



CAO Legislative Report

Administration

[AB 347](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Weights and measures: inspection: fees. Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the Secretary of Food and Agriculture to establish by regulation an annual administrative fee to recover reasonable administrative and enforcement costs incurred by the department for exercising supervision over and performing investigations in connection with the activities performed by sealers described above, and requires the administrative fee to be collected for every device registered with each county office of weights and measures and paid annually to the Department of Food and Agriculture Fund. This bill would extend the authority of the board of supervisors of a county to charge an annual registration fee to recover the costs of the county sealer, as provided, until January 1, 2022, and would extend certain other related provisions. The bill would also continue the annual administrative fee to recover the costs incurred by the department described above until January 1, 2022.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1838](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Local government: taxation: prohibition: groceries. The Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law authorizes counties and cities to impose a local sales and use tax in accordance with that law for tangible personal property sold at retail in the county or city, or purchased for storage, use, or other consumption in the county or city. That law requires the county or city to contract with the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration for the administration of the taxes and requires the department to transmit those taxes to the city or county. This bill, on and after the effective date of this chapter and until January 1, 2031, would prohibit the imposition, increase, levy and collection, or enforcement by a local agency of any tax, fee, or other assessment on groceries, except as provided.

[AB 1877](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Office of Emergency Services: communications: translation. Would require the Office of Emergency Services and the governing body of each political subdivision, including each operational area, to translate any emergency communication to the public into the most commonly spoken language other than English in the impacted county or counties, or, at the option of a county, into one or more languages other than English spoken in the county pursuant to an individualized language assessment of that county. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2238](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Local agency formation: regional housing need allocation: fire hazards: local health emergencies: hazardous and medical waste. The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 provides the authority and procedures for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization and reorganization of cities and districts. The act specifies the factors that a local agency formation commission is required to consider in the review of a proposal for a change of organization or reorganization, including, among other things, per capita assessed valuation and the proposal's consistency with city or county general and specific plans. This bill would require the commission to consider the assessed valuation rather than per capita assessed valuation.

[AB 2249](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Public contracts: local agencies: alternative procedure. The Uniform Public Construction Cost Accounting Act permits the governing body of a public agency, in the event all bids received for the performance of that public project are in excess of \$175,000, to award the contract at \$187,500 or less



to the lowest responsible bidder if it determines the cost estimate of the public agency was reasonable. This bill would instead authorize public projects of \$60,000 or less to be performed by the employees of a public agency, authorize public projects of \$200,000 or less to be let to contract by informal procedures, and require public projects of more than \$200,000 to be let to contract by formal bidding procedures.

[AB 2258](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Local agency formation commissions: grant program. Current law establishes the Strategic Growth Council in state government and assigns to the council certain duties, including providing, funding, and distributing data and information to local governments and regional agencies that will assist in the development and planning of sustainable communities. This bill would require the Strategic Growth Council, until January 1, 2024, to establish and administer a local agency formation commissions grant program for the payment of costs associated with initiating and completing the dissolution of districts listed as inactive, the payment of costs associated with a study of the services provided within a county by a public agency, and for other specified purposes, including the initiation of an action, based on determinations found in the study, as approved by the commission.

[AB 2334](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Occupational injuries and illness: employer reporting requirements: electronic submission. Would permit the Office of Self-Insurance Plans of the Department of Industrial Relations to use individually identifiable information as necessary to carry out its duties. The bill would authorize the office to make public the identity of claims administrators, joint powers authorities, and individual public self-insured employers, provided that individually identifiable claimant information or any portion of excess insurance coverage information that contains any individually identifiable claimant information is not made public. Existing law requires, for purposes of the workers' compensation system, every employer except the state to secure the payment of compensation in one or more ways, including by securing from the Director of Industrial Relations a certificate of consent to self-insure either as an individual employer, or as one employer in a group of employers.

[AB 2558](#)

[Brough R \(Dist. 73\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

County officers. Current law sets forth the officers of a county and authorizes the board of supervisors of a county to consolidate, separate, and reconsolidate their duties, as specified. Current law further authorizes the board to consolidate the offices of auditor, controller, treasurer, tax collector, and director of finance. This bill would prohibit the board of supervisors from consolidating an elective office with an appointed office pursuant to these provisions, or separating those offices once combined, except through a specified election process.

[AB 2681](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Seismic safety: potentially vulnerable buildings. Current law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. The mitigation program may include, among other things, the adoption by ordinance of a hazardous buildings program, measures to strengthen buildings, and the application of structural standards necessary to provide for life safety above current code requirements. This bill would, upon the identification of funding by the Office of Emergency Services, require the building department of a city or county that meets specified requirements to create an inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings, as defined, within its jurisdiction, based on age and other publicly available information, and submit that inventory to the office, as specified.



[AB 2853](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Local government: economic development subsidies. Current law requires each local agency, as defined, to provide specified information to the public before approving an economic development subsidy within its jurisdiction, and to, among other things, hold hearings and report on those subsidies, as provided. Current law defines “economic development subsidy” for these purposes to mean any expenditure of public funds or loss of revenue to a local agency in the amount of \$100,000 or more, for the purpose of stimulating economic development within the jurisdiction of a local agency, as provided. This bill would similarly require each local agency to provide specified information to the public before approving an economic development subsidy for a warehouse distribution center, as defined, and to, among things, hold hearings and report on those subsidies, as provided.

[AB 3081](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Employment: sexual harassment. Current law prohibits an employer from discharging or in any manner discriminating or retaliating against an employee who is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking for taking time off work to obtain specified relief or because of the employee’s status as a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, if the victim provides notice to the employer of the status or the employer has actual knowledge of the status. This bill would also prohibit an employer from discharging or in any manner discriminating or retaliating against an employee who is a victim of sexual harassment, as defined, for taking time off work to obtain specified relief or because of the employee’s status as a victim of sexual harassment.

[AB 3082](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

In-home supportive services. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in consultation with interested stakeholders, to develop a plan to address the issue of sexual harassment of IHSS providers and recipients. The bill would require the plan to include a recommended uniform method to track reports and outcomes of sexual harassment cases in the program and standardized sexual harassment education for providers and recipients, as specified. The bill would require the department, on or before September 30, 2019, and in consultation with the interested stakeholders, to submit a report to the Legislature summarizing the plan.

[AB 3254](#)

Committee on Local Government

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Local government organization: omnibus. The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 (the Act) provides the authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization, reorganization, and sphere of influence changes for cities and districts, as specified. Current law defines various terms for purposes of that Act, including the terms “affected territory” and “inhabited territory.” This bill would revise those definitions to include territory that is to receive extended services from a local agency, and additionally define the term “uninhabited territory” for purposes of the Act.

[SB 872](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Local government: taxation: prohibition: groceries. AB 1838 of the 2017– 18 Regular Session, if enacted, on and after the effective date of that bill and until January 1, 2031, would prohibit the imposition, increase, levy and collection, or enforcement by a local agency of any tax, fee, or other assessment on groceries, except as provided That bill would allow a local agency to continue to levy and collect, enforce, or reauthorize any tax, fee, or other assessment on groceries imposed, extended, or increased on or before January 1, 2018. That bill would make inoperative on the effective date of that measure any tax, fee, or other assessment on groceries imposed by a local agency after January 1, 2018. This bill would exclude cannabis from the definition of groceries, as defined for purposes of AB 1838 of the 2017–18 Regular Session, if that bill is enacted and becomes effective.



SB 1303

Pan D (Dist. 6)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Coroner: county office of the medical examiner. Would, commencing January 1, 2020, for counties with a population of 500,000 or greater, excluding a county that has adopted a charter, require that the office of the coroner or the sheriff’s coroner’s office, as applicable, be replaced with an office of the medical examiner to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the coroner without a public vote or election. By requiring that counties comply with these requirements, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require that the office of medical examiner operate independently from any other county agency or official in the conduct of autopsies.

SB 1366

Mendoza D (Dist. 0)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Sales and use taxes: revenue allocation: public safety services. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would limit the amount of revenues derived from the imposition of the sale and use taxes pursuant to Proposition 172 that are maintained in reserves by counties to 5% of the total allocation of those revenues received in the previous budget year and would make related findings and declarations.

SB 1429

Mendoza D (Dist. 0)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Sales and use taxes: revenue allocation: public safety services. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would limit the amount of revenues derived from the imposition of the tax pursuant to Proposition 172 that are maintained in reserves by counties to 5% of the total allocation of those revenues received in the previous budget year and would make related findings and declarations.

Air Quality

AB 193

Cervantes D (Dist. 60)

Location: SENATE SECOND READING

Electric Vehicle Consumer Battery and Fuel Cell Assurance Project. This bill would require the State Air Resources Board to establish the Electric Vehicle Consumer Battery and Fuel Cell Assurance Project to provide rebates either for Electric Vehicle Consumer Battery and Fuel Cell Assurance Project to provide rebates either for the replacement of or a vehicle service contract, as defined, for a battery, fuel cell, or related components for an eligible used vehicle or for a vehicle service contract to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer’s warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified. The bill would authorize moneys, upon appropriation, from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be allocated by the state board for the Electric Vehicle Consumer Battery and Fuel Cell Assurance Project.

SB 1502

Committee on Environmental Quality

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Nonvehicular air pollution. Current law generally designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency with the primary responsibility for the control of vehicular air pollution, and air pollution control and air quality management districts with the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources. This bill would authorize air districts to send electronically instead of by mail any required public notice. The bill would require air districts to send a public notice by mail to any person who has requested the notices to be sent by mail.

Behavioral Health

AB 870

Levine D (Dist. 10)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a



mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

[AB 2022](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pupil mental health services: school notification. Would require a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to notify pupils and parents or guardians of pupils no less than twice during the school year how to initiate access to available pupil mental health services on campus or in the community, or both, as provided. By imposing an additional requirement on schools of school districts and county offices of education and charter schools, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2316](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Mental health: county patients' rights advocates: training materials. Current law requires each local mental health director to appoint, or contract for the services of, one or more county patients' rights advocates. Current law requires these advocates to, among other things, monitor mental health facilities, services, and programs, as defined, for compliance with statutory and regulatory patients' rights provisions, and receive and investigate certain complaints from or concerning recipients of mental health services residing in licensed health or community care facilities. This bill would require the contracted entity to make patients' rights advocacy training materials readily accessible to all county patients' rights advocates online and would require the training materials to include specified topics. The bill would require a county to verify that its patients' rights advocates review the training materials within 90 days of employment.

[AB 2333](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Office of Emergency Services: behavioral health response. Would establish a behavioral health deputy director within the Office of Emergency Services to ensure individuals have access to necessary mental and behavioral health services and supports in the aftermath of a natural disaster or declaration of a state of emergency and would require the deputy director to collaborate with the Director of Health Care Services to coordinate the delivery of trauma-related support to individuals affected by a natural disaster or state of emergency.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 2608](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program: former foster youth. Current law authorizes any licensed mental health service provider, as defined, including a marriage and family therapist, associate marriage and family therapist, licensed clinical social worker, and associate clinical social worker, who provides direct patient care in a publicly funded facility or a mental health professional shortage area, as defined, to apply for grants under the Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program to reimburse his or her educational loans related to a career as a licensed mental health service provider, as specified. This bill would require an account to be created within the Mental Health Practitioner Education Fund and upon solely to fund grants to repay educational loans for applicants who commit to practice in specified facilities for at least 24 months, who are marriage and family therapists, associate marriage and family therapists, licensed clinical social workers, associate clinical social workers, licensed professional clinical counselors, or associate professional clinical counselors, and who were formerly in California's foster youth care system. This bill contains other existing laws.



[AB 2619](#)

[Allen, Travis R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental health services funding: homeless persons. Would appropriate \$10,000,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Health Care Services to be distributed to counties for the purpose of funding innovative programs to provide mental health services to California's homeless population.

[AB 2843](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Mental Health Services Fund. The Mental Health Services Act requires funds allocated to a county that have not been spent within a specified time to revert to the Mental Health Services Fund and to be reallocated to other counties for the purposes for which the unspent funds were initially allocated to the original county. The MHSA permits amendment by the Legislature by a 2/3 vote of each house if the amendment is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the MHSA. This bill would additionally require those funds subject to reversion to be reallocated to cities, special districts, school districts, or other public entities for the provision of mental health services consistent with the intent of the MHSA.

[SB 142](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Criminal offenders: mental health. Current law requires, if a person is convicted of a felony and is eligible for probation, before judgment is pronounced, the court to immediately refer the matter to a probation officer to investigate and report to the court upon the circumstances surrounding the crime and the prior history and record of the person. This bill would authorize a defendant to provide documentation to the court that he or she is currently, or was at any prior time, eligible for public mental health services due to a serious mental illness or eligible for Social Security Disability Insurance due to a diagnosed mental illness.

[SB 192](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Mental Health Services Fund. The MHSA authorizes a county to maintain a prudent reserve to ensure that services do not have to be significantly reduced in years in which revenues are below the average of previous years. The MHSA, except as specified, requires any funds allocated to a county that have not been spent for their authorized purpose within 3 years to revert to the state to be deposited into the fund and available for other counties in future years. This bill would clarify that the value of a prudent reserve shall not exceed the greatest reduction in revenue received pursuant to the MHSA in the last 10 years and would require the county to reassess the maximum amount of the prudent reserve every 5 years.

[SB 215](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment. For specified offenses, the bill would condition granting diversion on the consent of the prosecution.

[SB 275](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Alcohol and drug treatment: youth. The current Adolescent Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 1998, which authorized the State Department of Alcohol and Drug programs to establish community-based nonresidential and residential recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and other drug use among youth, became inoperative on July 1, 2013. This



bill would repeal those inoperative provisions and would enact the Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults Substance Use Disorder Treatment, Early Intervention, and Prevention Act.

[SB 688](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Mental Health Services Act: revenue and expenditure reports. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with the commission and the County Behavioral Health Directors Association of California, to develop and administer instructions for the Annual Mental Health Services Act Revenue and Expenditure Report, which gathers specified information on mental health spending as a result of the MHSA, including the expenditures of funds distributed to each county. Current law requires counties to electronically submit the report to the department and the commission. This bill would additionally require counties to adhere to uniform accounting standards and procedures prescribed by the Controller, as specified, in preparing the reports, with the exception of expenditures or receipts related to capital facilities and technology needs.

[SB 992](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities. Would change the definition of “alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility” to include facilities that provide residential nonmedical services for less than 24 hours in a day, thereby subjecting additional facilities to the above-referenced licensing and regulatory requirements applicable to those facilities. This bill contains other related provisions.

[SB 1004](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Mental Health Services Act: prevention and early intervention. Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, on or before January 1, 2020, to establish priorities for the use of prevention and early intervention funds and to develop a statewide strategy for monitoring implementation of prevention and early intervention services, including enhancing public understanding of prevention and early intervention and creating metrics for assessing the effectiveness of how prevention and early intervention funds are used and the outcomes that are achieved. The bill would require the commission to establish a strategy for technical assistance, support, and evaluation to support the successful implementation of the objectives, metrics, data collection, and reporting strategy.

[SB 1019](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Youth mental health and substance use disorder services. Existing law provides that funds appropriated by the Legislature to the California Health Facilities Financing Authority and the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission for the purposes of the act be made available to selected counties or counties acting jointly, except as otherwise provided, and used to provide, among other things, a complete continuum of crisis services for children and youth 21 years of age and under regardless of where they live in the state. This bill would require the commission, when making these funds available, to allocate at least 1/2 of those funds to local educational agency and mental health partnerships, as specified. The bill would require this funding to be made available to support prevention, early intervention, and direct services, as determined by the commission. This bill contains other related provisions.

[SB 1101](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental health. The Mental Health Services Act (MHSA), an initiative measure enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, establishes the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to oversee the administration of various parts of the act. The MHSA permits amendment by the Legislature by a 2/3 vote of each house if the amendment is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the MHSA. This bill would require the



commission, on or before January 1, 2020, to establish statewide objectives for the prevention, early intervention, and treatment of mental illness, the promotion of mental health and well-being, and innovation as a strategy for transformational change, and metrics by which progress toward each of those objectives may be measured.

[SB 1228](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Substance use disorder: licensed and certified treatment programs. Would enact the Substance Use Disorder Patient Protection Act to prohibit a licensee or an employee of a licensee from referring a patient to a facility, residence, or dwelling that is not either a licensee or certified, or engaging in patient brokering. The act would define “patient brokering” to include, among other things, directly referring a patient to a provider of substance use disorder continuum of care in exchange for any economic benefit. The act would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a program to approve organizations that certify facilities, residences, or dwellings which provide substance use disorder continuum of care, are not licensees, and meet specified requirements that include a ban on patient brokering.

Cannabis

[AB 106](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Cannabis: licenses: criminal records. Would specify that the Bureau of Cannabis Control, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health may obtain and receive, at their discretion, criminal history information from the Department of Justice and the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation for an applicant for any state license under MAUCRSA, including any license established by a licensing authority by regulation pursuant to the authority as specified. The bill would require the Department of Justice to forward all requests for federal criminal history record information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for these purposes and to review the information and compile and disseminate a response to the licensing authority.

[AB 350](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Cannabis edibles: appealing to children. The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), enacted by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, regulates the cultivation, distribution, and use of cannabis for nonmedical purposes by individuals 21 years of age and older. AUMA places specified requirements on cannabis products, including prohibiting cannabis products that are designed to be appealing to children or easily confused with commercially sold candy or foods that do not contain marijuana. This bill would amend the AUMA to prohibit a cannabis product from being made in the shape of a person, animal, insect, or fruit.

[AB 710](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Cannabidiol. Current law restricts the prescription, furnishing, possession, sale, and use of controlled substances, including cannabis and synthetic cannabinoid compounds, and makes a violation of those laws a crime, except as specified. This bill, if one of specified changes in federal law regarding the controlled substance cannabidiol occurs, would deem a physician, pharmacist, or other authorized healing arts licensee who prescribes, furnishes, or dispenses a product composed of cannabidiol, in accordance with federal law, to be in compliance with state law governing those acts.

[AB 924](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Indian tribes: commercial cannabis activity. Would establish the Cannabis Regulatory Enforcement Act for Tribal Entities or the “CREATE Act” and would require a tribe entering into a tribal cannabis regulatory agreement with the Governor, as ratified by the Legislature, to establish a tribal cannabis regulatory commission or agency pursuant to the tribe’s established governmental process.



[AB 1527](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Cannabis: Cannabis Control Appeals Panel. MAUCRSA establishes in state government a Cannabis Control Appeals Panel to review specified decisions of licensing authorities appealed by any person aggrieved by those decisions. MAUCRSA requires that the panel consist of one member appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one member appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, and 3 members appointed by the Governor, as specified. MAUCRSA authorizes the Governor to remove from office a member of the panel appointed by the Governor. MAUCRSA authorizes the Legislature to remove any member of the panel from office for certain reasons. This bill would eliminate the Legislature's power to remove a member of the panel for certain reasons and would provide that the members of the panel may be removed from office by their appointing authority.

[AB 1741](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer. The Sales and Use Tax Law authorizes, before January 1, 2022, a person issued a seller's permit for a place of business that is a dispensary, as defined in the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act, which was repealed, to remit amounts due for retail sales at the dispensary by a means other than electronic funds transfer. This bill, until January 1, 2022, would instead authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA, whose estimated tax liability under that law averages \$10,000 or more per month, to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the board deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due.

[AB 1793](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Cannabis convictions: resentencing. Would require the Department of Justice, before July 1, 2019, to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for recall or dismissal of sentence, dismissal and sealing, or redesignation pursuant to AUMA. The bill would require the department to notify the prosecution of all cases in their jurisdiction that are eligible for recall or dismissal of a sentence, dismissal and sealing, or redesignation.

[AB 1863](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity. Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2018, specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined under MAUCRSA, by a licensee under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.

[AB 1996](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

The California Cannabis Research Program. Would conform the name of the Cannabis Research Program, also sometimes referred to as the California Marijuana Research Program or the Center for Medicinal Cannabis Research, throughout the code, including for purposes of the appropriation made by AUMA, as the California Cannabis Research Program and would specify that the program is hosted by the Center for Cannabis Research. The bill would authorize the program to cultivate cannabis for its use in research, as specified.



[AB 2020](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Cannabis: local jurisdiction licensees: temporary event license. MAUCRSA authorizes a state licensing authority to issue a state temporary event license to a licensee authorizing onsite cannabis sales to, and consumption by, persons 21 years of age or older at a county fair or district agricultural association event, provided that certain other requirements are met. This bill would authorize a state temporary event license to be issued to a licensee for an event to be held at any other venue expressly approved by a local jurisdiction for events, as specified. The bill would modify the requirements codified in MAUCRSA to include requirements that are similar to those provided in regulations adopted by the bureau as specified.

[AB 2164](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local ordinances: fines and penalties: cannabis. Current law requires the ordinance adopted by the local agency to provide for a reasonable period of time, as specified in the ordinance, for a person responsible for a continuing violation to correct or otherwise remedy the violation prior to the imposition of administrative fines or penalties, when the violation pertains to building, plumbing, electrical, or other similar structural or zoning issues, that do not create an immediate danger to health or safety. This bill would provide that the ordinance may provide for the immediate imposition of administrative fines or penalties for the violation of building, plumbing, electrical, or other similar structural, health and safety, or zoning requirements if the violation exists as a result of, or to facilitate, the illegal cultivation of cannabis, except as specified.

[AB 2555](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Cannabis. Would define "immature cannabis plant" for purposes of AUMA. The bill would provide for a unique identifier that references the lot of plants to which an immature plant belongs, instead of requiring a unique identifier for each immature plant, as specified.

[AB 2717](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Driving under the influence: blood tests. The United States Supreme Court, in *Birchfield v. North Dakota* (2016) 136 S.Ct. 2160, held that the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution permitted warrantless breath tests incident to arrests for drunk driving, but did not permit warrantless blood tests incident to arrests for drunk driving, and held that a motorist cannot be punished criminally for his or her refusal to submit to a blood test. The court held that administrative penalties could be imposed for a refusal to submit to a blood test for those purposes. This bill would amend statutory law to comport with the *Birchfield* decision. The bill would repeal the imposition of criminal penalties for the refusal by a person to submit to or complete a blood test for the purpose of determining the alcoholic or drug content of his or her blood if lawfully arrested for one of specified driving-under-the-influence offenses.

[AB 2799](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: license application: OSHA training. Would, except as specified, require an applicant for initial licensure or renewal of a state license under MAUCRSA to provide a statement that the applicant employs, or will employ within one year of receiving a license or renewal, one supervisor and one employee who have successfully completed a 30-hour general industry course offered by a training provider that is authorized by an OSHA Training Institute Education Center to provide the course. By expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.



[AB 2899](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Cannabis: advertisements. MAUCRSA authorizes a licensee to advertise and market cannabis and cannabis products subject to specified restrictions, including accurately and legibly identifying the licensee responsible for that content by adding, at a minimum, the licensee's license number, and prohibits a licensee from, among other things, advertising or marketing in a manner that is false or untrue. Under MAUCRSA, each licensing authority is authorized to suspend or revoke a licensee's license for failure to comply with these provisions, among other things. This bill would prohibit a licensee from publishing or disseminating advertisements or marketing of cannabis and cannabis products while the licensee's license is suspended.

[AB 2914](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Cannabis in alcoholic beverages. Would prohibit a commercial cannabis licensee from selling, offering, or providing a cannabis product that is an alcoholic beverage, including, but not limited to, an infusion of cannabis or cannabinoids derived from industrial hemp into an alcoholic beverage.

[AB 2929](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

Cannabis. MAUCRSA requires that, with the exception of testing laboratory licenses, which can be used to test cannabis products regardless of whether for commercial adult-use or commercial medicinal cannabis, all licenses issued under MAUCRSA bear a clear designation indicating whether the license is for adult-use activity or medicinal activity, as specified. This bill would allow a licensee to conduct any commercial cannabis activity allowed under its license with any other licensee, as specified, and would find and declare that this furthers the purpose of the initiative measure.

[AB 2980](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Cannabis: premises: common space. MAUCRSA defines premises for the purposes of the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act of 2016 to mean the designated structure or structures and land specified in the application for the license, as provided. This bill would define premises as the area specified in the application wherein the license privileges are, or will be, exercised, as provided. The bill would require that provisions of MAUCRSA not be construed to prohibit two or more licensed premises from sharing common use areas wherein no license privileges will be exercised so long as all licensees comply with the requirements of the act, as specified.

[AB 3067](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR

Internet: marketing: minors: cannabis. Would prohibit an operator of an Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application directed to minors, or an advertising service that is notified by an operator that the site, service, or application is directed to minors, from marketing or advertising any cannabis, cannabis product, cannabis business, or cannabis-related instrument or paraphernalia on the Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application.

[AB 3069](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Cannabis: informational, educational, or training events. Would authorize retailers, cultivators, and manufacturers that are licensed under MAUCRSA to participate in, and not be required to obtain a temporary cannabis event license or other temporary license for, a cannabis informational, educational, or training event held for state and local government officials, including, but not limited to, legislators, city council members, law enforcement organizations, emergency medical services staff, firefighters, child protective services, and social workers; employees of health care facilities; and employees of public and private schools, if specified conditions are met.



[AB 3157](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Taxation: cannabis. The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), an initiative measure approved as Proposition 64 at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, and additionally amended by statute, imposes an excise tax commencing January 1, 2018, on the purchase of cannabis and cannabis products, as defined, at the rate of 15% of the average market price of any retail sale by a cannabis retailer. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the operative date of this bill until June 1, 2021, at which time the excise tax rate would revert back to 15%. This bill would suspend the imposition of the cultivation tax on and after the operative date of this bill until June 1, 2021.

[AB 3261](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Cannabis. Would make nonsubstantive changes to reflect the name change of the Bureau of Cannabis Control, and would make other conforming changes to reflect the consolidation of the licensure and regulation of commercial medicinal and adult-use cannabis activities.

[AJR 27](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Cannabis. This measure would urge United States Department of Justice not to direct its enforcement priorities towards California's lawfully and closely regulated cannabis industry, among other things.

[SB 118](#)

[Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Cannabis: licenses: criminal records. MAUCRSA requires an applicant to electronically submit fingerprint images to the Department of Justice for the purpose of obtaining information as to the existence and content of a record of state or federal convictions and arrests. Existing law requires the Department of Justice to provide a response to the licensing authority, as provided. This bill would specify that the Bureau of Cannabis Control, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health may obtain and receive, at their discretion, criminal history information from the Department of Justice and the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation for an applicant for any state license under MAUCRSA, including any license established by a licensing authority by regulation pursuant to the authority described above.

[SB 175](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Developmental services: Canyon Springs Community Facility. Would authorize a court to order, until June 30, 2021, the commitment of an individual who meets specified criteria for admission due to an acute crisis, as defined, to a separate and distinct unit of Canyon Springs Community Facility. The bill would make other conforming changes.

[SB 311](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Commercial cannabis activity: licensed distributors. Current law requires a licensed commercial cannabis distributor to arrange for a testing laboratory to obtain a representative sample of each cannabis batch at the distributor's premises for testing and, upon issuance of a certificate of analysis by a licensed testing laboratory, conduct a quality assurance review before distribution to ensure the labeling and packaging conform to the legal requirements. Current law authorizes cannabis and cannabis products fit for sale be transported only from the distributor's premises to the premises of a licensed retailer, microbusiness, or nonprofit. This bill would require that transportation be for the purpose of retail sale.



[SB 663](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE VETOED

Packages and labels of cannabis or cannabis products: children. Would specify that a package or label of cannabis or cannabis products is deemed to be attractive to children if the package or label has specific characteristics, including, among others, displaying a name resembling the name of any candy, snack food, baked good, or beverage commercially sold without cannabis. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 794](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY G.O.

Fireworks: fireworks stewardship program. Current law requires various entities, including the State Fire Marshal, to seize certain prohibited fireworks. Current law requires the Office of the State Fire Marshal to consult with public safety agencies and other stakeholders and develop a model ordinance that permits local jurisdictions to adopt streamlined enforcement and administrative fine procedures related to possession of 25 pounds or less of dangerous fireworks. This bill would repeal the provisions relating to a model ordinance governing enforcement and administrative fine procedures.

[SB 829](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Cannabis: compassion care license. Would establish a compassion care license under the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act of 2016 issued to an M-licensee who, for no consideration, donates medicinal cannabis, or medicinal cannabis products, to qualified medicinal cannabis patients who possess a physician's recommendation. The bill would require the Bureau of Cannabis Control to issue and regulate the compassion care licenses.

[SB 930](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Financial institutions: cannabis. Would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Banking and Credit Union Law, to be administered by the Commissioner of Business Oversight and the Department of Business Oversight. The bill would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Bank and Credit Union Advisory Board and specify its composition, to include the Treasurer, the Controller, and the Chief of the Bureau of Cannabis Control, and commit to it the general responsibility for ensuring that this law functions in a safe and efficient way. The bill would prescribe the powers and duties of the board, including reviewing department enforcement reports, holding meetings that would be open to public comment, and issuing its own recommendations, which would be submitted to the Legislature and the Governor.

[SB 1127](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Pupil health: administration of medicinal cannabis: schoolsites. Would enact Jojo's Act, which would authorize the governing board of a school district, a county board of education, or the governing body of a charter school maintaining kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to adopt, at a regularly scheduled meeting of the governing board or body, a policy, as provided, that allows a parent or guardian of a pupil to possess and administer to the pupil who is a qualified patient entitled to the protections of the Compassionate Use Act of 1996 medicinal cannabis, excluding in a smokeable or vapeable form, at a schoolsite.

[SB 1294](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Cannabis: state and local equity programs. Would enact the Cannabis Collaboration and Inclusion Act. The bill would require the bureau, upon request by a local equity applicant or local equity licensee, to provide technical assistance, as defined, to the local equity applicant or local equity licensee. The bill would, upon appropriation of funds by the Legislature, authorize an eligible local



jurisdiction to submit an application to the bureau for a grant to assist local equity applicants and local equity licensees identified by that local jurisdiction. The bill would require the bureau to review an application so submitted, and to grant the application if the bureau determines the eligible local jurisdiction meets specified requirements.

[SB 1302](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Cannabis: local jurisdiction: prohibitions on delivery. MAUCRSA prohibits a local jurisdiction from preventing the delivery of cannabis or cannabis products on public roads by a licensee who is acting in compliance with MAUCRSA as well as any local law adopted pursuant to MAUCRSA. MAUCRSA generally authorizes a local jurisdiction to adopt and enforce local ordinances to regulate licensed businesses located within the local jurisdiction. This bill would prohibit a local government from adopting or enforcing any ordinance that would prohibit a licensee from delivering cannabis within or outside of the jurisdictional boundaries of the local jurisdiction.

[SB 1459](#)

[Cannella R \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Cannabis cultivation: county agricultural commissioners: reporting. Current law establishes in each county a county department of agriculture under the control of a county agricultural commissioner. Current law requires a county agricultural commissioner to compile, and to transmit to the Secretary of Food and Agriculture, reports of the condition, acreage, production, and value of the agricultural products in the county. This bill would provide that a county agricultural commissioner may include cannabis produced in the county in an above-described report, as an addendum to the report. The bill would provide that this data may be organized by categories including, but not limited to, state cultivator license type and other specified categories.

CEQA

[AB 3030](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: qualified opportunity zones. Current federal law provides certain federal tax incentives to a taxpayer who invests in a qualified opportunity fund, which is an investment vehicle organized for the purpose of investing in qualified opportunity zone property, as prescribed. This bill would exempt a project that is financed by a qualified opportunity fund and that meets certain requirements from CEQA. The bill would require the project proponent to make certain certifications regarding the project. The bill would require a lead agency, before making a determination that the project is exempt from CEQA, to hold a noticed public hearing on the project, as specified.

County Counsel

[AB 1912](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Public employees' retirement: joint powers agreements: liability. The Joint Exercise of Powers Act generally authorizes 2 or more public agencies, by agreement, to jointly exercise any common power. Under the act, if an agency is not one or more of the parties to the agreement but is a public entity, commission, or board constituted pursuant to the agreement, the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the agency are the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the parties to the agreement, unless the agreement specifies otherwise. This bill would eliminate that authorization, and would specify that if an agency established by a joint powers agreement participates in, or contracts with, a public retirement system, member agencies, both current and former to the agreement, would be required, prior to a termination or a decision to dissolve or cease the operations of the agency, to mutually agree as to the apportionment of the agency's retirement obligations among themselves, provided that the agreement equals 100% of the retirement liability of the agency.



Disaster Preparedness

[AB 1857](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Building codes: earthquake safety: immediate occupancy standard. The California Building Standards Law provides for the adoption of building standards by state agencies by requiring all state agencies that adopt or propose adoption of any building standard to submit the building standard to the California Building Standards Commission (commission) for approval and adoption. This bill would require the commission to assemble a functional recovery working group comprised of certain state entities and members of the construction and insurance industries, as specified. The bill would require the working group, by July 1, 2022, to consider whether a “functional recovery” standard is warranted for all or some building occupancy classifications and to investigate the practical means of implementing that standard, as specified.

[SB 821](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Emergency notification: county jurisdictions. Would authorize each county, including a city and county, to enter into an agreement to access the contact information of resident accountholders through the records of a public utility or other agency responsible for water service, waste and recycling services, or other property-related services for the sole purpose of enrolling county residents in a county-operated public emergency warning system. The bill would specify that any county that enters into such an agreement would be required to include procedures to enable any resident to opt out of the warning system and a process to terminate the receiving agency’s access to the resident’s contact information.

Early Childhood Education

[AB 11](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program: screening services. Current federal law provides that EPSDT services include periodic screening services, vision services, dental services, hearing services, and other necessary services to correct or ameliorate defects and physical and mental illnesses and conditions discovered by the screening services, whether or not the services are covered under the state plan. This bill would require, consistent with federal law, that screening services under the EPSDT program include developmental screening services for individuals zero to 3 years of age, inclusive. Until July 1, 2023, the bill would require an external quality review organization entity to annually review, survey, and report on managed care plan reporting and compliance with specified developmental screening tools and schedules.

[AB 26](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Child care and development: child care resource and referral programs: assistance to license-exempt child care providers. The Child Care and Development Services Act administered by the State Department of Education, requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer child care and development programs. Current law authorizes funds appropriated for purposes of the act to be used for child care resource and referral programs, which may be operated by public or private nonprofit entities and are required to provide certain information and services to parents and child care providers relating to child care services in a defined geographic area. This bill would, until July 1, 2022, require the department to establish and administer a pilot program to provide outreach, training, and technical assistance to license-exempt child care providers through county child care resource and referral programs.

[AB 60](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Subsidized child care and development services: stages of child care: CalWORKs. The Child Care and Development Services Act establishes 3 stages of child care services through which a



recipient of CalWORKs will pass. This bill would prohibit the first stage or the 2nd stage of child care services from being discontinued until confirmation is received from the administrator of the subsequent stage of child care that the family has been enrolled in the subsequent stage of child care, or that the family is ineligible for services in the subsequent stage of child care, in order to ensure that there is no disruption in child care services due to the planned transition between the stages of CalWORKs child care.

[AB 605](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Child day care facilities: infant to schoolage license. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to adopt regulations on or before January 1, 2021, to create a child care center license to serve infant, toddler, preschool, and schoolage children and would require, before January 1, 2024, all day care centers to be licensed as child care centers. The bill would require the regulations to include components for infant, toddler, preschool, and schoolage children, health and safety standards for children in care, and enhanced ability to transition children from one age group to the next.

[AB 1754](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

State full-day preschool program: eligibility for enrollment: low income schools. Current law provides that "income eligible," for purposes of the Child Care and Development Services Act, means that a family's adjusted monthly income is at or below 70% of the state median income, adjusted for family size, and adjusted annually. This bill would revise the eligibility requirements for full-day preschool programs operated at any California public school, including a charter school, that has at least 40% of its pupils being from low-income families, as specified pursuant to Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965, or a community-based organization that contracts with the above-described school or school district.

[AB 1883](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Child care and development services. The Child Care and Development Services Act, administered by the State Department of Education, provides that children from infancy to 13 years of age are eligible for federal and state subsidized child development services if their families meet at least one requirement in each of certain areas. This bill would require, for purposes of determining eligibility for services under the act, that the income of a person who is on state or federal active duty, active duty for special work, or Active Guard and Reserve duty in the military not include the amount of the basic allowance for housing provided to that person, pursuant to specified federal law, if the allowance is equal to the lowest rate of the allowance for the military housing area in which the person resides.

[AB 2001](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Family child care home education networks. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to contract with entities organized to operate family child care home education networks that support educational objectives for children in licensed family child care homes that serve families eligible for subsidized care. Current law requires the family child care home education network programs to include certain components, including an assessment of each family child care home provider to ensure that services are of high quality and are educationally and developmentally appropriate. This bill would require that tools used to make these assessments be appropriate to family child care home settings, and would require a family child care home education network program to include the maintenance of a developmental portfolio for each child, as provided, and opportunities for parent involvement.



[AB 2292](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Child care: reimbursement rates: startup costs: grants. The Child Care and Development Services Act establishes a system of child care and development services for children up to 13 years of age, and requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to implement a plan establishing assigned reimbursement rates, per unit of average daily enrollment, to be paid by the state to provider agencies for the provision of those services. Current law also provides for an adjustment factor to be applied to units of average daily enrollment if a provider agency serves children who meet specified criteria. This bill would increase the adjustment factor for infants who are 0 to 18 months of age and toddlers who are 18 to 36 months of age, would provide that these adjustment factors apply without regard to the kind of facility that the infant or toddler is served by, and would make conforming changes.

[AB 2626](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Child care services. The Child Care and Development Services Act requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to adopt rules and regulations on eligibility, enrollment, and priority of services needed to implement the act. The act provides that a family, upon establishing initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility for services, shall receive those services for not less than 12 months. The act provides, as an exception to the above provision relating to receiving services for 12 months, that a family that establishes initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility on the basis of seeking employment shall receive services for not less than 6 months. This bill would delete the 6-month exception for families establishing initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility on the basis of seeking employment.

[AB 2698](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California state preschool programs: general child care and development programs: mental health consultation services: adjustment factors. Current law, under the Child Care and Development Services Act, provides for an adjustment factor to be applied to units of average daily enrollment if a provider agency serves children who meet specified criteria. This bill would require the application of an adjustment factor of 1.05 for children who are served in a California state preschool program, infants and toddlers who are 0 to 36 months of age and are served in general child care and development programs, or children who are 0 to 5 years of age and are served in a family child care home education network setting funded by a general child care and development program, where early childhood mental health consultation services, as defined, are provided, pursuant to specified requirements.

[AB 2843](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Mental Health Services Fund. The Mental Health Services Act requires funds allocated to a county that have not been spent within a specified time to revert to the Mental Health Services Fund and to be reallocated to other counties for the purposes for which the unspent funds were initially allocated to the original county. The MHSA permits amendment by the Legislature by a 2/3 vote of each house if the amendment is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the MHSA. This bill would additionally require those funds subject to reversion to be reallocated to cities, special districts, school districts, or other public entities for the provision of mental health services consistent with the intent of the MHSA.

Economic Development

[AB 1561](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Economic development: infrastructure: logistic hubs. Current law requires the Director of the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development to provide to the Legislature, not later than February 1, 2019, a strategy for international trade and investment that includes, at minimum, specified components. Current law requires that this strategy include a framework that enables the



office to evaluate on an ongoing basis, as appropriate, current workforce, infrastructure, research and development, and other needs of small and large firms, including, among other things, airports. This bill would extend to July 1, 2019, the date by which the director would be required to provide that strategy to the Legislature, and would instead require that the strategy identify the process the Governor’s Office of Business and Economic Development will use to complete that evaluation.

[AB 1715](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

International trade and investment offices. Would require the Director of GO-Biz to establish a process for accepting letters of interest from public and private entities that are interested in partnering with the state to operate an international trade and investment office in a foreign country. The bill would require the office to review the letters of interest and determine whether they are complete within 30 days of submittal. The bill would also require the director to make a determination, within 90 days of receipt of a complete letter of interest, as to whether to request a full proposal, as specified, for the operation of the office.

[AB 1900](#)

[Brough R \(Dist. 73\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Capital investment incentive programs: repeal date. Current law, until January 1, 2019, authorizes a county, city and county, or city to establish a capital investment incentive program, pursuant to which the county, city and county, or city is authorized to pay, upon request, a capital investment incentive amount that does not exceed the amount of property tax derived from that portion of the assessed value of a qualified manufacturing facility, as defined, that exceeds \$150,000,000 to a proponent of a qualified manufacturing facility for up to 15 years. This bill would extend the authorization for capital investment incentive programs, as described above, until January 1, 2024.

[AB 3030](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: qualified opportunity zones. Current federal law provides certain federal tax incentives to a taxpayer who invests in a qualified opportunity fund, which is an investment vehicle organized for the purpose of investing in qualified opportunity zone property, as prescribed. This bill would exempt a project that is financed by a qualified opportunity fund and that meets certain requirements from CEQA. The bill would require the project proponent to make certain certifications regarding the project. The bill would require a lead agency, before making a determination that the project is exempt from CEQA, to hold a noticed public hearing on the project, as specified.

Education

[AB 108](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Education: Child care: individualized county child care subsidy plans: the Every Kid Counts (EKC) Act. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop standards for the implementation of quality child care programs. Current law authorizes the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Marin, Monterey, San Benito, San Diego, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Solano, and Sonoma, as individual pilot projects, to develop an individualized county child care subsidy plan, as provided. Current law repeals each of these pilot programs on specified dates. This bill would repeal, recast, and revise the law relating to the above-specified counties’ individualized subsidy plans and make related conforming changes, as provided. The bill would extend the operative dates of the individualized pilot programs by 6 months.

[AB 1808](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Education finance: education omnibus trailer bill. Would require the State Department of Education to identify one or more evidence-based online training programs that a local educational agency, as defined, can use to train school staff and pupils as part of the local educational agency’s



policy on pupil suicide prevention. The bill would require the department to provide a grant to a county office of education to acquire a training program identified by the department and disseminate that training program to local educational agencies at no cost. By requiring county offices of education to acquire and disseminate those training programs, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1894](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Postsecondary education: student hunger. Current law requires each public and private postsecondary educational institution that is located in a county that participates in the Restaurant Meals Program (RMP) to apply to become an approved food vendor for the program, if the institution operates any qualifying food facilities, as defined, on campus, or to provide contracting on-campus food vendors, as defined, with specified information about the program. This bill would require an approved on-campus qualifying food facility that participates in the RMP pursuant to the bill to meet all of the requirements for participation in that program.

[AB 1904](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income taxes: credits: apprenticeships. Would for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2023, would allow a credit against the taxes imposed under the Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law in an amount equal to \$1 for each hour a registered apprentice worked in the taxable year, up to \$1,000 each for up to 10 registered apprentices, as defined, trained by the taxpayer in the taxable year. This bill would provide that the credit would have an aggregate cap of \$10,000,000 for each calendar year.

[AB 1935](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Community colleges: tutoring. Under current law, community college districts throughout the state have established campuses where they provide instruction to students. Current law establishes a system through which state funds are apportioned to community college districts based on specified formulas. A provision of existing law identifies the noncredit community college courses and classes that are eligible for state apportionment funding. This bill would provide that supervised tutoring for basic skills, and for degree-applicable and transfer-level courses, as authorized pursuant to regulations adopted by the board of governors by July 31, 2019, is eligible for state apportionment funding.

[AB 2235](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

County community schools: funding. This bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, commencing with the 2019–20 fiscal year, to transfer to the county, wherein a pupil is enrolled, the amount calculated for the school district of residence, as provided, for each unit of average daily attendance credited to the school district of residence. The bill would authorize the Superintendent to transfer an alternative amount for each unit of average daily attendance credited to the school district of residence if the school district of residence and the county superintendent of schools agree to the alternative amount and report it to the Superintendent under procedures and timeframes established by the Superintendent.

[AB 3089](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Student financial aid: Chafee grant awards. Commencing with the 2017–18 award year, current law makes a new Chafee grant award to a student only if the student meets a specified condition. Commencing with the 2019–20 award year, this bill would provide that new Chafee grant awards may be available to students as long as they are under the age of 28 26 by December 31 of the award year. The bill would require the commission to annually report to the Legislature specified information regarding Chafee grant awards for the preceding award year.



[AB 3136](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Special education funding. Current law requires the Superintendent, for the 2013–14 fiscal year, to compute an equalization adjustment for each special education local plan area for purposes of increasing the funding rates for special education local plan areas with funding rates below the 90th percentile, as specified. This bill would increase that percentile to the 95th percentile and would require the Superintendent to compute that equalization adjustment commencing with the first fiscal year after funds are apportioned pursuant to a specified formula and for each fiscal year thereafter in which an equalization appropriation is made, as specified.

[SB 114](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Education finance. Current law requires the Department of Finance to calculate the state median income for various family sizes, as provided, for purposes of establishing income eligibility for services under the Child Care and Development Services Act and requires the Department of Finance to update those calculations and provide them to the State Department of Education no later than May 1 of each fiscal year. This bill would require the Department of Finance to update its calculations of the state median income for various family sizes and provide the updated data to the State Department of Education no later than March 1 of each fiscal year. The bill would instead require the Superintendent to design the family fee schedule based on the most recent census data available on state median family income in the past 12 months, adjusted for family size.

[SB 121](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Education: Child care: individualized county child care subsidy plans: the Every Kid Counts (EKC) Act. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop standards for the implementation of quality child care programs. Current law authorizes the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Marin, Monterey, San Benito, San Diego, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Solano, and Sonoma, as individual pilot projects, to develop an individualized county child care subsidy plan, as provided. Current law repeals each of these pilot programs on specified dates. This bill would repeal, recast, and revise the law relating to the above-specified counties' individualized subsidy plans and make related conforming changes, as provided. The bill would extend the operative dates of the individualized pilot programs by 6 months.

[SB 842](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Education finance: education omnibus trailer bill. Current law requires the governing board or body of a local educational agency that serves pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, to, before the beginning of the 2017–18 school year, adopt a policy on pupil suicide prevention, as specified, that specifically addresses the needs of high-risk groups. Current law requires the policy to address any training to be provided to teachers of pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, on suicide awareness and prevention. This bill would require the State Department of Education to identify one or more evidence-based online training programs that a local educational agency, as defined, can use to train school staff and pupils as part of the local educational agency's policy on pupil suicide prevention.

Elections

[AB 6](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE E. & C.A.

Local ballot measures: statement of the measure. Current law requires a local government body, when submitting for voter approval a bond measure the security for which constitutes a lien on the property for ad valorem taxes, to provide the voters a statement that includes estimates of tax rates and debt service in connection with the measure. This bill would instead require that the statement for a bond measure include the best estimate from official sources of the average annual tax rate that would be required to be levied to fund the bond issue over the entire duration of the bond debt service,



as specified. By imposing new duties on local elections officials, the bill would create a state-mandated local program.

[AB 84](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE SECOND READING

Political Reform Act of 1974: political party committee disclosures. This bill would additionally require political party committees that receive or contribute \$50,000 or more in the year before a regularly scheduled statewide primary or general election to file monthly statements in the subsequent year. The bill would waive this requirement for months in which specified reports under existing law are also filed. This bill would add to this definition committees created by a legislative caucus of a house of the Legislature. The bill would provide for the leadership of a legislative caucus committee, as specified. The bill would also provide that a legislative caucus committee is not a controlled committee for purposes of the act, and would regulate the use of bank accounts and funds received by a legislative caucus committee, as specified. This bill contains other provisions.

[AB 666](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Elections: voter information guides: candidate statements. Would require an elections official who posts a form on his or her Internet Web site for a candidate for State Senate or Assembly to use to submit his or her statement, as described above, to accept that form by electronic submission if it is submitted in accordance with certain timeframes and procedures for the preparation of the voter information portion of the county voter information guide.

[AB 939](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Local government: taxicab transportation services. Would require each applicable permitting entity in which a taxicab company is substantially located to adopt an ordinance or resolution in regards to taxicab transportation service, and would provide that it is unlawful to operate a taxicab company without a valid permit to operate issued by each applicable permitting entity in which the taxicab company is substantially located. The bill would authorize a permitted taxicab company to arrange prearranged trips anywhere within the county in which the applicable permitting entity is located from which it has obtained a permit.

[ACA 3](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Elections: initiatives and referenda. Would transfer from the Attorney General to the Legislative Analyst the duty of preparing the title and summary for a proposed initiative or referendum. The measure would also require, for each measure that appears on a statewide ballot, that the Legislative Analyst to prepare the ballot label, and the ballot title and summary for the ballot pamphlet.

[SB 149](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE VETOED

Presidential primary elections: ballot access. Would enact the Presidential Tax Transparency and Accountability Act, which would require a candidate for President, in order to have his or her name placed upon a primary election ballot, to file his or her income tax returns for the 5 most recent taxable years with the Secretary of State, as specified. The act would require the Secretary of State, after adopting regulations, to redact the income tax returns of Presidential candidates as necessary to protect individual privacy, as specified, and subsequently to make the returns available to the public on the Secretary of State's Internet Web site.

Emergency Services

[AB 1116](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Pilot Program. Would, until January 1, 2024, create the Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Pilot Program. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define



a “peer support team” as a team composed of emergency service personnel, as defined, hospital staff, clergy, and educators who have been appointed to the team by a Peer Support Labor-Management Committee, as defined, and who have completed a peer support training course developed and delivered by the California Firefighter Joint Apprenticeship Committee or the Commission on Correctional Peace Officer Standards and Training, as specified.

[AB 2118](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: emergency medical transportation services. Current law authorizes a Medi-Cal provider of ground emergency medical transportation services, that is owned or operated by the state, a city, county, city and county, fire protection district, special district, community services district, health care district, or a federally recognized Indian tribe, to receive supplemental Medi-Cal reimbursement in addition to the rate of payment the provider would otherwise receive for those services. Current law requires the department to develop a modified supplemental reimbursement program, with necessary federal approvals, that would seek to increase the reimbursement to an eligible provider, as specified. Current law requires the nonfederal share of any supplemental reimbursement provided under the modified program to be derived from voluntary intergovernmental transfers of local funds. This bill would exempt the above-described providers owned or operated by the specified governmental entities from the Medi-Cal Emergency Medical Transportation Reimbursement Act and the quality assurance fee requirements.

Employee Relations

[AB 1937](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Public employment: payroll deductions. Current law prescribes various duties of the Controller in connection with deductions requested by employee organizations and other bona fide organizations regarding requests for deductions from the salaries and wages of their members. Current law prescribes the duties of the governing boards of school districts in regard to requests by certificated employees for deductions from the salaries and wages, and prescribes similar duties for the governing boards of community college districts. Current law authorizes a trial court employee or interpreter to permit a dues deduction from his or her salary in the same manner provided to public agency employees pursuant to specified law applicable to the state and the Controller, as described above. This bill would revise and recast these provisions.

[AB 1976](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Employment: lactation accommodation. Current law requires every employer to provide a reasonable amount of break time to accommodate an employee desiring to express breast milk for the employee’s infant child and requires an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide the employee with the use of a room or other location, other than a toilet stall, in close proximity to the employee’s work area for the employee to express milk in private. This bill would instead require an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide an employee with use of a room or other location, other than a bathroom, for these purposes.

[AB 2017](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Public employers: employee organizations. Current law prohibits a public employer, as defined, from deterring or discouraging public employees from becoming or remaining members of an employee organization. Under current law, a public employer is defined, for these purposes, to include counties, cities, districts, the state, schools, transit districts, the University of California, and the California State University, among others. Existing law grants the Public Employment Relations Board jurisdiction over violations of these provisions. This bill would include in the definition of “public employer” under these provisions those employers of excluded supervisory employees and judicial council employees and would include in the definition of “public employee” those employees of a public transit agency with specified labor relation provisions.



[AB 2830](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

County agencies: interns and student assistants: hiring preference. Current law requires state agencies, when hiring for internships and student assistant positions, to give preference to a qualified applicant who is, or has been, a dependent child in foster care, a homeless youth, or a formerly incarcerated youth. Current law requires the preference to be granted to applicants up to 26 years of age and requires county welfare departments, in connection with termination of dependency proceedings, to provide dependent children with information notifying them that they may be eligible for this preference. This bill would similarly require each county to develop a hiring preference program for disadvantaged groups, as defined, when hiring for internship and student assistant positions.

[SB 1123](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Disability compensation: paid family leave. Would expand the scope of the family temporary disability insurance program to include time off to participate in a qualifying exigency related to the covered active duty, as defined, or call to covered active duty of the individual's spouse, domestic partner, child, or parent in the armed forces of the United States, as specified. This bill contains other existing laws.

Environmental Health

[AB 1804](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that are required to be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from CEQA requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

First Responders

[AB 238](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Emergency response: trauma kits. Would define "trauma kit" to mean a first aid response kit that contains specified items, including, among other things, at least 2 tourniquets. The bill would require a person or entity that supplies a trauma kit to provide the person or entity that acquires the trauma kit with all information governing the use, installation, operation, training, and maintenance of the trauma kit. The bill would apply the provisions governing civil liability as specified to a lay rescuer or person who renders emergency care or treatment by using a trauma kit and to a person or entity that provides training in the use of a trauma kit to provide emergency medical treatment, or certifies certain persons in the use of a trauma kit.

[AB 1776](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Emergency medical transport of police dogs: pilot project. Would authorize the County of San Bernardino to work with the Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agency to conduct a pilot project commencing January 1, 2019, that would authorize an emergency medical technician to provide emergency transportation for a police dog, as defined, injured in the line of duty to a facility that is capable of providing veterinary medical services to the injured police dog, as specified. The bill would



require the Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agency to collect specified data about the pilot project and submit a report to the Legislature describing the data by January 1, 2022.

Fiscal

[SCA 20](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Local sales taxes: online sales. Would provide that, on and after January 1, 2020, for the purpose of distributing the revenues derived under a sales tax imposed pursuant to the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law, the retail sale of tangible personal property by a qualified retailer, as defined, that is transacted online is instead consummated at the point of the delivery of that tangible personal property to the purchaser's address or to any other delivery address designated by the purchaser.

Health and Human Services

[AB 110](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees. The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified

[AB 991](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Foster youth: independent living services. Current law designates the State Department of Social Services as supervisor and administrator of public social services, including the Independent Living Program. Current law requires each county department of social services to submit an annual Independent Living Program report to the department, as specified. This bill would require, for each county that has an Internet Web site, each county department of social services to publish on the county's Internet Web site information regarding all services offered to participants in the Independent Living Program, as specified. The bill would require each county department of social services to annually update that information.

[AB 1092](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health care service plans: vision care services: provider claims: fraud. Would specify that a specialized health care service plan that undertakes solely to arrange for the provision of vision care services may use a statistically reliable method to investigate suspected fraud and to recover overpayments made as a result of fraud, under designated circumstances. The bill would require the health care service plan's statistically reliable method, and how the plan intends to utilize that method to determine recovery of overpayments made as a result of fraud, to be submitted to, and approved by, the department as elements of the plan's antifraud plan.

[AB 1488](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE PUB. S.

County juvenile transition centers. Would require every county to convene a working group with stakeholders, to discuss and assess what resources are needed for the creation or support of a juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities. The bill would require the centers to provide temporary transitional housing and other specified services to participants. The bill would require counties to implement the program only to the extent that funds are available from the state or other sources.



[AB 1694](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Foster care payments: income. The Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care (AFDC-FC) program requires foster care providers to be paid a per child per month rate, established by the State Department of Social Services, for the care and supervision of the child placed with the provider. Existing law prohibits foster care payments from being considered income of the foster parent or child for purposes of determining eligibility and benefits for specified state or federal programs unless required by federal law as a condition of the receipt of federal financial participation. This bill would repeal the above-described prohibition on foster care payments from being considered income.

[AB 1784](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Resource families: pilot program: supportive services. Would require the State Department of Social Services to establish and facilitate a pilot program, as specified, in up to five counties that voluntarily apply and are selected by the department, to increase placement stability for foster youth and facilitate greater resource family retention through strengths-based, skills-based, trauma-informed coaching. The bill would set forth the components of the pilot program and would require the department, by June 30, 2019, to consult with relevant stakeholders and to consider the stakeholders' recommendations to the department regarding certain parameters of the pilot program, as specified.

[AB 1811](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Human services omnibus. Current law establishes the Department of Child Support Services to administer all federal and state laws and regulations relating to child support enforcement obligations. Current law requires each county to maintain a local child support agency with responsibility for promptly and effectively enforcing child support obligations. This bill would, beginning July 1, 2018, require the director of the Department of Child Support Services and the president of the Child Support Directors Association of California to jointly lead discussions for the purposes of identifying programwide operational efficiencies and further refinements to the budget methodology for the child support program, as needed.

[AB 1815](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Medi-Cal. Would, until January 1, 2026, establish the Proposition 56 Medi-Cal Physicians and Dentists Loan Repayment Act Program, which would be developed by the State Department of Health Care Services to provide loan assistance payments to qualifying, recent graduate physicians and dentists that serve beneficiaries of Medi-Cal and other specified health care programs using moneys from the Healthcare Treatment Fund. By allocating revenues in that fund to the new loan repayment program, the bill would amend Proposition 56.

[AB 1892](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

CalFresh. Would make a household that is terminating its participation in a TANF-funded or state maintenance of effort-funded cash assistance program, or a state-funded cash assistance program that provides assistance to families with children, eligible for transitional CalFresh benefits upon certification and guidance issued by the State Department of Social Services to the county human services agencies. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1909](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

In-home supportive services: written content translation. Would clarify that the State Department of Social Services is required to provide translations of written content, as defined, in languages spoken by a substantial number of providers of in-home supportive services in California. The bill



would permit the department to work with counties and the County Welfare Directors Association to repurpose existing, county-produced translations of written content.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1921](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

CalWORKs: housing assistance. As part of the CalWORKs program, a homeless family that has used all available liquid resources in excess of \$100 is eligible for homeless assistance benefits to pay the costs of temporary shelter if the family is eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program. Under current law, eligibility for temporary shelter assistance is limited to one period of up to 16 consecutive calendar days every 12 months, except as specified. Current law provides that a break in the consecutive use of the benefit constitutes an exhaustion of the temporary benefit for that 12-month period. This bill would instead provide that the temporary shelter assistance is limited to 16 cumulative calendar days within a 30-day period every 12 months for one episode in which the family has not secured permanent housing, except as specified.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1952](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Social services: access to food. Would require the State Department of Social Services, the State Department of Public Health, the State Department of Education, and the Department of Food and Agriculture, to develop a plan to end hunger. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to serve as the lead agency for the development of the plan. The bill would require the plan to be distributed to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2020, and would establish criteria for the plan, including that the plan establish a budget of \$11,500,000, contingent upon an appropriation in the annual Budget Act or other measure, for the Department of Food and Agriculture to support local food hub efforts.

[AB 1957](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Social Services Modernization, Efficiency, and Due Process Protection Act of 2018. This bill, to extent permitted by federal law, guidance, or waiver, would authorize applicants for and recipients of benefits under CalWORKs, Medi-Cal, CalFresh, or CAPI to, at any time, permit communications and notices of action to be sent via the United States Postal Service only, or, within the capacity of the county, either electronically only or both electronically and via the United States Postal Service, as specified.

[AB 1971](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Mental health services: involuntary detention: gravely disabled. Would, until January 1, 2024, expand the definition of "gravely disabled" for specified purposes, as implemented in the County of Los Angeles, to also include a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for his or her basic personal needs for medical treatment, if the failure to receive medical treatment, as defined, results in a deteriorating physical condition that a medical professional, in his or her best medical judgment, attests in writing, will more likely than not, lead to death within 6 months, as specified.

[AB 1992](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

CalWORKs eligibility: immunizations. Would, commencing July 1, 2019, require a county human services agency to obtain or receive documentation that each child in an assistance unit who is not required to be enrolled in school has received all age-appropriate immunizations, except as specified. The bill would require the county to review the California Immunization Registry before requiring an applicant or recipient to provide documentation that a child has received all age-appropriate



immunizations. The bill would require the county to send notice of the requirement to submit documentation, as specified, to the applicant or recipient.

[AB 2025](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Elders Living with Dignity, Empathy, Respect, and Support (ELDERS) Bond Act. Would provide for submission to the voters of the Elders Living with Dignity, Empathy, Respect, and Support (ELDERS) Bond Act of 2020. The bill would provide that, if enacted by the people, the state would be authorized to issue and sell general obligation bonds in the aggregate amount of \$200,000,000. The proceeds of these bonds would be placed in a fund, which would be appropriated to the Controller, without regard to fiscal years, for allocation, at the request of the Treasurer.

[AB 2030](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

CalWORKs: accommodations. Would require the Department of Social Services to include questions that enable an applicant for, or recipient of, public social services or public assistance, including CalWORKS, to disclose a disability, the need for accommodation due to disability, or any experience of domestic violence in any amendment or revision to the standard form for initial applications and the CalWORKs semiannual report form adopted on or after January 1, 2019.

[AB 2043](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Foster children and youth: family urgent response system. Current law, commonly known as Continuum of Care Reform (CCR), states the intent of the Legislature in adopting CCR to improve California's child welfare system and its outcomes. This bill would make legislative findings and declarations, stating the intent of the Legislature in adopting this bill to build upon the current CCR implementation effort. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to establish a statewide hotline, operational no later than January 1, 2020, as the entry point for a Family Urgent Response System, as defined, to respond to calls from caregivers or current or former foster children or youth when a crisis arises, as specified.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 2083](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Foster youth: trauma-informed system of care. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature in adopting the bill to build upon the current Continuum of Care Reform (CCR) implementation effort by, among other things, developing a coordinated, timely, and trauma-informed system-of-care approach for foster children and youth who have experienced severe trauma. The bill would require each county to develop and implement a memorandum of understanding, as specified, setting forth the roles and responsibilities of agencies and other entities that serve children and youth in foster care who have experienced severe trauma.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 2111](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

CalWORKs: sponsored noncitizen: indigent exception. Current federal law and state regulations provide that if a sponsored alien is determined to be indigent, as specified, the sponsored alien shall be exempt from the sponsor deeming requirements for a period beginning on the date of that indigency determination and ending 12 months after that date. This bill would, to the extent permitted by federal law, waivers, and directives, require a county to renew the 12-month exception period for additional 12-month periods for a sponsored applicant for, or recipient of, CalWORKs benefits who is deemed to meet the indigence requirement, as specified.



[AB 2112](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Federal 21st Century Cures Act: community-based crisis response plan: grant. Current federal law, the 21st Century Cures Act, authorizes the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services to award competitive grants to state and local governments and Indian tribes and tribal organizations to enhance community-based crisis response systems that, among other things, promote integration and coordination between local public and private entities engaged in crisis response, such as first responders, health care providers, and behavioral health providers, and addresses gaps in community resources for crisis intervention and prevention. This bill would require the department to develop and submit an application to solicit a grant under the federal authority described above to develop a community-based crisis response plan and would require the grant application to include, at a minimum, and consistent with federal grant application requirements, a plan for specified objectives.

[AB 2119](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Foster care: gender affirming health care and behavioral health services. Would specify that all minors and nonminors in foster care have the right to have access to gender affirming health care and gender affirming behavioral health care. The bill would, upon the request of a child or nonminor dependent, or his or her caregiver, attorney, Court Appointed Special Advocate, or social worker, require the county child welfare agency to ensure that the child or nonminor dependent has access to gender affirming health care and gender affirming behavioral health services, which are defined to mean health care or behavioral health services that respect the gender identity of the patient, as specified. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to adopt regulations to implement these provisions on or before January 1, 2020.

[AB 2152](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

CalFresh: able-bodied adults without dependents. Current federal law provides for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), known in California as CalFresh, under which supplemental nutrition assistance benefits allocated to the state by the federal government are distributed to eligible individuals by each county. Current federal law limits a participant who is an able-bodied adult without dependents (ABAWD) to 3 months of CalFresh benefits in a 3-year period unless that participant has met specified work participation requirements. This bill would require the department, in consultation with public health officials and CalFresh advocates, among others, by July 1, 2019, to define "food insecurity" for purposes of the bill, develop a tool that would screen for food insecurity and other basic needs deprivation, and to issue guidance that includes a copy of the screening tool, and issuing instructions for verifying when a person is "unfit for employment" following a screening that has determined that he or she is food insecure or deprived of their basic needs. To the extent that the bill would expand eligibility for CalFresh, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2183](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Foster care: resource family. Current law requires counties, until June 30, 2018, to provide an emergency assistance payment or ARC payment to an emergency caregiver who meets specified requirements, and is caring for a child or nonminor dependent placed in the caregiver's home under specified circumstances, if the child or nonminor dependent resides in California, and is not otherwise eligible for AFDC-FC or ARC. Current law requires the payments to be made either through ARC or through the TANF block grant emergency assistance program for child welfare services, as specified. This bill would extend indefinitely the requirement that counties provide an emergency assistance payment or ARC payment to an emergency caregiver, but would remove the requirement that the child or nonminor dependent reside in California and not otherwise be eligible for AFDC-FC or ARC.



[AB 2207](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Commercially sexually exploited children. Current law establishes the Commercially Sexually Exploited Children Program. This bill would require the State Department of Social Services to convene a working group comprised of relevant stakeholders, as specified, to examine the usefulness of restraining orders in protecting CSEC and whether revisions to state laws governing the issuance of restraining orders are necessary in order to provide additional protections to this population, and would require the working group to, no later than January 1, 2020, issue a report with its findings to the Legislature.

[AB 2233](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: Assisted Living Waiver program. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to submit, in 2019, to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services a request for renewal of the Assisted Living Waiver program with specified amendments. The bill would require, as part of the amendments, additional slots, as specified, in the 15 existing waiver counties, expansion of the program beyond those counties on a regional basis, and modification to the provider reimbursement tiers while also maintaining the program's budget-neutral provisions.

[AB 2236](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Conservatorships. Current law provides that upon the death of a conservatee, the conservator is authorized to contract for and pay for the reasonable expenses of the deceased conservator and the unpaid expenses of the conservatorship from any personal property under the control of the conservator. Current law provides that the court continues to have jurisdiction over these proceedings, as specified. This bill would clarify that a conservatorship continues until terminated by the death of the conservatee or by order of the court, subject to the existing provisions of law described above that, among other things, continue to authorize a conservator to take certain actions with regard to the estate of a deceased conservatee.

[AB 2247](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Foster youth: case plan: placement changes. Current law establishes the Office of the State Foster Care Ombudsperson as an autonomous entity within the State Department of Social Services for the purpose of providing children who are placed in foster care with a means to resolve issues related to their care, placement, or services. Current law requires the office to investigate and attempt to resolve complaints made by or on behalf of children placed in foster care, that relate to their care, placement, or services. This bill would require a case plan developed in consultation with the dependent child's child and family team to include a strategy to preserve the child's placement, and if a placement change is necessary, would further require a social worker or placing agency to provide 14 days prior notice of the change, as specified.

[AB 2269](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

CalWORKs: eligibility. Current law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program, under which each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families and individuals. Current law prohibits the granting of CalWORKs aid to a child who has attained 18 years of age unless the child is less than 19 years of age, is attending high school or vocational training on a full-time basis, and is reasonably expected to complete the educational or training program before his or her 19th birthday. This bill would extend this exception to make a person who is less than 20 years of age eligible for CalWORKs assistance if he or she is attending high school or vocational training on a full-time basis and is reasonably expected to complete the educational or training program before his or her 20th birthday.



[AB 2325](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

County mental health services: veterans. Would prevent a county from denying an eligible veteran county mental or behavioral health services while the veteran is waiting for a determination of eligibility for, and availability of, mental or behavioral health services provided by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. The bill would make specific findings and declarations about the county's duty to provide mental and behavioral health services to veterans.

[AB 2326](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

CalWORKs: welfare-to-work: exemption. Current law provides a one-time exemption from the welfare-to-work requirements to a parent or other relative who has primary responsibility for personally providing care to a child 6 months of age or under, as specified. Under current law, an individual receiving that exemption is exempt for a period of 12 weeks, upon the birth or adoption of any subsequent children, which may be extended on a case-by-case basis to 6 months, based on criteria developed by the county. Current law also provide a one-time exemption to a parent or other relative who has primary responsibility for personally providing care to one child from birth to 23 months, inclusive. This bill would replace the above-described exemptions with an exemption that is offered to a parent or other relative who has primary responsibility for personally providing care to a child 24 months of age or under, without limiting the exemption to one child or one instance.

[AB 2337](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Nonminor dependents. Would authorize a nonminor who was under the dependency, delinquency, or transition jurisdiction of the court, who has not yet attained 21 years of age, and who exited foster care at or after the age of majority, to petition the court to resume dependency jurisdiction and would delete the alternative provision authorizing the nonminor to petition the court to assume transition jurisdiction.

[AB 2393](#)

Committee on Health

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Mental health. Would prohibit a county from charging fees for Medi-Cal specialty mental health services to Medi-Cal beneficiaries who do not have a share of cost and Medi-Cal beneficiaries who have met their share of cost, and would authorize a county to charge fees to individuals who are not Medi-Cal beneficiaries and Medi-Cal beneficiaries who have a share of cost that has not been met, in accordance with the patient's ability to pay for community mental health services rendered, but not in excess of actual costs.

[AB 2430](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Medi-Cal: program for aged and disabled persons. Current law requires the department to exercise its option under federal law to implement a program for aged and disabled persons, as described. Current law requires an individual under these provisions to satisfy certain financial eligibility requirements, including, among other things, that his or her countable income does not exceed an income standard equal to 100% of the applicable federal poverty level, plus an income disregard of \$230 for an individual, or \$310 in the case of a couple, except that the income standard determined shall not be less than the SSI/SSP payment level for a disabled individual or couple, as applicable. This bill would instead require, upon receipt of federal approval, all countable income over 100% of the federal poverty level, up to 138% of the federal poverty level, to be disregarded, after taking all other disregards, deductions, and exclusions into account for those persons eligible under the program for aged and disabled persons.



[AB 2579](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children. Current law requires the former Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board and former State Department of Health Services, in collaboration with program offices for the WIC Program and other designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment gateway system, subject to appropriation, allowing children applying to the WIC Program to obtain presumptive eligibility for, and to facilitate application for enrollment in, the Medi-Cal program or the former Healthy Families Program, to the extent federal financial participation is available, as specified. This bill would delete the above-described provisions relating to the automated enrollment gateway system and would instead require the State Department of Health Care Services, in collaboration with the same designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment gateway system, operational no later than January 1, 2020, allowing children applying to the WIC Program to obtain express lane eligibility for, and to facilitate application for enrollment in, the Medi-Cal program, and allowing pregnant women applying to the WIC Program to obtain presumptive eligibility for the Medi-Cal program or the Medi-Cal Access Program, to the extent federal financial participation is available.

[AB 2605](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Foster care facilities. Would require each group home, transitional shelter care facility, short-term residential therapeutic program, and temporary shelter care facility to develop protocols that dictate the circumstances under which law enforcement may be contacted in response to the conduct of a child residing at the facility. The bill would require the protocols to, among other things, specify that contacting law enforcement shall only be used as a last resort once all other deescalation and intervention techniques have been exhausted and only upon approval of a staff supervisor.

[AB 2608](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program: former foster youth. Current law authorizes any licensed mental health service provider, as defined, including a marriage and family therapist, associate marriage and family therapist, licensed clinical social worker, and associate clinical social worker, who provides direct patient care in a publicly funded facility or a mental health professional shortage area, as defined, to apply for grants under the Licensed Mental Health Service Provider Education Program to reimburse his or her educational loans related to a career as a licensed mental health service provider, as specified. This bill would require an account to be created within the Mental Health Practitioner Education Fund and upon solely to fund grants to repay educational loans for applicants who commit to practice in specified facilities for at least 24 months, who are marriage and family therapists, associate marriage and family therapists, licensed clinical social workers, associate clinical social workers, licensed professional clinical counselors, or associate professional clinical counselors, and who were formerly in California's foster youth care system. This bill contains other existing laws.

[AB 2718](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Medi-Cal: CalWORKs: eligibility. Current law requires that a family who was receiving aid under the CalWORKs program in at least 3 of the 6 months immediately preceding the month in which that family became ineligible for that assistance due to income from employment, or other specified reasons, to remain eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program during the immediately succeeding 6-month period. Current law, in conformance with federal law, requires the State Department of Health Care Services to offer those beneficiaries the option of remaining eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program for an additional period of 6 months. Current federal law authorizes a state to elect to treat any reference to the initial 6-month extension period as a



reference to a 12-month period, in which case the federal provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension do not apply. This bill would require the department, commencing January 1, 2019, to implement the option available under the above-described federal law to replace the initial 6-month extension period with a 12-month initial eligibility period, making the federal and state provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension inapplicable.

[AB 2821](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Integrated and comprehensive health and human services system. Current law authorizes the County of San Diego, upon approval of the county board of supervisors, to operate an integrated and comprehensive county health and human services system that includes, among other services, child welfare services and mental health services, as specified, and requires the California Health and Human Services Agency to grant approval if the county furnishes a certified copy of a current ordinance or resolution authorizing that system in that county. This bill would similarly authorize any other county to operate an integrated and comprehensive county health and human services system.

[AB 2872](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

In-home supportive services: peer-to-peer training. Would require the State Department of Social Services to adopt a peer-to-peer training course for providers of in-home supportive services and would require the subject areas of the training to include how to enroll as a new provider in the In-Home Supportive Services program and how to navigate the program, as specified. The bill would require the department to ensure that, as of December 31, 2019, every authorized provider in a county has received at least 2 hours of peer-to-peer training and that, beginning on January 1, 2020, all new providers, or returning providers who have not yet received the training, receive at least 2 hours of peer-to-peer training within their first year of employment.

[AB 2965](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: immigration status. Would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals who are under 26 years of age and who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status. The bill would delete provisions delaying eligibility and enrollment until the director makes the determination described above. The bill would require the department to provide, indefinitely, the above-described monthly updates to the legislative committees. Because counties are required to make Medi-Cal eligibility determinations and this bill would expand Medi-Cal eligibility, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 3189](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Consent by minors to treatment for intimate partner violence. Would authorize a minor who is 12 years of age or older and who states he or she is injured as a result of intimate partner violence, as defined, to consent to medical care related to the diagnosis or treatment of the injury and the collection of medical evidence with regard to the alleged intimate partner violence. The bill would specify that this provision would not apply to a case in which a minor is an alleged victim of rape or is alleged to have been sexually assaulted, in which case the above-described provisions would apply.

[AB 3200](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Public social services: SSI/SSP. Under current law, benefit payments under SSP are calculated by establishing the maximum level of nonexempt income and federal SSI and state SSP benefits for each category of eligible recipient, with an annual cost-of-living adjustment, effective January 1 of each year. Current law prohibits, for each calendar year, commencing with the 2011 calendar year, any cost-of-living adjustment from being made to the maximum benefit payment unless otherwise specified by statute, except for the pass along of any cost-of-living increase in the federal SSI benefits. Current law continuously appropriates funds for the implementation of SSP. This bill would reinstate the cost-



of-living adjustment beginning January 1 of the 2019 calendar year, subject to the appropriation of funds for this purpose in the annual Budget Act.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 3224](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Public social services: county employees. Would require that any decisions governing eligibility for Medi-Cal, CalWORKs, or CalFresh that, in California, are made by a county pursuant to provisions relating to public social services be made exclusively by a merit or civil service employee of the county. The bill would also include a statement of legislative findings and declarations.

[ACR 77](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Developmental centers. Would express the Legislature's support for reinvesting revenues and cost savings from the closure and sale, lease, or repurposing of developmental centers into the community of persons with developmental disabilities, including through creation of a self-sustaining income mechanism to support persons with developmental disabilities and the establishment of a working group to examine the potential sale, lease, or repurposing of developmental center properties. The measure would express the Legislature's intent that all savings from the developmental centers should be allocated for the support of persons with developmental disabilities, as specified.

[HR 67](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Relative to Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This bill would resolve that the Assembly proclaims January 2018 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month in California in order to encourage greater awareness of human trafficking within the State of California, the United States of America, and internationally.

[SB 115](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Health and human services. Under current law, a county board of supervisors may elect to contract with a nonprofit consortium to provide for the delivery of in-home supportive services, or establish, by ordinance, a public authority to provide for the delivery of in-home supportive services. Current law requires, until January 1, 2020, a specified mediation process to be held if a public authority or nonprofit consortium fails to reach agreement on a bargaining contract with its in-home supportive services workers by January 1, 2018. This bill would clarify that the specified mediation process is required if a public authority or nonprofit consortium and the employee organization have not reached an agreement on a bargaining contract with in-home supportive services workers by January 1, 2018.

[SB 120](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees. The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified.

[SB 392](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Parental Empowerment Pilot Project. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in consultation with the County Welfare Directors Association of California, no later than July 1, 2019, to design and implement a 5-year pilot project under which monetary grants are provided to



organizations operating programs that assist individuals receiving CalWORKs benefits to achieve economic independence.

[SB 845](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Human services omnibus. Would, beginning July 1, 2018, require the director of the Department of Child Support Services and the president of the Child Support Directors Association of California to jointly lead discussions for the purposes of identifying programwide operational efficiencies and further refinements to the budget methodology for the child support program, as needed. The bill would also require the department to submit a report to the chairs of the budget committees of each house of the Legislature that includes a description of the topics discussed and recommendations by July 1, 2019. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2021.

[SB 849](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Medi-Cal. Would, until January 1, 2026, establish the Proposition 56 Medi-Cal Physicians and Dentists Loan Repayment Act Program, which would be developed by the State Department of Health Care Services to provide loan assistance payments to qualifying, recent graduate physicians and dentists that serve beneficiaries of Medi-Cal and other specified health care programs using moneys from the Healthcare Treatment Fund. By allocating revenues in that fund to the new loan repayment program, the bill would amend Proposition 56.

[SB 926](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

CalWORKs and CalFresh: work requirements. Current law generally requires a recipient of CalWORKs benefits to participate in welfare-to-work activities as a condition of eligibility for aid. Current law prohibits sanctions from being applied for a failure or refusal to comply with program requirements if, among other reasons, the employment, offer of employment, activity, or other training for employment discriminates on specified bases or involves conditions that are in violation of applicable health and safety standards, or the employment or offer of employment exceeds the daily or weekly hours of work customary to the occupation. This bill would prohibit sanctions from being applied for a failure or refusal to comply with program requirements if the recipient provides documentation that the anticipated hours would be so unpredictable for that specific recipient that they would not allow the recipient to anticipate compliance with program requirements related to the job, or if the recipient provides documentation that the scheduled hours exhibit a pattern of unpredictability for that specific recipient so that he or she cannot anticipate compliance with program requirements related to the job.

[SB 931](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Conservatorships: custody status. Under current law, a professional person in charge of an agency providing comprehensive evaluation or a facility providing intensive treatment for a gravely disabled person may recommend a conservatorship for that person without that person being an inpatient in a facility providing comprehensive evaluation or intensive treatment, if specified conditions are met. This bill would expand that authority to a professional person in charge of providing mental health treatment at a county jail or his or her designee.

[SB 970](#)

[Atkins D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Employment: human trafficking awareness. Would amend FEHA to require specified employers to provide at least 20 minutes of prescribed training and education regarding human trafficking awareness to employees who are likely to interact or come into contact with victims of human trafficking, as defined. The bill would establish a schedule for compliance commencing January 1, 2020. The bill would authorize the Department of Fair Employment and Housing, in the case of an employer violation of the bill's requirements, to seek an order requiring compliance.



[SB 974](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Medi-Cal: immigration status: adults. Current law requires individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the Director of Health Care Services makes a determination that systems have been programmed for implementation of these provisions, be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, as specified. Current law makes the effective date of enrollment for those individuals the same day that systems are operational to begin processing new applications pursuant to the director's determination. This bill would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals 65 years of age or older, if otherwise eligible for those benefits, but for their immigration status, subject to an appropriation.

[SB 982](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

CalWORKs: maximum grant amount. Current law requires the amount of cash aid paid each month to CalWORKs recipients to be determined by deducting the family's income, as specified, from specified sums, as adjusted for cost-of-living increases. Current law prohibits the amount of cash aid paid each month from exceeding those sums, as adjusted for cost-of-living increases, plus any allowance for recurring special needs, as specified. This bill would incrementally increase over 3 years the sums from which the family's income is to be deducted to determine the amount of cash aid paid each month, as specified, and would prohibit the amount of cash aid from being more than those specified sums.

[SB 1026](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Older adults and persons with disabilities: fall prevention. Current law establishes the Senior Housing Information and Support Center within the California Department of Aging for the purpose of providing information and training relating to available innovative resources and senior services, and housing options and home modification alternatives designed to support independent living or living with family. This bill would repeal those provisions relating to the department's provision of information on housing and home modifications for seniors.

[SB 1040](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

In-home supportive services: natural disaster. The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to declare a state of emergency under specified conditions and requires a county, including a city and county, to update its emergency plan to address, among other things, how the access and functional needs population, as defined, is served by emergency communications, evacuation, and sheltering. This bill would require a county to use a void and reissue warrant process for any provider who lost or had damaged an uncashed warrant because of a natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. The bill would require a county, including a city and county, at the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate and require the assessment and provision of supportive services to IHSS recipients.

[SB 1045](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Conservatorship: serious mental illness and substance use disorders. Would establish a procedure, for the County of Los Angeles and the City and County of San Francisco, if the board of supervisors of the respective county or city and county authorizes the application of these provisions subject to specified requirements, for the appointment of a conservator for a person who is incapable of caring for the person's own health and well-being due to a serious mental illness and substance use disorder, as specified, for the purpose of providing the least restrictive and most clinically appropriate alternative needed for the protection of the person.



[SB 1101](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental health. The Mental Health Services Act (MHSA), an initiative measure enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, establishes the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to oversee the administration of various parts of the act. The MHSA permits amendment by the Legislature by a 2/3 vote of each house if the amendment is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the MHSA. This bill would require the commission, on or before January 1, 2020, to establish statewide objectives for the prevention, early intervention, and treatment of mental illness, the promotion of mental health and well-being, and innovation as a strategy for transformational change, and metrics by which progress toward each of those objectives may be measured.

[SB 1446](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

CalWORKs: welfare-to-work. Would, beginning July 1, 2019, require the county to deem a recipient to be in compliance with CalWORKs' welfare-to-work requirements if the recipient reports and the county verifies, or the county otherwise discovers, that the recipient meets the federally required minimum average number of hours per week of welfare-to-work participation, unless the recipient provides notice to the county that he or she wishes to have sanctions imposed, as specified.

[SB 1458](#)

[Hueso D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

County mental health plans. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require compliance from county mental health programs regarding reporting requirements established pursuant to the MHSA.

[SJR 15](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). This measure would urge the United States Congress to act swiftly to reauthorize the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) for at least 5 years, as specified.

[SR 76](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This bill would proclaims January 2018 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month in California in order to encourage greater awareness of human trafficking within the State of California, the United States of America, and internationally.

Health Care

[AB 251](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE SECOND READING

Health and care facilities: dialysis clinics. Would, for each fiscal year starting on or after January 1, 2019, require a chronic dialysis clinic to submit a report to the State Department of Public Health detailing the total treatment revenue of the clinic, and the percentages of that total treatment revenue the clinic has expended on direct patient care services costs, health care quality improvements costs, federal and state taxes, facility license fees, and all other costs.

[AB 1815](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Medi-Cal. Would, until January 1, 2026, establish the Proposition 56 Medi-Cal Physicians and Dentists Loan Repayment Act Program, which would be developed by the State Department of Health Care Services to provide loan assistance payments to qualifying, recent graduate physicians and dentists that serve beneficiaries of Medi-Cal and other specified health care programs using moneys



from the Healthcare Treatment Fund. By allocating revenues in that fund to the new loan repayment program, the bill would amend Proposition 56.

[AB 2019](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health care districts. The Local Health Care District Law provides for local health care districts that govern certain health care facilities. Each health care district has a board of directors with specific duties and powers respecting the creation, administration, and maintenance of the district. Current law requires the board of directors to establish and maintain an Internet Web site that may include specified information, such as a list of current board members and recipients of grant funding or assistance provided by the district, if any, and to adopt annual policies for providing assistance or grant funding, as specified. This bill would require the board of directors to include specified information, such as the district's policy for providing assistance or grant funding, on the district's Internet Web site.

[AB 2122](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: blood lead screening tests. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to ensure that a child enrolled in Medi-Cal receives blood lead screening tests at 12 and 24 months of age, or at any time at which the child is identified as having a high risk of lead exposure, and that a child 2 to 6 years of age, inclusive, receives a blood lead screening test if there is no record of a previous test for that child.

[AB 2472](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health care coverage: Covered California. Current state law establishes the California Health Benefit Exchange, also known as Covered California, within state government. Current law specifies the powers and duties of the board governing the Exchange, and requires the board to facilitate the purchase of qualified health plans by qualified individuals and qualified small employers. This bill would require the board to prepare an analysis and evaluation, known as a feasibility analysis, to determine the feasibility of a public health insurance plan option to increase competition and choice for health care consumers.

[AB 2718](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Medi-Cal: CalWORKs: eligibility. Current law requires that a family who was receiving aid under the CalWORKs program in at least 3 of the 6 months immediately preceding the month in which that family became ineligible for that assistance due to income from employment, or other specified reasons, to remain eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program during the immediately succeeding 6-month period. Current law, in conformance with federal law, requires the State Department of Health Care Services to offer those beneficiaries the option of remaining eligible for health care services under the Medi-Cal program for an additional period of 6 months. Current federal law authorizes a state to elect to treat any reference to the initial 6-month extension period as a reference to a 12-month period, in which case the federal provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension do not apply. This bill would require the department, commencing January 1, 2019, to implement the option available under the above-described federal law to replace the initial 6-month extension period with a 12-month initial eligibility period, making the federal and state provisions relating to the additional 6-month extension inapplicable.

[AB 2861](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: telehealth: substance use disorders. Would require, upon specific federal participation and approval, the State Department of Health Care Services to allow a licensed practitioner of the healing arts or a certified substance use disorder counselor to receive Medi-Cal reimbursement for



covered individual outpatient counseling services for substance use disorders provided through telehealth in accordance with the Medicaid state plan.

[AB 2965](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Medi-Cal: immigration status. Would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals who are under 26 years of age and who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status. The bill would delete provisions delaying eligibility and enrollment until the director makes the determination described above. The bill would require the department to provide, indefinitely, the above-described monthly updates to the legislative committees. Because counties are required to make Medi-Cal eligibility determinations and this bill would expand Medi-Cal eligibility, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SB 849](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Medi-Cal. Would, until January 1, 2026, establish the Proposition 56 Medi-Cal Physicians and Dentists Loan Repayment Act Program, which would be developed by the State Department of Health Care Services to provide loan assistance payments to qualifying, recent graduate physicians and dentists that serve beneficiaries of Medi-Cal and other specified health care programs using moneys from the Healthcare Treatment Fund. By allocating revenues in that fund to the new loan repayment program, the bill would amend Proposition 56.

[SB 910](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Short-term limited duration health insurance. Current law requires an individual health care service health insurance policy to include, at a minimum, coverage for essential health benefits, as defined. These health care coverage market reforms in the individual market do not apply to short-term limited duration health insurance policies offered by a health insurer. This bill, commencing January 1, 2019, would prohibit a health insurer from issuing, selling, renewing, or offering a short-term limited duration health insurance policy, as defined, for health care coverage in this state. The bill would make conforming changes.

[SB 1228](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Substance use disorder: licensed and certified treatment programs. Would enact the Substance Use Disorder Patient Protection Act to prohibit a licensee or an employee of a licensee from referring a patient to a facility, residence, or dwelling that is not either a licensee or certified, or engaging in patient brokering. The act would define "patient brokering" to include, among other things, directly referring a patient to a provider of substance use disorder continuum of care in exchange for any economic benefit. The act would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a program to approve organizations that certify facilities, residences, or dwellings which provide substance use disorder continuum of care, are not licensees, and meet specified requirements that include a ban on patient brokering.

[SB 1287](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Medi-Cal: medically necessary services. Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive medically necessary health care services, including Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) for an individual under 21 years of age who is covered under the Medi-Cal program, subject to utilization controls, and consistent with federal requirements. Under current state law, a service is "medically necessary" if it is reasonable and necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate severe pain. This bill would revise the Medi-Cal definition of "medically necessary" for purposes of an individual under 21 years of age to incorporate the existing description of necessary EPSDT services under federal law.



Homelessness

[AB 1406](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

School facilities: leases of real property. Current law authorizes a school district to enter into leases and agreements relating to real property and buildings to be used by the school district pursuant to specified provisions of law, and provides that the term of any lease or agreement entered into pursuant to those provisions shall not exceed 40 years. This bill would increase the maximum term of a lease or agreement entered into pursuant to these provisions to 99 years.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1816](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Housing. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development, which satisfies specified objective planning standards, that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit. Current law requires, among other objective planning standards, that the development be subject to a minimum percentage of below market rate housing on the basis that the locality failed to submit its latest production report by the applicable time period and that report reflecting that there were fewer units of above moderate-income housing or housing affordable to households making below 80% of area median income that were issued building permits than what was required to meet the locality's regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period. This bill would modify this objective planning standard by requiring that the production report submitted by the locality reflect that there were both fewer units of affordable housing for persons of above moderate income and for persons making 80% of the area median income issued building permits than were required for the locality to meet its regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period.

[AB 1827](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

No Place Like Home Act of 2018. Would enact the No Place Like Home Act of 2018 and provide for submission of that act to the voters at the November 6, 2018, statewide general election. The bill would specify that the service contracts between the authority and the department may be single-year or multiyear contracts and provide for payments to the department from amounts on deposit in the Supportive Housing Program Subaccount. The bill would include any appropriation or transfer to the No Place Like Home Fund from the General Fund or other funds as moneys required to be paid into the No Place Like Home Fund.

[AB 1921](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

CalWORKs: housing assistance. As part of the CalWORKs program, a homeless family that has used all available liquid resources in excess of \$100 is eligible for homeless assistance benefits to pay the costs of temporary shelter if the family is eligible for aid under the CalWORKs program. Under current law, eligibility for temporary shelter assistance is limited to one period of up to 16 consecutive calendar days every 12 months, except as specified. Current law provides that a break in the consecutive use of the benefit constitutes an exhaustion of the temporary benefit for that 12-month period. This bill would instead provide that the temporary shelter assistance is limited to 16 cumulative calendar days within a 30-day period every 12 months for one episode in which the family has not secured permanent housing, except as specified.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1971](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Mental health services: involuntary detention: gravely disabled. Would, until January 1, 2024, expand the definition of "gravely disabled" for specified purposes, as implemented in the County of Los



Angeles, to also include a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for his or her basic personal needs for medical treatment, if the failure to receive medical treatment, as defined, results in a deteriorating physical condition that a medical professional, in his or her best medical judgment, attests in writing, will more likely than not, lead to death within 6 months, as specified.

[AB 2161](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Housing: homeless integrated data warehouse. Would direct the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a state homeless integrated data warehouse, in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to develop a composite portrayal of the homeless population in the state and the services provided to this population or to those at risk of becoming homeless. The bill would require that the information compiled for the database include the data necessary to make certain findings, including, among other things, the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, their access to benefits, and the stated reasons for their homelessness.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 2490](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Vital records: homeless persons. Current law requires each local registrar or county recorder to issue, without a fee, a certified record of live birth to any person who can verify his or her status as a homeless person or a homeless child or youth, as defined. Current law requires a homeless service provider, as described, to verify the person's status as homeless for purposes of these provisions. This bill would further require the State Registrar to issue, without a fee, up to 3 copies a year of a certified record of live birth to a person who can verify his or her status as a homeless person or a homeless child or youth under the provisions described above, and would authorize the State Registrar to provide additional copies at his or her discretion.

[AB 2602](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Homeless youth emergency service projects. Would establish an additional homeless youth emergency service project in the County of Sacramento. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to prepare and disseminate a request for proposal for the grantee by June 1, 2019, and would require the office to enter into a grant award agreement by October 1, 2019.

[AB 2619](#)

[Allen, Travis R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental health services funding: homeless persons. Would appropriate \$10,000,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Health Care Services to be distributed to counties for the purpose of funding innovative programs to provide mental health services to California's homeless population.

[AB 3085](#)

[Calderon D \(Dist. 57\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

New Beginnings California Program. Would establish the New Beginnings California Program in the Department of Community Services and Development and create the New Beginnings California Account for the purpose of providing matching grant funding to cities and local continuum of care programs to implement, expand, or continue employment programs for homeless individuals, as specified. The bill would define city for purposes of the bill to include a city, county, or a city and county. The bill would require qualifying employment programs to, among other things, connect program participants with employment and pay them an hourly wage that is at or above minimum wage.



[AB 3171](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Homeless Persons Services Block Grant. Would establish the Local Homelessness Solutions Program and create the Local Homelessness Solutions Account for the purpose of providing funding to cities, as defined, to create innovative and immediate solutions to the problems caused by homelessness, as specified. The bill would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund to the Local Homelessness Solutions Account and direct the Controller to apportion those funds to cities in proportion to each city's most recent homeless population, as specified.

[SB 850](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Housing. Current law requires, among other objective planning standards, that the development be subject to a minimum percentage of below market rate housing on the basis that the locality failed to submit its latest production report by the applicable time period and that report reflecting that there were fewer units of above moderate-income housing or housing affordable to households making below 80% of area median income that were issued building permits than what was required to meet the locality's regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period. This bill would modify this objective planning standard by requiring that the production report submitted by the locality reflect that there were both fewer units of affordable housing for persons of above moderate income and for persons making 80% of the area median income issued building permits than were required for the locality to meet its regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period.

[SB 861](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

No Place Like Home Act of 2018. Would enact the No Place Like Home Act of 2018 and provide for submission of that act to the voters at the November 6, 2018, statewide general election. The bill would specify that the service contracts between the California Health Facilities Financing Authority and the Department of Housing and Community Development may be single-year or multiyear contracts and provide for payments to the department from amounts on deposit in the Supportive Housing Program Subaccount. The bill would include any appropriation or transfer to the No Place Like Home Fund from the General Fund or other funds as moneys required to be paid into the No Place Like Home Fund.

[SB 912](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

California Housing Finance Agency: management compensation. Current law, among other officers within the California Housing Finance Agency, provides for a director of enterprise risk management and compliance with specified duties related to the development of new programs or changes to existing law or regulations that may result in new or increased risk to the agency. Current law requires that the board of directors of the agency establish the compensation of the key exempt management in the agency's annual budget, as provided. This bill, with respect to the compensation of those key exempt management positions, would include the director of enterprise risk management and compliance and the risk manager among those positions, and would delete obsolete references.

[SB 918](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Homeless Youth Act of 2018. Current law establishes various programs, including, among others, the Emergency Housing and Assistance Program, homeless youth emergency service pilot projects, and Housing First and the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to provide assistance to homeless persons. Current law establishes the council to oversee the implementation of the Housing First guidelines and regulations, and, among other things, identify resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California. This bill would require the council to assume additional responsibilities, including setting specific, measurable goals aimed at preventing and ending homelessness among youth in the state.



[SB 1045](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Conservatorship: serious mental illness and substance use disorders. Would establish a procedure, for the County of Los Angeles and the City and County of San Francisco, if the board of supervisors of the respective county or city and county authorizes the application of these provisions subject to specified requirements, for the appointment of a conservator for a person who is incapable of caring for the person's own health and well-being due to a serious mental illness and substance use disorder, as specified, for the purpose of providing the least restrictive and most clinically appropriate alternative needed for the protection of the person.

[SB 1152](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Hospital patient discharge process: homeless patients. Current law requires each hospital to have a written discharge planning policy and process that requires that the appropriate arrangements for post hospital care are made prior to discharge for those patients likely to suffer adverse health consequences upon discharge if there is no adequate discharge planning. This bill would require each hospital to include a written homeless patient discharge planning policy and process within the hospital discharge policy, as specified.

[SB 1206](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

No Place Like Home Act of 2018. Would enact the No Place Like Home Act of 2018 and provide for submission of that act to the voters at the November 6, 2018, statewide general election. The bill would include any appropriation or transfer to the No Place Like Home Fund from the General Fund or other funds as moneys required to be paid into the No Place Like Home Fund. The bill would specify that the service contracts between the authority and the department may be single-year or multiyear contracts and provide for payments to the department from amounts on deposit in the Supportive Housing Program Subaccount.

Housing

[AB 166](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Building Homes and Jobs Act: recording fee: hardship refund. Current law authorizes a fee for recording and indexing every instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, not to exceed \$10 for the first page and \$3 for each additional page, to reimburse a county for the costs of specified services relating to recording those documents. Current law authorizes various additional recording fees for specified purposes. This bill would authorize a property owner to request a refund based on hardship of a fee, proposed to be imposed by SB 2, if he or she files a claim with the county recorder, in the county in which the fee was collected, that certifies under penalty of perjury that he or she meets specified criteria related to household income and the fee was levied and collected as part of a transaction to a refinance of the property that was the subject of the recording.

[AB 686](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Housing discrimination: affirmatively further fair housing. Would require a public agency, as defined, to administer its programs and activities relating to housing and community development in a manner to affirmatively further fair housing, and to not take any action that is materially inconsistent with this obligation, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 863](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program. Current law continuously appropriates specified portions of the annual proceeds in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to



various programs, including 20% for the Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program administered by the Strategic Growth Council. Current law provides for that program to fund projects that implement land use, housing, transportation, and agricultural land preservation practices to support infill and compact development and that support other related and coordinated public policy objectives. This bill would provide that a project receiving funding pursuant to the program shall be encouraged, among other things, to employ local entrepreneurs and workers utilizing appropriate workforce training programs. The bill would make related revisions to the policy objectives for the program.

[AB 1423](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Tidelands and submerged lands: City and County of San Francisco: seawall lots: affordable housing. Under current law, the Burton Act and the Burton Act transfer agreement, the interest of the state in and to the Harbor of San Francisco was transferred in trust to the City and County of San Francisco. Current law authorizes the port to provide a rent credit or other waiver or deferral of rent in connection with a nontrust lease of seawall lot 322-1 that results in an effective rent to the port below fair market value, if the commission finds, among other things, that the nontrust lease is for affordable housing. Current law imposes certain requirements on the port with regard to the construction of affordable housing on seawall lot 322-1. This bill would revise the definition of "affordable housing" to mean a structure that provides housing for very low, low-, or moderate-income households, as defined, and specifically for seawall lot 322-1 to include housing for persons and families of low or moderate income, as defined, persons and families from very low income households, as defined, or persons and families from extremely low income households, as defined.

[AB 1759](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Public trust lands: City of Sacramento. Would grant and convey in trust in relation to real property known as the Sand Cove Parcels, as described, to the City of Sacramento, in the County of Sacramento, and to its successors, all of the rights, title, and interests of the state, to be held by the city in trust for the benefit of all the people of the state for public trust purposes, as provided. The bill would authorize the city to use the trust lands for the construction, reconstruction, repair, and maintenance of any transportation, utility, or other infrastructure that is incidental, necessary, or convenient to promote or accommodate uses consistent with the public trust doctrine.

[AB 1765](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Personal income taxes: credits: qualified disaster area. Current law, the Personal Income Tax law, allows various credits against the taxes imposed by that law. This bill would allow a credit against that tax for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2020, in an amount equal to 50% of the amount paid or incurred, not to exceed \$1,000, for losses sustained by a taxpayer and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise that occurred in a qualified disaster area, as defined.

[AB 1768](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

The County of San Bernardino: housing authority: middle-income housing projects. Current law, until January 1, 2022, authorizes a housing authority located in the City of San Diego or the County of Santa Clara to implement a pilot program to develop and finance a middle-income housing project, as defined, if the project receives gap financing, as defined. Current law requires any gap financing to be approved by the housing authority's legislative body, as provided, and requires the housing authority to provide a report to the Legislature, as specified. This bill would authorize a housing authority in the County of San Bernardino, until January 1, 2022, also to develop and finance a middle-income housing project if it receives gap financing.

Position: San Bernardino County Sponsor



[AB 1771](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Planning and zoning: regional housing needs assessment. The Planning and Zoning Law requires the appropriate council of governments, or, for cities and counties without a council of governments, the Department of Housing and Community Development, to adopt a final regional housing need allocation plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county and is consistent with specified objectives, including that the plan increase the housing supply and the mix of housing types, tenure, and affordability in all cities and counties within the region in an equitable manner. Current law defines the term “household income levels” for purposes of these provisions. This bill would revise the objectives required to be addressed in the regional housing needs allocation plan and additionally require the plan to include an objective to increase access to areas of high opportunity for lower-income residents, while avoiding displacement and affirmatively furthering fair housing.

[AB 1792](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Affordable housing authorities: infrastructure. Current law authorizes a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution creating an affordable housing authority. Current law authorizes this authority to, among other things, provide for low- and moderate-income housing and affordable workforce housing, as provided. This bill would additionally authorize an affordable housing authority to finance water, sewer, or other public infrastructure necessary to support the development of affordable housing.

[AB 1804](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that are required to be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1816](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Housing. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development, which satisfies specified objective planning standards, that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit. Current law requires, among other objective planning standards, that the development be subject to a minimum percentage of below market rate housing on the basis that the locality failed to submit its latest production report by the applicable time period and that report reflecting that there were fewer units of above moderate-income housing or housing affordable to households making below 80% of area median income that were issued building permits than what was required to meet the locality’s regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period. This bill would modify this objective planning standard by requiring that the production report submitted by the locality reflect that there were both fewer units of affordable housing for persons of above moderate income and for persons making 80% of the area median income issued building permits than were required for the locality to meet its regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period.



[AB 1827](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

No Place Like Home Act of 2018. Would enact the No Place Like Home Act of 2018 and provide for submission of that act to the voters at the November 6, 2018, statewide general election. The bill would specify that the service contracts between the authority and the department may be single-year or multiyear contracts and provide for payments to the department from amounts on deposit in the Supportive Housing Program Subaccount. The bill would include any appropriation or transfer to the No Place Like Home Fund from the General Fund or other funds as moneys required to be paid into the No Place Like Home Fund.

[AB 1919](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Price gouging: state of emergency. Would, upon the proclamation or declaration of an emergency as specified, make it a misdemeanor for a person, business, or other entity to increase the rental price, as defined, advertised, offered, or charged for housing to an existing or prospective tenant by more than 10%. The bill would extend the prohibition with regards to housing for any period that the proclamation or declaration is extended. The bill would additionally make it a misdemeanor for a person, business, or entity to evict a housing tenant after the proclamation of a state of emergency and then rent or offer to rent to another person at a rental price higher than the evicted tenant could be charged.

[AB 1922](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

California Competitiveness and Innovation Act. Current property tax law provides, pursuant to the authority of a specified provision of the California Constitution, for a homeowners' exemption in the amount of \$7,000 of the full value of a "dwelling," as defined, and authorizes the Legislature to increase this exemption. This bill, beginning with the lien date for the 2019–20 fiscal year, would increase the homeowners' exemption from \$7,000 to \$14,000 of the full value of a dwelling. This bill, for the 2020–21 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, would also require the county assessor to adjust the amount of the homeowners' exemption by the percentage change in the House Price Index for California for the first 3 quarters of the prior calendar year, as specified.

[AB 1943](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Manufactured housing: foundation systems: installation: common interest developments. Current law requires an owner or licensed contractor to obtain a building permit from the appropriate enforcement agency to install a manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular on a foundation system by, among other things, submitting written evidence that the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular owner owns, holds title to, or is purchasing the real property where the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular is to be installed. This bill would specify that a registered owner of a manufactured home or mobilehome in a mobilehome park that is converted or proposed to be converted to a resident-owned subdivision, stock cooperative, or condominium project, may submit written evidence of that owner's resident ownership in the mobilehome park in order to comply with this requirement.

[AB 2019](#)

[Aguilar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health care districts. The Local Health Care District Law provides for local health care districts that govern certain health care facilities. Each health care district has a board of directors with specific duties and powers respecting the creation, administration, and maintenance of the district. Current law requires the board of directors to establish and maintain an Internet Web site that may include specified information, such as a list of current board members and recipients of grant funding or assistance provided by the district, if any, and to adopt annual policies for providing assistance or grant funding, as specified. This bill would require the board of directors to include specified



information, such as the district's policy for providing assistance or grant funding, on the district's Internet Web site.

[AB 2035](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Affordable housing authorities. Current law authorizes a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution creating an affordable housing authority with powers limited to providing low- and moderate-income housing and affordable workforce housing, as provided, by means of tax increment financing. Current law defines various terms for these purposes. This bill would additionally define the terms "authorizing resolution" and "property tax increment" for these purposes. The bill would additionally revise these provisions to limit the authority to providing low- and moderate-income housing and affordable housing, as specified.

[AB 2071](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE JUD.

Government immunity: accessory dwelling units: improvements: permits. Would provide that the City of Los Angeles is not liable for an injury or for damage that has arisen from or is related to the use of an accessory dwelling unit and that is caused by any utility system, including, but not limited to, a water system or electrical system equipment, that the city designed, owns, operates, or maintains if the city has permitted the utility system equipment and the accessory dwelling unit or structure being converted to an accessory dwelling unit to remain in the same location as it existed prior to January 1, 2018.

[AB 2132](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Building permit fees: waiver. The State Housing Law authorizes cities and counties to prescribe fees for permits required or authorized pursuant to the State Housing Law. This bill would authorize these entities to waive or reduce all building permit fees for improvements to the home of a person at least 60 years of age with a qualifying disability that are made to accommodate that disability.

[AB 2162](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Planning and zoning: housing development: supportive housing. The Planning and Zoning Law requires the housing element to contain, among other things, an assessment of housing needs and an inventory of resources and constraints relevant to meeting those needs and a program that sets forth a schedule of actions during the planning period, each with a timeline for implementation. That law specifies that transitional housing and supportive housing are a residential use of property, subject only to those restrictions that apply to other residential dwellings of the same type in the same zone. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to this requirement.

[AB 2219](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Landlord-tenant: 3rd-party payments. Current law regulates the terms and conditions of residential tenancies. Current law requires a landlord or his or her agent to allow a tenant to pay rent or a security deposit by at least one form of payment that is neither cash nor electronic funds transfer, except as specified. This bill would require, subject to specified limitations, a landlord or a landlord's agent to allow a tenant to pay rent through a third party.

[AB 2372](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Planning and zoning: density bonus: floor area ratio bonus. Would authorize a city council or county board of supervisors to establish a procedure by ordinance to grant a developer of an eligible housing development, upon the request of the developer, a floor area ratio bonus, calculated as provided, in lieu of a density bonus awarded on the basis of dwelling units per acre. The bill would define "eligible housing development" as a development that meets specified criteria related to



residential use, location, zoning, replacement of units, and affordability. The bill would prohibit the city council or county board of supervisors from imposing any parking requirement on an eligible housing development in excess of specified ratios.

[AB 2562](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Department of Housing and Community Development loans. The Multifamily Housing Program is administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development to address renter housing needs through an omnibus multifamily housing program. Under the program, assistance provided to a project is required to be provided in the form of a deferred payment loan to pay for the eligible costs of development. This bill would authorize each extension of an existing loan, subordination of an existing loan to new debt, or investment of tax credit equity to be made in connection with the combining of multiple sites or collateral as if the existing loan is a new loan, as specified, and would require the department to reduce the interest rate if the development will utilize low-income housing tax credits, the department makes a specified determination regarding the loan or the ability of the development to syndicate, and the rate change will materially increase the feasibility of the proposed project and ensure long-term affordability for the residents.

[AB 2890](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Land use: accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, lot coverage, and height standards. Current law prohibits the ordinance from establishing size requirements for accessory dwelling units that do not permit at least an efficiency unit to be constructed. This bill would prohibit the imposition of lot coverage standards or requirements on minimum lot size, lot coverage, or floor area ratio, and would prohibit an ordinance from establishing size requirements for accessory dwelling units that do not permit at least an 800 square foot unit of at least 16 feet in height to be constructed.

[AB 3030](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: qualified opportunity zones. Current federal law provides certain federal tax incentives to a taxpayer who invests in a qualified opportunity fund, which is an investment vehicle organized for the purpose of investing in qualified opportunity zone property, as prescribed. This bill would exempt a project that is financed by a qualified opportunity fund and that meets certain requirements from CEQA. The bill would require the project proponent to make certain certifications regarding the project. The bill would require a lead agency, before making a determination that the project is exempt from CEQA, to hold a noticed public hearing on the project, as specified.

[AB 3052](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Special Fund for Economic Uncertainties: rental housing: elderly persons. Would require the Controller to annually transfer from the Special Fund for Economic Uncertainties to the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund the sum of \$100,000,000, to be used for the construction, rehabilitation, or acquisition and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing developments for elderly persons or households, as defined, thereby making an appropriation.

[AB 3072](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: farmworker housing. Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, for calendar years beginning in 2019 through the 2023 calendar year, inclusive, would increase the aggregate housing credit dollar amount that may be allocated among low-income housing projects by an



additional \$300,000,000, as specified, and would allocate to farmworker housing projects \$25,000,000 per year of that amount.

[AB 3194](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE SECOND READING

Housing Accountability Act: project approval. This bill would specify that a proposed housing development project is not inconsistent with the applicable zoning standards and criteria, and would prohibit a local government from requiring a rezoning, if the housing development project is consistent with the objective general plan standards and criteria but the zoning for the project site is inconsistent with the general plan. The bill would authorize a local agency, provided that the local agency has complied with specified provisions, to require the proposed housing development project to comply with the objective standards and criteria of the zoning which is consistent with the general plan, and would require the local agency to apply those standards and criteria to facilitate and accommodate development at the density allowed on the site by the general plan and proposed by the proposed housing development project. The bill would declare the Legislature's intent that the conditions that would have a specific, adverse impact upon the public health and safety arise infrequently.

[SB 46](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Mobilehomes: enforcement actions: sunset provision. The Mobilehome Parks Act requires the Department of Housing and Community Development or a city, county, or city and county that assumes responsibility for the enforcement of the act to enter and inspect mobilehome parks with a goal of inspecting at least 5% of the parks each year to ensure enforcement of the act and implementing regulations. Current law also requires an enforcement agency to issue notice to correct a violation and provides for procedures for owners or operators to dispute and appeal violation notices, as specified. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2019. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would extend the repeal date of these provisions to January 1, 2024.

[SB 828](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Land use: housing element. Current law requires the appropriate council of governments, or the department for a city and county that does not have a council of governments, to adopt a final regional housing need plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county in accordance with certain requirements and procedures, including that a specified type of ordinance or policy that limits the number of residential building permits issued by a city or county may not be used as a justification for a determination or reduction in a jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need. This bill would prohibit the prior underproduction of housing in a city or county from the previous cycle and stable population numbers in a city or county from the previous cycle from being used as a justification for a determination or a reduction in the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need.

[SB 850](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Housing. Current law requires, among other objective planning standards, that the development be subject to a minimum percentage of below market rate housing on the basis that the locality failed to submit its latest production report by the applicable time period and that report reflecting that there were fewer units of above moderate-income housing or housing affordable to households making below 80% of area median income that were issued building permits than what was required to meet the locality's regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period. This bill would modify this objective planning standard by requiring that the production report submitted by the locality reflect that there were both fewer units of affordable housing for persons of above moderate income and for persons making 80% of the area median income issued building permits than were required for the locality to meet its regional housing needs assessment for that reporting period.



SB 861

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

No Place Like Home Act of 2018. Would enact the No Place Like Home Act of 2018 and provide for submission of that act to the voters at the November 6, 2018, statewide general election. The bill would specify that the service contracts between the California Health Facilities Financing Authority and the Department of Housing and Community Development may be single-year or multiyear contracts and provide for payments to the department from amounts on deposit in the Supportive Housing Program Subaccount. The bill would include any appropriation or transfer to the No Place Like Home Fund from the General Fund or other funds as moneys required to be paid into the No Place Like Home Fund.

SB 918

Wiener D (Dist. 11)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Homeless Youth Act of 2018. Current law establishes various programs, including, among others, the Emergency Housing and Assistance Program, homeless youth emergency service pilot projects, and Housing First and the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to provide assistance to homeless persons. Current law establishes the council to oversee the implementation of the Housing First guidelines and regulations, and, among other things, identify resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California. This bill would require the council to assume additional responsibilities, including setting specific, measurable goals aimed at preventing and ending homelessness among youth in the state.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

SB 1010

Beall D (Dist. 15)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Parolees: Supportive Housing Pilot Program. Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, on or before January 1, 2020, to create the Supportive Housing Pilot Program, which would be in effect at the same time as the existing program and would establish a process and timeline for finalizing a memorandum of understanding with one or more counties in which the department would agree to use current funding to, among other things, refer eligible parolees to participating counties for mental health treatment, housing navigation services, and supportive housing services, and to use remaining resources, as specified, to pay for bridge rental assistance, as defined, and services in supportive housing during the program participant's term of parole.

SB 1078

Committee on Transportation and Housing

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Housing. Current law authorizes the legislative body of a city or a county to establish an enhanced infrastructure financing district to finance public capital facilities or other specified projects of communitywide significance. Current law requires the district to require, by recorded covenants or restrictions, that housing units built pursuant to this authority remain available at affordable housing costs to, and occupied by, persons and families of very low, low-, or moderate-income households, as provided. This bill would delete an unnecessary reference to "households" in these provisions.

SB 1206

De León D (Dist. 24)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

No Place Like Home Act of 2018. Would enact the No Place Like Home Act of 2018 and provide for submission of that act to the voters at the November 6, 2018, statewide general election. The bill would include any appropriation or transfer to the No Place Like Home Fund from the General Fund or other funds as moneys required to be paid into the No Place Like Home Fund. The bill would specify that the service contracts between the authority and the department may be single-year or multiyear contracts and provide for payments to the department from amounts on deposit in the Supportive Housing Program Subaccount.



[SB 1251](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

California Training Benefits Program. Current law, until January 1, 2019, establishes the California Training Benefits Program, which authorizes an unemployed individual who files a claim for unemployment compensation benefits or extended duration benefits to apply to the Employment Development Department for a determination of potential eligibility for benefits during a period of training or retraining. This bill would delete the repeal of the California Training Benefits Program, thereby providing for its operation in perpetuity.

[SB 1253](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income taxes: low-income housing: credit. Current law limits the total annual amount of the state low-income housing credit for which a federal low-income housing credit is required to the sum of \$70,000,000, as increased by any percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year, any unused credit for the preceding calendar years, and the amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. This bill would increase the aggregate amount of the low-income housing tax credit for calendar years 2019 through 2030, as specified, and would additionally authorize a low-income housing project located in a qualified opportunity zone, as defined, to receive a low-income housing tax credit under the increased aggregate amount.

[SB 1327](#)

[Atkins D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Building Homes and Jobs Act. Current law, the Building Homes and Jobs Act, imposes a charge, except as provided, of \$75 to be paid at the time of the recording of every real estate instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, per each single transaction per parcel of real property, not to exceed \$225. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would provide clarifying amendments to the provisions described above.

IHSS

[AB 110](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees. The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified

[AB 237](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pilot Program for Increased Access to Responsible Small Dollar Loans. The California Financing Law, until January 1, 2023, establishes the Pilot Program for Increased Access to Responsible Small Dollar Loans (pilot program), which requires licensees and other entities that wish to participate in the pilot program to file an application and pay a specified fee to the commissioner to participate in the pilot program. The pilot program authorizes a licensee approved by the commissioner to participate in the pilot program to impose specified alternative interest rates and charges, including an administrative fee and delinquency fees, on unsecured loans of at least \$300 and less than \$2,500, subject to certain requirements. This bill would increase the upper limit on the amount of a permissible loan under the pilot program from \$2,500 to \$7,500 and make corresponding changes.



[AB 1823](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

In-home supportive services: provider orientation. Current law requires prospective providers of in-home supportive services to complete a provider orientation at the time of enrollment, and requires representatives of the recognized employee organization in the county to be permitted to make a presentation of up to 30 minutes at that orientation. Current law requires each public employer, as defined, to provide the exclusive representative mandatory access to its new employee orientations, and requires the parties, upon request of the employer or the exclusive representative, to negotiate regarding the structure, time, and manner of that access. This bill would provide that the above-described requirement to negotiate regarding the structure, time, and manner of the access of the exclusive representative to a new employee orientation applies to IHSS provider orientations in the Counties of Los Angeles, Merced, and Orange.

[AB 2821](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Integrated and comprehensive health and human services system. Current law authorizes the County of San Diego, upon approval of the county board of supervisors, to operate an integrated and comprehensive county health and human services system that includes, among other services, child welfare services and mental health services, as specified, and requires the California Health and Human Services Agency to grant approval if the county furnishes a certified copy of a current ordinance or resolution authorizing that system in that county. This bill would similarly authorize any other county to operate an integrated and comprehensive county health and human services system.

[AB 2872](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

In-home supportive services: peer-to-peer training. Would require the State Department of Social Services to adopt a peer-to-peer training course for providers of in-home supportive services and would require the subject areas of the training to include how to enroll as a new provider in the In-Home Supportive Services program and how to navigate the program, as specified. The bill would require the department to ensure that, as of December 31, 2019, every authorized provider in a county has received at least 2 hours of peer-to-peer training and that, beginning on January 1, 2020, all new providers, or returning providers who have not yet received the training, receive at least 2 hours of peer-to-peer training within their first year of employment.

[AB 3082](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

In-home supportive services. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in consultation with interested stakeholders, to develop a plan to address the issue of sexual harassment of IHSS providers and recipients. The bill would require the plan to include a recommended uniform method to track reports and outcomes of sexual harassment cases in the program and standardized sexual harassment education for providers and recipients, as specified. The bill would require the department, on or before September 30, 2019, and in consultation with the interested stakeholders, to submit a report to the Legislature summarizing the plan.

[SB 120](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees. The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified.



SB 857

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

In-home supportive services: provider orientation. Current law requires each public employer, as defined, to provide the exclusive representative mandatory access to its new employee orientations, and requires the parties, upon request of the employer or the exclusive representative, to negotiate regarding the structure, time, and manner of that access. This bill would provide that the above-described requirement to negotiate regarding the structure, time, and manner of the access of the exclusive representative to a new employee orientation applies to IHSS provider orientations in the Counties of Los Angeles, Merced, and Orange.

SB 1040

Dodd D (Dist. 3)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

In-home supportive services: natural disaster. The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to declare a state of emergency under specified conditions and requires a county, including a city and county, to update its emergency plan to address, among other things, how the access and functional needs population, as defined, is served by emergency communications, evacuation, and sheltering. This bill would require a county to use a void and reissue warrant process for any provider who lost or had damaged an uncashed warrant because of a natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. The bill would require a county, including a city and county, at the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate and require the assessment and provision of supportive services to IHSS recipients.

Immigration

AB 110

Committee on Budget

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees. The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified.

SB 120

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

In-home supportive services provider wages: emergency caregiver payments for foster care: civil immigration detainees: recording fees. The California Values Act prohibits state and local law enforcement agencies from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees, except as specified. This bill would specify that state and local law enforcement agencies are prohibited from contracting with the federal government for use of their facilities to house individuals as federal detainees for purposes of civil immigration custody, except as specified.

Infrastructure

SB 914

Dodd D (Dist. 3)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Local agency contracts: construction manager at-risk construction contracts. Current law authorizes a county, until January 1, 2023, with approval of the board of supervisors, to utilize construction manager at-risk construction contracts for the erection, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of any building owned or leased by the county, subject to certain requirements, including that the method may only be used for projects that are in excess of \$1,000,000. This bill would expand that authorization by authorizing a public entity, of which the members of the county board of supervisors make up the members of the governing body of that public entity, with the approval of its governing body, to utilize construction manager at-risk construction contracts.



[SB 961](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Enhanced infrastructure financing districts. Would enact the Second Neighborhood Infill Finance and Transit Improvements Act, which would similarly authorize a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution, at any time before or after the adoption of the infrastructure financing plan for an enhanced infrastructure financing district, to allocate tax revenues of that entity to the district, including revenues derived from local sales and use taxes imposed pursuant to the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law or transactions and use taxes imposed in accordance with the Transactions and Use Tax Law, if the area to be financed is within one-half mile of a major transit stop, as specified, and, among other things, certain conditions relating to housing and the infrastructure financing plan are or will be met.

Land Use

[AB 890](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Land use: planning and zoning: initiatives. Would require that the city council of a city or the board of supervisors of a county have exclusive authority to adopt or amend a general plan, specific plan, or zoning ordinance, that would convert any discretionary land use approval necessary for a project to ministerial approval; change the land use or zoning designation of a parcel or parcels to a more intensive designation; or authorize more intensive land uses within an existing land use designation or zoning designation.

[AB 2372](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Planning and zoning: density bonus: floor area ratio bonus. Would authorize a city council or county board of supervisors to establish a procedure by ordinance to grant a developer of an eligible housing development, upon the request of the developer, a floor area ratio bonus, calculated as provided, in lieu of a density bonus awarded on the basis of dwelling units per acre. The bill would define "eligible housing development" as a development that meets specified criteria related to residential use, location, zoning, replacement of units, and affordability. The bill would prohibit the city council or county board of supervisors from imposing any parking requirement on an eligible housing development in excess of specified ratios.

[AB 2447](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Environmental Quality Act: land use: environmental justice. Would, except as provided, require a lead agency that is preparing an EIR or a negative declaration to provide certain notices required by CEQA to owners and occupants of property located within 1/2 mile of any parcel or parcels, and to any schools located within one mile of any parcel or parcels, on which is located a project involving a subject land use, as defined, for projects for which environmental review commences on or after July 1, 2019. The bill would require the lead agency to call at least one scoping meeting for those projects, as provided.

[AB 2797](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Planning and zoning: density bonuses. Current law provides that specified provisions of the Density Bonus Law do not supersede or in any way alter or lessen the effect or application of the California Coastal Act of 1976, which provides for the regulation of development of certain lands within the coastal zone, as defined. This bill would require that any density bonus, concessions, incentives, waivers or reductions of development standards, and parking ratios to which an applicant is entitled under the Density Bonus Law be permitted in a manner that is consistent with that law and the California Coastal Act of 1976. This bill would also declare the intent of the Legislature in this regard.



[AB 2973](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Land use: Subdivision Map Act: expiration dates. The Subdivision Map Act requires an approved tentative map or vesting tentative map to expire 24 months after its approval, or after an additional period of time prescribed by local ordinance, not to exceed 12 months. However, the act extends the expiration date of certain approved tentative maps and vesting tentative maps, as specified. This bill would authorize the legislative body to extend the expiration date, by up to 24 months, of any approved tentative map or vesting tentative map that was approved on or after January 1, 2006, and not later than July 11, 2013, within a county that meets certain criteria, and for which the expiration date has been previously extended pursuant to specified provisions, if tentative map, vesting tentative map, or parcel map relates to the construction of single or multifamily housing, as specified.

[AB 3162](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Alcoholism or drug abuse treatment facilities. Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities serving adults by the State Department of Health Care Services, as prescribed. Current law makes a violation of these provisions punishable by a civil penalty of not less than \$25 or more than \$50 per day for each violation, with additional penalties for repeat violations, as specified. This bill would make an initial license for a new facility issued by the department to a provider provisional for one year and revocable for good cause, as defined. The bill would require all programs and medical services offered or provided by a licensed alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility to be specified in the license application and provided exclusively within the licensed facility on the licensed property and for the benefit of the residents.

[SB 277](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Land use: zoning regulations. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances regulating zoning within its jurisdiction, as specified. This bill would additionally authorize the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances to require, as a condition of development of residential rental units, that the development include a certain percentage of residential rental units affordable to, and occupied by, moderate-income, lower income, very low income, or extremely low income households, as specified.

[SB 828](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Land use: housing element. Current law requires the appropriate council of governments, or the department for a city and county that does not have a council of governments, to adopt a final regional housing need plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county in accordance with certain requirements and procedures, including that a specified type of ordinance or policy that limits the number of residential building permits issued by a city or county may not be used as a justification for a determination or reduction in a jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need. This bill would prohibit the prior underproduction of housing in a city or county from the previous cycle and stable population numbers in a city or county from the previous cycle from being used as a justification for a determination or a reduction in the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need.

[SB 1226](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Building standards: building permits. The California Building Standards Law requires that only those building standards approved by the California Building Standards Commission, and that are effective at the local level at the time an application for a building permit is submitted, apply to the construction performed under that building permit. This bill would require the department to propose the adoption of a building standard to the California Building Standards Commission pursuant to



existing law that would authorize, when a record of the issuance of a building permit for the construction of an existing residential unit does not exist, the above-described enforcement officials to determine when the residential unit was constructed and then apply the State Housing Law, the building standards published in the California Building Standards Code, and other specified rules and regulations in effect on that date and issue a retroactive building permit for that construction.

[SB 1227](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE CONCURRENCE

Density bonuses. Would require a density bonus to be provided to a developer that agrees to construct a housing development in which all units in the development will be used for students enrolled full-time at an institution of higher education accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges or the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges and the developer enters into an agreement with an institution of higher education to that effect, where 20% of the units are used for lower income students, as defined, provided at a specified rent level, and the development provides priority for the applicable affordable units for lower income students experiencing homelessness.

Law and Justice / Courts

[AB 154](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Current law requires a court, upon the conviction of a defendant of a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant participate in a counseling or education program having a substance abuse component while imprisoned if the court makes certain findings relating to his or her drug use. This bill would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

[AB 1813](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Courts: omnibus. Would require the court, before the entry of a judgment in a class action, to determine the total amount that will be payable to all class members, and to set a date when the parties are to report to the court the total amount that was actually paid to the class members. After the report is received, the bill would require the court to amend the judgment to direct the defendant to pay the sum of the unpaid residue, plus interest, to nonprofit organizations or foundations to support projects that will benefit the class or similarly situated persons, or that promote the law consistent with the underlying cause of action, or to child advocacy programs, or to nonprofit organizations providing civil legal services to the indigent.

[AB 2446](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Courts: judgeships. Would increase the number of judges in the division of the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District located in the San Bernardino/Riverside area to 8 judges. The bill would appropriate \$1,202,000 from the General Fund to the judicial branch for the purpose of funding the cost of that new appellate court justice and accompanying staff. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 2495](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Prosecuting attorneys: charging defendants for the prosecution costs of criminal violations of local ordinances. Current law establishes various procedures applicable to criminal prosecutions. This bill would, with exceptions, as specified, prohibit a city, county, or city and county, including an attorney acting on behalf of a city, county, or city and county, from charging a defendant for the costs



of investigation, prosecution, or appeal in a criminal case, including, but not limited to, a criminal violation of a local ordinance.

[AB 2780](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Family law: support orders. Current law authorizes the court, in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or for legal separation of the parties, to order a party to submit to an examination by a vocational training counselor to assess the party's ability to obtain certain employment, as specified. Current law requires a vocational training counselor performing these examinations to possess specific educational and professional experiences, including, among other qualifications, a master's degree in the behavioral sciences. This bill would modify the required qualification to serve as a vocational training counselor by allowing, in the alternative to the master's degree, a vocational training counselor to possess another postgraduate degree that the court finds provides sufficient training to perform a vocational evaluation.

[SB 38](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Courts: judgeships. Current law specifies the number of judges for the superior court of each county and for each division of each district of the court of appeal. Current law provides that the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District consists of 3 divisions. Current law requires that one of these divisions hold its regular sessions in the San Bernardino/Riverside area and further requires this division to have 7 judges. This bill would increase the number of judges in the division of the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District located in the San Bernardino/Riverside area to 8 judges.

[SB 439](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Current places a person who is under 18 years of age when he or she violates any law of this state or of the United States or specified ordinances of any city or county of this state to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Current law authorizes a juvenile court to adjudge a person under these circumstances to be a ward of the court. This bill would modify the ages that a person must be to fall within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or adjudged a ward of the court under these circumstances to between 12 years of age and 17 years of age, inclusive, except that any minor who is under 12 years of age when he or she is alleged to have committed murder or rape with force, violence, or threat of great bodily harm would still be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and may be adjudged a ward of the court.

[SB 847](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Courts: omnibus. Would require the court, before the entry of a judgment in a class action, to determine the total amount that will be payable to all class members, and to set a date when the parties are to report to the court the total amount that was actually paid to the class members. After the report is received, the bill would require the court to amend the judgment to direct the defendant to pay the sum of the unpaid residue, plus interest, to nonprofit organizations or foundations to support projects that will benefit the class or similarly situated persons, or that promote the law consistent with the underlying cause of action, or to child advocacy programs, or to nonprofit organizations providing civil legal services to the indigent.

[SB 1187](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Competence to stand trial. Would reduce the term for commitment to a treatment facility when a felony was committed to the shorter of 2 years or the a period of commitment equal to the maximum term of imprisonment provided by law for the most serious offense charged. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.



SB 1391

Lara D (Dist. 33)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Juveniles: fitness for juvenile court. Would repeal the authority of a district attorney to make a motion to transfer a minor from juvenile court to a court of criminal jurisdiction in a case in which a minor is alleged to have committed a specified serious offense when he or she was 14 or 15 years of age, thereby amending Proposition 57. By increasing the number of minors retained under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Parks

AB 18

Garcia, Eduardo D (Dist. 56)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Healing arts: Licensed Physicians and Dentists from Mexico Pilot Program. The Licensed Physicians and Dentists from Mexico Pilot Program allows licensed physicians and dentists from Mexico to practice medicine or dentistry in California for a period not to exceed 3 years and establishes requirements for the participants in the program, including that a physician from Mexico, before leaving Mexico, is required to satisfactorily complete a 6 months orientation program that addresses specified topics and is approved by the Medical Board of California. This bill would remove the requirement that the orientation program be 6 months in length.

AB 1358

Cooley D (Dist. 8)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

State parks: California Admission Day: discounted admission. Current law requires the Department of Parks and Recreation to administer, protect, develop, and interpret the property under its jurisdiction in the state park system for the use and enjoyment of the public. Current law provides for the department to charge various fees for use of state parks, but requires the department to offer free or reduced-rate admission to eligible persons under certain circumstances. This bill would require the department to grant 50 percent-discounted admission to the general public to each unit of the state park system on September 9, California Admission Day.

AB 1918

Garcia, Eduardo D (Dist. 56)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Office of Sustainable Outdoor Recreation. Current law establishes in the Natural Resources Agency the Blue Ribbon Committee for the Rehabilitation of Clear Lake, for the purposes of discussion, reviewing research, planning, and providing oversight regarding the health of Clear Lake. This bill would establish in the agency the Office of Sustainable Outdoor Recreation. The bill would require the office to undertake certain activities, including supporting the outdoor recreation economy of the state by engaging in specified activities. The bill would also require the office to create an advisory committee to provide advice, expertise, support, and service to the office.

Privacy & Security

SB 327

Jackson D (Dist. 19)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Information privacy: connected devices. Would require a manufacturer that sells or offers to sell a connected device to a consumer in this state, defined as any device, sensor, or other physical object that is capable of connecting to the Internet, directly or indirectly, or to another connected device, to equip the device with reasonable security features appropriate to the nature of the device and the information it may collect, contain, or transmit, that protect it from unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, or disclosure.

Public Health

AB 247

Garcia, Cristina D (Dist. 58)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Public health: childhood lead poisoning: Lead Advisory Task Force. Under current law, known as the Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Act of 1991, the State Department of Public Health is



required to establish procedures for environmental abatement and follow up, and undertake other specified measures, designed to reduce the incidence of excessive childhood lead exposure in California. This bill would require, by April 1, 2018, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to convene a Lead Advisory Task Force, with a prescribed membership, to review and advise, as provided, regarding policies and procedures to reduce childhood lead poisoning in the state.

[AB 626](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Retail Food Code: microenterprise home kitchen operations. Would, among other things, include a microenterprise home kitchen operation within the definition of a food facility, and would define a microenterprise home kitchen operation to mean a food facility that is operated by a resident in a private home where food is stored, handled, and prepared for, and may be served to, consumers, and that meets specified requirements, including, among others, that the operation has no more than one full-time equivalent food employee and has no more than \$50,000 in verifiable gross annual sales.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

[AB 1136](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health facilities: residential mental health or substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Public Health, in consultation with specified entities, to develop and submit a proposal to solicit a grant under the federal 21st Century Cures Act to develop a real-time, Internet-based database to collect, aggregate, and display information about the availability of beds in inpatient psychiatric facilities, crisis stabilization units, residential community mental health facilities, and licensed residential alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities for treatment purposes.

[AB 1893](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ENROLLED

Maternal mental health: federal funding. Current law finds and declares that prenatal care, delivery service, postpartum care, and neonatal and infant care are essential services necessary to assure maternal and infant health. Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to develop and maintain a statewide community-based comprehensive perinatal services program to, among other program objectives, ensure the appropriate level of maternal, newborn, and pediatric care services necessary to provide the healthiest outcome for mother and infant. This bill would require the department to investigate and apply for federal funding opportunities regarding maternal mental health, as specified. This bill would require the department to notify the Legislature on or before January 1, 2020, on the department's efforts to secure and utilize the federal funding it receives.

[AB 2029](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Federally Qualified Health Clinics: rural health clinics. Current law authorizes an FQHC or RHC to apply for an adjustment to its rate based on a change in the scope of services that it provides within 150 days following the beginning of the FQHC's or RHC's fiscal year. Current law provides that the department's implementation of FQHC and RHC services is subject to federal approval and the availability of federal financial participation. This bill would require the methodology of the adjusted per-visit rate to exclude, among other things, a per-visit payment limitation, and provider productivity standard. The bill would authorize an FQHC or RHC to apply for a rate adjustment for the adoption, implementation, or upgrade of a certified electronic health record system as a change in the scope of services.

[AB 2434](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Strategic Growth Council: Health in All Policies Program. Would, until January 1, 2024, establish the Health in All Policies (HiAP) Program, to be administered by the Strategic Growth Council, for the



purposes of incorporating health, equity, and sustainability considerations into decision-making across sectors and policy areas, as specified. The bill would require the council, by October 1, 2019, to develop a report of recommendations for programs, policies, and practices that state agencies can undertake to advance health, equity, and specified goals of the HiAP Program, as provided.

[AB 2934](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Residential lead-based paint hazard reduction program: county health departments: certification. Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to implement and administer a residential lead-based paint hazard reduction program, as specified, including adopting regulations regarding accreditation of providers of health and safety training to employees who engage in or supervise lead-related construction work, as defined, and certification of employees who have successfully completed that training. This bill would require the department, by February 1, 2019, to request permission from the federal Environmental Protection Agency to modify its Lead Related Construction Program agreement to expand its authority and authorize a county to implement and administer the certification program for persons engaged in lead construction work described above.

[SB 212](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Solid waste: pharmaceutical and sharps waste stewardship. Would establish a pharmaceutical and sharps waste stewardship program, under which each manufacturer of covered drugs or sharps, as defined, in the state would be required to establish and implement, either on its own or as part of a group of covered manufacturers through membership in a pharmaceutical and sharps waste stewardship organization, a pharmaceutical and sharps waste stewardship program. The bill would impose various requirements on a covered manufacturer or stewardship organization that operates a stewardship program, including submitting an initial stewardship plan, and an annual budget, annual report, and other specified information to CalRecycle.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[SB 221](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Agricultural District 1-A: firearm and ammunition sales at the Cow Palace. Current law generally regulates the transfer of firearms and divides the state into agricultural districts. District 1-A is the County of San Mateo and the City and County of San Francisco. A violation of the statutes governing agricultural districts is generally a misdemeanor. This bill would, on and after January 1, 2020, prohibit the sale of firearms and ammunition at the Cow Palace located in District 1-A, as specified, and would thereby make a violation of that prohibition a misdemeanor. The bill would exclude from its provisions a gun buy-back event held by a law enforcement agency.

[SB 663](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE VETOED

Packages and labels of cannabis or cannabis products: children. Would specify that a package or label of cannabis or cannabis products is deemed to be attractive to children if the package or label has specific characteristics, including, among others, displaying a name resembling the name of any candy, snack food, baked good, or beverage commercially sold without cannabis. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 794](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY G.O.

Fireworks: fireworks stewardship program. Current law requires various entities, including the State Fire Marshal, to seize certain prohibited fireworks. Current law requires the Office of the State Fire Marshal to consult with public safety agencies and other stakeholders and develop a model ordinance that permits local jurisdictions to adopt streamlined enforcement and administrative fine procedures related to possession of 25 pounds or less of dangerous fireworks. This bill would repeal



the provisions relating to a model ordinance governing enforcement and administrative fine procedures.

[SB 1127](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Pupil health: administration of medicinal cannabis: schoolsites. Would enact Jojo's Act, which would authorize the governing board of a school district, a county board of education, or the governing body of a charter school maintaining kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to adopt, at a regularly scheduled meeting of the governing board or body, a policy, as provided, that allows a parent or guardian of a pupil to possess and administer to the pupil who is a qualified patient entitled to the protections of the Compassionate Use Act of 1996 medicinal cannabis, excluding in a smokeable or vapeable form, at a schoolsite.

Public Hospitals

[AB 2190](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Hospitals: seismic safety. Current law provides that, after January 1, 2008, a general acute care hospital building that is determined to be a potential risk of collapse or to pose significant loss of life in the event of seismic activity be used only for nonacute care hospital purposes, except that the office may grant 5-year and 2-year extensions under prescribed circumstances, except as specified. Current law requires an owner of a general acute care hospital building that is classified as nonconforming to submit a report to the office no later than November 1, 2010, describing the status of each building in complying with the extension provisions, and to annually update the office with any changes or adjustments. Current law authorizes certain hospital owners who do not have the financial capacity or other reasons to bring certain buildings into compliance by the January 1, 2013, deadline to instead replace those buildings or take other action by January 1, 2020, as specified. This bill would require all hospitals with buildings subject to the January 1, 2020, deadline described above and that are seeking an extension for their buildings to submit an application to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development by April 1, 2019, that specifies the seismic compliance method each building will use, as specified.

Public Lands

[AB 1358](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

State parks: California Admission Day: discounted admission. Current law requires the Department of Parks and Recreation to administer, protect, develop, and interpret the property under its jurisdiction in the state park system for the use and enjoyment of the public. Current law provides for the department to charge various fees for use of state parks, but requires the department to offer free or reduced-rate admission to eligible persons under certain circumstances. This bill would require the department to grant 50 percent-discounted admission to the general public to each unit of the state park system on September 9, California Admission Day.

[AB 1775](#)

[Muratsuchi D \(Dist. 66\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

State lands: leasing: oil and gas. Would prohibit the State Lands Commission or a local trustee, as defined, of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance authorizing new construction of oil- and gas-related infrastructure upon tidelands and submerged lands within state waters associated with Outer Continental Shelf leases issued after January 1, 2018. The bill would provide that these provisions do not prevent specified activities, including, among others, issuance by the commission of leases pursuant to exceptions applicable to the California Coastal Sanctuary described above. The bill would authorize the commission to establish regulations for the implementation of these provisions.



[AB 1918](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Office of Sustainable Outdoor Recreation. Current law establishes in the Natural Resources Agency the Blue Ribbon Committee for the Rehabilitation of Clear Lake, for the purposes of discussion, reviewing research, planning, and providing oversight regarding the health of Clear Lake. This bill would establish in the agency the Office of Sustainable Outdoor Recreation. The bill would require the office to undertake certain activities, including supporting the outdoor recreation economy of the state by engaging in specified activities. The bill would also require the office to create an advisory committee to provide advice, expertise, support, and service to the office.

[SB 834](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

State lands: leasing: oil and gas. Would prohibit the State Lands Commission or a local trustee, as defined, of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance authorizing new construction of oil- and gas-related infrastructure upon tidelands and submerged lands within state waters associated with Outer Continental Shelf leases issued after January 1, 2018.

[SB 953](#)

[Anderson R \(Dist. 38\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Off-highway motor vehicles. Current law, the Chappie-Z'berg Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Law of 1971, generally specifies which lands are available for use by off-highway motor vehicles, as defined, and the operating rules of those vehicles. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would clarify operating rules for off-highway motor vehicles.

Public Safety

[AB 154](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Current law requires a court, upon the conviction of a defendant of a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant participate in a counseling or education program having a substance abuse component while imprisoned if the court makes certain findings relating to his or her drug use. This bill would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in his or her sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

[AB 222](#)

[Bocanegra D \(Dist. 0\)](#)

Location: SENATE SECOND READING

False documents. Current law, added by Proposition 187, which was approved by the voters at the November 8, 1994, statewide general election, makes it a felony to manufacture or distribute false documents to conceal the true citizenship or resident alien status of another person. Proposition 187 also makes it a felony for a person to use false documents to conceal his or her true citizenship or resident alien status. The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to amend an initiative statute by another statute that becomes effective only when approved by the electors. This bill would amend Proposition 187 by repealing the above-referenced crimes.

[AB 662](#)

[Choi R \(Dist. 68\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Restitution: tracking. Current law establishes a local Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) in each county and requires the CCP to recommend a local plan to the county board of supervisors for the implementation of the 2011 public safety realignment. Current law allows the plan to include recommendations to maximize the effective investment of criminal justice resources in evidence-based correction sanctions and programming, including specifically, among other things, victim restitution



programs. This bill would require a county agency or department administering the collection of restitution in the above circumstances to track restitution payments and send monthly notices to the individual responsible for paying restitution and quarterly statements to the victim, if victim contact information is available, detailing the payment status of the restitution order.

[AB 748](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Peace officers: video and audio recordings: disclosure. The California Public Records Act requires that public records, as defined, be available to the public for inspection and made promptly available to any person. Existing law makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from these requirements. Existing law requires specified information regarding the investigation of crimes to be disclosed to the public unless disclosure would endanger the safety of a person involved in an investigation or would endanger the successful completion of the investigation. This bill would, notwithstanding the above provisions, allow a video or audio recording that relates to a critical incident, defined as an incident involving a peace officer's use of force, or involving a violation of law or agency policy by a peace officer, to be withheld for 45 calendar days if disclosure would substantially interfere with an active investigation, subject to extensions, as specified.

[AB 1488](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE PUB. S.

County juvenile transition centers. Would require every county to convene a working group with stakeholders, to discuss and assess what resources are needed for the creation or support of a juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities. The bill would require the centers to provide temporary transitional housing and other specified services to participants. The bill would require counties to implement the program only to the extent that funds are available from the state or other sources.

[AB 1812](#)

[Committee on Budget](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Public safety omnibus. Would establish the Youth Reinvestment Grant Program within the Board of State and Community Corrections to grant funds, upon appropriation, to local jurisdictions and Indian tribes for the purpose of implementing trauma-informed diversion programs for minors. The bill would require the board to be responsible for administration oversight and accountability of the grant program, in coordination with the California Health and Human Services Agency and the State Department of Education.

[AB 1994](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: SENATE SECOND READING

Sex offenders: county or local custodial facilities. Current law requires specified sex offenders to register with local law enforcement within five working days of coming into, or changing his or her residence within, a city, county, or city and county. If the person's new address is in a Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation facility or state mental institution, existing law requires an official of the institution to forward the registrant's change of address information to the Department of Justice within 90 days. This bill would instead require the change of address to be forwarded within 15 working days of both receipt and release of the person. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 2507](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

County jails: infant and toddler breast milk feeding policy. Would require, on or before July 1, 2019, a county sheriff or the administrator of a county jail to develop and implement an infant and toddler breast milk feeding policy for lactating inmates detained in or sentenced to a county jail that is based on currently accepted best practices. The bill would require the policy to include provisions for, among other things, procedures for providing medically appropriate support and care related to the



cessation of lactation or weaning and for conditioning an inmate's participation in the program upon the inmate undergoing drug screening.

[AB 2568](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

County jails: veterans. Would require county jails to, upon detention of a person, ask if the person has served in the United States military and document the person's response. The bill would additionally require that the county jail make this information available to the person, his or her counsel, and the district attorney. By increasing the duties of county jails, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2992](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Peace officer training: commercially sexually exploited children. Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to develop a course on commercially sexually exploited children (CSEC) and victims of human trafficking. The bill would require the course to include specified topics and components including, among others, recognizing indicators of commercial sexual exploitation, appropriate interviewing techniques, local and state resources available to first responders, and issues of stigma. The bill would require the course to be equitable to a course that the commission produces for officers as part of continuing professional training and include facilitated discussions and learning activities, including scenario training exercises.

[SB 215](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment. For specified offenses, the bill would condition granting diversion on the consent of the prosecution.

[SB 237](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Electricity: direct transactions. Current law expressly requires the Public Utilities Commission to authorize direct transactions for nonresidential end-use customers, subject to an annual maximum allowable total kilowatt hour limit established, as specified, for each electrical corporation, to be achieved following a now completed 3-to 5-year phase-in period. This bill would require the commission to adopt and implement a 2nd phase-in period for expanding direct transactions over a period of not more than 3 years, so that by the end of the 3-year period all nonresidential end-use customers may acquire electric service from other providers in each electrical corporation's distribution service territory.

[SB 846](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Public safety omnibus. Would establish the Youth Reinvestment Grant Program within the Board of State and Community Corrections to grant funds, upon appropriation, to local jurisdictions and Indian tribes for the purpose of implementing trauma-informed diversion programs for minors. The bill would require the board to be responsible for administration oversight and accountability of the grant program, in coordination with the California Health and Human Services Agency and the State Department of Education. The bill would require the board to perform specified duties relating to, among other things, guidance, data collection, and contracting with a research firm or university to conduct a statewide evaluation of the grant program and its outcomes, as specified.



SB 1010

Beall D (Dist. 15)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Parolees: Supportive Housing Pilot Program. Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, on or before January 1, 2020, to create the Supportive Housing Pilot Program, which would be in effect at the same time as the existing program and would establish a process and timeline for finalizing a memorandum of understanding with one or more counties in which the department would agree to use current funding to, among other things, refer eligible parolees to participating counties for mental health treatment, housing navigation services, and supportive housing services, and to use remaining resources, as specified, to pay for bridge rental assistance, as defined, and services in supportive housing during the program participant's term of parole.

SB 1161

Stone R (Dist. 28)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Inland Empire Rural Crime Prevention Program. Current law authorizes specified counties to develop the Central Valley Rural Crime Prevention Program and the Central Coast Rural Crime Prevention Program. Existing law requires the participating counties to form a regional task force to develop crime prevention, problem solving, and crime control techniques, to encourage timely reporting of crimes, and to evaluate the results of these activities. Current law prescribes the percentage of the funds appropriated for the Central Valley Rural Crime Prevention Project that is allocated to each participating county. This bill would authorize the Counties of Riverside and San Bernardino to create the Inland Empire Rural Crime Prevention Program.

SB 1429

Mendoza D (Dist. 0)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Sales and use taxes: revenue allocation: public safety services. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would limit the amount of revenues derived from the imposition of the tax pursuant to Proposition 172 that are maintained in reserves by counties to 5% of the total allocation of those revenues received in the previous budget year and would make related findings and declarations.

Public Utilities

AB 1959

Wood D (Dist. 2)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Telecommunications: universal service programs. Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop, implement, and maintain a suitable program to establish a fair and equitable local rate structure aided by universal service rate support to small independent telephone corporations that serve rural areas and are subject to rate-of-return regulation by the commission (the CHCF-A program). Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the commission to develop, implement, and maintain a suitable, competitively neutral, and broad-based program to establish a fair and equitable local rate support structure aided by universal service rate support to telephone corporations serving areas where the cost of providing services exceeds rates charged by providers, as determined by the commission (the CHCF-B program). This bill would extend the CHCF-A program and CHCF-B program requirements to January 1, 2023.

AB 1999

Chau D (Dist. 49)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Local government: public broadband services. Would expressly authorize a county service area to acquire, construct, improve, maintain, and operate broadband Internet access services, and would require a county service area that does so to take certain actions regarding the accessing of content on the Internet by end users of that service, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.



[SB 1110](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Energy: California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: local publicly owned electric utilities. Would, if the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program's procurement requirements are extended or expanded, or if additional requirements are adopted requiring that retail sales of electricity in California come from zero-carbon electricity generating resources, authorize a local publicly owned electric utility to adjust its procurement requirements to ensure that the procurement of additional electricity from eligible renewable energy resources or zero-carbon resources, in combination with the procurement of electricity from unavoidable long-term contracts and ownership agreements, as defined, do not exceed the total retail sales of the utility during a California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program compliance period, if specified conditions are met.

Registrar of Voters

[AB 216](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Vote by mail ballots: identification envelopes: prepaid postage. Current law provides for the procedures by which a voter may apply for and receive a vote by mail ballot. Current law requires the elections official to deliver to each qualified applicant the ballot for the precinct in which the applicant resides and all supplies necessary for the use and return of the ballot. This bill would clarify that the elections official is required to deliver to each qualified applicant an identification envelope for the return of the vote by mail ballot and would require the identification envelope to have prepaid postage.

[AB 1678](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Elections: voter registration information: security: campaign literature and communications. Would require the Secretary of State to adopt regulations describing best practices for storage and security of voter registration information received by an applicant. The bill would require a person or entity who has received voter registration information pursuant to an application to disclose a breach in the security of the storage of the information to the Secretary of State, as specified.

[AB 2245](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Voter registration. Current law requires a county elections official to prepare specified information on registered voters in the county, including the total number of voters and the number of voters registered as preferring each qualified political party, and to provide notice to the Secretary of State that the information is available. This bill would require a county elections official to also include specified information on persons who have preregistered to vote. By imposing additional duties on county elections officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2540](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

State facilities and public buildings: vote centers and polling places. The California Voter's Choice Act, authorizes certain counties to conduct any election, after a specified date, as an all-mailed ballot election if certain conditions are satisfied, including conditions related to ballot drop off locations, vote centers, and plans for the administration of all-mailed ballot elections. Current law requires, with certain exceptions, that state-owned buildings, parking lots, and other facilities be made available free of charge for use as polling places. This bill would extend this requirement to vote centers.

[AB 2835](#)

[Calderon D \(Dist. 57\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Elections: ballots. Current law defines a "ballot" for election law purposes to include an electronic touchscreen upon which appears the names of candidates and ballot titles of measures to be voted on



by touching the designated area of the screen for systems that do not contain a paper ballot. This bill would expand the electronic touchscreen systems that qualify as ballots by eliminating the requirement that the systems not contain paper ballots if the votes are tabulated manually or by optical scanning equipment. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

[SB 759](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Elections: vote by mail ballots. Current law requires an elections official, upon receipt of a vote by mail ballot, to compare the signature on the identification envelope with either the signature appearing on the voter's affidavit of registration, or the signature appearing on a form issued by an elections official that contains the voter's signature and that is part of the voter's registration record. Current law provides that, if the elections official determines that the signatures do not compare, the identification envelope shall not be opened and the ballot shall not be counted. This bill would eliminate the prohibition on counting the ballot and would instead require the elections official to follow specified procedures to notify the voter and allow the voter an opportunity to verify his or her signature before certification of the election.

Retirement

[AB 2004](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CHAPTERED

Big Bear Fire Agencies Pension Consolidation Act of 2018. Would enact the Big Bear Fire Agencies Pension Consolidation Act of 2018, which, on and after the effective date of a resolution of the Board of Retirement of the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association consenting to membership by employees of the Big Bear Fire Authority as specified, would provide that all safety employees currently employed by the Big Bear Lake Fire Protection District as of that date would be deemed to be employees of the authority and that all duties and obligations of the fire protection district in the employment relationship would be assumed by the authority. The bill would specify that the authority is a "district" for purposes of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937.

[SB 1270](#)

[Vidak R \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

County employees' retirement: system personnel. CERL authorizes the retirement boards of 5 specified counties to appoint assistant administrators and chief investment officers who, following appointment, are outside county charter, civil service, and merit system rules, except as specified. CERL provides that these administrators and officers are employees of the county, as specified, while serving at the pleasure of the appointing boards, and that they may be dismissed without cause. This bill would apply these provisions to any county if the board of supervisors for that county, by resolution adopted by majority vote, makes those provisions applicable in the county.

Risk Management

[AB 61](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

State Compensation Insurance Fund: board. Current law establishes the State Compensation Insurance Fund to be administered by a board of directors for the purpose of transacting workers' compensation insurance and other public employment-related insurances, as specified. This bill would require one of the board members that the Governor appoints to be a current or former small business owner who is or has been a small business owner for more than 5 years or who is a State Compensation Insurance Fund policyholder, as specified. The bill would provide that the small business owner member shall be appointed to the first board vacancy that is not left by the labor member or the member with an auditing background.

[AB 1749](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Workers' compensation: off-duty peace officer. Would provide that whenever any peace officer is injured, dies, or is disabled from performing his duties as a peace officer by reason of engaging in the



apprehension or attempted apprehension of law violators or suspected law violators within or out of the state, or protection or preservation of life or property within or out of the state, or the preservation of the peace anywhere in this state, but is not at the time acting under the immediate direction of his employer, he or his dependents shall be accorded by his employer all of the same benefits the peace officer or his dependants would have received had that peace officer been acting under the immediate direction of his employer.

Schools

[AB 185](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

School/Law Enforcement Partnership: stakeholder workgroup. Would, no later than June 30, 2019, require the School/Law Enforcement Partnership to convene a stakeholder workgroup, with specified members, to identify or develop specified resources to be made available to high schools and middle schools on a minor's rights and responsibilities during interactions with law enforcement officials, as specified. The bill, no later than June 30, 2020, would require the Superintendent and the Attorney General to post those resources on specified Internet Web sites. The bill also would require the Superintendent and the Attorney General to notify specified entities of the availability of those resources.

[AB 406](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE

Charter schools: operation. The Charter Schools Act of 1992 provides for the establishment and operation of a charter school and authorizes a charter school to elect to operate as, or be operated by, a nonprofit public benefit corporation, as specified. This bill, on and after July 1, 2019, would prohibit a petitioner that submits a charter petition for the establishment of a charter school or a charter school that submits a charter renewal or material revision application from operating as, or being operated by, as defined, a for-profit corporation, a for-profit educational management organization, or a for-profit charter management organization.

[AB 1887](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Public education governance: service on boards and commissions. Current law provides that a person is incapable of holding a civil office if, at the time of his or her election or appointment, he or she is not 18 years of age and a citizen of the state. This bill would authorize any pupil attending a California public secondary school who is under the age of 18 years to serve on any board or commission that includes members who are pupils or minors and is established under specified portions of the Education Code that relate to public elementary and secondary education and that includes members who are pupils or minors.

[AB 1951](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pupil assessments: Pathways to College Act. Would require, pursuant to specified provisions of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, the Superintendent of Public Instruction to approve a nationally recognized high school assessment that a local educational agency, as defined, may, at its own discretion, administer, if the alternative assessment is approved by the local educational agency's governing board or body in a public meeting, commencing with the 2020–21 school year, and each school year thereafter, in lieu of the consortium summative assessment in English language arts and mathematics for grade 11.

[AB 1962](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Education finance: local control funding formula: unduplicated pupils: foster youth: dependent child of a tribal court. Current law includes among unduplicated pupils, a pupil who is classified as an English learner, eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, or a foster youth, as defined, and requires county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to submit and report data



relating to these pupils. no later than the 2020–21 fiscal year, would include in that definition of “foster youth” a dependent child of a court of an Indian tribe, consortium of tribes, or tribal organization who is the subject of a petition filed in the tribal court in accordance with the tribe’s law, provided the child would also meet one of the descriptions of specified existing law describing when a child may be adjudged a dependent child of the juvenile court.

[AB 1974](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Pupils: collection of debt. Would enact the Public School Fair Debt Collection Act. The act would provide that a pupil or former pupil, unless emancipated at the time the debt is incurred, can never owe or be billed for a debt owed to a public school or school district, county office of education, charter school, or state special school. The act would prohibit those educational entities from taking negative actions against a pupil or former pupil because of a debt owed to the educational entity, including, among other things, denying or withholding grades or transcripts, or denying or withholding a diploma.

[AB 2009](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Interscholastic athletic programs: school districts: written emergency action plans: automated external defibrillator. Would, If a school district or charter school elects to offer any interscholastic athletic program, require the school district or charter school to (1) ensure that there is a written emergency action plan in place, and posted as specified, that describes the location and procedures to be followed in the event of sudden cardiac arrest or other medical emergencies related to the athletic program’s activities or events, (2) acquire, commencing July 1, 2019 at least one AED for each school within the school district or the charter school to be available on campus, (3) encourage that the AED or AEDs are available for the purpose of rendering emergency care or treatment, as specified, (4) ensure that the AED or AEDs are available to athletic trainers and coaches and authorized persons at the athletic program’s on campus activities or events, and 5) ensure that the AED or AEDs are maintained and regularly tested, as specified.

[AB 2012](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

School and community college employees: parental leave. Would require, regardless of the type of differential pay system used by a school district or community college district, a person employed in a position requiring certification qualifications and a person employed in an academic position to receive no less than 50% of his or her regular salary for the remaining portion of the 12-workweek period of parental leave. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 2015](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pupil instruction: information about completion of applications for student financial aid. Would require, commencing with the 2020–21 school year, the governing board of a school district and the governing body of a charter school, as appropriate, to ensure that each of its pupils receives information on how to properly complete and submit the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) or the California Dream Act Application, as appropriate, at least once before the pupil enters grade 12. The bill would provide that the manner in which information is provided pursuant to the bill would be at the discretion of the governing board of the school district or the governing body of the charter school, as appropriate.

[AB 2022](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pupil mental health services: school notification. Would require a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to notify pupils and parents or guardians of pupils no less than twice during the school year how to initiate access to available pupil mental health services on campus or in the community, or both, as provided. By imposing an additional requirement on



schools of school districts and county offices of education and charter schools, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2289](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pupil rights: pregnant and parenting pupils. Federal and state regulations prohibit an educational institution from applying any rule concerning a pupil's actual or potential parental, family, or marital status that treats pupils differently on the basis of sex. This bill would codify those regulations and related regulations in state law, as they apply to local educational agencies, defined to include a school district, a county office of education, a school operated by a school district or a county office of education, a charter school, the California Schools for the Deaf, or the California School for the Blind.

[AB 2315](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Pupil health: mental and behavioral health services: telehealth technology: guidelines. Would require the State Department of Education, in consultation with the State Department of Health Care Services and appropriate stakeholders, to, on or before December 31, 2019, develop guidelines, as provided, for the use of telehealth technology in public schools, including charter schools, to provide mental health and behavioral health services to pupils on school campuses. The bill would require the department to post the guidelines on its Internet Web site on or before December 31, 2019.

[AB 2808](#)

[Muratsuchi D \(Dist. 66\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Education finance: local control funding formula: funding increase. Would delete the provision specifying the amount of the base grant in the 2013–14 fiscal year and would instead specify new, higher amounts for the 2019–20 fiscal year, which would also increase the supplemental and concentration grant amounts and result in various other changes to funding calculations for purposes of the local control funding formula. The bill instead would impose that average class enrollment condition upon full implementation of the local control funding formula or commencing with the 2019–20 fiscal year, whichever is earlier.

[AB 3043](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Pupil nutrition: breakfast and lunch programs. Would authorize a school district, county office of education, private nonprofit school, charter school, or residential child care institution, as defined, that participates in the federal School Breakfast Program, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, after submitting certain documentation to the State Department of Education for approval, to provide universal breakfast, to the maximum extent practicable. The bill would define "universal breakfast" to mean a nutritionally adequate breakfast that complies with, and qualifies for reimbursement under, the federal School Breakfast Program and that is provided to every pupil at no charge.

[SB 816](#)

Committee on Education

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Elementary and secondary education: omnibus revisions. Current law establishes the 21st Century High School After School Safety and Enrichment for Teens program as a grant program, under the administration of the State Department of Education, for high school after school programs. Existing law authorizes not more than 15% of each annual grant amount awarded pursuant to these provisions to be used by a grantee for administrative costs. Current law requires all state funding awarded pursuant to these provisions that remains after subtracting administrative costs and other specified costs to be allocated to the high school after school program site for direct services to pupils. This bill would authorize the cost of a high school after school program site supervisor to be included as direct services, provided that at least 85% of the site supervisor's time is spent at the program site.



[SB 958](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Davis Joint Unified School District: special taxes: exemptions: teachers and district employees. Current law authorizes school districts to impose qualified special taxes, subject to specified constitutional and statutory provisions. Current law defines “qualified special taxes” as taxes that apply uniformly to all taxpayers or all real property within a school district and may include taxes that provide for an exemption from those taxes for persons who are 65 years of age or older, for persons receiving Supplemental Security Income for a disability, or for persons receiving Social Security Disability Insurance benefits, as specified. This bill would provide that a qualified special tax imposed by the Davis Joint Unified School District in accordance with the above-described authorization may also provide an exemption for teachers and other employees of the school district.

[SB 1036](#)

[Wilk R \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Local educational agencies: minutes of meetings of governing bodies: release of directory information and personal information of pupils and parents or guardians of pupils. Would prohibit the release of directory information, as defined, and personal information, as defined, of a pupil or of the parent or guardian of a pupil in the minutes of a meeting of the governing body, as defined, of a local educational agency, as defined, if a pupil or a parent or guardian of a pupil has provided a written request to the secretary or clerk of the governing body to exclude his or her personal information or the name of his or her minor child, as specified. To the extent the bill would add to the duties of local educational agencies, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SB 1127](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Pupil health: administration of medicinal cannabis: schoolsites. Would enact Jojo’s Act, which would authorize the governing board of a school district, a county board of education, or the governing body of a charter school maintaining kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to adopt, at a regularly scheduled meeting of the governing board or body, a policy, as provided, that allows a parent or guardian of a pupil to possess and administer to the pupil who is a qualified patient entitled to the protections of the Compassionate Use Act of 1996 medicinal cannabis, excluding in a smokeable or vapeable form, at a schoolsite.

[SB 1385](#)

[Hueso D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

School safety: policies and procedures: pupil harassment and bias-based bullying. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require school districts to implement policies and procedures to effectively address pupil harassment and bias-based bullying in California schools.

Solid Waste

[AB 248](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Hazardous waste: facilities: permits. Would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire on or before July 1, 2020, the owner or operator of a facility intending to extend the term of that permit to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 6 months before the fixed term of the permit expires. The bill would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire after July 1, 2020, the owner or operator to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 2 years before the fixed term of the permit expires.

Technology

[SB 649](#)

[Hueso D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE VETOED

Wireless telecommunications facilities. Current federal law recognizes the authority of a state or local government to manage public rights-of-way or to require fair and reasonable compensation from



telecommunications providers, on a competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory basis, for the use of public rights-of-way on a nondiscriminatory basis, if the compensation required is publicly disclosed by that government. Current federal law provides that no state or local government has the authority to regulate the entry of, or the rates charged by, a commercial mobile service, but permits a state to regulate the other terms and conditions of commercial mobile services. This bill would provide that a small cell, as defined, is a permitted use, subject only to a specified permitting process adopted by a city or county, if the small cell meets specified requirements.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

Transportation

[AB 17](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

Transit Pass Pilot Program: free or reduced-fare transit passes. Would, upon the appropriation of moneys from the Public Transportation Account by the Legislature, create the Transit Pass Pilot Program to be administered by the Department of Transportation to provide free or reduced-fare transit passes, directly or through a 3rd party, including a transit agency, to specified pupils and students by supporting new, or expanding existing, transit pass programs. The bill would require the department to develop guidelines that describe the application process and selection criteria for awarding the moneys made available for the program, and would exempt the development of those guidelines from the Administrative Procedure Act.

[AB 33](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE E. U., & C.

2017 northern California wildfires. This bill would revise and recast the law regarding the issuance of financing orders to authorize the commission, upon application by the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, to issue financing orders to support the issuance of recovery bonds to finance costs, in excess of insurance proceeds, incurred, or that are expected to be incurred, by the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, excluding fines and penalties, related to the wildfires that occurred in northern California in 2017, as provided.

[AB 118](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE BUDGET & F.R.

Transportation. Would require the Department of Transportation to develop and submit to the Legislature and specified legislative caucuses, by January 1, 2019, a detailed outreach plan intended to increase procurement opportunities for new and limited contracting small business enterprises, as defined, including, but not limited to, those owned by women, minority, disabled veterans, LGBT, and other disadvantaged groups, in all the department's transportation programs, to undertake specified outreach activities required to be included in the plan, and to update that plan and submit it to specified entities.

[AB 1756](#)

[Brough R \(Dist. 73\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Transportation funding. Would repeal the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. This bill contains other related provisions.

[AB 1866](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Transportation funding. Would create the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Program to address traffic congestion and deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system. The bill would provide for the deposit of various existing sources of revenue in the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Account, which the bill would create in the State Transportation Fund, including revenues attributable to the sales and use tax on motor vehicles, revenues attributable to automobile and motor vehicle insurance policies from the insurer gross premiums tax, revenues from certain diesel fuel sales and use taxes, revenues from certain vehicle registration fees, and certain miscellaneous State Highway Account revenues.



[AB 2145](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Vehicular air pollution. Would add as eligible projects for the California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program those projects that support grid integration and integrated storage solutions and charging management demonstration and analytics. The bill would additionally require the energy commission, as part of the guidance developed for the program, to advise the State Air Resources Board on to how to allocate moneys for vehicle charging infrastructure consistent with the energy commission's investment plan strategies on charging infrastructure that is part of the California Alternative and Renewable Fuel, Vehicle Technology, Clean Air, and Carbon Reduction Act of 2007. The bill instead would require the guidance to promote projects that assist the state in reaching its climate goals beyond 2030.

[AB 2530](#)

[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Bonds: transportation. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase I blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds received from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

[AB 2712](#)

[Allen, Travis R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Bonds: Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system.

[AB 3246](#)

Committee on Transportation

Location: SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR

Transportation: omnibus bill. Current law authorizes a county, upon the adoption of a resolution by its board of supervisors, to impose a fee on motor vehicles, as specified, that is paid quarterly to the Controller and continuously appropriated for disbursement to the county, as specified, to be used to fund programs relating to vehicle theft crimes. Existing law requires a county that imposes this fee to issue an annual report to the Controller on or before August 31. Existing law requires the Controller to suspend a county's fee for one year if the county fails to submit the report by November 30 and requires the Controller to inform the Department of Motor Vehicles on or before January 1 that a county's authority to collect the fee is suspended. This bill would instead require the Controller to inform the Department of Motor Vehicles on or before February 1 that a county's authority to collect the fee described above is suspended.

[SB 414](#)

[Vidak R \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Transportation bonds: highway, street, and road projects. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.



[SB 1037](#)

[Cannella R \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

State government finance: Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program. Prior to receiving an apportionment of funds under the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program from the Controller in a fiscal year, current law requires a city or county to submit to the California Transportation Commission a list of projects proposed to be funded with these funds. Current law requires the commission to report to the Controller the cities and counties that have submitted a list of projects and requires the Controller, upon receipt of an initial or subsequent report, to apportion funds to cities and counties included in the report, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provisions requiring the commission to submit the specified reports to the Controller.

[SB 1172](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

High-Speed Rail Authority: property acquisition: capital outlays: public contracts: county assessor's records. The California Constitution permits the taking of private property for public use only when just compensation is paid. The Eminent Domain Law prescribes the procedures for the exercise of that constitutionally authorized power. Under that law, a public entity may not commence an eminent domain proceeding until its governing body has adopted a resolution of necessity that meets specified requirements. Current law defines "governing body" for these purposes with respect to various state and local public entities. This bill would specify that the State Public Works Board is the "governing body" for these purposes for a taking by the High-Speed Rail Authority.

Veterans

[AB 547](#)

[Chávez R \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY VETOED

California Prompt Payment Act: disabled veteran business enterprises. Would require state agencies to pay an undisputed invoice from a certified disabled veteran business enterprise that is also a small business, as defined, within 30 days of initial receipt. The bill would require a state agency to submit a claim on an undisputed invoice to the Controller for payment within 15 calendar days of the agency's receipt. If an agency fails to submit a correct claim schedule within 15 days of receiving an invoice, and payment is not made within 30 days of receipt, the bill would require the agency to pay penalties from its funds, as specified.

[AB 2568](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

County jails: veterans. Would require county jails to, upon detention of a person, ask if the person has served in the United States military and document the person's response. The bill would additionally require that the county jail make this information available to the person, his or her counsel, and the district attorney. By increasing the duties of county jails, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 2790](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Veterans: Internal Audits for Veterans Affairs. Would create the office of Internal Audits for Veterans Affairs, the chief auditor of which would be subject to the direction of the secretary within the Department of Veterans Affairs. The bill would require the chief auditor to be appointed by the Governor, subject to Senate confirmation. The chief auditor would be responsible for reviewing and investigating, at the request of the secretary or other members of senior management of the department, the operations and financial condition of each California veterans home, each veterans farm and home purchase program, and other department programs and functions.



[SB 1043](#)

[Newman D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY V. A.

Department of Veterans Affairs: veterans' services. Current law requires the Department of Veterans Affairs to disburse funds, appropriated to the department for the purpose of supporting county veterans service officers pursuant to the annual Budget Act, on a pro rata basis, to counties that have established and maintain a county veterans service officer in accordance with the staffing level and workload of each county veterans service officer under a formula based upon performance developed by the department. This bill would define a workload unit for purposes of these provisions to mean a specific claim activity that is used to allocate subvention funds to counties, which is approved by the department, and performed by county veterans service officers.

[SB 1304](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Veterans: transitional assistance program: funding. Would authorize the Department of Veterans Affairs to accept donations of personal property, including cash or other gifts, to be used to further the purposes of the transition assistance program. The bill would create the CalTap Endowment Fund in the State Treasury for the purpose of receiving cash donations, and would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund for the purpose of funding competitive grants in support of the transition assistance program.

Water

[SB 558](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Property taxation: new construction exclusion: rain water capture system. The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975-76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred. This bill, until January 1, 2029, would exclude from classification as "newly constructed" and "new construction" the construction or addition, on or after January 1, 2019, of a rain water capture system, as provided.

[SB 952](#)

[Anderson R \(Dist. 38\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Water conservation: local water supplies. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require the State Water Resources Control Board to recognize local water agency investment in water supply and will ensure that local agencies receive sufficient credit for these investments in meeting any water conservation or efficiency mandates.

[SCA 9](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE CHAPTERED

Property tax: new construction exclusion: rain water capture system. The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975-76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred. This bill would authorize the Legislature to exclude from classification as "newly constructed" the construction or addition, completed on or after January 1, 2019, of a rain water capture system.

Workforce

[AB 1904](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income taxes: credits: apprenticeships. Would for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2023, would allow a credit against the taxes imposed under the Personal



Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law in an amount equal to \$1 for each hour a registered apprentice worked in the taxable year, up to \$1,000 each for up to 10 registered apprentices, as defined, trained by the taxpayer in the taxable year. This bill would provide that the credit would have an aggregate cap of \$10,000,000 for each calendar year.

[AB 2420](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE THIRD READING

Workforce development: soft skills training. Current law requires the Employment Training Panel among other things, to solicit proposals and write contracts for the purpose of providing employment training and requires these contracts to be made for training in job-related vocational skills that are necessary for participants to attain a new job or retain an existing job. Current law authorizes the contracts to include ancillary training for job-related basic and literacy training if the panel finds that the training is necessary to achieve the objectives of the vocational training. This bill would specify, with regard to the contracts described above, that job-related basic and literacy skills training includes soft skills and would define “soft skills” as behaviors and competencies to allow people to navigate professional environments, work well with colleagues, and perform up to standards for professional success.

[AB 2915](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Workforce development boards: mutual disaster aid assistance: memorandum of understanding. Would require, by July 1, 2020, the California Workforce Development Board to develop, in conjunction with the Employment Development Department and with input from local workforce development boards, a policy regarding mutual aid agreements between and among local workforce development boards to enable them to effectively respond to disasters and that is consistent with applicable state and federal law.

[AB 2979](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

High school diplomas: State Seal of Career Technical Education Pathway Completion. This bill would establish a State Seal of Career Technical Education Pathway Completion to recognize high school graduates who have attained a high level of knowledge and proficiency in career technical education pathways. The bill would establish criteria for the receipt of the State Seal of Career Technical Education Pathway Completion, would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to prepare and deliver to participating school districts an appropriate insignia to be affixed to pupil diplomas or transcripts, and would require participating school districts to maintain appropriate records, affix the appropriate insignia to diplomas or transcripts of recipient pupils, and provide pupil support staff and programs to ensure equitable pupil access and success in completing seal requirements and evaluating postsecondary options. The bill would not become operative unless the State Board of Education, in a public meeting, makes specified declarations.

[AB 3018](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

State contracts: skilled and trained workforce. Current law requires a contractor, bidder, or other entity to provide to the public entity or other awarding body, on a monthly basis while the project or contract is being performed, a report demonstrating compliance with skilled and trained workforce requirements. This bill would require the public agency or other awarding body to forward a copy of the monthly report to the Labor Commissioner for issuance of a civil wage and penalty assessment and a copy of the plan, if any, to achieve substantial compliance with skilled and trained workforce requirements and the response to that plan, as prescribed, if the monthly report does not demonstrate compliance with skilled and trained workforce requirements.



SB 1470

Stern D (Dist. 27)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Commission on the Future of Work. Would establish in state government the Commission on the Future of Work, which would consist of 8 members, as specified. The bill would require the commission to, among other things, commission research to understand the impact of technology on workers, employers, and the economy in the state, develop recommendations on a policy framework to manage the development, deployment, regulation, taxation, and fair distribution of the benefits of technology used in the workplace that advances the interests of workers and the public, and submit the recommendations to the Legislature and to the Governor no later than November 1, 2019.

Total Measures: 381