to United States immigration policy. Relative to United States immigration policy.

[SB 29](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Law enforcement: immigration. Current law authorizes a county board of supervisors on behalf of its sheriff, and a legislative body of a city on behalf of its chief of police, to contract to provide supplemental law enforcement services to private individuals, private entities, and private corporations in specified circumstances and subject to certain conditions. This bill would, commencing on January 1, 2019, prohibit a city, county, or city and county, or a local law enforcement agency from entering into, renewing, or extending the length of a contract with a private corporation, contractor, or vendor to detain immigrants in civil immigration proceedings for profit.

[SB 613](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE



Immigration status. Current law requires the Division of Juvenile Justice to cooperate with the United States Bureau of Immigration in arranging for the deportation of all aliens who are committed to it. This bill would repeal that provision. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

[SJR 1](#)

[Vidak R \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE JUD.

Immigration. This measure would urge Congress and the President of the United States to work together to create a comprehensive and workable approach to reform the nation's immigration system according to specified principles.

[SR 7](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to immigration. Would resolve that the Senate condemns in the strongest terms bigoted, racist, or misinformed descriptions of the immigrant community that serve only to foment hatred and violence. The Senate supports a comprehensive and workable approach to solving our nation's historically broken immigration system. The Senate implores the President-elect and Congress to develop rational immigration policies that recognize the contributions of immigrants to the nation, protects the economy, and are just and humane to immigrant families and children.

[SR 16](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to immigration. WHEREAS, President Donald J. Trump signed an executive order on January 27, 2017, that desecrates our American values and panders to fears and nativist instincts that have resulted in some of our nation's most shameful acts. Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, That the Senate condemns this executive order as a discriminatory overreach that illegally targets immigrants based on their national origin and religion, and urges the President of the United States to immediately rescind the executive order.

Land Use

[AB 546](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Land use: local ordinances: energy systems. Would, on or before September 30, 2018, for a city, including a charter city, county, or city and county with a population of 200,000 or more residents, or January 31, 2019, for a city, including a charter city, county, or city and county with a population of less than 200,000 residents, require the city, county, or city and county to make all documentation and forms associated with the permitting of advanced energy storage, as defined, available on a publicly accessible Internet Web site, as specified. The bill would require a city, county, or city and county to allow for the electronic submittal of a permit application and associated documentation, except as specified.

[AB 890](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Land use: planning and zoning: initiatives. Would require that the city council of a city or the board of supervisors of a county have exclusive authority to adopt or amend a general plan, specific plan, or zoning ordinance, that would convert any discretionary land use approval necessary for a project to ministerial approval; change the land use or zoning designation of a parcel or parcels to a more intensive designation; or authorize more intensive land uses within an existing land use designation or zoning designation.

[AB 1350](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

Land use: housing element: regional housing need: noncompliant cities and counties: penalty. The Planning and Zoning Law requires that assessment to include the city's or county's share of the regional housing need, as determined by the Department of Housing and Community Development in consultation with each council of governments, and requires a council of governments to develop a proposed methodology for distributing the existing and projected regional housing need,



as specified. This bill would require a noncompliant city or county, as defined, to pay a penalty, as provided, to the Department of Housing and Community Development.

[AB 1397](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local planning: housing element: inventory of land for residential development. The Planning and Zoning Law requires each city, county, and city and county to prepare and adopt a general plan that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. Current law requires the housing element to contain, among other things, an inventory of land suitable for residential development, including vacant sites and sites having the potential for redevelopment. This bill would require the inventory of land to be available for residential development in addition to being suitable for residential development and to include vacant sites and sites that have realistic and demonstrated potential for redevelopment during the planning period to meet the locality's housing need for a designated income level.

[AB 1515](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Planning and zoning: housing. Under the Housing Accountability Act, the local agency may disapprove or condition approval of a housing development project or emergency shelter if, among other reasons, the housing development project or emergency shelter is inconsistent with both the jurisdiction's zoning ordinance and general plan land use designation, as provided. This bill would specify that a housing development project or emergency shelter is deemed consistent, compliant, and in conformity with an applicable plan, program, policy, ordinance, standard, requirement, or other similar provision if there is substantial evidence that would allow a reasonable person to conclude that the housing development project or emergency shelter is consistent, compliant, or in conformity. The bill would make additional findings related to the Housing Accountability Act in this regard.

[SB 166](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Residential density and affordability. Would prohibit a city, county, or city and county from permitting or causing its inventory of sites identified in a housing element to be insufficient to meet its remaining unmet share of the regional housing need for lower and moderate-income households. The bill also would expand the definition of "lower residential density" if the local jurisdiction has not adopted a housing element for the current planning period or the adopted housing element is not in substantial compliance, as specified.

[SB 229](#)

[Wieckowski D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of a city or county to regulate the intensity of land use, and also authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones, as specified. Current law requires the ordinance to designate areas within the jurisdiction of the local agency where these units may be permitted and impose specified standards on these units. This bill instead would authorize a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned to allow single-family or multifamily use.

[SB 277](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Land use: zoning regulations. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances regulating zoning within its jurisdiction, as specified. This bill would additionally authorize the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances to require, as a condition of development of residential rental units, that the development include a certain percentage of residential rental units affordable to, and occupied by, moderate-income, lower income, very low income, or extremely low income households, as specified.

[SB 732](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING



General plan: agricultural land. Would authorize a city and county to develop an agricultural land component of the city or county's open-space element, or a separate agricultural land element. The bill would require a city or county to comply with specified requirements when preparing that component or element, including identifying and mapping, where applicable, using specified data, agricultural lands that are within the city's or county's jurisdiction; establishing a comprehensive set of goals, policies, and objectives to support the long-term protection of agricultural land; identifying and designating priority land for conservation; and identifying and establishing a set of feasible implementation measures designed to promote those goals, policies, and objectives.

Law and Justice / Courts

[AB 42](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Bail: pretrial release. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to safely reduce the number of people detained pretrial, while addressing racial and economic disparities in the pretrial system, to ensure that people are not held in pretrial detention simply because of their inability to afford money bail. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 154](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Current law requires a court, upon the conviction of a defendant of a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant participate in a counseling or education program having a substance abuse component while imprisoned if the court makes certain findings relating to his or her drug use. This bill would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

[AB 229](#)

[Baker R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Human trafficking: vertical prosecution program. Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services, which is required to, among other things, allocate and award funds to communities developing and providing ongoing citizen involvement and crime resistance programs. This bill would require the office, to the extent funds are available for this purpose and until January 1, 2022, to allocate and award funds to up to 11 district attorney offices that employ a vertical prosecution methodology for the prosecution of human trafficking crimes and that meet other specified criteria, including minimum staffing levels for the program.

[AB 1401](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Juveniles: protective custody warrant. Would authorize the court to issue a protective custody warrant, without filing a petition in the juvenile court alleging that the minor comes within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court as a dependent, if there is probable cause to believe the minor comes within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court as a dependent, there is a substantial danger to the safety or to the physical or emotional health of the child, and there are no reasonable means to protect the child's safety or physical health without removal.

[SB 38](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE JUD.

Courts: judgeships. Would increase the number of judges in the division of the 4th Appellate District of the Court of Appeal located in the San Bernardino/Riverside area to 8 judges. The bill would appropriate \$1,202,000 from the General Fund to the judicial branch for the purpose of funding the cost of that new appellate court justice and accompanying staff. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 670](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)



Location: SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR

Sentencing: county of incarceration and supervision. Would require, when imposing specified felony sentences concurrent or consecutive to another felony sentence in another county or counties, the court rendering the 2nd or other subsequent judgment to determine the county or counties of incarceration and supervision of the defendant. The bill would additionally require the Judicial Council to adopt rules providing criteria for the consideration of the trial judge when determining the county or counties of incarceration and supervision pursuant to these provisions.

Libraries

[SCA 3](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local government financing: public libraries: voter approval. Would create an additional exception to the 1% limit for a rate imposed by a city, county, city and county, or special district to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund public library facilities, that is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, city and county, or special district, as applicable, if the proposition meets specified requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Parks

[AB 18](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018. Under current law, programs have been established pursuant to bond acts for, among other things, the development and enhancement of state and local parks and recreational facilities. This bill would enact the California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of \$3,470,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a clean water, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

[AB 1330](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Park property: Ayala Park. Would authorize the Bloomington Recreation and Park District to dispose of property used for park purposes at Ayala Park that was acquired with the grant moneys from the above acts, subject to the acquisition of property of equal or greater recreation value, as approved by the Department of Parks and Recreation, and at no cost to the state, as provided.

Position: San Bernardino County Sponsor

[AB 1358](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

State parks: California Admission Day: free admission. Current law requires the Department of Parks and Recreation to administer, protect, develop, and interpret the property under its jurisdiction in the state park system for the use and enjoyment of the public. Current law provides for the department to charge various fees for use of state parks, but requires the department to offer free or reduced-rate admission to eligible persons under certain circumstances. This bill would require the department to grant 50 percent-discounted admission to the general public to each unit of the state park system on September 9, California Admission Day.

[AB 1483](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Housing-Related Parks Program. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development, to the extent that funds are available, to determine the base grant amount to be provided to any city, county, or city and county that meets specified criteria. Current law establishes the Housing Urban-Suburban-and-Rural Parks Account within the Housing and Emergency Shelter Trust Fund of 2006 to receive funds for the program. This bill would appropriate \$50,000,000 from the General Fund to the Urban-Suburban-and-Rural Parks Account for these purposes.



SB 5

De León D (Dist. 24)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018. Would enact the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of \$3,832,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

SB 249

Allen D (Dist. 26)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Off-highway motor vehicle recreation. Would revise and recast various provisions of the Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation Act of 2003. The bill would expand the duties of the Division of Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation. The bill would require the division to take specified measures to protect natural and cultural resources within state vehicular recreation areas, including measures to mitigate harmful impacts to these areas and to protect them from off-highway vehicle recreation use, as specified.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

Public Health

AB 114

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Public health. Current law requests the University of California to establish and administer the Umbilical Cord Blood Collection Program, until January 1, 2018, for the purpose of collecting units of umbilical cord blood for public use, as defined, in transplantation and providing nonclinical units for specified research. This bill would extend the provisions of the program until January 1, 2023.

AB 186

Eggman D (Dist. 13)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Controlled substances: safer drug consumption program. Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize specified counties or cities within those counties to authorize the operation of supervised injection services programs for adults that satisfies specified requirements, including, among other things, a hygienic space supervised by health care professionals, as defined, where people who use drugs can consume preobtained drugs, sterile consumption supplies, and access to referrals to substance use disorder treatment. The bill would require any entity operating a program under its provisions to provide an annual report to the city, county, or city and county, as specified.

AB 247

Garcia, Cristina D (Dist. 58)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Public health: childhood lead poisoning: Lead Advisory Task Force. Under current law, known as the Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Act of 1991, the State Department of Public Health is required to establish procedures for environmental abatement and follow-up, and undertake other specified measures, designed to reduce the incidence of excessive childhood lead exposure in California. This bill would require, by April 1, 2018, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to convene a Lead Advisory Task Force, with a prescribed membership, to review and advise, as provided, regarding policies and procedures to reduce childhood lead poisoning in the state.

AB 823

Chau D (Dist. 49)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Edible cannabis products: labeling. Would amend the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act by requiring the universal symbol required to be on edible cannabis product not sold as a liquid, loose bulk good, or powder to meet specified requirements, including that the symbol be placed directly on at least one side of each serving so as to be distinguishable and easily recognizable as well as size and placement requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.



[SB 663](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE ENROLLED

Packages and labels of cannabis or cannabis products: children. Would specify that a package or label of cannabis or cannabis products is deemed to be attractive to children if the package or label has specific characteristics, including, among others, displaying a name resembling the name of any candy, snack food, baked good, or beverage commercially sold without cannabis. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 794](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Edible marijuana products: labeling and packaging. Would require each single serving of an edible marijuana product to be stamped, marked, or otherwise imprinted directly on the product with a universal symbol that is designed by the Bureau of Marijuana Control. The bill would specify the required size and visibility of the universal symbol. The bill would require edible marijuana products to be sold in packaging that is tamperproof, child resistant, and, if the product contains more than one serving, resealable. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a 2/3 vote, certain provisions of the act, provided that the amendments are consistent with, and further the purposes and intent of, the act.

Public Lands

[AB 1077](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Off-highway vehicles. The Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation Act of 2003 provides for the acquisition, operation, and funding of state off-highway vehicular recreation areas and trails, establishes the Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation Commission and the Division of Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation within the Department of Motor Vehicles, and provides a grant program for, among other things, acquisition, administration, maintenance, and operation of areas and facilities associated with the use of off-highway motor vehicles. These provisions are to be repealed on January 1, 2018. This bill would extend the operation of the act until January 1, 2019, unless a specified report is not received by the Legislature by January 1, 2018, in which case the act would be repealed on July 1, 2018.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1358](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

State parks: California Admission Day: free admission. Current law requires the Department of Parks and Recreation to administer, protect, develop, and interpret the property under its jurisdiction in the state park system for the use and enjoyment of the public. Current law provides for the department to charge various fees for use of state parks, but requires the department to offer free or reduced-rate admission to eligible persons under certain circumstances. This bill would require the department to grant 50 percent-discounted admission to the general public to each unit of the state park system on September 9, California Admission Day.

[SB 50](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Federal public lands: conveyances. Would establish, except as provided, a policy of the state to discourage conveyances of federal public lands in California from the federal government. The bill would, except as provided, specify that these conveyances are void ab initio unless the State Lands Commission was provided with the right of first refusal or the right to arrange for the transfer of the federal public land to another entity.

Public Safety

[AB 27](#)

[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.



Violent felonies: sex offenses. Current law, as amended by Proposition 21, adopted March 7, 2000, and by Proposition 83, adopted November 7, 2006, classifies certain felonies as violent felonies for purposes of various provisions of the Penal Code. This bill would define as violent felonies rape, sodomy, penetration with a foreign object, or oral copulation, if the victim was unconscious, if the victim was incapable of giving consent due to intoxication, if the victim was incapable of giving legal consent because of a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability, if the victim submitted to the act under the belief that the person committing the act was someone known to the victim other than the accused, or if the act was accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to use the authority of a public official for purposes of the specified sentencing enhancements.

[AB 41](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

DNA evidence. Would require law enforcement agencies to report information regarding rape kit evidence, within 120 days of the collection of the kit, to the Department of Justice through a database established by the department. The bill would require that information to include, among other things, the number of kits collected, if biological evidence samples were submitted to a DNA laboratory for analysis, and if a probative DNA profile was generated.

[AB 67](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Violent and nonviolent felonies. Would define human sex trafficking as a violent felony and expand the scope of sodomy, oral copulation, sexual penetration, and rape offenses that are categorized as violent felonies, including if the victim was unconscious, if the victim was incapable of giving consent due to intoxication, if the victim was incapable of giving legal consent because of a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability, if the victim submitted to the act under the belief that the person committing the act was someone known to the victim other than the accused, or if the act was accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to use the authority of a public official.

[AB 103](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Public safety: omnibus. Would require that whenever a judgment, including any consent judgment, decree, or settlement agreement that has been approved by the court, in a class action provides for the payment of money to members of the class, any unpaid cash residue or unclaimed or abandoned class member funds be distributed in accordance with its provisions, unless the court makes a specific finding. The bill would require the court to set a date when the parties must submit a report to the court regarding a plan for the distribution of these funds.

[AB 154](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Current law requires a court, upon the conviction of a defendant of a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant participate in a counseling or education program having a substance abuse component while imprisoned if the court makes certain findings relating to his or her drug use. This bill would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

[AB 197](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

Violent felonies. Would define as violent felonies child abduction, providing a child under 16 years of age for purposes of a lewd act, abduction of a minor for purposes of prostitution, child abuse, sodomy with a minor, oral copulation of a minor, contact with a minor to commit specified offenses, arranging a meeting with a minor for lewd purposes, employing a minor to produce sexual matter, elder and dependent adult abuse, false imprisonment of an elder or dependent adult, and animal abuse, as specified, thereby amending Proposition 36 by adding to the list of violent felonies that can be



prosecuted as a 3rd strike. By changing the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 208](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Deferred entry of judgment: pretrial diversion. Would make the deferred entry of judgment program a pretrial diversion program. The bill would make a defendant qualified for the pretrial diversion program if there is no evidence of a contemporaneous violation relating to narcotics or restricted dangerous drugs other than a violation of the offense that qualifies him or her for diversion, the charged offense did not involve violence, there is no evidence within the past 5 years of a violation relating to narcotics or restricted dangerous drugs other than a violation that qualifies for the program, and the defendant has no prior conviction for a felony within 5 years prior to the alleged commission of the charged offense.

[AB 222](#)

[Bocanegra D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

False documents. Current law, added by Proposition 187, which was approved by the voters at the November 8, 1994, statewide general election, makes it a felony to manufacture or distribute false documents to conceal the true citizenship or resident alien status of another person. Proposition 187 also makes it a felony for a person to use false documents to conceal his or her true citizenship or resident alien status. The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to amend an initiative statute by another statute that becomes effective only when approved by the electors. This bill would amend Proposition 187 by repealing the above-referenced crimes.

[AB 255](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Sexually violent predators: out-of-county placement. Current law generally requires a sexually violent predator who is conditionally released to be placed in the county that was the person's county of domicile prior to the person's incarceration. Current law provides for placement outside of the county of domicile if specified circumstances exist. Current law specifies certain information to be considered in determining the county of domicile. This bill would require the court to consider additional factors when determining the county of placement that is not the county of domicile, including if and how long the person has previously resided or been employed in the county and if the person has next of kin in the county.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 260](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Human trafficking. Current law requires specified businesses and other establishments to post a notice, as specified, that contains information related to slavery and human trafficking, including information related to specified nonprofit organizations that provide services in support of the elimination of slavery and human trafficking. Current law makes a violation of this requirement punishable by a civil penalty. This bill would require hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns, as defined, not including personal residences, to post the notice relating to slavery and human trafficking, as specified.

[AB 264](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Protective orders. Under current law, the court is required to consider, at the time of sentencing, issuing a protective order, which may be valid for up to 10 years, in a case in which a defendant has been convicted of a crime of domestic violence or of specified sex offenses, restraining the defendant from any contact with the victim. Under current law, contempt of a court order is a misdemeanor, as specified. This bill would require the court to consider issuing a protective order restraining the defendant from any contact with a percipient witness to a crime involving domestic violence, a violation of specified sex offenses, or a violation of laws relating to criminal gangs, if it is shown by clear and convincing evidence that the witness has been harassed, as specified.



[AB 424](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Possession of a firearm in a school zone. Would delete the authority of a school district superintendent, his or her designee, or equivalent school authority to provide written permission for a person to possess a firearm within a school zone. By expanding the scope of a crime, the bill would create a state-mandated local program. The bill would exempt from that crime the activities of a program involving shooting sports or activities that are sanctioned by a school, school district, college, university, or other governing body of the institution, as specified, and the activities of a certified hunter education program, as specified. The bill would make other conforming changes to related provisions.

[AB 585](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Public officers. Current law provides that a sheriff's or police security officer is not a peace officer and may not exercise the powers of arrest of a peace officer, but may issue citations for infractions and may carry or possess a firearm, baton, and other safety equipment and weapons authorized by the sheriff or police chief, as specified. Current law requires each sheriff's or police security officer to satisfactorily complete a specified course of training prior to being assigned to perform his or her duties. This bill would provide, for purposes of those provisions, that a police security officer includes an officer employed by a police division that is within a city department and that operates independently of the city police department commanded by the police chief of a city.

[AB 662](#)

[Choi R \(Dist. 68\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ENROLLED

Restitution: tracking. Current law establishes a local Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) in each county and requires the CCP to recommend a local plan to the county board of supervisors for the implementation of the 2011 public safety realignment. Current law allows the plan to include recommendations to maximize the effective investment of criminal justice resources in evidence-based correction sanctions and programming, including specifically, among other things, victim restitution programs. This bill would require a county agency or department administering the collection of restitution in the above circumstances to track restitution payments and send monthly notices to the individual responsible for paying restitution and quarterly statements to the victim, if victim contact information is available, detailing the payment status of the restitution order.

[AB 683](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Prisoners: support services. Would authorize the Counties of Alameda, Imperial, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego, Santa Clara, and San Joaquin to implement pilot programs to provide reentry services and support to persons who are, or who are scheduled to be, released from a county jail. The bill would require the pilot programs to include specified components, including support services for parents and a mentorship program. The bill would require each county that elects to implement one or more pilot programs pursuant to these provisions to conduct a study and submit to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2023, a report evaluating the effectiveness of the pilot programs in the county.

[AB 878](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Juveniles: restraints. Would authorize the use of restraints on a minor during transportation outside of a local secure juvenile facility, camp, ranch, or forestry camp, only upon a determination that restraints are necessary to prevent physical harm to the juvenile or another person or due to a substantial risk of flight. The bill would authorize the use of restraints during a juvenile court proceeding if the court determines that the individual minor's behavior in custody or in court establishes a manifest need to use restraints to prevent physical harm to the juvenile or another person or due to a substantial risk of flight.

[AB 1115](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED



Convictions: expungement. Current law authorizes a court to allow a defendant sentenced to county jail for a felony to withdraw his or her plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere and enter a plea of not guilty, after the lapse of one or 2 years following the defendant's completion of the sentence, as specified with certain requirements. Current law requires the defendant to be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense of which he or she was convicted, except as specified. This bill would allow a defendant sentenced to state prison for a felony that, if committed after the 2011 Realignment Legislation, would have been eligible for sentencing to a county jail to obtain the above-specified relief.

[AB 1440](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Peace officers. Under current law, federal criminal investigators and law enforcement officers are not California peace officers, but are authorized to exercise the powers of arrest of a peace officer in this state under specified circumstances, including when probable cause exists to believe that a public offense that involves immediate danger to persons or property has just occurred or is being committed. This bill would specify that United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement officers and United States Customs and Border Protection officers are not California peace officers.

[AB 1488](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

County juvenile transition centers. Current law provides for the supervision of persons discharged from the Division of Juvenile Facilities and from county juvenile facilities by county probation departments and provides funds to the counties for that purpose. This bill would require every county, after consultation with stakeholders, to establish at least one juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities.

[SB 29](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Law enforcement: immigration. Current law authorizes a county board of supervisors on behalf of its sheriff, and a legislative body of a city on behalf of its chief of police, to contract to provide supplemental law enforcement services to private individuals, private entities, and private corporations in specified circumstances and subject to certain conditions. This bill would, commencing on January 1, 2019, prohibit a city, county, or city and county, or a local law enforcement agency from entering into, renewing, or extending the length of a contract with a private corporation, contractor, or vendor to detain immigrants in civil immigration proceedings for profit.

[SB 54](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Law enforcement: sharing data. Current law provides that when there is reason to believe that a person arrested for a violation of specified controlled substance provisions may not be a citizen of the United States, the arresting agency shall notify the appropriate agency of the United States having charge of deportation matters. This bill would repeal those provisions.

[SB 65](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE ENROLLED

Vehicles: alcohol and marijuana: penalties. Would make drinking an alcoholic beverage or smoking or ingesting marijuana or any marijuana product while driving, or while riding as a passenger in, a motor vehicle being driven upon a highway or upon specified lands punishable as an infraction. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 75](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE PUB. S.

Violent felonies. Current law, as amended by Proposition 21, classifies certain felonies as violent felonies for purposes of various provisions of the Penal Code. Current law generally imposes an additional one-year term for a felony and 3-year term for a violent felony for each prior separate prison term served for a felony or a violent felony, respectively. This bill would additionally define, among



other crimes, the offenses of vehicular manslaughter, human trafficking involving a minor, assault with a deadly weapon, solicitation of murder, rape under various specified circumstances, and grand theft of a firearm as violent felonies for purposes of imposing specified sentence enhancements. The bill would also make conforming changes.

[SB 87](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Public safety: omnibus. Would require that whenever a judgment, including any consent judgment, decree, or settlement agreement that has been approved by the court, in a class action provides for the payment of money to members of the class, any unpaid cash residue or unclaimed or abandoned class member funds be distributed in accordance with its provisions, unless the court makes a specific finding. The bill would require the court to set a date when the parties must submit a report to the court regarding a plan for the distribution of these funds.

[SB 204](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Domestic violence: protective orders. Would enact the Uniform Recognition and Enforcement of Canadian Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act, which would authorize the enforcement of a valid Canadian domestic violence protection order in a tribunal of this state under certain conditions. The bill would prescribe the criteria for a determination of the validity of a protection order under these provisions, as specified, and would authorize the registration of such a protection order in the Domestic Violence Restraining Order System.

[SB 213](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Placement of children: criminal records check. Current law subjects foster care provider applicants and resource family applicants to a criminal records check and prohibits licensure or approval of an applicant who has been convicted of certain felonies, but authorizes the department or county, as applicable, to grant an exemption from disqualification for the conviction of any other crime. This bill would also (1) prohibit the final approval for an adoptive placement, (2) prohibit the placement of a child in the home of a relative, nonrelative extended family member, prospective guardian, or another person who is not a licensed or certified foster parent or an approved resource family, and (3) prohibit licensure of a foster care provider applicant and approval of a resource family applicant, if the person or any individual subject to the background check requirements, as specified, has a felony conviction for any of certain specified crimes, including a violent felony, as defined.

[SB 225](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR

Human trafficking: notice. Current law requires specified businesses and other establishments to post a notice, as developed by the Department of Justice, that contains information relating to slavery and human trafficking, including information regarding specified nonprofit organizations that a person can call for services or support in the elimination of slavery and human trafficking. This bill would require the notice to specify that a person can also text a specified number for services and support and would revise the names of the nonprofit organizations listed in the notice. The bill, by January 1, 2019, would also require the department to revise and update the notice, as specified.

[SB 230](#)

[Atkins D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Evidence: commercial sexual offenses. Current law provides that evidence of a person's character is inadmissible when offered to prove his or her conduct on a specified occasion. Current law creates exceptions to that rule, including that in a criminal action in which the defendant is accused of a sexual offense, evidence of the defendant's commission of another sexual offense or offenses is not inadmissible under that rule, except as specified. Existing law defines the term "sexual offense" as conduct proscribed by various sections of the Penal Code as well as other types of conduct. This bill would include in the definition of "sexual offense" for this purpose specified human trafficking sexual offenses.



[SB 237](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Criminal procedure: arrest. Would authorize an arresting officer to release an arrested person from custody without taking him or her before a magistrate if the person is delivered, subsequent to being arrested, to a specified facility for the purpose of mental health evaluation and treatment and no further criminal proceedings are desirable. The bill would require a person arrested and released pursuant to this provision to be issued a certificate describing the action as a detention. This bill contains other existing laws.

[SB 811](#)

Committee on Public Safety

Location: SENATE ENROLLMENT

Public safety: omnibus. Current law provides that, in a criminal action, expert testimony is admissible by either the prosecution or the defense regarding the effects of human trafficking on human trafficking victims. Current law defines the term "human trafficking" pursuant to a specified provision of the Penal Code. This bill would clarify that the term "human trafficking victim" is defined as a victim of an offense as described in that provision of the Penal Code. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Public Utilities

[AB 1665](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Telecommunications: California Advanced Services Fund. Current law requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop, implement, and administer the CASF to encourage deployment of high-quality advanced communications services to all Californians that will promote economic growth, job creation, and the substantial social benefits of advanced information and communications technologies, as provided in specified decisions of the commission and in the CASF statute. This bill would revise the goal of the program to provide that its goal is to approve funding for infrastructure projects that will provide broadband access to no less than 98% of California households in each consortia region, as identified by the commission, by December 31, 2022.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[SB 19](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Public Utilities Commission: duties and responsibilities: governance. Would, on July 1, 2018, revise and recast the regulatory requirements imposed on household goods carriers and would transfer that regulatory authority to the Bureau of Electronic and Appliance Repair, Home Furnishings, and Thermal Insulation in the Department of Consumer Affairs. The bill would establish the Household Goods Carriers Fund in the Professions and Vocations Fund and would require fees collected for the regulation of household goods carriers to be deposited in the fund and require that fines and penalties be paid into the separate Enforcement Proceeds Account within the fund.

Public Works

[AB 199](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Public works: private residential projects. Current law exempts private residential projects built on private property from certain requirements for projects that are defined as "public works," including, among other requirements, the payment of prevailing wages, unless the project is built pursuant to an agreement with a state agency, redevelopment agency, or local public housing authority. This bill would make the above-referenced exemption for private residential projects additionally inapplicable to a project built pursuant to an agreement with a successor agency to a redevelopment agency, as specified.

[AB 1066](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



Public works: definition. Current law defines the term “public works” for purposes of requirements regarding the payment of prevailing wages to include construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for in whole or in part out of public funds, except as specified. Current law makes a willful violation of laws relating to the payment of prevailing wages on public works a misdemeanor. This bill would expand the meaning of the term “public works” to include specific types of tree removal work. By expanding the definition of “public works,” this bill would expand the scope of a crime.

Registrar of Voters

[AB 4](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Voter notification. Current law requires a county elections official, upon receipt of a properly executed affidavit of registration or address correction notice or letter, to send a voter a voter notification stating that he or she is registered to vote and providing additional information. If a person under 18 years of age submits an affidavit of registration, the county elections official is required to send that person a voter preregistration notification stating that he or she is preregistered to vote and providing additional information. This bill would authorize a county elections official to first send the recipient of a voter notification or voter preregistration notification a text message or email indicating that his or her information has been received and that a subsequent notification will follow.

[AB 14](#)

[Gomez D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures. The Political Reform Act of 1974 provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing and activities. The act requires a committee that supports or opposes ballot measures to name and identify itself using a name or phrase that clearly identifies the economic or other special interests of its major donors of \$50,000 or more. The act also requires that the identity of a common employer shared by major donors be disclosed. This bill would repeal these provisions.

[AB 216](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Vote by mail ballots: identification envelopes: prepaid postage. Current law provides for the procedures by which a voter may apply for and receive a vote by mail ballot. Current law requires the elections official to deliver to each qualified applicant the ballot for the precinct in which the applicant resides and all supplies necessary for the use and return of the ballot. This bill would clarify that the elections official is required to deliver to each qualified applicant an identification envelope for the return of the vote by mail ballot and would require the identification envelope to have prepaid postage.

[AB 606](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

State voter information guides. Current law requires the Secretary of State to make available the complete contents of the state voter information guide over the Internet. Current law also requires the Secretary of State to establish procedures to allow a voter to opt out of receiving the state voter information guide by mail and, instead, to either receive the guide in an electronic format or receive an electronic notification making the guide available by means of online access. This bill would require the Secretary of State to instead include before each state measure a conspicuous notice that identifies the location on the Secretary of State’s Internet Web site of the specific constitutional or statutory provision that the state measure would repeal or revise, as specified.

[AB 918](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

California Voting for All Act. Current law requires that facsimile ballots be printed in other languages and posted in the same manner if a significant and substantial need is found by the Secretary of State. This bill, the California Voting for All Act, would instead require the county elections official to post one facsimile copy of the ballot that is printed in Spanish or other applicable languages, as determined by



the Secretary of State, and to provide at least one facsimile copy of the ballot for voters at the polling place to use as a reference when casting a private ballot.

[AB 1333](#)

[Dababneh D \(Dist. 45\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Political Reform Act of 1974: local government agency notices. Would require every local government agency that maintains an Internet Web site to prominently post on its Internet Web site, as specified, a notice of any upcoming election in which voters will vote on a tax measure or proposed bond issuance of the agency. The bill would also require every local government agency that publishes an electronic newsletter to include the notice in the electronic newsletter. By imposing new duties on local government agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[ACA 10](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Elections: voter qualifications. The California Constitution allows a United States citizen who is at least 18 years of age and a resident of California to vote. This measure would reduce the minimum voting age to 17.

[SB 24](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Political Reform Act of 1974: economic interest disclosure. The Political Reform Act of 1974 requires the disclosures to include a statement indicating, within a specified value range, the fair market value of investments or interests in real property and the aggregate value of income received from each reportable source. This bill would revise the dollar amounts associated with these ranges to provide for 8 total ranges of fair market value of investments and real property interests and 10 total ranges of aggregate value of income.

Renewable Energy

[AB 271](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Property Assessed Clean Energy program. Would authorize the county tax collector to direct the county auditor to remove a delinquent installment based on a PACE assessment from the county's tax rolls, if it arises from a contract entered into on or after January 1, 2018. The bill would require the county tax collector, immediately upon that removal and for each parcel for which the delinquent installment was removed, to provide notice on the tax rolls of the removal. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 242](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Property Assessed Clean Energy program: program administrator. Current law authorizes a public agency, or an entity that administers a PACE financing program on behalf of and with the written consent of a public agency, to issue PACE bonds that are secured by voluntary contractual assessments, voluntary special taxes, or special taxes on property to assist property owners in financing the installation of distributed generation renewable energy sources, electric vehicle charging infrastructure, or energy or water efficiency improvements. The bill would require a program administrator, before a property owner executes an assessment contract, as defined, to make an oral confirmation that at least one owner of the property has a copy of specified documents and forms related to the contract, and to provide an oral confirmation of the key terms of an assessment contract with the property owner on the call or an authorized representative of the owner on the call that contains specified information.

Risk Management

[AB 44](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



Workers' compensation: medical treatment: terrorist attacks: workplace violence. Would require employers to provide immediately accessible advocacy services to employees injured in the course of employment by an act of domestic terrorism, as defined, would require employer-appointed advocates to assist employees and others to obtain approval for medical treatments, as specified, and would require an employer to provide a prescribed notice to claimants, as specified. The bill would make its provisions applicable only if the Governor declares a state of emergency, as defined, in connection with the act of domestic terrorism.

[AB 61](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

State Compensation Insurance Fund: board. Current law establishes the State Compensation Insurance Fund to be administered by a board of directors for the purpose of transacting workers' compensation insurance and other public employment-related insurances, as specified. This bill would require one of the board members that the Governor appoints to be a current or former small business owner who is or has been a small business owner for more than 5 years or who is a State Compensation Insurance Fund policyholder, as specified. The bill would provide that the small business owner member shall be appointed to the first board vacancy that is not left by the labor member or the member with an auditing background.

Schools

[AB 424](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Possession of a firearm in a school zone. Would delete the authority of a school district superintendent, his or her designee, or equivalent school authority to provide written permission for a person to possess a firearm within a school zone. By expanding the scope of a crime, the bill would create a state-mandated local program. The bill would exempt from that crime the activities of a program involving shooting sports or activities that are sanctioned by a school, school district, college, university, or other governing body of the institution, as specified, and the activities of a certified hunter education program, as specified. The bill would make other conforming changes to related provisions.

[AB 591](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

School property: lease: county boards of education. Current law authorizes the governing board of a school district to lease real property that belongs to the school district for a minimum rental of \$1 per year if the instrument by which the property is leased requires a building to be constructed by the lessee for use by the school district and title to the building vests in the school district at the end of the lease. This bill would make all of the requirements in the provisions as specified applicable to an agreement entered into by a county board of education, county office of education, or county superintendent of schools to let to a person, firm, or corporation any real property that belongs to the county office of education or a school district that requires the lessee to construct a building on demised premises for use by the county office of education or a school district.

[AB 1227](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Human Trafficking Prevention Education and Training Act. The California Healthy Youth Act requires school districts to ensure that all pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, receive comprehensive sexual health education and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) prevention education, as specified. Under the act, this instruction includes, among other things, information about sexual harassment, sexual assault, adolescent relationship abuse, intimate partner violence, and sex trafficking. This bill would require that instruction to additionally include information about sexual abuse and to include information about human trafficking instead of sex trafficking.

[AB 1360](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Charter schools: pupil admissions, suspensions, and expulsions. The Charter Schools Act of 1992 provides for the establishment and operation of charter schools and requires a petition for the



establishment of a charter school to contain comprehensive descriptions of various procedures, including the charter school's admission, suspension, and expulsion procedures. This bill would require the charter petition, regardless of the chartering authority, to contain a comprehensive description of procedures by which a pupil can be suspended, expelled, or otherwise involuntarily removed, disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated from the charter school that includes an explanation of how the charter school will comply with specified federal and state constitutional due process requirements.

[SB 83](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

School finance: education omnibus trailer bill. Current law establishes a public school financing system that requires state funding for county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to be calculated pursuant to a local control funding formula, as specified. Current law requires, for the 2013–14 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Superintendent of Public Instruction to annually calculate a county local control funding formula for each county superintendent of schools, as provided. This bill, commencing with the 2017–18 fiscal year, would require the Superintendent to add a specified amount to the annual apportionment to each county superintendent of schools as part of the county local control funding formula, as provided.

[SB 138](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

School meal programs: free and reduced-price meals: universal meal service. Would, on or before September 1, 2018, require a school district or county superintendent of schools that has a very high poverty school, as defined, in its jurisdiction to apply to operate a federal universal meal service provision pursuant to specified federal law, and to begin providing breakfast and lunch free of charge through the universal meal service to all pupils at the very high poverty school upon state approval to operate that service. The bill would authorize a school district or county superintendent of schools to stop providing the universal free meal service at a school if the school ceases to be a very high poverty school.

[SB 233](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY SECOND READING

Foster children: records. Current law authorizes foster family agencies with jurisdiction over currently enrolled or former pupils to access records of grades and transcripts, and any individualized education plans developed pursuant to specified law maintained by school districts or private schools of those pupils. This bill would add to the information that may be accessed records of attendance, discipline, and online communication on platforms established by schools for pupils and parents, and any plan adopted pursuant to specified federal law, as provided, and would require that these records be the current or most recent records for the pupil.

[SB 257](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

School admissions: pupil residency: pupils of deported parents: residents of adjoining foreign country: school district reimbursement. Would provide that a pupil complies with the residency requirement for school attendance in a school district if he or she is a pupil whose parent or parents were residents of this state and were removed, or voluntarily departed pursuant to a specified federal law, and, if the pupil seeks admission to a school of a school district, requires that the pupil be admitted by the governing board of the school district if that pupil meets specified requirements. By requiring school districts to admit this class of pupils, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SB 607](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Pupil discipline: suspensions and expulsions: willful defiance. Current law prohibits the suspension of a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 3, inclusive, and recommending the expulsion of a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, for disrupting



school activities or otherwise willfully defying the valid authority of those school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. Current law makes these prohibitions inoperative on July 1, 2018. This bill would make those provisions indefinitely applicable to pupils enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 5, inclusive, and, with respect to pupils enrolled in grades 6 to 12, inclusive, would make those provisions applicable until July 1, 2023.

[SB 751](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

School finance: school districts: annual budgets: reserve balance. Would require the governing board of a school district that proposes to adopt a budget that includes unassigned ending balances in the school district's general fund and special reserve fund for other than capital outlay projects in excess of the minimum recommended reserve for economic uncertainties to provide specified information for public review and discussion. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Solid Waste

[AB 245](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Hazardous waste: enforcement. Current law permits the Department of Toxic Substances Control or an agency authorized to implement and enforce certain laws relating to hazardous materials, known as a unified program agency, to enforce the Hazardous Waste Control Law. Current law authorizes the department or a unified program agency to issue an order that requires a violation to be corrected and imposes an administrative penalty when there is a violation of the hazardous waste control laws, laws regulating hazardous substances, or any permit, rule, regulation, standard, or requirement issued or adopted pursuant to those laws. Under existing law, a person who does not comply with the order is subject to a civil penalty. This bill would increase these administrative and civil penalties to \$70,000 and would make nonsubstantive changes in these provisions.

[AB 246](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Department of Toxic Substances Control: hazardous waste: facilities: emissions monitoring. Would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control to assess, in consultation with the relevant air pollution control district or air quality management district, hazardous waste facilities under its jurisdiction within the respective territory of each air district to determine if fence-line or other monitoring to measure and record emissions at those facilities is necessary or appropriate. To the extent this requirement would impose additional duties on air districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require the department, based on its findings upon completion of the assessment, to adopt regulations, on or before September 1, 2018, for fence-line monitoring at hazardous waste facilities.

[AB 248](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Hazardous waste: facilities: permits. Would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire on or before July 1, 2020, the owner or operator of a facility intending to extend the term of that permit to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 6 months before the fixed term of the permit expires. The bill would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire after July 1, 2020, the owner or operator to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 2 years before the fixed term of the permit expires.

[AB 249](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures. Current law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing and activities. The act requires a committee that supports or opposes ballot measures to name and identify itself using a name or phrase that clearly identifies the economic or other special interests of its major donors of \$50,000 or



more. The act also requires that the identity of a common employer shared by major donors be disclosed. This bill would repeal these provisions.

Technology

[SB 649](#)

[Hueso D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Wireless telecommunications facilities. Under current law, a wireless telecommunications collocation facility, as specified, is subject to a city or county discretionary permit and is required to comply with specified criteria, but a collocation facility, which is the placement or installation of wireless facilities, including antennas and related equipment, on or immediately adjacent to that wireless telecommunications collocation facility, is a permitted use not subject to a city or county discretionary permit. This bill would provide that a small cell is a permitted use, subject only to a specified permitting process adopted by a city or county, if the small cell meets specified requirements.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

Transportation

[AB 1](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Transportation funding. Would create the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program to address deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system. The bill would require the California Transportation Commission to adopt performance criteria, consistent with a specified asset management plan, to ensure efficient use of certain funds available for the program. The bill would provide for the deposit of various funds for the program in the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account, which the bill would create in the State Transportation Fund.

[AB 17](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Transit Pass Pilot Program: free or reduced-fare transit passes. Would, upon the appropriation of moneys from the Public Transportation Account by the Legislature, create the Transit Pass Pilot Program to be administered by the Department of Transportation to provide free or reduced-fare transit passes, directly or through a 3rd party, including a transit agency, to specified pupils and students by supporting new, or expanding existing, transit pass programs. The bill would require the department to develop guidelines that describe the application process and selection criteria for awarding the moneys made available for the program, and would exempt the development of those guidelines from the Administrative Procedure Act.

[AB 28](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Department of Transportation: environmental review process: federal pilot program. Current federal law requires the United States Secretary of Transportation to carry out a surface transportation project delivery pilot program, under which the participating states assume certain responsibilities for environmental review and clearance of transportation projects that would otherwise be the responsibility of the federal government. Current law, until January 1, 2017, provided that the State of California consents to the jurisdiction of the federal courts with regard to the compliance, discharge, or enforcement of the responsibilities it assumed as a participant in the pilot program. This bill would reinstate the operation of the latter provision. The bill would repeal that provision on January 1, 2020. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

[AB 115](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Transportation. Current law requires that a patrol member of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) who is subject to specified benefit formulas be retired in the calendar month succeeding that in which he or she attains 60 years of age. Current law, until January 1, 2018, exempts from this requirement a Commissioner of the California Highway Patrol, as specified, who was appointed on or after January 1, 2008. This bill would continue this exemption until April 1, 2019.



[AB 118](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Transportation. Would require the Department of Transportation to develop and submit to the Legislature and specified legislative caucuses, by January 1, 2019, a detailed outreach plan intended to increase procurement opportunities for new and limited contracting small business enterprises, as defined, including, but not limited to, those owned by women, minority, disabled veterans, LGBT, and other disadvantaged groups, in all the department's transportation programs, to undertake specified outreach activities required to be included in the plan, and to update that plan and submit it to specified entities.

[AB 179](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

California Transportation Commission. Under current law, the California Transportation Commission consists of 13 members, 9 of whom are to be appointed by the Governor in consultation with the Senate. Current law requires the Governor, in appointing members, to use every effort to ensure geographic balance of representation. This bill would additionally require the Governor, in appointing members, to use every effort to ensure that the commission has a diverse membership with expertise in transportation issues, taking into consideration factors including, but not limited to, socioeconomic background and professional experience, which may include experience working in, or representing, disadvantaged communities.

[AB 1069](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local government: taxicab transportation services. Current law requires every city or county to adopt an ordinance or resolution in regard to taxicab transportation service and requires each city or county to provide for a policy for entry into the business of providing taxicab transportation service, the establishment or registration of rates for the provision of taxicab transportation service, and a mandatory controlled substance and alcohol testing certification program for drivers, as specified. This bill would require a city or county that adopts an ordinance pursuant to the above-described requirements to include in that ordinance a general authorization for a company to set fares and charge a set rate, but would authorize a joint powers authority, transit agency, or countywide transportation authority to impose a maximum rate, and would require a company to comply with requirements related to the calculations and disclosure of rates.

[AB 1113](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

State Transit Assistance Program. Current law requires funds in the Public Transportation Account to be allocated to various public transportation and transportation planning purposes, with specified revenues in the account to be allocated by the Controller to specified local transportation agencies for public transportation purposes, pursuant to the State Transit Assistance (STA) Program. Current law requires STA funds to be allocated by formulas based 50% on population and 50% on transit operator revenues. This bill would revise and recast the provisions governing the STA program. The bill would provide that only STA-eligible operators, as defined, are eligible to receive an allocation from the portion of program funds based on transit operator revenues.

[AB 1282](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ENROLLMENT

Transportation Permitting Task Force. Would require, by April 1, 2018, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, to establish a Transportation Permitting Taskforce consisting of representatives from specified entities to develop a process for early engagement for all parties in the development of transportation projects, establish reasonable deadlines for permit approvals, and provide for greater certainty of permit approval requirements. The bill would require the Secretary of Transportation, by December 1, 2019, to prepare and submit to the relevant policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature a report of findings based on the efforts of the taskforce.



AB 1523

Obernolte R (Dist. 33)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

San Bernardino County Transportation Authority: design-build. The County Transportation Commissions Act provides for the creation of county transportation commissions in specific counties, with various powers and duties relative to transportation planning and funding, as specified. This bill would authorize the SBCTA, upon approval of its board of directors, to use the design-build contracting process for local agencies to award a contract for the construction of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Viaduct project in the City of San Bernardino (the project). This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

SB 1

Beall D (Dist. 15)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Transportation funding. Would create the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program to address deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system. The bill would require the California Transportation Commission to adopt performance criteria, consistent with a specified asset management plan, to ensure efficient use of certain funds available for the program.

SB 103

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Transportation. Would require the Department of Transportation to develop and submit to the Legislature and specified legislative caucuses, by January 1, 2019, a detailed outreach plan intended to increase procurement opportunities for new and limited contracting small business enterprises, as defined, including, but not limited to, those owned by women, minority, disabled veterans, LGBT, and other disadvantaged groups, in all the department’s transportation programs, to undertake specified outreach activities required to be included in the plan, and to update that plan and submit it to specified entities.

SB 414

Vidak R (Dist. 14)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Transportation bonds: highway, street, and road projects. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

SB 810

Committee on Transportation and Housing

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Transportation: omnibus bill. Current law prohibits a person holding a class A, class B, or class C driver’s license from operating a vehicle hauling fissile class III shipments or large quantity radioactive materials, as defined, unless the person possesses both a valid license of the appropriate class and a radioactive materials driver’s certificate issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles that permits the person to operate the vehicle. This bill would delete the existing examination and certificate requirement and instead prohibit a person holding a class A, class B, or class C driver’s license from operating a vehicle hauling highway route controlled quantities of radioactive materials, as defined, unless the person possesses both a valid license of the appropriate class and a certificate of training, as required under specified federal law.

Veterans

AB 94

Rodriguez D (Dist. 52)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED



Corporation Tax Law: exemption: veteran's organizations. Under current law, there is a method by which a nonprofit organization that has obtained a ruling, determination, or specified letter from the Internal Revenue Service that it is exempt from federal income taxes as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3), (c)(4), (c)(5), (c)(6), or (c)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code is authorized to obtain exemption from state taxes, as provided. This bill would additionally authorize an organization described in Section 501(c)(19), which is a veteran's organization, to use that method to obtain such an exemption.

[AB 331](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

County recorders: veterans: recorded documents. Current law directs the county recorder, if any military veteran or a family member or legal representative of the veteran authorized by law to receive a certified copy of specified documents requests the recordation of any military discharge document, including a veteran's service form DD214, to sign a form that acknowledges that the document becomes part of the official record of the county. This bill would remove the directive to require the veteran or authorized person sign a form acknowledging that the document becomes part of the official record of the county.

[AB 547](#)

[Chávez R \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

California Prompt Payment Act: disabled veteran business enterprises. Would require state agencies to pay an undisputed invoice from a certified disabled veteran business enterprise that is also a small business, as defined, within 30 days of initial receipt. The bill would require a state agency to submit a claim on an undisputed invoice to the Controller for payment within 15 calendar days of the agency's receipt. If an agency fails to submit a correct claim schedule within 15 days of receiving an invoice, and payment is not made within 30 days of receipt, the bill would require the agency to pay penalties from its funds, as specified.

[AB 1362](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Veterans bond acts. Would enact the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2017 to authorize the issuance of bonds in an unspecified amount to provide additional funding for the VHHPA. The bill would provide for the handling and disposition of the funds in the same manner as the 2014 bond act. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 14](#)

[Gaines R \(Dist. 1\)](#)

Location: SENATE V. A.

National Guard: bonuses: tax reimbursement. Would create a grant program to repay members of the National Guard who paid taxes on an enlistment bonus awarded on or after January 1, 2004, and before January 1, 2011, that the member was required to repay. The bill would provide a grant in the amount equal to the taxes that the member paid on that bonus. This bill would require the Franchise Tax Board to create an application for this grant program, and would appropriate, from the General Fund to the Franchise Tax Board, the amount necessary to fund the grants and the administration of this grant program and the exclusion as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 156](#)

[Anderson R \(Dist. 38\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Military and veterans: transition assistance: citizenship. Current law requires, by July 1, 2015, the Department of Veterans Affairs to develop a transition assistance program for veterans who have been discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard of any state, as specified. This bill would require the transition assistance program for veterans to provide information to noncitizens who are leaving military service in California or who have already been discharged from military service in California on how to become citizens, including information on where to acquire state legal assistance.

[SCR 4](#)

[Nguyen R \(Dist. 34\)](#)



Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Month of the Military Child. This measure would declare the month of April 2017 as the Month of the Military Child, and would urge all Californians, local and state leaders, private organizations, and businesses to observe the month by showing appreciation to the children and youth of military and veteran families, including children of the fallen, for standing by their parents and loved ones who are serving or have served as members of the Armed Forces of the United States.

[SJR 2](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE V. A.

Veteran bonus repayment. This measure would request that Congress expedite all actions necessary to permanently waive the requirement that our state's Army National Guard members repay federal financial incentives they received in exchange for wartime reenlistment and extend some form of relief or repayment to those soldiers who have already complied with recoupment orders despite the financial hardship.

Water

[AB 176](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Water project: Friant-Kern Canal. Current law requires the Department of Water Resources, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to provide funding for a project that substantially conforms to the project description for the Reverse Flow Pump-back Facilities on the Friant-Kern Canal Restoration Project, as specified, provided that certain conditions are met. Current law requires that the appropriation be no more than \$7,000,000. This bill would appropriate \$7,000,000 from the General Fund to the department for this project. This bill contains other related provisions.

[AB 200](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Reclamation District No. 1614: Pump Station No. 7. Would appropriate \$1,175,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Water Resources for the purpose of constructing a new pump station to replace Pump Station No. 7 of Reclamation District No. 1614 – Smith Tract. The bill would require the department to grant the \$1,175,000 appropriated for the purpose of replacing the pump station to Reclamation District No. 1614 — Smith Tract to construct a new pump station to replace Pump Station No. 7.

[AB 277](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Water and Wastewater Loan and Grant Program. Would, to the extent funding is made available, authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to establish the Water and Wastewater Loan and Grant Program to provide funding to eligible applicants for specified purposes relating to drinking water and wastewater treatment. This bill would authorize a county or qualified nonprofit organization to apply to the board for a grant to award loans or grants, or both, to an eligible applicant. The bill would authorize the board to use a funding source that is authorized for and consistent with the purposes of the program.

[AB 321](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Groundwater sustainability agencies. Sustainable Groundwater Management Act requires a groundwater sustainability agency to consider the interests of all beneficial uses and users of groundwater, as well as those responsible for implementing groundwater sustainability plans, including, among other interests, holders of overlying groundwater rights, including agricultural users and domestic well owners. This bill would specifically include farmers, ranchers, and dairy professionals in the agricultural users whose interests a groundwater sustainability agency is required to consider.

[AB 339](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



State Water Pollution Cleanup and Abatement Account. The Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act creates the State Water Pollution Cleanup and Abatement Account in the State Water Quality Control Fund and continuously appropriates moneys in the account to the state board for the purposes of cleaning up waste or abating its effects on state waters. Existing law, until July 1, 2018, authorizes the state board to pay these moneys from the account to, among others, a community water system that services a disadvantaged community to be used to assist in addressing urgent drinking water need, among other purposes. This bill would limit the above-described payments to grants, and would delete the July 1, 2018, sunset date. By extending the term of an existing appropriation, this bill would make an appropriation.

[AB 367](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Water supply: building permits. Current law prohibits a city, including a charter city, or a county from issuing a building permit for the construction of a new residential development where a source of the water supply is water transported by a water hauler, bottled water, a water-vending machine, or a retail water facility. Under current law, this prohibition on the issuance of a building permit does not apply to a residence that will be rebuilt because of a natural disaster. This bill would exempt from the prohibition on the issuance of a building permit a residence that will be rebuilt because of a fire and would provide that this is declaratory of existing law.

[AB 560](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund: project financing: severely disadvantaged communities. Would, to the extent permitted by federal law, authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to provide grant funding, and principal forgiveness and 0% financing on loans, from the Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund to a project for a water system with a service area that qualifies as a severely disadvantaged community if the water system demonstrates that repaying a Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund loan with interest would result in unaffordable water rates, as defined.

[AB 619](#)

[Dahle R \(Dist. 1\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Sierra Lakes County Water District. Would specifically authorize the Sierra Lakes County Water District, in order to regulate, prohibit, or control the discharge of pollutants, waste, or other materials in groundwater or surface waters, (1) to adopt by ordinance requirements relating to the installation and use of small aboveground or small underground tanks, as defined, designed to contain an accumulation of hazardous substances, and (2) to prohibit by ordinance the installation of new small underground tanks or new underground storage tanks, as defined, for the storage of petroleum within the tributary watershed of Lakes Serena and Dulzura.

[AB 1442](#)

[Allen, Travis R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Bonds: transportation: water projects. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds received from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

[SB 57](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Natural gas storage: moratorium. The Public Utilities Commission under current law, is authorized to supervise and regulate every public utility in the state. Current law requires the commission, no later



than July 1, 2017, to open a proceeding to determine the feasibility of minimizing or eliminating use of the Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility located in the County of Los Angeles while still maintaining energy and electric reliability for the region, and to consult with specified entities in making its determination. This bill would require the supervisor to continue that prohibition until a specified root cause analysis of the natural gas leak from the facility that started approximately October 23, 2015, has been completed and released in its entirety to the public.

[SB 252](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Water wells. Would, until January 30, 2020, would require a city or county overlying a critically overdrafted basin, as defined, to request estimates of certain information from an applicant for a new well located within a critically overdrafted basin as part of an application for a well permit. The bill would require a city or county that receives an application for a well permit in a critically overdrafted basin to make the information about the new well included in the application for a well permit available to both the public and to groundwater sustainability agencies and easily accessible. The bill would authorize a city or county to issue a new well permit within a critically overdrafted basin when these requirements have been met.

[SCA 4](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Water conservation. The California Constitution requires that the water resources of the state be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented. This measure would declare the intent of the Legislature to amend the California Constitution to provide a program that would ensure that affordable water is available to all Californians and to ensure that water conservation is given a permanent role in California's future.

Workforce

[AB 316](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Workforce development. Current law requires the Employment Training Panel within the Employment Development Department to submit an annual report to the Legislature that contains summaries of information related to projects operated by the panel. This bill would require the panel to solicit proposals and write performance-based contracts to fund projects that expedite and increase the number of middle-skill workers employed in an eligible industry. This bill would require projects funded by this program to comply with certain requirements.

[AB 600](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing and research: useful life: electric power generation. Current sales and use tax laws partially exempt from those taxes, until July 1, 2018, the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of, specified tangible personal property purchased for use by a qualified person, as defined, to be used primarily in manufacturing or other processes, and in research and development. Consumables with a useful life of less than one year do not qualify for exemption, and useful life is defined by reference to state income or franchise taxes. This bill, on and after January 1, 2018, and before July 1, 2028, would additionally define useful life by reference to manufacturer or other warranties, maintenance contracts, and normal replacement as established by industry or business practices, would additionally exempt from those taxes special purpose buildings and foundations used for the generation, production, storage, or distribution, as defined, of electric power, and would expand the definition of qualified person to include, among others, a person primarily engaged in the business of electric power generation.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1111](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING



Removing Barriers to Employment Act: Breaking Barriers to Employment Initiative. Would enact the Removing Barriers to Employment Act, which would establish the Breaking Barriers to Employment Initiative administered by the California Workforce Development Board. The bill would specify that the purpose of the initiative is to create a grant program to provide individuals with barriers to employment the services they need to enter, participate in, and complete broader workforce preparation, training, and education programs aligned with regional labor market needs. The bill would specify that people completing these programs should have the skills and competencies to successfully enter the labor market, retain employment, and earn wages that lead to self-sufficiency and economic security.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1149](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Workforce investment boards: funding. Current law requires local workforce investment boards to spend a minimum percentage of specified funds for adults and dislocated workers on federally identified workforce training programs and allows the boards to leverage specified funds to meet the funding requirements, as specified. Current law authorizes a credit of up to 10% of that funding minimum for leveraged funds, which include Pell Grants and employment training panel grants. This bill would expand the types of services to which leveraged funds may be applied to include supportive services and would expand the types of leveraged funds that may be applied to the 10% credit, described above, to include specified federal, local, state, and private funds.

[AB 1336](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

California Workforce Development Board. Would require the California Workforce Development Board to determine the approach for measuring labor market impacts, provided that, to the extent feasible, the board uses statistically rigorous methodologies to estimate, assess, and isolate the impact of programs on participant outcomes. The bill would modify the requirement that the workforce metrics dashboard be produced using existing available data and resources that are currently collected and accessible to state agencies, to require that it be done to the extent feasible.

[SB 418](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE UNFINISHED BUSINESS

Public contracts: skilled and trained workforce. Current law defines a “skilled and trained workforce” to mean a workforce that meets certain conditions for when a public entity is required by statute or regulation to obtain an enforceable commitment that a bidder, contractor, or other entity will use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. Current law also authorizes a public entity to require that a bidder, contractor, or other entity use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. This bill would revise the definition of a “skilled and trained workforce” to exclude from the conditions work performed on or after specified dates, in certain occupations.

Total Measures: 302