



## CAO Legislative Report

### Administration

[AB 112](#)

Committee on Budget

**Location:** SENATE BUDGET & F.R.

**State government.** The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, administered by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, regulates the granting of licenses for the manufacture, distribution, and sale of alcoholic beverages within the state. The act provides for the issuance of licenses for which various fees, including annual fees, are charged depending upon the type of license issued. This bill would make a correction in the provisions that specify annual licensing fees.

[AB 289](#)

[Fong R \( Dist. 34\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE JUD.

**California Public Records Act Ombudsperson.** Would establish, within the California State Auditor's Office, the California Public Records Act Ombudsperson. The bill would require the California State Auditor to appoint the ombudsperson subject to certain requirements. The bill would require the ombudsperson to receive and investigate requests for review, as defined, determine whether the denials of original requests, as defined, complied with the California Public Records Act, and issue written opinions of its determination, as provided.

[AB 790](#)

[Levine D \( Dist. 10\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Eligible employers: personal services contracts.** Would require the Department of Industrial Relations to, by January 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, identify employers with a market capitalization of at least \$1,000,000,000. The bill would require an eligible employer that enters into a personal services contract, as defined, on or after January 1, 2021, to provide the employees who will perform that contract with specified information regarding the employees' right to form or assist labor organizations as provided for by federal law. This bill would define terms for purposes of these provisions.

[AB 1185](#)

[McCarty D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Officer oversight: sheriff oversight board.** Would authorize a county to establish a sheriff oversight board, either by action of the board of supervisors or through a vote of county residents. The bill would authorize a sheriff oversight board to issue a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum when deemed necessary to investigate a matter within the jurisdiction of the board. The bill would authorize a county to establish an office of the inspector general to assist the board with its supervisory duties, as provided.

[AB 1253](#)

[Rivas, Robert D \( Dist. 30\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Local agency formation commissions: grant program.** This bill would require the Strategic Growth Council, until July 31, 2025, to establish and administer a local agency formation commissions grant program for the payment of costs associated with initiating and completing the dissolution of districts listed as inactive, the payment of costs associated with a study of the services provided within a county by a public agency to a disadvantaged community, as defined, and for other specified purposes, including the initiation of an action, as defined, that is limited to service providers serving a disadvantaged community and is based on determinations found in the study, as approved by the commission. The bill would specify application submission, reimbursement, and reporting requirements for a local agency formation commission to receive grants pursuant to the bill. The bill would require the council, after consulting with the California Association of Local Agency Formation Commissions, to develop and adopt guidelines, timelines, and application and reporting criteria for development and implementation of the program, as specified, and would exempt these guidelines, timelines, and criteria from the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. The bill would make the grant program subject to an appropriation for the program in the annual Budget Act, and would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2026. This bill contains other existing laws.

[AB 1471](#)

[Gray D \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**State-mandated local costs: preventable loss revenue.** Under the California Constitution, whenever the Legislature or a state agency mandates a new program or higher level of service on any local agency the state is required to provide a subvention of funds to reimburse the local agency, with specified exceptions, including if, among other things, a statute or executive order imposes duties that are necessary to implement, or are expressly included in, a ballot measure approved by the voters in a statewide or local election. Current law establishes a procedure for local agencies to file a test claim for reimbursement of these costs with the Commission on State Mandates. This bill would provide that reimbursement to an underprivileged or disadvantaged local agency for preventable lost revenue sustained as a result of the delayed implementation of a state action shall be provided pursuant to the same procedures described above.

[AB 1844](#)

[Chu D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY L. & E.

**Paid sick leave: behavioral health conditions.** Current law requires employers to provide their employees paid sick leave that is accrued at a specified rate. Current law authorizes an employee to request a paid sick day for prescribed purposes, including diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition of, or preventive care for, an employee or an employee's family member. This bill would expand the prescribed purposes to also include diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing behavioral health condition of, or preventive care for, an employee or an employee's family member.

[AB 1850](#)

[Gonzalez D \( Dist. 80\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Employee classification.** Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would further clarify the application of the California Supreme Court's decision in Dynamex and recently-enacted requirements under the Labor Code.

[AB 1928](#)

[Kiley R \( Dist. 6\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Employment standards: independent contractors and employees.** Current law establishes that, for purposes of the Labor Code, the Unemployment Insurance Code, and the wage orders of the Industrial Welfare Commission, a person providing labor or services for remuneration is considered an employee rather than an independent

contractor unless the hiring entity demonstrates that the person is free from the control and direction of the hiring entity in connection with the performance of the work, the person performs work that is outside the usual course of the hiring entity's business, and the person is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, or business. This test is commonly known as the "ABC" test. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner with the enforcement of labor laws, including worker classification. Current law exempts specified occupations and business relationships from the application of Dynamex and these provisions. Current law instead provides that these exempt relationships are governed by the test adopted in *S. G. Borello & Sons, Inc. v. Department of Industrial Relations* (1989) 48 Cal.3d (Borello). This bill would repeal those existing provisions and instead require a determination of whether a person is an employee or an independent contractor to be based on the specific multifactor test set forth in Borello, including whether the person to whom service is rendered has the right to control the manner and means of accomplishing the result desired, and other identified factors. The bill would make related, conforming changes.

[AB 1959](#)

[Mayes I \( Dist. 42\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Property taxation: assessment appeals: deferral of tax payment.** Would, notwithstanding any other law, require, upon the filing of an application with a county board of equalization or assessment appeals board for a reduction in an assessment as provided, that the date on which the taxes on the secured roll for the subject real property are due and payable be tolled during the pendency of the assessment appeal. The bill would provide that any taxes owed by the taxpayer are due and payable on specified dates after the resolution of the assessment appeal, as provided, and, if unpaid, deemed delinquent and subject to penalty. The bill would authorize the Governor to suspend operation of these provisions by executive order when, in the Governor's judgment, economic conditions affecting the market in real property on a statewide basis warrant such a suspension. The bill would also make various conforming changes.

[AB 2017](#)

[Mullin D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Employee: sick leave: kin care.** Current law requires an employer who provides sick leave for employees to permit an employee to use the employee's accrued and available sick leave entitlement to attend to the illness of a family member and prohibits an employer from denying an employee the right to use sick leave or taking specific discriminatory action against an employee for using, or attempting to exercise the right to use, sick leave to attend to such an illness. This bill would refer to such leave as kin care leave, and would prohibit an employer from designating a sick day, taken by the employee for themselves, as a kin care day, as defined, unless the employee authorizes the designation.

[ACA 1](#)

[Aguilar-Curry D \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.** The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

[SB 135](#)

[Jackson D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Paid family leave.** Current law prohibits an employer with 50 or more employees in a 75-mile radius to refuse to

grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee worked 1,250 hours in the prior 12 months. Current law includes within “family care and medical leave” the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child and the serious health condition of the employee’s child, parent, or spouse. This bill would expand the scope of those provisions to instead prohibit an employer with 5 or more employees to refuse to grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee had 180 days of service with the employer.

[SB 182](#)

[Jackson D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Local government: planning and zoning: wildfires.** Current law requires the planning agency to review and, if necessary, revise the safety element upon each revision of the housing element or local hazard mitigation plan, but not less than once every 8 years to identify new information relating to flood and fire hazards and climate adaptation and resiliency strategies applicable to the city or county that was not available during the previous revision of the safety element. Current law requires that the Office of Planning and Research, among other things, coordinate with appropriate entities, including state, regional, or local agencies, to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities, as provided. This bill would require the safety element, upon the next revision of the housing element or the hazard mitigation plan, on or after January 1, 2020, whichever occurs first, to be reviewed and updated as necessary to include a comprehensive retrofit strategy to reduce the risk of property loss and damage during wildfires, as specified, and would require the planning agency to submit the adopted strategy to the Office of Planning and Research for inclusion into the above-described clearinghouse.

[SB 654](#)

[Moorlach R \( Dist. 37\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Local government: planning.** Current law, the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000, makes certain findings and declarations relating to local government organizations, including, among other things, the encouragement of orderly growth and development, and the logical formation and modification of the boundaries of local agencies, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these findings and declarations.

[SB 783](#)

**Committee on Labor, Public Employment and Retirement**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**County Employees Retirement Law of 1937.** The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) authorizes counties to establish retirement systems pursuant to its provisions for the purpose of providing pension and death benefits to county and district employees. This bill would correct several erroneous and obsolete cross-references within CERL.

[SB 799](#)

[Dodd D \( Dist. 3\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE GOV. & F.

**Local agency services: contracts: Counties of Napa and San Bernardino.** The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 establishes a pilot program under which the commissions in the Counties of Napa and San Bernardino, upon making specified determinations at a noticed public hearing, may authorize a city or district to provide new or extended services outside its jurisdictional boundary and outside its sphere of influence to support existing or planned uses involving public or private properties, as provided. Current law repeals this pilot program as of January 1, 2021. This bill would delete the January 1, 2021, repeal date with regard to the pilot program, thereby continuing its operation indefinitely.

[SB 902](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**General plan.** the Planning and Zoning Law requires a planning agency of a city or county to provide by April 1 of each year an annual report to, among other entities, the Department of Housing and Community Development. The law requires that the annual report include, among other specified information, the number of housing development applications received and the number of units approved and disapproved in the prior year. This bill would additionally require the planning agency include in the annual report whether the city or county is a party to a court action related to a violation of state housing law, and the disposition of that action. By requiring a planning agency to include additional information in its annual report, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Agriculture/Weights & Measures**

[AB 1990](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Agriculture: cotton pests abatement districts: organization and establishment: authorized counties.** Current law provides procedures for the formation of pest abatement districts for the purpose of pest control or abatement. The Cotton Pests Abatement District Act authorizes the organization and establishment of cotton pests abatement districts by the boards of supervisors of the Counties of Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, and Ventura. This bill would remove the authority to establish these districts in the Counties of Orange, San Diego, and Ventura.

**Air Quality**

[AB 352](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \( Dist. 56\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE E.Q.

**Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020.** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$3,920,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program. The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the November 3, 2020, statewide general election. The bill would provide that its provisions are severable.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

[SB 216](#)

[Galgiani D \( Dist. 5\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program: used heavy-duty truck exchange.** Current law establishes the Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program, which is administered by the State Air Resources Board. The program authorizes the state board to provide grants to offset the incremental cost of eligible projects that reduce emissions from covered vehicular sources. The program also authorizes funding for a fueling infrastructure demonstration program and for technology development efforts that are expected to result in commercially available technologies in the near-term that would improve the ability of the program to achieve its goals. This bill, until January 1, 2023, would add as an eligible project under the program a used heavy-duty truck exchange, as specified.

**Animal Control**

[AB 1953](#)

[Bloom D \( Dist. 50\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY B.&P.

**Veterinary medicine.** The Veterinary Medicine Practice Act, provides for the licensure and registration of veterinarians and the regulation of the practice of veterinary medicine by the Veterinary Medical Board in the Department of Consumer Affairs. Under the act, prescribed actions constitute the practice of veterinary medicine. The act makes a violation of its provisions a crime. This bill would include in the actions that constitute the practice

of veterinary medicine the collection of blood from a dog for the purpose of transferring or selling that blood, or blood products derived from the blood, to a licensed veterinarian for use at a registered premise.

**Behavioral Health**

[AB 8](#)

[Chu D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Pupil health: mental health professionals.** Would require, on or before December 31, 2024, a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to have at least one mental health professional, as defined, for every 600 pupils generally accessible to pupils on campus during school hours. The bill would require, on or before December 31, 2024, a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school with fewer than 600 pupils to have at least one mental health professional generally accessible to pupils on campus during school hours, to employ at least one mental health professional to serve multiple schools, or to enter into a memorandum of understanding with a county agency or community-

[AB 43](#)

[Gloria D \( Dist. 78\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental health.** Current law authorizes the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) to be amended by a 2/3 vote of each house of the Legislature if the amendments are consistent with, and further the intent of, the act. Current law authorizes the Legislature to add provisions to the act to clarify procedures and terms of the act by majority vote. This bill would clarify that the planning process for innovative programs is to be completed in collaboration with stakeholders and is to comply with open meetings laws.

[AB 563](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \( Dist. 65\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental health: funding.** Would appropriate \$16,000,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Health Care Services to distribute to the North Orange County Public Safety Task Force for the development of a 2-year pilot program. The bill would require 1/2 of the moneys to be distributed on January 1, 2020, and 1/2 to be distributed on January 1, 2021, and would require the moneys to be used to provide a range of programs, services, and activities designed to assist individuals and families experiencing mental health crises. The bill would require the task force to submit a report to the Legislature by July 1, 2021, and again by July 1, 2022, documenting the findings and outcomes of the pilot program.

[AB 1058](#)

[Salas D \( Dist. 32\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: specialty mental health services and substance use disorder treatment.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to engage, commencing no later than January 15, 2020, in a stakeholder process to develop recommendations for addressing legal and administrative barriers to the delivery of integrated behavioral health services for Medi-Cal beneficiaries with cooccurring substance use disorders and mental health conditions who access services through the Drug Medi-Cal Treatment Program, the Drug Medi-Cal organized delivery system, and the Medi-Cal Specialty Mental Health Services Program.

[AB 1126](#)

[O'Donnell D \( Dist. 70\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission.** Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, by January 1, 2021, to establish technical assistance centers and one or more clearinghouses to support counties in addressing mental health issues of statewide concern, with a focus on school mental health and reducing unemployment and criminal justice involvement due to untreated mental health issues.

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Mental health services: county pilot program.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a 3-year pilot project to include the County of Los Angeles and up to 9 additional counties in which each participating county would be required to establish an outreach team, comprised of county employees, to provide outreach services to individuals with a history of mental illness or substance use disorders who are unable to provide for urgently needed medical care and who are homeless or at risk of experiencing homelessness.

[AB 1443](#)[Maienschein D \( Dist. 77\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental health: technical assistance centers.** Would require, subject to available funding, the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to establish one or more technical assistance centers to support counties in addressing mental health issues, as determined by the commission, that are of statewide concern and establish, with stakeholder input, which mental health issues are of statewide concern. The bill would require costs incurred as a result of complying with those provisions to be paid using funds allocated to the commission from the Mental Health Services Fund. The bill would state the finding and declaration of the Legislature that this change is consistent with and furthers the intent of the act.

[AB 1550](#)[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Crisis stabilization units: psychiatric patients.** Would authorize a certified crisis stabilization unit designated by a mental health plan, at the discretion of the mental health plan, to provide medically necessary crisis stabilization services to individuals beyond the service time of 24 hours, but not for more than 48 hours, when the individual needs inpatient psychiatric care or outpatient care and inpatient psychiatric beds or outpatient services are not reasonably available. The bill would require a person who is placed under, or who is already under, a 72-hour involuntary hold because the person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to themselves or others, or is gravely disabled, to be credited for the time detained at a certified crisis stabilization unit. The bill would require the department to amend its contract with a mental health plan to include a provision authorizing the provision of crisis stabilization services for more than 24 hours if the mental health plan elects to provide crisis stabilization services under these provisions.

[AB 1572](#)[Chen R \( Dist. 55\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental health services: gravely disabled.** Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled.” This bill would change the definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[AB 1601](#)[Ramos D \( Dist. 40\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Office of Emergency Services: behavioral health response.** Would establish a behavioral health deputy director within the Office of Emergency Services to ensure individuals have access to necessary mental and behavioral health services and supports in the aftermath of a natural disaster or declaration of a state of emergency

and would require the deputy director to collaborate with the Director of Health Care Services to coordinate the delivery of trauma-related support to individuals affected by a natural disaster or state of emergency.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

[AB 1861](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental health: involuntary commitment.** Under current law, if a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services as a facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. Current law prohibits specified mental health personnel from taking certain actions that interfere with a peace officer seeking to transport, or having transported, a person detained for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1935](#)

[Voepel R \( Dist. 71\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Veterans: mental health.** Current law establishes the Department of Veterans Affairs. The department, among other services, provides veterans and their dependents and survivors with assistance in processing service-related disability claims, assistance in obtaining affordable housing, and information about health ailments associated with military service. This bill would require the department to study suicide among women veterans and submit a report summarizing their findings and recommendations to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2022.

[AB 1938](#)

[Eggman D \( Dist. 13\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental Health Services Act: inpatient treatment funding.** Would specify, to the extent MHSA funds are otherwise available for use pursuant to the Mental Health Services Act, those funds may be used to provide inpatient treatment, including involuntary treatment of a patient who is a danger to self or others or gravely disabled, in specified settings, including an acute psychiatric hospital, an institution for mental disease, and a mental health rehabilitation center, as defined. The bill would state that this change is declaratory of existing law.

[AB 1946](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental health services: involuntary detention.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reform the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, including expanding the definition of “gravely disabled” to add a condition in which a person is unable to provide for their own medical treatment as a result of a mental health disorder, and emphasizing the necessity to create policies that prioritize living safely in communities.

[AB 2018](#)

[Gabriel D \( Dist. 45\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Pupil mental health: model referral protocols.** Would require the State Department of Education to develop model referral protocols, as provided, for addressing pupil mental health concerns. The bill would require the department to consult with various entities in developing the protocols, including current classroom teachers and administrators. The bill would require the department to post the model referral protocols on its internet website. The bill would make these provisions contingent upon funds being appropriated for its purpose in the annual Budget Act or other legislation, or state, federal, or private funds being allocated for this purpose.

[AB 2025](#)

[Gipson D \( Dist. 64\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental illness and substance use disorder: restorative care program: pilot projects.** The Bronzan-McCorquodale Act governs the organization and financing of community mental health services for persons with mental disorders in every county through locally administered and locally controlled community mental health programs. Current law authorizes the State Department of Health Care Services, in its discretion, to permit new programs to be developed and implemented without complying with licensure requirements established pursuant to existing state law, except for requirements relating to fire and life safety of persons with mental illness. This bill would also include within that exception requirements relating to fire and life safety of persons with alcohol or substance use disorder.

[SB 12](#)

[Beall D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Mental health services: youth.** The Mental Health Services Act an initiative statute enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, also funds a system of county mental health plans for the provision of mental health services, as specified. Current law provides for the operation and administration of various mental health programs by the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission This bill would require the commission, subject to an appropriation, to administer an Integrated Youth Mental Health Program for purposes of establishing local centers to provide integrated youth mental health services, as specified.

[SB 331](#)

[Hurtado D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Suicide prevention: strategic plans.** The California Suicide Prevention Act of 2000 authorizes the State Department of Health Care Services to establish and implement a suicide prevention, education, and gatekeeper training program to reduce the severity, duration, and incidence of suicidal behaviors. This bill would require counties to create and implement, and update every 3 years, a suicide-prevention strategic plan that places particular emphasis on preventing suicide in children who are less than 19 years of age and includes specified components, including long-term suicide-prevention goals and the selection or development of interventions to be used to prevent suicide.

[SB 539](#)

[Caballero D \( Dist. 12\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental Health Services Act: workforce education and training funds.** Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by requiring the Controller, in any fiscal year in which the Department of Finance estimates that the revenues to be deposited into the Mental Health Services Fund for the fiscal year will exceed the base amount of \$1,900,000,000, to, no later than the last day of each month and before any transfer or expenditure from the fund for any other purpose for the following month, reserve in the fund an amount that is equal to 15% of 1/12 of the estimated amount of increased revenue for the fiscal year, except as specified.

[SB 582](#)

[Beall D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Youth mental health and substance use disorder services.** Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, when making grant funds available on and after July 1, 2021, to allocate at least 1/2 of those funds to youth services, as specified, if moneys are appropriated for this purpose. The bill would require this funding to be made available to support prevention, early intervention, and direct services, as determined by the commission. The bill would require the commission, in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, to consider specified criteria when determining grant recipients. The bill would authorize the commission to allocate the funds towards other purposes if there is an inadequate number of qualified applicants, as specified. The bill would require the commission to provide a status report to the fiscal and policy committees of the

Legislature, as specified, no later than March 1, 2022.

[SB 590](#)

[Stone R \( Dist. 28\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Mental health evaluations: gravely disabled due to impairment by chronic alcoholism.** The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, authorizes an individual to apply to the person or agency designated by a county for a petition alleging that there is in the county a person who is, as a result of mental disorder a danger to others, or to self, or is gravely disabled, and requesting that an evaluation of the person's condition be made to determine whether the person will agree voluntarily to receive crisis intervention services or an evaluation. Current law defines "gravely disabled" for this purpose as a person who, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person's basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter or who has been found mentally incompetent, as specified. This bill would include in that definition of "gravely disabled," for purposes of the petitions for evaluation made under the act, a person who, as a result of impairment by chronic alcoholism, is unable to provide for the person's basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter.

[SB 604](#)

[Bates R \( Dist. 36\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental Health Services Act: centers of excellence.** Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, by January 1, 2021, to establish one or more centers of excellence to provide counties with technical assistance to implement best practices related to elements of the act. The bill would require those centers of excellence to be funded with state administrative funds provided under the act. In implementing these provisions, the bill would require the commission to determine the areas of focus for the centers of excellence, including, but not limited to, the areas of service delivery that need improvement.

[SB 640](#)

[Moorlach R \( Dist. 37\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Mental health services: gravely disabled persons.** The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Existing law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines "gravely disabled," among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person's basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would authorize a county to instead use a definition of "gravely disabled" for these purposes that would read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person's own basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of the person's essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[SB 665](#)

[Umberg D \( Dist. 34\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Mental Health Services Fund: county jails.** Current law prohibits Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) funds from being used to pay for persons incarcerated in state prison or parolees from state prisons. The 2011 Realignment Legislation addressing public safety and related statutes, requires that certain specified felonies be punished by a term of imprisonment in a county jail, rather than the state prison, and provides for mandatory supervision, a period of suspended execution of a concluding portion of the sentence that is supervised by the county probation officer. This bill would, until January 1, 2023, authorize a county to use MHSA funds, if that use is included in the county plan, to provide services to persons who are incarcerated in a county jail or subject to

mandatory supervision, except persons who are incarcerated in a county jail for a conviction of a felony unless for purposes of facilitating discharge.

Cannabis

[AB 286](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Taxation: cannabis.** The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act imposes duties on the Bureau of Cannabis Control in the Department of Consumer Affairs, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health with respect to the creation, issuance, denial, suspension and revocation of commercial cannabis licenses, and imposes an excise tax commencing January 1, 2018, on the purchase of cannabis and cannabis products at the rate of 15% of the average market price of any retail sale by a cannabis retailer.

Commencing January 1, 2018, AUMA also imposes a cultivation tax upon all cultivators on all harvested cannabis that enters the commercial market, at specified rates per dry-weight ounce of cannabis flowers and leaves. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2022, at which time the excise tax rate would revert back to 15%.

[AB 545](#)

[Low D \( Dist. 28\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE DESK

**Cannabis: Bureau of Cannabis Control.** The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), among other things, consolidates the licensure and regulation of commercial medicinal and adult-use cannabis activities. MAUCRSA generally divides responsibility for the state licensure and regulation of commercial cannabis activity among the Bureau of Cannabis Control in the Department of Consumer Affairs, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health. This bill would require the powers and duties of the bureau to be subject to review by the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature and would require the review to be performed as if MAUCRSA were scheduled to be repealed as of January 1, 2023.

[AB 1288](#)

[Cooley D \( Dist. 8\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Cannabis: track and trace.** MAUCRSA requires the Department of Food and Agriculture, in consultation with the Bureau of Cannabis Control, to establish a track and trace program for reporting the movement of cannabis and cannabis products throughout the distribution chain. Current law requires the track and trace program to capture, at a minimum, information on the licensee receiving the product, the transaction date, and the cultivator from which the product originates. Current law requires the track and trace program to include an electronic seed to sale software tracking system with data points for the different stages of commercial activity, including, but not limited to, cultivation, harvest, processing, distribution, inventory, and sale. This bill would require the information recorded by the track and trace program to additionally include the date of retail sale to a customer, whether the sale is on the retail premises or by delivery, and the delivery inventory ledger.

[AB 1356](#)

[Ting D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

**Cannabis: local jurisdictions: retail commercial cannabis activity.** Would, if more than 50% of the electorate of a local jurisdiction voted in favor of AUMA, require a local jurisdiction to issue a minimum number of local licenses authorizing specified retail cannabis commercial activity within that jurisdiction that would be permitted by a retailer license issued under MAUCRSA.

[AB 1417](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \( Dist. 48\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Cannabis advertisement and marketing.** MAUCRSA requires all cannabis advertisements and marketing to

accurately and legibly identify the licensee responsible for that content by adding, at a minimum, the licensee's license number. This bill would impose a civil penalty on any licensee that violates that requirement, not to exceed \$2,500 per day for each violation.

[AB 1420](#)

[Obernolte R \( Dist. 33\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Cannabis: licensing fees.** Under current administrative law, the cannabis licensing authorities have adopted regulations setting application fees and annual license fees that vary depending on license category as well as the size of the business for certain annual license fees. This bill would remove the requirement that the licensing authorities charge a renewal fee, and would prohibit licensing authorities from setting application and license fees that exceed certain specified amounts that are consistent with regulations adopted as of May 17, 2019.

[AB 1470](#)

[Quirk D \( Dist. 20\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Cannabis testing.** MAUCRSA prohibits cannabis and cannabis products from being sold unless a representative sample has been tested by a licensed testing laboratory in the final form in which the cannabis or cannabis product will be consumed or used. This bill would specify that for this purpose "final form" means the unpackaged product as it will be consumed and would specify that the cannabis or cannabis product does not have to be delivered to the licensed testing laboratory in the final retail packaging or, if applicable, within its vaporizer device to be considered in its final form.

[AB 1525](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \( Dist. 59\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Cannabis: financial institutions.** Would provide that an entity, as defined, that receives deposits, extends credit, conducts fund transfers, transports cash or financial instruments on behalf of a financial institution, or provides other financial services, including public accounting, as provided, for a person licensed to engage in commercial cannabis activity does not commit a crime under any California law solely by virtue of receiving deposits, extending credit, conducting fund transfers, transporting cash or other financial instruments, or providing other financial services for the person. The bill would authorize a person licensed to engage in commercial cannabis activity to request, in writing, that a licensing authority or the California Cannabis Authority share the person's application, license, and other regulatory and financial information, as specified, with a financial institution of the person's designation and would require the request to include a waiver authorizing the transfer of that information and waiving any confidentiality or privilege that applies to that information.

[AB 1530](#)

[Cooley D \( Dist. 8\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY B.&P.

**Unauthorized cannabis activity reduction grants: local jurisdiction restrictions on cannabis delivery.** Would require the Board of State and Community Corrections to create and administer a program of grants to be made on a competitive basis to cities, counties, and joint powers authorities to establish or expand an enforcement program against unauthorized cannabis activity, as defined, and provide consumer education about the difference between licensed or legal cannabis activity and unlicensed or illegal cannabis activity.

[AB 1710](#)

[Wood D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE B., P. & E.D.

**Cannabis.** Would amend AUMA by authorizing the Elk Valley Rancheria, California, a federally recognized Indian tribe, and the County of Del Norte to enter into an agreement, as defined, regarding local authorization for, and tribal regulation of, commercial cannabis activity. The bill would provide that the agreement would satisfy the requirements of MAUCRSA regarding the approval of a local jurisdiction for state license purposes and would

require that the licensee or applicant be subject to all of the requirements of MAUCRSA for the applicable license type.

[AB 1833](#)

[Lackey R \( Dist. 36\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY B.&P.

**Cannabis: Good Cannabis Manufacturing Practice Certification.** Current law establishes the State Department of Public Health as the licensing authority for cannabis manufacturers and requires the department, among other things, to promulgate regulations governing the licensing of cannabis manufacturers and standards for manufacturing, packaging, and labeling of all manufactured cannabis products. Current law also establishes testing requirements for batches of cannabis to be sold at retail. This bill, on or before January 1, 2022, would amend AUMA to require the department to establish a Good Cannabis Manufacturing Practice Certification, as specified, which could be obtained by specified manufacturers to test representative samples of batches of cannabis products instead of requiring testing of each batch. The bill would provide for doubled fines for a certificate holder who distributes contaminated cannabis products and would require the department to inspect certificate holders at least twice each year to verify compliance with the certificate program terms.

[AB 1948](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**Taxation: cannabis.** AUMA requires the Legislative Analyst's Office to submit a report to the Legislature by January 1, 2020, with recommendations for adjustments to the tax rate to achieve the goals of undercutting illicit market prices and discouraging use by persons younger than 21 years of age while ensuring sufficient revenues are generated for specified programs. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend its provisions with a 2/3 vote of both houses to further its purposes and intent. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2023, at which time the excise tax rate would revert back to 15%. The bill would suspend the imposition of the cultivation tax on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2023. The bill would require the bureau, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to provide the Legislature with reports measuring the success of this bill, as specified.

[SB 51](#)

[Hertzberg D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Financial institutions: cannabis.** Would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Banking and Credit Union Law, to be administered by the Commissioner of Business Oversight and the Department of Business Oversight. The bill would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Bank and Credit Union Advisory Board and specify its composition, to include the Treasurer, the Controller, and the Chief of the Bureau of Cannabis Control, and commit to it the general responsibility for ensuring that this law functions in a safe and efficient way. The bill would prescribe the powers and duties of the board, including reviewing department enforcement reports, holding meetings that would be open to public comment, and issuing its own recommendations, which would be submitted to the Legislature and the Governor. The board would also be required to provide guidance on specified investment activities.

This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 67](#)

[McGuire D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY B.&P.

**Cannabis: temporary licenses.** MAUCRSA, until January 1, 2020, authorizes a licensing authority to issue a provisional license to an applicant that holds, or held, a temporary license for the same premises and the same commercial cannabis activity, if specified conditions are met. Current law required the provisional license to be valid for 12 months and prohibits the provisional license from being renewed. This bill would, until September 15, 2019,

revalidate an expired temporary license issued by the Department of Food and Agriculture, if the licensee submitted an application for an annual state license and application fees for the same premises and commercial cannabis activity for which the temporary license was issued, before the licensee's temporary license expiration date.

[SB 658](#)

[Bradford D \( Dist. 35\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Cannabis: licensing: cannabis retail business emblem: track and trace.** Would, by December 31, 2019, require the Bureau of Cannabis Control to establish a cannabis retail business emblem and would require, beginning on January 1, 2020, the bureau to issue an emblem to each retail licensee, microbusiness licensee, and nonprofit licensee, including provisional licensees, as provided, upon issuance of the license. The bill would, among other things, require a licensee issued an emblem to post the emblem in a specified location that is clearly visible to the general public and to patrons entering the facility and would require specified employees to carry the emblem when delivering cannabis or cannabis products.

#### CEQA

[SB 25](#)

[Caballero D \( Dist. 12\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Environmental Quality Act: projects funded by qualified opportunity zone funds or other public funds.** CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would, until January 1, 2025, establish specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for projects that are funded, in whole or in part, by specified public funds or public agencies and that meet certain requirements.

[SB 198](#)

[Bates R \( Dist. 36\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**California Environmental Quality Act: historical resources.** CEQA provides that a project may have a significant effect on the environment if the project may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the provision relating to historical resources.

[SB 621](#)

[Glazer D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Environmental Quality Act: expedited judicial review: affordable housing projects: reports.** Would require the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2020, to adopt a rule of court applicable to an action or proceeding brought to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the certification of an environmental impact report for an affordable housing project, as defined, or the granting of an approval of an affordable housing project that requires the action or proceeding, including any potential appeals therefrom, to be resolved, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceeding with the court. The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to an affordable housing project if it is in certain locations.

#### Disaster Preparedness

[AB 235](#)

[Mayes I \( Dist. 42\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Electrical corporations: wildfire victim recovery bonds.** Would, under specific circumstances, authorize the Public Utilities Commission, upon application by an electrical corporation, to issue financing orders to support the issuance of wildfire victim recovery bonds by an electrical corporation or other financing entity to finance wildfire recovery costs, as provided. The bill would authorize the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank to act as a financing entity for these purposes, for wildfire victim recovery bonds totaling not more than \$20,000,000,000 at any one time. This bill contains other related provisions.

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund.** Would establish a Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund to, upon appropriation by the Legislature, support staffing, planning, and other emergency mitigation priorities to help local governments meet emergency management, preparedness, readiness, and resilience goals. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish the Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund Committee under the Standardized Emergency Management System Advisory Board.

[SB 45](#)[Allen D \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020.** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

[SB 133](#)[Galgiani D \( Dist. 5\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Wildfires: detection.** Current law establishes various programs for the prevention, detection, and mitigation of wildfires. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to create and fund a program for installing remote infrared cameras that can help in detecting wildfires.

[SB 801](#)[Glazer D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE E. U., & C.

**Electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation plans: deenergization: public safety protocol.** Would require an electrical corporation to deploy backup electrical resources or provide financial assistance for backup electrical resources to a customer receiving a medical baseline allowance if the customer meets those conditions.

#### Early Childhood Education

[AB 6](#)[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Early childhood education: interagency coordination and quality improvement.** Would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, on or before January 1, 2021, to establish an interagency workgroup composed of representatives from certain state entities within the California Health and Human Services Agency. The bill would require the interagency workgroup to identify administrative changes for implementation by the participating state entities to improve the coordination of services provided to children in early learning and care programs. The bill would require the interagency workgroup to report on its work to the Governor, Superintendent, and relevant budget and policy committees of the Legislature at least annually. The bill would require the Superintendent, on or before January 15, 2021, to establish a quality improvement workgroup composed of stakeholders from the early learning and care community and other early learning and care experts.

[AB 15](#)[Nazarian D \( Dist. 46\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Student financial aid: Children's Savings Account Program.** Would establish the Children's Savings Account Program, under the administration of the Scholarshare Investment Board, for the purposes of expanding access to higher education through savings. The program would establish the Children's Savings Account Program Fund in the

State Treasury to serve as the initial repository of all moneys received from state and private sources for the program, and would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund to the board for the program.

[AB 123](#)

[McCarty D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Early childhood education: state preschool program: access: standards.** Would, commencing with the 2020–21 fiscal year, and notwithstanding any other law, authorize a provider operating a state preschool program within the attendance boundary of a public school, except as provided, where at least 70% of enrolled pupils are eligible for free or reduced-price meals, to enroll 4-year-old children meeting specified priorities. The bill would authorize any remaining slots to be open for enrollment to any other families not otherwise eligible, as provided. The bill would prohibit a state preschool classroom from exceeding 24 children.

[AB 125](#)

[McCarty D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Early childhood education: reimbursement rates.** The Child Care and Development Services Act establishes a system of childcare and development services for children up to 13 years of age. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to implement a plan that establishes reasonable standards and assigned reimbursement rates, which vary with the length of the program year and the hours of service. Current law requires the reimbursement system to be submitted to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee. This bill would require the Superintendent to implement a reimbursement system plan that establishes reasonable standards and assigned reimbursement rates that would vary with additional factors, including a quality adjustment factor to address the cost of staffing ratios, as provided.

[AB 194](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Childcare and development services.** Would provide that \$1,000,000,000 shall be made available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to immediately improve access to alternative payment programs and general childcare and development programs.

[AB 236](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \( Dist. 56\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Special education programs: Family Empowerment Centers on Disability.** Would revise and recast provisions related to Family Empowerment Centers on Disability, including requiring the State Department of Education to give priority to grant applicants in those of the 32 regions in the state that do not have a center, increasing the minimum base rate for each center awarded a grant from \$150,000 to \$237,000 commencing with the start of the fiscal year after a center has been established in each of the 32 regions, and, commencing with the 2022–23 fiscal year, providing for an annual cost-of-living adjustment of the grant amount, as specified. The bill would also increase the base amount to be made available annually to the council from \$150,000 to \$237,000.

[AB 452](#)

[Mullin D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Childcare: facilities: grants.** Current law requires that a local educational agency or a contracting agency using facilities purchased by the use of funds from the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund be charged a leasing fee, as provided, over a 10-year period. Current law requires title to be transferred from the State of California to the local educational agency or contracting agency upon full repayment of the purchase and relocation costs. Current law requires the Superintendent to deposit all revenue derived from the lease payments or renovation or repair loan repayments into the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund. This bill would repeal that loan program, except as provided, and would require all moneys in the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund as of December 31, 2019, to

be transferred to the California Childcare Facilities Grant Fund, which would be established by this bill to fund, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, a grant program administered by the State Department of Education.

[AB 875](#)

[Wicks D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Pupil health: in-school support services.** The Healthy Start Support Services for Children Act establishes the Healthy Start Support Services for Children Program Council, specifies the members of the council, and provides for the duties of the council, which include assisting a local educational agency or consortium with local technical assistance, as provided. The act authorizes a local educational agency or consortium to contract with other entities, including county agencies and private nonprofit organizations or private partners, to provide services to pupils and their families. This bill would revise the list of entities that qualify for a grant and the eligibility criteria for a grant, as provided. The bill would rename the council to the Healthy Start Support Services for Children Initiative Council and would revise its membership.

[SB 135](#)

[Jackson D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Paid family leave.** Current law prohibits an employer with 50 or more employees in a 75-mile radius to refuse to grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee worked 1,250 hours in the prior 12 months. Current law includes within “family care and medical leave” the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child and the serious health condition of the employee’s child, parent, or spouse. This bill would expand the scope of those provisions to instead prohibit an employer with 5 or more employees to refuse to grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee had 180 days of service with the employer.

[SB 174](#)

[Leyva D \( Dist. 20\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Early childhood education: reimbursement rates.** Current law requires the cost of childcare services to be governed by regional market rates, as provided. Current law requires the regional market rate ceilings to be established at the 75th percentile of the 2016 regional market survey for that region or the regional market rate ceiling that existed in that region on December 31, 2017, whichever is greater. Current law requires reimbursement to license-exempt childcare providers to not exceed 70% of the family childcare home rate, as provided. This bill would instead require, until January 1, 2021, the regional market rate ceilings to be established at the 75th, and thereafter, at the 85th, percentile of the 2018 regional market survey for that region or the regional market rate ceiling that existed in that region on December 31, 2017, whichever is greater.

[SB 217](#)

[Portantino D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Special education: individuals with exceptional needs.** Would require, for the 2019–20 school year and each school year thereafter, a school district or charter school to admit a child to a transitional kindergarten program who will have their 5th birthday after December 2 but during that same school year if the child is an individual with exceptional needs, subject to specified conditions.

[SB 614](#)

[Rubio D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Teacher credentialing: reading instruction.** Current law requires the Commission on Teacher Credentialing to develop, adopt, and administer a reading instruction competence assessment consisting of one or more instruments to measure an individual’s knowledge, skill, and ability relative to effective reading instruction, as provided. Current law requires the requirements for the issuance of the preliminary multiple subject teaching credential to include

successful passage of one of specified components of the reading instruction competence assessment. This bill would repeal those requirements, and other requirements relating to the reading instruction competence assessment, and would provide that the reading instruction competence assessment is not required for the issuance of a teaching credential, as specified.

#### Economic Development

[AB 791](#)

[Gabriel D \( Dist. 45\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: qualified opportunity zone.** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2025, would allow a credit against those taxes to a taxpayer that is transferred, and allocated, credits pursuant to the sale of property located in a qualified opportunity zone to a qualified developer, as defined, that has received a credit reservation from the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, in specified amounts.

[AB 1577](#)

[Burke D \( Dist. 62\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Microenterprise development: local partnerships.** Current aw encourages every city, county, and city and county to access microenterprise development in order to create new jobs and income opportunities for individuals of low and moderate income and to include microenterprise development as a part of their development strategy. Current aw encourages California communities and the public agencies that serve them to promote local partnerships that invest in microenterprise development. Current law defines the term “microenterprise” for these purposes to mean a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that meets specified requirements, including a requirement that the entity generally lacks sufficient access to loans, equity, or other financial capital .This bill would move the provisions described above from the Business and Professions Code to the Government Code and would modify the definition of microenterprise by removing the requirement that the entity generally lacks sufficient access to loans, equity, or other financial capital.

[SB 713](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Economic development: California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program.** Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law authorizes the awarding of grants for this program, and requires this program to only be implemented during fiscal years for which funds are appropriated for these purposes. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2023. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation relating to the program.

#### Education

[AB 216](#)

[Weber D \( Dist. 79\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**School safety: Pupil and Staff Safety Pilot Program.** Would establish the Pupil and Staff Safety Pilot Program to be administered through the “Scale Up MTSS Statewide” (SUMS) project, in consultation with the State Department of Education. The program would authorize local educational agencies, as defined, to apply for pilot program funds for the purpose of training staff who have contact or interaction with pupils on deescalation techniques and alternatives to physical restraint and seclusion of pupils. The bill would require a local educational agency that provides training pursuant to the pilot program to report on the training to the administrator of the SUMS project and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, as specified.

[AB 1858](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**California Youth Empowerment Act.** Would create the California Youth Empowerment Act to address, among other issues, the growing need to engage youth directly with policymakers. The bill would establish the California Youth Empowerment Commission in state government consisting of 24 voting commissioners between 14 and 25 years of age and meeting specified requirements, with 20 members appointed by the Governor, 2 at-large members appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, and 2 at-large members appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, along with several ex officio, nonvoting members from various geographic regions of the state. The bill would establish the commission to be advisory in nature, for the main purpose of providing meaningful opportunities for civic engagement to improve the quality of life for California's disconnected and disadvantaged youth.

[AB 1937](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY ED.

**Homeless children and youths: reporting.** Would require a local educational agency to ensure that each school within the local educational agency identifies all homeless children and youths enrolled at the school, create a housing questionnaire, as specified, for purposes of identifying homeless children and youths, and annually provide the housing questionnaire to all parents or guardians of pupils of the local educational agency. The bill would also require the local educational agency to annually report to the department the number of homeless children and youths enrolled.

[AB 1956](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \( Dist. 65\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**School calendar: school start date.** Would prohibit school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools from beginning instruction in transitional kindergarten, kindergarten, or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, for the fall semester or quarter until after Labor Day. The bill would also prohibit a childcare and development program or a before or after school program from beginning instruction until after Labor Day. The bill would exempt programs offered on a year-round basis and the summer, intersession, or vacation periods of a before or after school program from that prohibition.

[AB 2018](#)

[Gabriel D \( Dist. 45\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Pupil mental health: model referral protocols.** Would require the State Department of Education to develop model referral protocols, as provided, for addressing pupil mental health concerns. The bill would require the department to consult with various entities in developing the protocols, including current classroom teachers and administrators. The bill would require the department to post the model referral protocols on its internet website. The bill would make these provisions contingent upon funds being appropriated for its purpose in the annual Budget Act or other legislation, or state, federal, or private funds being allocated for this purpose.

[AB 2019](#)

[Holden D \( Dist. 41\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Pupil instruction: College and Career Access Pathways partnerships: county offices of education.** Current law, until January 1, 2027, authorizes the governing board of a community college district to enter into a College and Career Access Pathways (CCAP) partnership with the governing board of a school district or the governing body of a charter school with the goal of developing seamless pathways from high school to community college for career technical education or preparation for transfer, improving high school graduation rates, or helping high school pupils achieve college and career readiness. This bill would also authorize county offices of education to enter into CCAP partnerships with the governing boards of community college districts in accordance with these provisions.

[SB 114](#)

**Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY BUDGET

**Education finance: education omnibus budget trailer bill.** Current law establishes the Early Learning and Care Infrastructure Grant Program under the administration of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to expand access to early learning and care opportunities for children up to 5 years of age by providing resources to build new facilities or retrofit, renovate, or expand existing facilities, as provided. Current law appropriates \$142,705,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Education for these purposes, as provided. This bill would appropriate an additional \$102,295,000 to the department for the Early Learning and Care Infrastructure Grant Program

[SB 563](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Community colleges: College and Career Access Pathways Grant Program.** Current law requires the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, on or before January 1, 2021, to prepare a summary report that includes, among other things, an evaluation of the CCAP partnerships and recommendations for program improvements on certain topics. These provisions are repealed on January 1, 2022. This bill would extend the operation of the CCAP partnership laws until January 1, 2027. The bill would require the chancellor's summary report to include recommendations for program improvements on additional specified topics.

[SB 643](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Career technical education.** Current law requires the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges to collect and maintain information related to career technical education and technical training within the California Community Colleges for inclusion within the integrated statewide information system. With respect to this integrated statewide information system, existing law specifies that its data gathering and analysis capabilities include maintaining a comprehensive inventory of all career technical education and technical training programs that are maintained by the public schools. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[SB 713](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Economic development: California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program.** Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law authorizes the awarding of grants for this program, and requires this program to only be implemented during fiscal years for which funds are appropriated for these purposes. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2023. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation relating to the program.

[SB 729](#)

[Portantino D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Local control funding formula: school districts and charter schools.** Current law requires funding pursuant to the local control funding formula to include, in addition to a base grant, supplemental and concentration grant add-ons that are based on the percentage of pupils who are English learners, foster youth, or eligible for free or reduced-price meals, as specified, served by the school district or charter school. Current law specifies the amount of the base grant in the 2013–14 fiscal year and requires that amount to be increased by a specified cost-of-living adjustment in subsequent fiscal years. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to compute the supplemental and concentration grant add-ons as certain percentages of the amount of the base grant. This bill, notwithstanding that specified cost-of-living adjustment, would require the amount of the base grant for the 2019–20 fiscal year to be increased by a 5.16% cost-of-living adjustment.

[AB 225](#)[Brough R \( Dist. 73\)](#)**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign funds: childcare costs.** The Political Reform Act of 1974 provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing, including the use of campaign funds for specific expenditures. This bill would provide that campaign funds may be used to pay for child care provided for a candidate's dependent child if the costs are incurred as a direct result of campaign activity.

[AB 322](#)[Gallagher R \( Dist. 3\)](#)**Location:** ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

**Political Reform Act of 1974: online filing and disclosure system.** The Political Reform Act of 1974 requires the filing of specified statements, reports and other documents. Under the act, a local government agency may require these filings to be made online or electronically with the local filing officer, as specified. The act requires the local filing officer to make all data so filed available on the internet in an easily understood format that provides the greatest public access. Beginning January 1, 2022, this bill would require a local government agency to post on its internet website a copy of any specified statement, report, or other document filed with that agency in paper format. This bill would require that the statement, report, or other document be made available for four years from the date of the election associated with the filing

[AB 359](#)[Melendez R \( Dist. 67\)](#)**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: postgovernment employment.** The Political Reform Act of 1974 prohibits a Member of the Legislature, for a period of one year after leaving office, from acting as a compensated agent or attorney for, or otherwise representing, any other person by making appearances before, or communications with, the Legislature or its committees, Members, or officers or employees, if the appearance or communication is made for the purpose of influencing legislative action. If the Member resigns from office, this prohibition applies from the effective date of the resignation until one year after the adjournment sine die of the session in which the resignation occurred. This bill would extend the time periods for these prohibitions for a Member of the Legislature to 5 years.

[AB 610](#)[Obernolte R \( Dist. 33\)](#)**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Elections: local bond measures: tax rate statement.** Current law requires local governments, when submitting for voter approval a bond measure that will be secured by an ad valorem tax, to provide the voters with a statement that includes estimates of the tax rates required to fund the measure. Tax rates are expressed as the rate per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property to be taxed to fund the bond measure. This bill would instead require that the tax rate be expressed as the rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation on all property to be taxed to fund the bond measure.

[AB 646](#)[McCarty D \( Dist. 7\)](#)**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Elections: voter eligibility.** Current law prohibits a person who is on parole for the conviction of a felony from voting, registering to vote, or preregistering to vote. This bill would remove those prohibitions, thereby allowing a parolee to preregister, register, and vote and make other technical and conforming changes. This bill would become operative only if ACA 6 of the 2019–20 Regular Session is approved by the voters.

[AB 787](#)[Gipson D \( Dist. 64\)](#)**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Elections: voter registration.** Would require a county or a city and county that operates a jail facility to allow organizations to conduct in-person voter registration activities, including, but not limited to, the provision of vote-by-mail applications, in each county jail facility. The bill would require a county or city and county to establish policies and criteria governing the admittance of individuals from those organizations into jail facilities, including procedures for notifying an individual of the basis for denial of admittance and the opportunity to appeal a denial of admittance.

[AB 1217](#)

[Mullin D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE E. & C.A.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: electioneering and issue lobbying communications: disclosures.** Would require a person who makes payments of \$10,000 dollars or more for “electioneering communications” or “issue lobbying communications” to make specified disclosures in connection with those communications. The bill would define “electioneering communication” to mean any public communication that clearly identifies a candidate for elective state office, but does not expressly advocate for the election or defeat of the candidate, and that is disseminated, broadcast, distributed, or published during a specified period before an election. It would define “issue lobbying communication” to mean any public communication that clearly refers to and reflects a view on the subject matter, description, or name of one or more clearly identified pending state legislative or administrative actions, and that meets other specified criteria.

[AB 1245](#)

[Low D \( Dist. 28\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: contribution prohibitions.** Would prohibit a business entity from making, and a candidate for elective state office from receiving, a contribution to a candidate for elective state office. By expanding the scope of existing crimes with regard to contribution limitations, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

[AB 1843](#)

[Salas D \( Dist. 32\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Elections: nomination documents: retention and preservation.** Current law requires elections officials to retain all nomination documents and signatures in lieu of filing fee petitions during the term of office for which the documents are filed and for four years after the expiration of the term. Members of the public may view these documents, but are prohibited from copying or distributing documents containing signatures of voters. This bill, notwithstanding that prohibition, would authorize a candidate or the candidate’s designee to view and copy nomination documents and signatures in lieu of filing fee petitions filed by the candidate or on the candidate’s behalf, but would prohibit the distribution of documents that contain signatures of voters.

[ACA 4](#)

[Mullin D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE E. & C.A.

**Elections: voting age.** The California Constitution authorizes any person who is a United States citizen, at least 18 years of age, and a resident of the state to vote. This measure, in addition, would authorize a United States citizen who is 17 years of age, is a resident of the state, and will be at least 18 years of age at the time of the next general election to vote in any intervening primary or special election that occurs before the next general election.

[ACA 6](#)

[McCarty D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Elections: disqualification of electors.** Would direct the Legislature to provide for the disqualification of electors who are serving a state or federal prison sentence for the conviction of a felony. This measure would also delete the requirement that the Legislature provide for the disqualification of electors while on parole for the conviction of a felony. The measure would provide for the restoration of voting rights upon completion of the prison term.

**Location:** SENATE E. & C.A.

**Elections: voter qualifications.** The California Constitution allows a United States citizen who is at least 18 years of age and a resident of California to vote. This measure would reduce the minimum voting age to 17.

[SB 149](#)[Nielsen R \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Mail ballot elections.** Current law provides for the conduct of mail ballot elections. Under current law, the ballot at the first general district election conducted solely by mailed ballot must contain a question as to whether all future general district elections shall be so conducted. Current law applies this requirement only to districts in which an all-mailed ballot election was conducted pursuant to a specified resolution. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[SB 157](#)[Nielsen R \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Elections: vote by mail ballots.** Current law requires that the vote by mail ballot be available to any registered voter and requires an application for a vote by mail voter's ballot to be made in writing to the elections official having jurisdiction over the election between the 29th and the 7th day before the election. Current law requires any applications received by the elections official before the 29th day to be kept and processed during the application period. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[SB 423](#)[Umberg D \( Dist. 34\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: committee accounts.** The Political Reform Act of 1974 the act requires a candidate committee to establish one campaign contribution account at an office of a financial institution located in the state and generally requires all candidate contributions to be made to the account and all candidate expenditures to be made from the account. The act requires the candidate's statement of organization to include the name and address of the financial institution in which the committee has established an account and the account number. This bill would impose requirements on non-candidate committees that qualify as a committee under the act by receiving contributions totaling \$2,000 or more in a calendar year.

[SB 636](#)[Stern D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Elections: ballot label.** Current law defines the ballot label as the portion of the ballot containing the names of the candidates or a statement of a measure. For statewide measures, current law requires the Attorney General to prepare a condensed version of the ballot title and summary, including the fiscal impact summary prepared by the Legislative Analyst that is printed in the state voter information guide. This bill would additionally require the ballot label for statewide measures to include a listing of the signers of ballot arguments printed in the state voter information guide that support and oppose the measure or the signers of the rebuttal arguments to the arguments that support and oppose the measure, as specified.

[SCA 2](#)[Allen D \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Elections: recalls.** The California Constitution provides that voters may recall a state officer and, in the same election, elect a successor. The Constitution prohibits an officer who is the subject of a recall election from being a candidate for successor. The Constitution also prohibits a successor candidacy for the office of judge of the Supreme Court or a court of appeal. For an officer other than a judicial officer, this measure would instead require

that the name of the officer be placed on the ballot as a successor candidate if the officer does not resign no later than 10 days after the date of certification of sufficient signatures. If the officer does so resign, the office would be deemed vacant and the recall election would not be held. In a recall election, if a candidate other than the officer receives a plurality, that candidate would be elected as the successor to serve the remainder of the officer's term. If the officer receives a plurality, however, the recall would fail and the officer would remain in office.

#### Emergency Services

[AB 1544](#)

[Gipson D \( Dist. 64\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.** Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

[AB 1945](#)

[Salas D \( Dist. 32\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY G.O.

**Emergency services: first responders.** Would, for purposes of the California Emergency Services Act, define "first responder" as an employee of the state or a local public agency who provides emergency response services, including a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, public safety dispatcher, public safety telecommunicator, emergency response communication employee, rescue service personnel, or emergency manager.

[SB 130](#)

[Galgiani D \( Dist. 5\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Fire prevention grants: cities in very high fire hazard severity zones: emergency fire siren warning system.** Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, in consultation with the Office of Emergency Services, to establish a grant program to provide grants to applicant cities located in areas designated as very high fire hazard severity zones, as specified, to be used for the installation and implementation or the refurbishment of an emergency fire siren warning system, which could include a voice warning system, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to establish a cost-share requirement for the grant program and the director to make advance payments of up to 25% of the total grant award.

[SB 261](#)

[Wilk R \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Office of Emergency Services.** The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, establishes the Office of Emergency Services for the purpose of mitigating the effects of natural, manmade, or war-caused emergencies and makes findings and declarations relating to ensuring that preparation within the state will be adequate to deal with those emergencies. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

#### Employee Relations

[AB 196](#)

[Gonzalez D \( Dist. 80\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Paid family leave.** Would revise the formula for determining benefits available pursuant to the family temporary disability insurance program, for periods of disability commencing after January 1, 2020, by redefining the weekly benefit amount to be equal to 100% of the wages paid to an individual for employment by employers during the

quarter of the individual's disability base period in which these wages were highest, divided by 13, but not exceeding the maximum workers' compensation temporary disability indemnity weekly benefit amount established by the Department of Industrial Relations.

[AB 271](#)

[Cooper D \( Dist. 9\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Civil service: Personnel Classification Plan: salary equalization.** Would require the Department of Human Resources to, by December 31, 2020, and every 2 years thereafter, evaluate all civil service classifications and prepare a detailed report on gender and ethnicity pay equity in each classification where there is an underrepresentation of women and minorities. The bill would require each state agency to submit specified information to the department about each state civil service classification within the agency.

[AB 418](#)

[Kalra D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Evidentiary privileges: union agent-represented worker privilege.** Would establish a privilege between a union agent, as defined, and a represented employee or represented former employee to refuse to disclose any confidential communication between the employee or former employee and the union agent made while the union agent was acting in the union agent's representative capacity, except as specified. The bill would permit a represented employee or represented former employee to prevent another person from disclosing a privileged communication, except as specified.

[AB 555](#)

[Gonzalez D \( Dist. 80\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Paid sick leave.** Would modify a employer's alternate sick leave accrual method to require that an employee have no less than 40 hours of accrued sick leave or paid time off by the 200th calendar day of employment or each calendar year, or in each 12-month period. The bill would modify that satisfaction provision to authorize an employer to satisfy accrual requirements by providing not less than 40 hours or 5 days of paid sick leave that is available to the employee to use by the completion of the employee's 200th calendar day of employment. The bill would also provide that an employer is under no obligation to allow an employee's total accrual of paid sick leave to exceed 80 hours or 10 days, as specified.

[AB 628](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Employment: victims of sexual harassment: protections.** Current law prohibits an employer from discharging or discriminating or retaliating against, an employee who is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking because of the employee's status as a victim, if the employer has notice or knowledge of that status. Current law additionally prohibits an employer with 25 or more employees from discharging, or discriminating or retaliating against, an employee who is a victim, in this regard, who takes time off to obtain specified services or counseling. This bill would extend these employment protections to victims of sexual harassment, as defined. The bill would also extend these employment protections to specified family members, as defined, of the victims for taking time off from work to provide assistance to the victims when seeking relief or obtaining those services and counseling, as specified.

[AB 664](#)

[Cooper D \( Dist. 9\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**County employees' retirement: permanent incapacity.** Would require, for purposes of determining permanent incapacity of certain members employed as peace officers in the County of Sacramento, that those members be evaluated by the retirement system to determine if they can perform all of the usual and customary duties of a peace

officer, as specified. The bill would apply to members who file applications for disability on or after the effective date of the act, except for cases on appeal at that time. The bill would require the board of retirement to develop a method of tracking the costs of providing permanent disability retirement to the members who become eligible for disability retirement pursuant to the bill's provisions. The bill would repeal these provisions on December 31, 2024.

[AB 1066](#)

[Gonzalez D \( Dist. 80\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE INACTIVE FILE

**Unemployment insurance: trade disputes: eligibility for benefits.** Would restore eligibility for unemployment benefits after the first 3 weeks of a trade dispute for an employee who left work because of the trade dispute. The bill would also codify specified case law that holds that employees who left work due to a lockout by the employer, even if it was in anticipation of a trade dispute, are eligible for benefits. The bill would specify that the bill's provisions do not diminish eligibility for benefits of individuals deprived of work due to an employer lockout or similar action, as specified.

[AB 1107](#)

[Chu D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Workers' compensation.** Current law requires, when payment of compensation has been unreasonably delayed or refused, either prior to or subsequent to the issuance of an award, the amount of the payment unreasonably delayed or refused to be increased up to 25% or up to \$10,000, whichever is less, except for unreasonable delay in the provision of medical treatment for periods of time necessary to complete the utilization review process. Current law provides that a determination by the appeals board or a final determination of the administrative director pursuant to independent medical review that medical treatment is appropriate is not conclusive evidence that medical treatment was unreasonably delayed or denied for purposes of imposing those penalties. This bill would exclude a final determination of the administrative director pursuant to independent medical review from the latter provision regarding conclusive evidence that medical treatment was unreasonably delayed or denied.

[AB 1993](#)

[Kamlager D \( Dist. 54\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Unemployment insurance: benefits.** Would provide that the definition of "employment" for the purposes of unemployment insurance coverage includes services performed by an individual in the employ of their parent, child, or spouse if that individual is providing services through the In-Home Supportive Services program.

[ACA 19](#)

[Kiley R \( Dist. 6\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Right to Earn a Living Act.** The California Constitution grants many rights to persons, including the right to speak and write freely, as specified, and to be free from cruel and unusual punishment. Current statutory law requires that a person providing labor or services for remuneration shall be considered an employee rather than an independent contractor, for specified purposes, unless the hiring entity demonstrates that the person is free from the control and direction of the hiring entity in connection with the performance of the work, both under the contract for the performance of the work and in fact, the person performs work that is outside the usual course of the hiring entity's business, and the person is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, or business of the same nature as that involved in the work performed. This measure, "The Right to Earn a Living Act," would require determinations of whether a person is an employee or an independent contractor to be made using a specified multifactor test that differs from the test described above.

[SB 179](#)

[Nielsen R \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Excluded employees: arbitration.** Would enact the Excluded Employee Arbitration Act to permit an employee

organization that represents an excluded employee who has filed certain grievances with the Department of Human Resources to request arbitration of the grievance if specified conditions are met. The bill would require the designation of a standing panel of arbitrators and, under specified circumstances, the provision of arbitrators from the California State Mediation and Conciliation Service within the Public Employment Relations Board.

[SB 238](#)

[Grove R \( Dist. 16\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Worker status: factors for determination of employee status.** Current law, as established in the case of *Dynamex Operations W. v. Superior Court* (2018) 4 Cal.5th 903 (Dynamex), creates a presumption that a worker who performs services for a hirer is an employee. Current law requires a 3-part test, commonly known as the “ABC” test, to establish that a worker is an independent contractor for purposes of claims for wages and benefits arising under wage orders issued by the Industrial Welfare Commission. This bill would instead, for purposes of claims for wages and benefits arising under wage orders, analyze whether the worker is economically dependent upon the hiring entity to determine whether that worker is an employee based upon the economic reality of the relationship with the hiring entity.

[SB 266](#)

[Leyva D \( Dist. 20\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Public Employees’ Retirement System: disallowed compensation: benefit adjustments.** Would establish new procedures under PERL for cases in which PERS determines that the benefits of a member or annuitant are, or would be, based on disallowed compensation that conflicts with PEPPRA and other specified laws and thus impermissible under PERL. The bill would also apply these procedures retroactively to determinations made on or after January 1, 2017, if an appeal has been filed and the employee member, survivor, or beneficiary has not exhausted their administrative or legal remedies. At the threshold, after determining that compensation for an employee member reported by the state, school employer, or a contracting agency is disallowed, the bill would require the applicable employer to discontinue the reporting of the disallowed compensation.

[SB 783](#)

[Committee on Labor, Public Employment and Retirement](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**County Employees Retirement Law of 1937.** The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) authorizes counties to establish retirement systems pursuant to its provisions for the purpose of providing pension and death benefits to county and district employees. This bill would correct several erroneous and obsolete cross-references within CERL.

[SB 875](#)

[Grove R \( Dist. 16\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE L., P.E. & R.

**Worker status: independent contractors: court interpreters.** Current statutory law establishes that, for purposes of the Labor Code, the Unemployment Insurance Code, and the wage orders of the Industrial Welfare Commission, a person providing labor or services for remuneration is considered an employee rather than an independent contractor unless the hiring entity demonstrates that the person is not an employee under the ABC test. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner with the enforcement of labor laws, including worker classification. Current law exempts specified occupations and business relationships from the application of the ABC test described above. Current law, instead, provides that these exempt relationships are governed by the multifactor test previously adopted in the case of *S. G. Borello & Sons, Inc. v. Department of Industrial Relations* (1989) 48 Cal.3d 341. This bill would also exempt from the ABC test specified individuals working as interpreters and translators.

[SB 772](#)

Energy

[Bradford D \( Dist. 35\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Long duration bulk energy storage: procurement.** Would require the ISO, on or before June 30, 2022, to complete a competitive solicitation process for the procurement of one or more long duration energy storage projects that in aggregate have at least 2,000 megawatts capacity, but not more than 2,400 megawatts, as provided. The bill would require the ISO, after December 31, 2030, and only if found to be necessary, to complete an additional competitive solicitation process for additional long duration bulk energy storage projects that in aggregate have up to 2,000 megawatts capacity and have targeted commercial operation dates of no later than January 1, 2045.

**Finance**

[AB 213](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Local government finance: property tax revenue allocations: vehicle license fee adjustments.** Would, for the 2019–20 fiscal year, require the vehicle license fee adjustment amount to be the sum of the vehicle license fee adjustment amount in the 2018–19 fiscal year, the product of that sum and the percentage change in gross taxable assessed valuation within the jurisdiction of that entity between the 2018–19 fiscal year to the 2018–19 fiscal year, and the product of the amount of specified motor vehicle license fee revenues that the Controller allocated to the applicable city in July 2010 and 1.17.

[ACA 1](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.** The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

**First Responders**

[AB 1544](#)

[Gipson D \( Dist. 64\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.** Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

**Health and Human Services**

[AB 4](#)

[Arambula D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: eligibility.** Current law requires that individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the Director of Health Care Services makes a determination that systems have been programmed for implementation of these provisions to be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if

otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, which includes outreach strategies. Current law makes the effective date of enrollment for those individuals the same day that systems are operational to begin processing new applications pursuant to the director's determination, and requires the department to seek any necessary federal approvals to obtain federal financial participation for purposes of implementing the requirements. Current law requires that benefits for services under these provisions be provided with state-only funds only if federal financial participation is not available for those services. This bill would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals of all ages, if otherwise eligible for those benefits, but for their immigration status, and would delete provisions delaying eligibility and enrollment until the director makes the determination as specified.

[AB 50](#)

[Kalra D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: Assisted Living Waiver program.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to submit to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services a request for amendment of the Assisted Living Waiver program with specified amendments. The bill would require, as part of the amendments, the department to increase the number of participants in the program from the currently authorized 5,744 participants to 18,500, to be phased in, as specified. The bill would require the department to increase its provider reimbursement tiers to compensate for mandatory minimum wage increases, as specified.

[AB 163](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \( Dist. 58\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Services for unaccompanied undocumented minors: facilities liaison.** Would require the State Department of Social Services to create a facilities liaison position within its immigration services unit to, among other duties, assist state-licensed group homes, short-term residential therapeutic programs (STRTPs), foster family agencies, and resource families that serve undocumented immigrant youth in connecting with appropriate supports and services, including, but not limited to, legal services, mental health assessments and services, and public benefits, as specified. The bill would, when appropriate, require the facilities liaison to assist in arranging a meeting for identified unaccompanied undocumented minors with a qualified organization that has received a grant to provide legal services.

[AB 337](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \( Dist. 65\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Foster care payments: reasonable travel reimbursement for school.** Current law requires counties to provide payment to an emergency caregiver who is not yet a foster care provider on behalf of a child or nonminor dependent placed in the home of the caregiver that is equivalent to that per-child, per-month rate. This bill would additionally require a county to provide to those emergency caregivers a payment to cover the cost of reasonable travel for the child to remain in the school in which the child or nonminor dependent is enrolled at the time of placement

[AB 480](#)

[Salas D \( Dist. 32\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Mental health: older adults.** Would establish within the State Department of Health Care Services an Older Adult Mental Health Services Administrator to oversee mental health services for older adults. The bill would require that position to be funded with administrative funds from the Mental Health Services Fund. The bill would prescribe the functions of the administrator and its responsibilities, including, but not limited to, developing outcome and related indicators for older adults for the purpose of assessing the status of mental health services for older adults, monitoring the quality of programs for those adults, and guiding decisionmaking on how to improve those services.

[AB 526](#)

[Petrie-Norris D \( Dist. 74\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children.** Current law requires the former Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board and former State Department of Health Services, in collaboration with program offices for the WIC Program and other designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment gateway system, subject to appropriation, allowing children applying to the WIC Program to obtain presumptive eligibility for, and to facilitate application for enrollment in, the Medi-Cal program or the former Healthy Families Program, to the extent federal financial participation is available, as specified. This bill would delete the above-described provisions relating to the automated enrollment gateway system and would instead require the State Department of Health Care Services, in collaboration with the same designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment pathway, designating the WIC Program and its local WIC agencies as Express Lane agencies and using WIC eligibility determinations to meet Medi-Cal eligibility requirements.

[AB 531](#)

[Friedman D \( Dist. 43\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Foster youth: housing.** The California Community Care Facilities Act requires the State Department of Social Services to license and regulate transitional housing placement providers as a community care facility. A “transitional housing placement provider” is an organization licensed by the department to provide transitional housing to foster children at least 16 years of age and not more than 18 years of age, and nonminor dependents to promote their transition to adulthood. Current law requires transitional housing units to include, among others, a host family certified by a transitional housing placement provider. This bill would authorize a host family to be certified by the transitional housing placement provider, or to be an approved resource family, a licensed foster family home or certified foster home, an approved relative caregiver, or a nonrelative extended family member of a participant, without requiring additional certification by the transitional housing placement provider. The bill would require, if a nonminor dependent receiving transitional housing services lives with a host family, payment for those services to be split equally between the transitional housing placement provider, the host family, and the nonminor dependent, unless a different apportionment is agreed to by all parties.

[AB 536](#)

[Frazier D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Developmental services.** Current law under the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act defines a “developmental disability” as a disability that originates before an individual attains 18 years of age, continues, or can be expected to continue, indefinitely, and constitutes a substantial disability for the individual. This bill would modify that definition to mean a disability that originates before an individual attains 22 years of age, continues, or can be expected to continue, indefinitely, and constitutes a substantial disability for the individual. The bill would make various technical and nonsubstantive changes.

[AB 568](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Care Corps Act.** Would establish, until July, 1, 2026, a pilot program, administered by the Chief Service Officer of California Volunteers, under which nonprofit entities known as Care Corps Grantees that would contract with the officer would select, train, and place volunteers to provide care to persons who are at least 65 years of age, who have Alzheimer’s disease or related dementia, and who have difficulty with self-care or living independently. The bill would establish selection criteria for prospective volunteers and specified training requirements.

[AB 683](#)

[Carrillo D \( Dist. 51\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Medi-Cal: eligibility.** Current law requires Medi-Cal benefits to be provided to individuals eligible for services pursuant to prescribed standards, including a modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) eligibility standard. Current law prohibits the use of an asset or resources test for individuals whose financial eligibility for Medi-Cal is determined based on the application of MAGI. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to disregard, commencing July 1, 2020, specified assets and resources, such as motor vehicles and life insurance policies, in determining the Medi-Cal eligibility for an applicant or beneficiary whose eligibility is not determined using MAGI, subject to federal approval and federal financial participation.

[AB 763](#)

[Gray D \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal specialty mental health services.** Would require, on or before March 31, 2020, the State Department of Health Care Services to convene a stakeholder workgroup, including representatives from the County Behavioral Health Directors Association of California, to identify all forms currently used by mental health plan contractors for purposes of determining eligibility and reimbursement for specialty mental health services that are provided under Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment Program, and to develop standard forms. The bill would also authorize the department and the workgroup to develop a list of department-approved nonstandard forms. The bill would require the standard forms to be completed by January 1, 2021.

[AB 826](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: specialty mental health services: foster youth.** Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to issue policy guidance concerning the conditions for, and exceptions to, presumptive transfer of responsibility for providing or arranging for specialty mental health services to a foster youth from the county of original jurisdiction to the county in which the foster youth resides, as prescribed. This bill would make those provisions for presumptive transfer inapplicable to foster youth placed in a group home or a short-term residential therapeutic program (STRTP) outside of their county of original jurisdiction, as specified.

[AB 861](#)

[Chen R \( Dist. 55\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Juveniles.** Current law specifies that a proceeding to declare a juvenile a dependent is commenced by the social worker filing a petition with the juvenile court and authorizes a person to apply to the social worker to commence dependency proceedings. If the social worker does not undertake a program of supervision of the child or file a petition in the juvenile court within 3 weeks after the application, the social worker is required to document that decision and the person who applied to the social worker may apply to the juvenile court to review the social worker's decision. This bill would shorten that time period to 10 business days after the application if the child about whom an application is made is homeless, has been a dependent or ward of the juvenile court, or has received informal probation or child welfare services.

[AB 910](#)

[Wood D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Medi-Cal: dispute resolution.** Would require a county mental health plan and Medi-Cal managed care plan that are unable to resolve a dispute to submit a request for resolution to the State Department of Health Care Services. The bill would require the department to issue a written decision to the plans within 30 calendar days from receipt of the request by either the county mental health plan or the Medi-Cal plan. The bill would also prohibit the dispute from delaying the provision of medically necessary services, as specified.

[AB 987](#)

[Rivas, Robert D \( Dist. 30\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**CalWORKs: special diet and food preparation allowance.** Current law specifies the amounts of cash aid to be paid each month to CalWORKs recipients, including a recurring special needs allowance of up to \$10 per month for each eligible recipient. Under current law, recurring special needs includes special diets upon the recommendation of a physician for circumstances other than pregnancy, and unusual costs of transportation, laundry, housekeeping services, telephone, and utilities. This bill would include food preparation within the list of unusual costs for purposes of the recurring special needs allowance. The bill would provide that the reasons for which a county shall grant a recurring special needs allowance for a special diet include, but are not limited to, verified lack of access to potable water and a child recipient having an elevated blood lead level, as specified.

[AB 1022](#)

[Wicks D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**California Antihunger Response and Employment Training Act of 2019.** This bill would require the Department of Social Services to establish the California Antihunger Response and Employment Training (CARET) program to provide benefits to a person who has been determined ineligible for CalFresh benefits, or for whom CalFresh benefits have been discontinued, as a result of the ABAWD time limit, and who also is ineligible for a percentage exemption, as specified. The bill would require that the person receive the same amount of benefits under the CARET program that they would have received under the CalFresh program if the ABAWD time limit did not make them ineligible.

[AB 1031](#)

[Nazarian D \( Dist. 46\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Youth Substance Use Disorder Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 2019.** The current Adolescent Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 1998, which authorized the department to establish community-based nonresidential and residential recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and other drug use among youth, became inoperative on July 1, 2013. This bill would repeal those inoperative provisions and would enact the Youth Substance Use Disorder Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 2019, with similar provisions to, in part, require the State Department of Health Care Services, on or before January 1, 2021, to establish community-based nonresidential and residential treatment and recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and drug use among youth under 21 years of age.

[AB 1042](#)

[Wood D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: beneficiary maintenance needs: home upkeep allowances: transitional needs funds.** Would establish eligibility and other requirements for providing the home upkeep allowance or a transitional needs fund to Medi-Cal patients residing in a long-term care facility. The bill would prescribe general and specific requirements for both facility residents who intend to leave the facility and return to an existing home, who would receive the home upkeep allowance, and for residents who do not have a home but intend to leave the facility and establish a new home, who could establish a transitional needs fund for the purpose of meeting the transitional costs of establishing a home.

[AB 1058](#)

[Salas D \( Dist. 32\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: specialty mental health services and substance use disorder treatment.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to engage, commencing no later than January 15, 2020, in a stakeholder process to develop recommendations for addressing legal and administrative barriers to the delivery of integrated behavioral health services for Medi-Cal beneficiaries with cooccurring substance use disorders and mental health conditions who access services through the Drug Medi-Cal Treatment Program, the Drug Medi-Cal organized delivery system, and the Medi-Cal Specialty Mental Health Services Program.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Child support: suspension.** Current law, until January 1, 2020, suspends a money judgment or order for child support for any period exceeding 90 consecutive days in which the person ordered to pay support is incarcerated or involuntarily institutionalized, except as specified. Under current law, a child support obligation suspended under these provisions resumes on the first day of the first full month after the release of the person owing the child support. This bill would delete the repeal date, making these provisions effective indefinitely.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Department of Community Living.** Would establish the California Department of Community Living within the California Health and Human Services Agency to consolidate leadership on issues and programs serving California's older adults, people with disabilities, and caregivers. The bill would prescribe the duties of the department, including assisting older adults and people with disabilities in connecting to specified services including care coordination, health insurance counseling, peer-based programs, and community transition services.

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**The California Department of Aging.** The Mello-Granlund Older Californians Act establishes the California Department of Aging in the California Health and Human Services Agency, and sets forth its mission to provide leadership to the area agencies on aging in developing systems of home- and community-based services that maintain individuals in their own homes or least restrictive homelike environments. Current law requires the department to develop minimum standards for service delivery, and requires those standards to ensure that a system meets specified requirements, including that it has cost containment and fiscal incentives consistent with the delivery of appropriate services at the appropriate level. This bill would delete that cost containment and fiscal incentives requirement

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**End Foster Youth Student Hunger in California Act of 2019.** Current law requires the Student Aid Commission to work cooperatively with the State Department of Social Services to develop an automated system to verify a student's status as a foster youth to aid in the processing of applications for federal financial aid. Under current law, the commission, through an interagency agreement with the State Department of Social Services, operates the Chafee Educational and Training Vouchers Program, to provide federal grants to current and former foster youth with access to postsecondary education. This bill, the End Foster Youth Student Hunger in California Act of 2019, would require the Student Aid Commission to report to the Legislature, no later than July 1, 2020, the amount of funding and the authority it would need to establish a Transition Age Foster Youth Meal Plan Program.

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Capital Investment Incentive Program: local governments: property tax abatement.** Would, commencing with the 2020–21 fiscal year, until January 1, 2024, additionally authorize the governing body of a county, city and county, or city to pay a proponent of a qualified targeted manufacturing facility, as defined, a capital investment incentive amount, for up to 10 consecutive years, that does not exceed the amount of ad valorem property tax revenues allocated to that entity, as specified, derived from that portion of the assessed value that exceeds \$5,000,000 of a qualified targeted manufacturing facility located within the jurisdiction of that county, city and county, or city commencing with the first fiscal year after the date upon which the qualified targeted manufacturing

facility is certified for occupancy or commences operation, as specified.

[AB 1324](#)

[Levine D \( Dist. 10\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Foster children: immigration counsel.** Would require the State Department of Social Services, subject to the availability of funding, to contract with nonprofit legal services organizations to provide legal services to undocumented immigrants who are dependent children or nonminor dependents of the juvenile court or who are the subject of an order for out-of-home placement through the juvenile court and would specify the required qualifications for those nonprofit legal services organizations.

[AB 1403](#)

[Carrillo D \( Dist. 51\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**General assistance: eligibility.** Current law requires each county to provide aid to its indigent residents not supported by other means. These county programs are known as general assistance programs. Current law makes an individual who is not eligible for benefits under the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program as a result of the 48-month limitation ineligible for aid or assistance from a general assistance program until the children on whose behalf the individual received CalWORKs benefits are 18 years of age or older. This bill would remove that restriction on eligibility for aid or assistance from a general assistance program if the individual is a parent of a child who is under 18 years of age and not living in the home as the result of one or more specified conditions, including, among others, a court-ordered custody agreement.

[AB 1434](#)

[Kalra D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Public social services: SSI/SSP.** Current law provides for the State Supplementary Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (SSP), which requires the State Department of Social Services to contract with the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services to make payments to SSP recipients to supplement Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments made available pursuant to the federal Social Security Act. This bill would reinstate the cost-of-living adjustment beginning January 1 of the 2020 calendar year. The bill would also require a maximum aid payment provided to an individual or a married couple that does not equal or exceed 100% of the 2019 federal poverty level to be increased to an amount that equals 100% of the federal poverty level.

[AB 1436](#)

[Stone, Mark D \( Dist. 29\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**CalWORKs: eligibility: income exemptions.** Current law, exempts certain income from the calculation of a family's income for purposes of determining eligibility for the CalWORKs program, including disability-based unearned income, in accordance with specified provisions, depending upon whether or not that income exceeds \$225. This bill would incrementally increase the above amounts of exempted income on an annual basis, commencing on January 1, 2020. The bill would declare that no appropriation would be made for purposes of the bill pursuant to the provision continuously appropriating funds for the CalWORKs program.

[AB 1572](#)

[Chen R \( Dist. 55\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental health services: gravely disabled.** Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines "gravely disabled." This bill would change the definition of "gravely disabled" for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person's own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening

of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[AB 1766](#)

[Bloom D \( Dist. 50\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Licensed adult residential facilities and residential care facilities for the elderly: data collection: residents with a serious mental disorder.** Would require the State Department of Social Services to collect and publicly report data from licensed adult residential facilities and residential care facilities for the elderly, including whether the facility accepts residents with a serious mental disorder, as defined, and the destination for all residents with a serious mental disorder who exited during the previous 12 months, among other information. The bill would also require the department to publicly report on a quarterly basis how many licensed residential facilities primarily serving low-income residents closed permanently in the prior quarter and to create guidelines to ensure that the county in which a facility is located is notified when that facility notifies the department that it is closing.

[AB 1779](#)

[Daly D \( Dist. 69\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Recovery residences.** Would establish, and require the State Department of Health Care Services to adopt and implement, minimum standards for counties receiving public funding for recovery residences, as defined. The bill would also require a state affiliate of the National Alliance for Recovery Residences (NARR) to deny an application for, or deny or revoke the recognition, registration, or certification of, and require a county behavioral health department to terminate a contract with, a recovery residence under certain circumstances, including if the recovery residence fails to meet the minimum standards.

[AB 1853](#)

[Frazier D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY AGING & L.T.C.

**Health care: medical goods: reuse and redistribution.** Would require the California Department of Aging, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish a comprehensive 3-year pilot program in the Counties of Contra Costa, Napa, and Solano to facilitate the reuse and redistribution of durable medical equipment and other home health supplies. The bill would require the department to contract in each county with a local nonprofit agency to oversee the program and would require the contracting nonprofit agency to, at a minimum, develop a computerized system to track the inventory of equipment and supplies available for reuse and redistribution and organize pickup and delivery of equipment and supplies.

[AB 1929](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \( Dist. 48\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Child abuse and neglect reporting.** Current law, only until January 1, 2021, authorizes certain county welfare agencies to develop a pilot program for internet-based reporting of child abuse and neglect, as specified, to receive reports by specified mandated reporters. Current law, only until January 1, 2021, also requires the State Department of Social Services to consult with the County Welfare Directors Association of California and the county welfare agencies of the individual counties to determine which counties may be involved in the pilot program and to oversee and administer the pilot program. Current law requires a county that chooses to participate in the pilot program to hire an evaluator to monitor implementation of the program, to develop outcome measures that determine the effectiveness of the pilot program of the county, as specified, and to report to specified committees of the Legislature on or before January 1, 2020, on the effectiveness of the pilot program. Existing law authorizes the department to conclude a county pilot program prior to January 1, 2021, if the evaluation and monitoring indicate that implementation of the program compromises the safety of children. This bill would enact provisions similar to the pilot program that would be operative indefinitely and would permit the program to receive reports from any mandated reporter.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

**Foster care payments: reasonable travel reimbursement for school.** Current law establishes the Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care (AFDC-FC) program, under which counties provide to foster care providers a per-child, per-month rate, established by the State Department of Social Services, for the care and supervision of the child or nonminor dependent placed with the provider. Current law requires that foster care providers be reimbursed for the costs of reasonable travel for the child to remain in the school in which the child was enrolled at the time of placement. Current law also requires counties to provide payment to an emergency caregiver who is not yet a foster care provider on behalf of a child or nonminor dependent placed in the home of the caregiver that is equivalent to that per-child, per-month rate. This bill would additionally require a county to provide to those emergency caregivers a payment to cover the cost of reasonable travel for the child to remain in the school in which the child or nonminor dependent is enrolled at the time of placement.

[AB 1946](#)[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental health services: involuntary detention.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reform the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, including expanding the definition of “gravely disabled” to add a condition in which a person is unable to provide for their own medical treatment as a result of a mental health disorder, and emphasizing the necessity to create policies that prioritize living safely in communities.

[AB 1954](#)[Cooley D \( Dist. 8\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Foster care: relative and sibling placement.** Current law provides that a child may be adjudged to be a dependent of the juvenile court because of abuse or neglect, and that after this determination, the court is required to hear evidence on the question of the proper disposition to be made of the child. Current law requires that before determining the appropriate disposition, the court receive in evidence, among other things, the social study of the child made by the social worker and evaluation made by a child advocate appointed by the court. Existing law further prescribes the information that is required to be included in that social study or evaluation, including the appropriateness of any relative placement. This bill would extend the definition of relative to include caregivers of minor siblings who are in a permanent plan of adoption, legal guardianship, or placement with a fit and willing relative, and would delete that provision prohibiting the consideration and investigation of a relative placement from being a cause for continuance of the dispositional hearing.

[AB 1985](#)[Rubio, Blanca D \( Dist. 48\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Dependency: victims of human trafficking.** Would explicitly authorize a child who is or was a victim of labor trafficking, and whose parent or guardian has failed or was unable to protect the child, to be adjudged a dependent of the juvenile court. The bill would make various related changes to reflect this expansion, including, among other things, a requirement that the case plan for a child nonminor dependent who is, or who is at risk of becoming, the victim of labor trafficking, document the services provided to address that issue. By expanding county duties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1988](#)[Patterson R \( Dist. 23\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Foster care.** Current law requires the Office of the State Foster Care Ombudsperson to be established in the State Department of Social Services with prescribed powers and duties relating to the management of foster children, including the dissemination of information on the rights of children and youth in foster care. Current law requires the

Director of Social Services, in consultation with a committee of interested individuals chosen by the director, to appoint the ombudsperson for a term of 4 years. This bill would instead require the Governor, in consultation with a committee of interested individuals, to appoint the ombudsperson, subject to Senate confirmation. The bill would authorize the director to select the committee members, as specified.

[AB 1994](#)

[Holden D \( Dist. 41\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Eligibility.** Current federal law, the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act, prohibits a state from terminating Medi-Cal eligibility for an eligible juvenile if they are an inmate of a public institution, authorizes the suspension of Medicaid benefits to that eligible juvenile, and requires a state to conduct a redetermination of Medicaid eligibility or process an application for medical assistance under the Medicaid program for an eligible juvenile who is an inmate of a public institution. This bill would conform state law with those federal provisions, and would impose those responsibilities on county welfare departments. Because counties are required to make Medi-Cal eligibility determinations, and the bill would expand Medi-Cal determinations of eligibility for eligible juveniles of public institutions, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1996](#)

[Gipson D \( Dist. 64\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Foster youth.** Would state the Legislature's intent to support transition-age youth in accessing available supports and services offered through the California Fostering Connections to Success Act and, among other things, that the State Department of Social Services consider stakeholder input on the feasibility of collecting additional data to better understand the population currently accessing extended foster care. The bill would require the department to report to the Legislature and stakeholders, during the 2021–22 budget process, a detailed list of current data fields and types of information related to entry into foster care and reentry into extended foster care for youths 16 to 21 years of age, inclusive, collected as a result of calls to county hotlines and a summary of which types of data collection may be implemented in the existing child welfare data system and the types that can be included in subsequent data system updates on specified data collection points.

[AB 2001](#)

[Nazarian D \( Dist. 46\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Alzheimer's Disease and Dementia Caregiver pilot program.** Would require the California Department of Aging, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish and administer the Alzheimer's Disease and Dementia Caregiver Pilot Program, a 3-year pilot program, to support expanded access to evidence-based or evidence-derived dementia caregiver education programs, and to perform specified duties, including prioritizing innovative proposals seeking to reach specified communities, and awarding grants. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2026.

[AB 2005](#)

[Levine D \( Dist. 10\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Nonminor dependents: transitional independent living case plans.** Under current law, a nonminor dependent, defined to mean a person between 18 and 21 years of age who is still within the jurisdiction or transitional jurisdiction of the juvenile court under specified placement and care responsibility and who has a transitional independent living case plan, continues to be eligible for those social service programs until 21 years of age if the nonminor dependent is otherwise eligible for that program and one or more other specified conditions are met, including that the nonminor is employed for at least 80 hours per month or enrolled in an institution that provides postsecondary or vocational education. Current law defines transitional independent living case plan to mean the nonminor dependent's case plan, updated every 6 months, that describes the goals and objectives of how the nonminor will make progress in the transition to living independently, among other things, and requires all case

planning to be a collaborative effort between the nonminor dependent and the social worker, probation officer, or Indian tribe. This bill would provide that a nonminor dependent's inability to participate in the development of a transitional independent living case plan due to incompetency, disability, or a medical condition shall not prevent the nonminor dependent from receiving the above-described benefits.

[AB 2012](#)

[Chu D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Free senior transit passes: eligibility for state funding.** Would require transit agencies to offer free senior transit passes to persons over 65 years of age in order to be eligible for state funding under the Mills-Deddeh Transit Development Act, the State Transit Assistance Program, and the Low Carbon Transit Operations Program. The bill would require those free senior transit passes to count as full price fares for purposes of calculating the ratio of fare revenues to operating costs.

[AB 2024](#)

[Holden D \( Dist. 41\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Developmental disabilities: provider rates.** Under current law, the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act, the State Department of Developmental Services is responsible for providing various services and supports to persons with developmental disabilities, and for ensuring the appropriateness and quality of those services and supports. Current law authorizes the department to contract with regional centers to provide these services and supports. Current law sets forth the department's and the regional center's authority to establish provider rates and prohibits certain provider rate increases. This bill would require certain provider rates to be increased by 3.33% for each \$1 increase in the state minimum wage, or by a prorated percentage for an increase that is not a whole number.

[AB 2029](#)

[Berman D \( Dist. 24\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**CalWORKs eligibility: income exemptions.** Under current law, certain types of payments received by recipients of aid under the CalWORKs program, including, among others, specified amounts of disability-based unearned income and earned income and an award or scholarship provided by a public or private entity to, or on behalf of, a dependent child, are exempt from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility and aid amount. The bill would also exempt child support payments paid by a member of the assistance unit to or for an individual living outside of the assistance unit's home from being included as income for these purposes.

[AB 2032](#)

[Wood D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Medi-Cal: medically necessary services.** Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive medically necessary health care services, including Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) for an individual under 21 years of age, subject to utilization controls and consistent with federal requirements. Under current state law, for individuals 21 years of age and older, a service is "medically necessary" if it is reasonable and necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate severe pain and for individuals under 21 years of age, "medically necessary" or "medical necessity" standards are governed by the definition in federal law. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that provision of law.

[AB 2035](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \( Dist. 48\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Foster youth: sexual and reproductive education.** Current law requires a county social worker to create a case plan for foster youth within a specified timeframe after the child is introduced into the foster care system. Current

law requires the case plan to include prescribed components, including, among other things, for certain youth and nonminor dependents, verification that the youth or nonminor dependent has received comprehensive sexual health education, as specified, and an indication that the youth or nonminor dependent has been informed about various topics relating to reproductive and sexual health care. This bill would require a county social worker to include in certain reports to the juvenile court a factual discussion of whether the youth or nonminor dependent has received comprehensive sexual health education and whether the youth or nonminor dependent has been informed of the topics described above.

[SB 29](#)

[Durazo D \( Dist. 24\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

**Medi-Cal: eligibility.** Would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, and effective July 1, 2020, extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals who are 65 years of age or older, and who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status.

[SB 33](#)

[Skinner D \( Dist. 9\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Electronic benefits transfer system.** Would require the State Department of Social Services to convene a workgroup of interested stakeholders no later than February 1, 2021, to make recommendations to the department on how to prepare the EBT system to accommodate online purchases and to provide the workgroup technical assistance and assign staff to assist the workgroup in carrying out its responsibilities. The bill would authorize individual members of the workgroup, and any other stakeholder, to make additional recommendations on any item considered by the workgroup. The bill would require the department to review and analyze all recommendations and, by December 1, 2021, report to the Legislature regarding the recommendations. The bill would authorize the workgroup to continue meeting from January 1, 2022, to January 1, 2023, to develop recommendations on additional topics and assist the department, the Legislature, or both, on any topic relating to the EBT system.

[SB 121](#)

[Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY BUDGET

**Social services.** Current law requires a county, beginning when the Statewide Automated Welfare System (SAWS) has the capability to produce a specified report identifying overpayments, to deem an overpayment uncollectible and expunge that overpayment if the individual responsible for the overpayment has not received aid under CalWORKs for 36 consecutive months or longer, except as specified. This bill would instead impose that requirement relating to overpayments beginning when SAWS can automate those provisions.

[SB 214](#)

[Dodd D \( Dist. 3\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Medi-Cal: California Community Transitions program.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to implement and administer the California Community Transitions (CCT) program, as authorized under federal law and pursuant to the terms of the Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration, to help an eligible Medi-Cal beneficiary move to a qualified residence, as defined, after residing in an institutional health facility for a period of 90 days or longer. The bill would require CCT program services to be provided by a lead organization, as defined, which would coordinate and ensure the delivery of all services necessary to implement the program.

[SB 219](#)

[Wilk R \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Foster youth: enrichment activities.** Would require the State Department of Social Services, to establish, on or before January 1, 2020, the California Foster Youth Enrichment Grant Pilot Program, upon appropriation by the

Legislature of funds for that purpose, to provide grants of \$500 or less to qualified foster youth to enable them to participate in activities designed to enhance the foster youth's skills, abilities, self-esteem, or overall well-being. The bill would require the department, on or before July 1, 2020, to allocate funds appropriated for these purposes, up to a total of \$12,500,000, to 4 county child welfare agencies that submit a 2-year plan by a request for proposal developed by the department.

[SB 285](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Public social services.** Current law declares the intent of the Legislature that representatives from the State Department of Social Services, the State Department of Health Care Services, the Office of Systems Integration, the Interim Statewide Automated Welfare System (SAWS) consortia, and counties meet with advocates, clients, and other stakeholders at least quarterly to review the development status of the California Statewide Automated Welfare System (CalSAWS) project and to engage with stakeholders to discuss current and planned functionality changes, among other topics. This bill would require those entities to discuss and recommend how the public-facing elements of CalSAWS may allow users to initiate applications for other health and human services benefits serving low-income Californians, including, but not limited to, the California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), and other programs that are in substantial use, as specified, in order to minimize the burdens of the overall enrollment processes for eligible individuals and households to receive health and human services benefits.

[SB 298](#)

[Caballero D \( Dist. 12\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Poverty reduction.** Would require the State Department of Social Services, commencing in 2020 and every 5 years thereafter, until January 1, 2039, to conduct an analysis and submit a report to the Legislature with specified information, including, among other things, the current California child poverty rate and an estimate of the progress that California is making toward ending deep child poverty by 2024 and reducing overall child poverty by 50% by 2039.

[SB 321](#)

[Mitchell D \( Dist. 30\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**CalWORKs: supportive services: childcare.** Would require that specified information necessary to enroll or transfer a family into childcare services be made available by a county welfare department to a contractor that provides childcare services. The bill would require, beginning no later than November 1, 2020, a county welfare department to provide a monthly report to stage-2 contractors containing specified information. The bill would authorize a county welfare department to provide training on security protocols and confidentiality of individual family data to a contractor who is given access to data pursuant to those provisions.

[SB 470](#)

[Skinner D \( Dist. 9\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Electronic benefits transfer system.** Current law provides for the establishment of a statewide electronic benefits transfer (EBT) system, administered by the State Department of Social Services, for the purpose of providing financial and food assistance benefits. Current law authorizes a county to deliver CalFresh benefits through the use of the EBT system. This bill would require the EBT system to limit the purchase of food through an online transaction only to retailers that are authorized to accept CalFresh benefits by the United States Department of Agriculture and that comply with various requirements, including, providing reasonable access to exchange food within 4 hours of receipt of the food.

[SB 489](#)

[Hurtado D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**CalWORKs: multidisciplinary services teams.** Existing law requires the State Department of Social Services to develop 3-year pilot projects in Counties of Alameda, San Bernardino, and Ventura, at the option of each county, to create an integrated and coordinated case management system for the delivery of services to families receiving CalWORKs benefits through the use of multidisciplinary service teams, as defined. Existing law required the department to submit a report to the Legislature by April 1, 2002, on the outcomes of these pilot programs and other specified factors. This bill would require the State Department of Social Services to submit a new report to the Legislature by April 1, 2020, that considers all relevant pilot program data from 2002 to 2019, inclusive. The bill would repeal these provisions on April 1, 2024.

[SB 596](#)

[Stern D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**In-home supportive services: additional higher energy allowance.** Would require a county human services agency to, using existing materials, inform each applicant for benefits under the IHSS program that the applicant may be eligible to receive that higher energy allowance and any advanced notifications that may be provided by a public utility when the public utility plans to deenergize portions of the electrical distribution system or in an emergency. By creating additional duties for counties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SB 640](#)

[Moorlach R \( Dist. 37\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Mental health services: gravely disabled persons.** The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Existing law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person’s basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would authorize a county to instead use a definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes that would read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of the person’s essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[SB 642](#)

[Stone R \( Dist. 28\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Pharmacy benefit management: Prescription Acquisition and Adjudication Agency.** Would, on and after July 1, 2021, prohibit a health care service plan or a health insurer from entering into, renewing, or extending a contract for pharmacy benefit manager services, as specified.

[SB 661](#)

[Hurtado D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Long-term care.** Current law provides various regulatory structures under which long-term care may be provided to older individuals and individuals with disabilities, including within licensed nursing facilities, residential care facilities for the elderly, and home- and community-based services. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to address the growing need for long-term care for seniors and individuals with disabilities in California, and would make related findings and declarations.

[SB 753](#)

[Stern D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Public social services: emergency notification.** Current law permits an authorized employee of a county social services department to disclose the name and residential address of elderly or disabled clients to police, fire, or paramedical personnel, or other designated emergency services personnel, in the event of a public safety emergency that necessitates the possible evacuation of the area in which those elderly or disabled clients reside. Current law specifies that public safety emergencies include, but are not limited to, events that jeopardize the immediate physical safety of county residents. This bill would additionally permit those individuals' telephone numbers and e-mail addresses to be disclosed and would specifically identify a public safety power shut-off as a public safety emergency.

[SB 882](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**CalFresh.** Would require the State Department of Social Services, in order to increase client access and retention within CalFresh, to participate in the Elderly Simplified Application Project, a demonstration project operated by the United States Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service. As part of this participation, the bill would require the department to develop a CalFresh user-centered application for seniors that minimizes the burdens of the overall enrollment process and to waive the semiannual reporting requirements under CalFresh for households enrolled under the Elderly Simplified Application Project.

**Health Care**

[AB 515](#)

[Mathis R \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: unrecovered payments: interest rate.** Current law requires the Director of Health Care Services to establish administrative appeal processes to review grievances or complaints arising from the findings of an audit or examination. Under current law, if recovery of a disallowed payment has been made by the department, a provider who prevails in an appeal of that payment is entitled to interest at the rate equal to the monthly average received on investments in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, or simple interest at the rate of 7% per annum, whichever is higher. Under current law, with exceptions, interest at that same rate is assessed against any unrecovered overpayment due to the department. In the case of an assessment against any unrecovered overpayment due to the department, this bill would authorize the department to reduce the interest rate as part of a repayment agreement entered into with the provider, after taking into account specified factors, including the importance of the provider to the health care safety net in the community and the impact of the repayment amounts on the fiscal solvency of the provider.

[AB 648](#)

[Nazarian D \( Dist. 46\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Wellness programs.** Would prohibit health care service plans and insurers from sharing any personal information or data collected through a wellness program, except as specified, and would prohibit health care service plans or insurers from taking any adverse action, as defined, against an enrollee or member, or insured (individual), if the action of the health care service plans or insurers is in response to an individual's election to not participate in a wellness program.

[AB 769](#)

[Smith D \( Dist. 38\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Federally qualified health centers and rural health clinics: licensed professional clinical counselor.** Would require an FQHC or RHC that currently includes the cost of the services of a licensed professional clinical counselor for the purposes of establishing its FQHC or RHC rate to apply to the State Department of Health Care Services for an adjustment to its per-visit rate, and, after the rate adjustment has been approved by the department, would

require the FQHC or RHC to bill for these services as a separate visit, as specified. The bill would require an FQHC or RHC that does not provide the services of a licensed professional clinical counselor, and later elects to add this service and bill these services as a separate visit, to process the addition of these services as a change in scope of service.

[AB 770](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \( Dist. 56\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: federally qualified health clinics: rural health clinics.** Current law provides that federally qualified health center (FQHC) services and rural health clinic (RHC) services, as defined, are covered benefits under the Medi-Cal program, to be reimbursed, in accordance with Medicare reasonable cost principles, and to the extent that federal financial participation is obtained, to providers on a per-visit basis that is unique to each facility. Current law prescribes the reimbursement rate methodology for establishing and adjusting the per-visit rate. This bill would require the methodology of the adjusted per-visit rate to exclude, among other things, a provider productivity standard. The bill would authorize an FQHC or RHC to apply for a rate adjustment for the adoption, implementation, or upgrade of a certified electronic health record system as a change in the scope of service.

[AB 1246](#)

[Limón D \( Dist. 37\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Health care coverage: basic health care services.** Would require large group health insurance policies, except certain specialized health insurance policies, issued, amended, or renewed on or after July 1, 2020, to include coverage for medically necessary basic health care services, as defined, and would prohibit those large group health insurance policies from imposing annual or lifetime dollar limits on basic health care services or medically necessary prescription drugs.

[AB 1611](#)

[Chiu D \( Dist. 17\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Emergency hospital services: costs.** Would require a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020, to provide that if an enrollee or insured receives covered services from a noncontracting hospital, the enrollee or insured is prohibited from paying more than the same cost sharing that the enrollee or insured would pay for the same covered services received from a contracting hospital. The bill would require a health care service plan or insurer to pay a noncontracting hospital for emergency services rendered to an enrollee or insured pursuant to a specified formula, would require a noncontracting hospital to bill, collect, and make refunds in a specified manner, and would provide a dispute resolution procedure if any party is dissatisfied with payment.

[AB 2007](#)

[Salas D \( Dist. 32\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Medi-Cal: federally qualified health center: rural health clinic: telehealth.** Current law prohibits a requirement of in-person contact between a health care provider and a Medi-Cal patient when the service may be provided by telehealth, and, for purposes of telehealth, prohibits the department from limiting the type of setting where Medi-Cal services are provided. Current law authorizes, to the extent that federal financial participation is available, the use of health care services by store and forward under the Medi-Cal program, subject to billing and reimbursement policies developed by the department, and prohibits a requirement of in-person contact between a health care provider and a Medi-Cal patient when these services are provided by store and forward. This bill would provide that an FQHC or RHC “visit” includes an encounter between an FQHC or RHC patient and a health care provider using telehealth by synchronous real time or asynchronous store and forward.

[SB 65](#)

[Pan D \( Dist. 6\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR.

**Health care coverage: financial assistance.** Current law creates the California Health Benefit Exchange (the Exchange), also known as Covered California, for the purpose of facilitating the enrollment of qualified individuals and qualified small employers in qualified health plans as required under the PPACA. Until January 1, 2023, current law requires the Exchange, among other duties, to administer an individual market assistance program to provide assistance, including premium assistance subsidies, to program participants with household incomes at or below 600% of the federal poverty level. This bill would reduce premiums to zero for program participants with household incomes at or below 138% of the federal poverty level, and would specify the premium assistance subsidy amount for program participants with household incomes of 139% to 600%, inclusive, of the federal poverty level.

[SB 66](#)

[Atkins D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: federally qualified health center and rural health clinic services.** Current law provides that federally qualified health center (FQHC) services and rural health clinic (RHC) services, as defined, are covered benefits under the Medi-Cal program, to be reimbursed, to the extent that federal financial participation is obtained, to providers on a per-visit basis. "Visit" is defined as a face-to-face encounter between a patient of an FQHC or RHC and specified health care professionals, including a physician and marriage and family therapist. Under existing law, "physician," for these purposes, includes, but is not limited to, a physician and surgeon, an osteopath, and a podiatrist. This bill would authorize reimbursement for a maximum of 2 visits taking place on the same day at a single location if after the first visit the patient suffers illness or injury requiring additional diagnosis or treatment, or if the patient has a medical visit and a mental health visit or a dental visit, as defined.

[SB 115](#)

**Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review**

**Location:** ASSEMBLY BUDGET

**Medi-Cal: managed care organization provider tax.** Current law declares the intent of the Legislature to enact a managed care organization provider tax in California, and requires the collection of the tax and the associated revenue contingent upon receipt of approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. This bill would establish a managed care organization provider tax, with substantially similar provisions, that would become effective and operative on the effective date of the federal approval necessary for receipt of federal financial participation, as specified. The bill would specify the applicable tax amounts for each taxing tier for the 2019–20, 2020–21, and 2021–22, fiscal years, and the first 6 months of the 2022–23 fiscal year. The bill would establish the Health Care Services Special Fund. All revenues, less refunds, derived from the taxes provided for in the bill would be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the fund and continuously appropriated, without regard to fiscal year, to the department for purposes of funding the nonfederal share of Medi-Cal managed care rates for health care services furnished to children, adults, seniors and persons with disabilities, and persons dually eligible for Medi-Cal and Medicare.

[SB 175](#)

[Pan D \( Dist. 6\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Health care coverage.** Current law requires a health care service plan that issues, sells, renews, or offers plan contracts for health care coverage in the state to comply with the requirements of the PPACA, and any rules or regulations issued under the PPACA, that generally prohibit a health plan offering group or individual coverage from imposing lifetime or annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for a participant or beneficiary. Current law requires a plan to comply with those provisions to the extent required by federal law. This bill would delete the requirement that a plan comply with the prohibition on lifetime or annual limits to the extent required by federal law, and would instead prohibit an individual or group health care service plan contract from establishing lifetime or annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for an enrollee, thereby indefinitely extending the prohibitions on lifetime or annual limits, except as specified.

[SB 406](#)

[Pan D \( Dist. 6\)](#)  
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**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Health care coverage.** Current law requires a group or individual health care service plan contract issued, amended, renewed, or delivered on or after September 23, 2010, to comply with the requirements of the PPACA, and any rules or regulations issued under the PPACA, that require a group health plan and health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage to, at a minimum, provide coverage for specified preventive services, and prohibits the plan or health insurance issuer from imposing any cost-sharing requirements for those preventive services. Current law requires a plan to comply with those provisions to the extent required by federal law. This bill would delete the requirement that a plan comply with the requirement to cover preventive health services without cost sharing to the extent required by federal law, and would instead require a group or individual health care service plan contract to, at a minimum, provide coverage for specified preventive services without any cost-sharing requirements for those preventive services, thereby indefinitely extending those requirements.

**Homelessness**

[AB 14](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Multifamily Housing Program: homeless youths: homeless families.** Would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund into the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund to be expended under the Multifamily Housing Program to fund housing for homeless youths and homeless families in accordance with certain requirements, including that the department prioritize loans to housing projects in disadvantaged communities, as defined, and that unspecified amounts be set aside for both certain homeless youths and certain homeless families.

[AB 67](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Homeless integrated data warehouse.** Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a state homeless integrated data warehouse, in coordination with state and local partners, including the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to develop a composite portrayal of the homeless population in the state and the services provided to this population or to those at risk of becoming homeless. The bill would require that the information compiled for the database include the data necessary, if available, to make certain findings, including, among other things, the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, their access to benefits, and the stated reasons for their homelessness. The bill would require the department to coordinate with other state agencies to draft and carry out a strategy to integrate information to provide longitudinal, cost-based studies with relevant data, as specified.

**Position:** San Bernardino County Support

[AB 302](#)

[Berman D \( Dist. 24\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Parking: homeless students.** Would, until December 31, 2023, require a community college campus that has parking facilities on campus to grant overnight access to those facilities, commencing on or before July 1, 2021, to any homeless student who is enrolled in coursework, has paid any enrollment fees that have not been waived, and is in good standing with the community college, for the purpose of sleeping in the student's vehicle overnight. The bill would require the governing board of the community college district, commencing on or before July 1, 2021, and with the participation of student representatives, to determine a plan of action to implement this requirement, as specified.

[AB 307](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Homeless youth: grant program.** Would require the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council to develop

and administer a grant program to support young people experiencing homelessness and prevent and end homelessness. The program would be funded by a combination of funds provided to the council by the State Department of Health Care Services from the Youth Education, Prevention, Early Intervention and Treatment Account, funds appropriated by the Legislature, and gifts and donations made to the council for that purpose. This bill contains other related provisions.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

[AB 1226](#)

[Holden D \( Dist. 41\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**State highways: property leases: assessment.** Current law authorizes the Department of Transportation to lease to public or private entities areas above or below state highways. Current law authorizes the department, in certain cases, to make the land or airspace within the right-of-way of a highway available to a public entity for specified transit-related purposes. This bill would provide examples of “airspace” and “areas above or below state highways” for purposes of those provisions.

[AB 1275](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Mental health services: county pilot program.** Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a 3-year pilot project to include the County of Los Angeles and up to 9 additional counties in which each participating county would be required to establish an outreach team, comprised of county employees, to provide outreach services to individuals with a history of mental illness or substance use disorders who are unable to provide for urgently needed medical care and who are homeless or at risk of experiencing homelessness.

[AB 1572](#)

[Chen R \( Dist. 55\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental health services: gravely disabled.** Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled.” This bill would change the definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[AB 1845](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Homelessness: Office to End Homelessness.** Would create, within the Governor’s office, the Governor’s Office to End Homelessness, which would be administered by the Secretary on Housing Insecurity and Homelessness appointed by the Governor. The bill would require that the office serve the Governor as the lead entity for ending homelessness in California and would task the office with coordinating the various federal, state, and local departments and agencies that provide housing and services to individuals experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness.

[AB 1861](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental health: involuntary commitment.** Under current law, if a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care

Services as a facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. Current law prohibits specified mental health personnel from taking certain actions that interfere with a peace officer seeking to transport, or having transported, a person detained for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1905](#)

[Chiu D \( Dist. 17\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Housing and Homeless Response Fund: personal income taxation: mortgage interest deduction.** The Personal Income Tax Law allows various deductions in computing the income that is subject to the taxes imposed by that law, including, in modified conformity with federal income tax laws, a deduction for a limited amount of interest paid on acquisition indebtedness, as defined, with respect to a qualified residence of the taxpayer. Current law limits the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness for these purposes to \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return. Existing law specifies for these purposes that a qualified residence includes the taxpayer's principal residence and one other residence selected by the taxpayer, as provided. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and with respect to acquisition indebtedness initially incurred by a taxpayer on or after January 1, 2018, would reduce the above-described limit on the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness from \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return, to \$750,000 and \$375,000, respectively.

[AB 1908](#)

[Chen R \( Dist. 55\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Department of Transportation: Homeless Encampment and Litter Program.** Would require the Department of Transportation, within its maintenance program, to establish a Homeless Encampment and Litter Program to provide timely abatement and cleanup of homeless encampments on department property and expedited and coordinated access to housing and supportive services. The bill would require the department to coordinate with homeless service provider agencies and to establish homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel teams. The bill would require the department, upon receiving a report of a homeless encampment, to deploy a multidisciplinary personnel team to expedite and coordinate access to housing and supportive services for occupants of the encampment.

[AB 1937](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \( Dist. 39\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY ED.

**Homeless children and youths: reporting.** Would require a local educational agency to ensure that each school within the local educational agency identifies all homeless children and youths enrolled at the school, create a housing questionnaire, as specified, for purposes of identifying homeless children and youths, and annually provide the housing questionnaire to all parents or guardians of pupils of the local educational agency. The bill would also require the local educational agency to annually report to the department the number of homeless children and youths enrolled.

[AB 1938](#)

[Eggman D \( Dist. 13\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY HEALTH

**Mental Health Services Act: inpatient treatment funding.** Would specify, to the extent MHSA funds are otherwise available for use pursuant to the Mental Health Services Act, those funds may be used to provide inpatient treatment, including involuntary treatment of a patient who is a danger to self or others or gravely disabled, in specified settings, including an acute psychiatric hospital, an institution for mental disease, and a mental health rehabilitation center, as defined. The bill would state that this change is declaratory of existing law.

[AB 1946](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental health services: involuntary detention.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reform the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, including expanding the definition of “gravely disabled” to add a condition in which a person is unable to provide for their own medical treatment as a result of a mental health disorder, and emphasizing the necessity to create policies that prioritize living safely in communities.

[SB 258](#)

[Hertzberg D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program: grants: homeless shelters: pets and veterinary services.** Current law establishes the California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program, under the administration of the Department of Housing and Community Development and requires the department to, among other things, provide rental assistance and housing relocation and stabilization services to ensure housing affordability to people who are experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of homelessness. This bill would require the department to develop and administer a program to award grants to qualified homeless shelters, as described, for the provision of shelter, food, and basic veterinary services for pets owned by people experiencing homelessness.

[SB 333](#)

[Wilk R \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council.** Would require the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, by July 1, 2021, to develop and implement a statewide strategic plan for addressing homelessness in the state, as specified. The bill would require the council, by January 1, 2021, to implement strategic plans to assist federal Housing and Urban Development Continuum of Care lead agencies in better implementing Housing and Urban Development recommended activities and meeting Housing and Urban Development requirements.

[SB 573](#)

[Chang R \( Dist. 29\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Homeless Emergency Aid program: funding.** Current law establishes the Homeless Emergency Aid program, administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, for the purpose of providing localities with one-time flexible block grant funds to address their immediate homelessness challenges. This bill would, upon appropriation, make funding available to the agency to be used to provide an allocation of funds to administrative entities under the program.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

[SB 640](#)

[Moorlach R \( Dist. 37\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Mental health services: gravely disabled persons.** The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Existing law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person’s basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would authorize a county to instead use a definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes that would read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of the person’s essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Hospitals: assaults and batteries.** Would make an assault committed on the property of a public or private hospital punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding \$2,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1404](#)[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Nonprofit sponsors: reporting obligations.** The Nonprofit Corporation Law regulates the organization and operation of nonprofit public benefit corporations, nonprofit mutual benefit corporations, and nonprofit religious corporations, including, but not limited to, health care service plans. That law requires a nonprofit public benefit corporation to furnish annually to its members a report that includes the assets and liabilities of the corporation, revenue or receipts of the corporation, and the expenses or disbursements of the corporation. This bill would require a nonprofit sponsor to make specified annual disclosures publicly available by posting those disclosures on the nonprofit sponsor's public internet website in the same location where it posts copies of its annual report.

[AB 1544](#)[Gipson D \( Dist. 64\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.** Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

[AB 1611](#)[Chiu D \( Dist. 17\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Emergency hospital services: costs.** Would require a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020, to provide that if an enrollee or insured receives covered services from a noncontracting hospital, the enrollee or insured is prohibited from paying more than the same cost sharing that the enrollee or insured would pay for the same covered services received from a contracting hospital. The bill would require a health care service plan or insurer to pay a noncontracting hospital for emergency services rendered to an enrollee or insured pursuant to a specified formula, would require a noncontracting hospital to bill, collect, and make refunds in a specified manner, and would provide a dispute resolution procedure if any party is dissatisfied with payment.

[SB 758](#)[Portantino D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Hospitals: seismic safety.** The Alfred E. Alquist Hospital Facilities Seismic Safety Act of 1983 requires, before January 1, 2020, the owner of an acute care inpatient hospital whose building does not substantially comply with described seismic safety regulations or standards to submit to the office an attestation that the board of directors of that hospital is aware that the hospital building is required to meet a specified deadline for substantial compliance with those regulations and standards. This bill would require, on or before January 1, 2021, the owner of an acute care inpatient hospital to update the above-described submission by reporting the services provided in each building of the acute care inpatient hospital.

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Hospitals: seismic safety.** The Alfred E. Alquist Hospital Facilities Seismic Safety Act of 1983 establishes a program of seismic safety building standards for certain hospitals. Current law requires hospitals with buildings subject to a seismic compliance deadline of January 1, 2020, and that are seeking an extension for their buildings to submit an application to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development by April 1, 2019, subject to certain exceptions. Current law requires final seismic compliance be achieved by July 1, 2022, if the compliance is based on a replacement or retrofit plan, or by January 1, 2025, if the compliance is based on a rebuild plan. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

#### Housing

AB 10

Chiu D ( Dist. 17)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Income taxes: credits low-income housing: farmworker housing.** Current law limits the total annual amount of the state low-income housing credit for which a federal low-income housing credit is required to the sum of \$70,000,000, as increased by any percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year, any unused credit for the preceding calendar years, and the amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year, and authorizes CTCAC, for calendar years beginning in 2020, to allocate an additional \$500,000,000 to specified low-income housing projects and, for calendar years beginning in 2021, requires this additional amount only to be available for allocation pursuant to an authorization in the annual Budget Act or related legislation, and specified regulatory action by CTCAC. This bill would remove the requirement that, beginning in the 2021 calendar year, the above-described additional \$500,000,000 allocation only be available pursuant to an authorization in the annual Budget Act or related legislation, and specified regulatory action by CTCAC.

AB 14

Rivas, Luz D ( Dist. 39)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Multifamily Housing Program: homeless youths: homeless families.** Would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund into the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund to be expended under the Multifamily Housing Program to fund housing for homeless youths and homeless families in accordance with certain requirements, including that the department prioritize loans to housing projects in disadvantaged communities, as defined, and that unspecified amounts be set aside for both certain homeless youths and certain homeless families.

AB 36

Bloom D ( Dist. 50)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Residential tenancies: rent control.** The Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act prescribes statewide limits on the application of local rent control with regard to certain properties. This bill would modify those provisions to authorize an owner of residential real property to establish the initial and all subsequent rental rates for a dwelling or unit that has been issued its first certificate of occupancy within 20 years of the date upon which the owner seeks to establish the initial or subsequent rental rate, or for a dwelling or unit that is alienable separate from the title to any other dwelling unit or is a subdivided interest in a subdivision and the owner is a natural person who owns 10 or fewer residential units within the same jurisdiction as the dwelling or unit for which the owner seeks to establish the initial or subsequent rental rate, subject to certain exceptions.

AB 113

Committee on Budget

**Location:** SENATE BUDGET & F.R.

**Housing.** Current law creates the National Mortgage Special Deposit Fund in the State Treasury, which is continuously appropriated and subject to allocation by the Department of Finance, for the receipt of moneys from

the National Mortgage Settlement. This bill, in accordance with a specified California appellate court decision, would provide for \$331,044,084 to be transferred from the General Fund to the National Mortgage Special Deposit Fund. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to create a trust to manage these funds, as specified. The bill would specify purposes to which these funds will be applied. The bill would appropriate \$100,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Finance to study the most effective way to establish and manage a trust for those purposes.

[AB 168](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Housing: streamlined approvals.** The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. Prior to the release of a negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration, or an EIR for a project, CEQA requires the lead agency to begin consultation with a California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed project, as provided. Current law provides that a development subject to the streamlined ministerial approval process described above is not subject to CEQA. This bill would require a development proponent, before submitting an application for streamlined approval described above, to submit notice of its intent to submit an application under these provisions, which must provide a description and the location of the proposed development. The bill would require, after that notice is received by the local government, a local government and California Native American tribe to engage in a scoping consultation, as defined, regarding the potential effects the proposed development could have on a potential tribal cultural resource.

[AB 192](#)

[Mathis R \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**California Integrated Community Living Program.** Would establish the California Integrated Community Living Program in the State Department of Developmental Services. The program would provide deferred payment loans to finance capital and other specified costs for permanent supportive housing for individuals who are regional center clients in order to maximize affordable integrated community living opportunities within communities for people with intellectual and developmental disabilities.

[AB 195](#)

[Patterson R \( Dist. 23\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Department of Housing and Community Development: housing bond programs.** Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development, on or before December 31 of each year, to submit an annual report containing specified information to the Governor and both houses of the Legislature on the operations and accomplishments during the previous fiscal year of the housing programs administered by the department. This bill would require the department to include in those annual reports specified information relating to grant-based programs administered by the department, including the amount of the original awards to recipients, the portions not yet disbursed to recipients, and an estimate of how many individuals could benefit from the remaining balance.

[AB 264](#)

[Melendez R \( Dist. 67\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**Income taxes: credits: development impact fees.** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would establish credits against the taxes imposed by those laws for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, in an amount equal to the total amount paid or incurred during the taxable year by a qualified taxpayer, as defined, for the payment of development impact fees and connection fees applied to newly constructed single-family and multifamily homes.

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Housing financing programs: universal application.** Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer the Infill Incentive Grant Program of 2007, also known as the Infill Infrastructure Grant Program, and award competitive grants under that program to selected capital improvement projects that are an integral part of, or necessary to facilitate the development of, a qualifying infill project or a qualifying infill area. Current law establishes the Transit-Oriented Development Implementation Program, to be administered by the department, to provide local assistance to specified local agencies and developers for the purpose of developing or facilitating the development of higher density uses within close proximity to transit stations. This bill, on or before December 31, 2020, would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to develop a single, universal application form that may be used by applicants for funds under the above-described programs.

[AB 437](#)[Wood D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Move-In Loan Program.** Would establish the Move-In Loan Program for the purpose of providing grants to eligible nonprofit organizations to be used to provide no-interest loans to eligible applicants to afford the security deposit and first month's rent for a rental dwelling. The bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer the program and to determine the standards for the program, as specified, and would require the department to control selection of, eligible nonprofit organization applicants to receive a grant to administer a loan program, as specified.

[AB 531](#)[Friedman D \( Dist. 43\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Foster youth: housing.** The California Community Care Facilities Act requires the State Department of Social Services to license and regulate transitional housing placement providers as a community care facility. A "transitional housing placement provider" is an organization licensed by the department to provide transitional housing to foster children at least 16 years of age and not more than 18 years of age, and nonminor dependents to promote their transition to adulthood. Current law requires transitional housing units to include, among others, a host family certified by a transitional housing placement provider. This bill would authorize a host family to be certified by the transitional housing placement provider, or to be an approved resource family, a licensed foster family home or certified foster home, an approved relative caregiver, or a nonrelative extended family member of a participant, without requiring additional certification by the transitional housing placement provider. The bill would require, if a nonminor dependent receiving transitional housing services lives with a host family, payment for those services to be split equally between the transitional housing placement provider, the host family, and the nonminor dependent, unless a different apportionment is agreed to by all parties.

[AB 553](#)[Melendez R \( Dist. 67\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**High-speed rail bonds: housing.** Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase I blended system.

[AB 694](#)[Irwin D \( Dist. 44\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020.** Would enact the Veterans Housing and

Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020 to authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$600,000,000 to provide additional funding for the VHHPA. The bill would provide for the handling and disposition of the funds in the same manner as the 2014 bond act.

[AB 725](#)

[Wicks D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**General plans: housing element: moderate-income and above moderate-income housing: suburban and metropolitan jurisdictions.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable for residential development, to be used to identify sites that can be developed for housing within the planning period and that are sufficient to provide for the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need determined pursuant to specified law. This bill would require that at least 25% of a metropolitan jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need for moderate-income housing be allocated to sites with zoning that allows at least 2 units of housing, but no more than 35 units per acre of housing. The bill would require that at least 25% of a metropolitan jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need for above moderate-income housing be allocated to sites with zoning that allows at least 2 units of housing, but no more than 35 units per acre of housing.

[AB 816](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \( Dist. 65\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**California Flexible Housing Subsidy Pool Program.** Would establish the California Flexible Housing Subsidy Pool Program within the Department of Housing and Community Development for the purpose of making grants available to applicants, defined to include a city, county, city and county, or continuum of care, for eligible activities including, among other things, rental assistance, operating subsidies in new and existing affordable or supportive housing units, and specified outreach services. The bill would continuously appropriate \$450,000,000 from the General Fund every fiscal year to the department for purposes of the program, and set forth how these funds must be allocated.

[AB 831](#)

[Grayson D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Department of Housing and Community Development: study: local fees: new developments.** Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to post the study on its internet website on or before March 1, 2020. The bill would also require the department, by January 1, 2024, to issue a report to the Legislature on the progress of cities and counties in adopting the recommendations made in the study.

[AB 1074](#)

[Diep R \( Dist. 72\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020.** Would enact the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020 (bond act), which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Program, established as part of the bond act. The bill would authorize the Department of Housing and Community Development to enter into a contract under that program with a homeowner to provide financing to pay for the eligible costs incurred by the homeowner in constructing an accessory dwelling unit on the homeowner's property, subject to specified terms and conditions.

[AB 1206](#)

[Choi R \( Dist. 68\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**Income tax credits: leased or rented property: persons receiving housing services or assistance.** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and before January 1,

2024, would allow a credit against those taxes to a taxpayer that owns qualified property, as defined, in an amount equal to \$500 for each qualified property owned by the taxpayer, not to exceed \$5,000 per taxable year.

[AB 1226](#)

[Holden D \( Dist. 41\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**State highways: property leases: assessment.** Current law authorizes the Department of Transportation to lease to public or private entities areas above or below state highways. Current law authorizes the department, in certain cases, to make the land or airspace within the right-of-way of a highway available to a public entity for specified transit-related purposes. This bill would provide examples of “airspace” and “areas above or below state highways” for purposes of those provisions.

[AB 1251](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Planning and zoning: housing development.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable and available for residential development, as provided. If the inventory of sites does not identify adequate sites to accommodate the need for groups of all household income levels, as specified, current law requires the local government to rezone those sites within specified time periods. Current law requires this rezoning to accommodate 100% of the need for housing for very low and low-income households, allocated as provided, for which site capacity has not been identified in the inventory of sites on sites zoned to permit specified residential developments as a use by right, as that term is defined. This bill would additionally require that, if a local government fails to complete the above-described rezoning within one year of the specified deadline, a housing development in which at least 40% of the units have an affordable housing cost or affordable rent for lower income households be a use by right in all zones where multifamily, commercial, and mixed uses are permitted.

[AB 1279](#)

[Bloom D \( Dist. 50\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Planning and zoning: housing development: high-resource areas.** Would require the department to designate areas in this state as high-resource areas, as provided, by January 1, 2021, and every 5 years thereafter. The bill would authorize a city or county to appeal the designation of an area within its jurisdiction as a high-resource area during that 5-year period. In any area designated as a high-resource area, the bill would require that a housing development project be a use by right, upon the request of a developer, in any high-resource area designated pursuant be a use by right in certain parts of the high-resource area if those projects meet specified requirements, including specified affordability requirements. For certain development projects where the initial sales price or initial rent exceeds the affordable housing cost or affordable rent to households with incomes equal to or less than 100% of the area median income, the bill would require the applicant agree to pay a fee equal to 10% of the difference between the actual initial sales price or initial rent and the sales price or rent that would be affordable, as provided. The bill would require the city or county to deposit the fee into a separate fund reserved for the construction or preservation of housing with an affordable housing cost or affordable rent to households with a household income less than 50% of the area median income. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1326](#)

[Gloria D \( Dist. 78\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**Property taxation: welfare exemption: low income housing.** Current law, through the 2027–28 fiscal year, treats a unit of property owned by an owner who is eligible for the federal low-income housing tax credit as occupied by a lower income household if the occupants were lower income households on the lien date in the fiscal year in which occupancy of the unit commenced and the unit continues to be rent restricted, notwithstanding an increase in the income of the occupants of the unit to 140% of area median income, but that the unit would cease to

be treated as a lower income unit if the income of the occupants of the unit increases above 140% of area median income. Current law, through the 2027–28 fiscal year, requires a claim for the welfare exemption on qualified property to be accompanied by an affidavit containing specified information regarding the units occupied by lower income households for which the exemption is claimed and provides that affidavit is not subject to public disclosure. This bill would extend indefinitely the treatment of a unit of property whose owner is eligible for specified federal low-income housing tax credits as occupied by a lower income household, as provided.

[AB 1481](#)

[Grayson D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Tenancy termination: just cause.** Would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a lessor of residential property from terminating the lease without just cause, as defined, stated in the written notice to terminate.

[AB 1484](#)

[Grayson D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Mitigation Fee Act: housing developments.** The Mitigation Fee Act requires a local agency that establishes, increases, or imposes a fee as a condition of approval of a development project to, among other things, determine a reasonable relationship between the fee's use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed. This bill would prohibit a local agency from imposing a housing impact requirement adopted by the local agency on a housing development project, as defined, unless specified requirements are satisfied by the local agency, including that the housing impact requirement be roughly proportional in both nature and extent to the impact created by the housing development project.

[AB 1697](#)

[Grayson D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Housing: tenancy termination: just cause.** Would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a lessor of residential property, for a term not specified by the parties, in which the tenant has occupied the property for 10 months or more, from terminating the lease without just cause, stated in the written notice to terminate.

[AB 1731](#)

[Boerner Horvath D \( Dist. 76\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Short-term rentals: coastal zone: County of San Diego.** Current law requires a hosting platform, as defined, to provide a specific notice to an occupant listing a residence for short-term rental on a hosting platform that states, among other things, that, if the occupant is a tenant, listing the room, home, condominium, or apartment may violate the lease or contract and could result in legal action by the landlord, including possible eviction. This bill would authorize a hosting platform to book a transaction for a unit within an eligible area as a short-term rental 365 days per year if the primary resident lives onsite of the residential property full time. The bill would define "full time" for these purposes as 270 days per year.

[AB 1851](#)

[Wicks D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

**Faith-based organization affiliated housing development projects: parking requirements.** Would upon the request of a developer of a housing development project, require a local agency to ministerially approve a request to that local agency to reduce or eliminate any parking requirements that would otherwise be imposed by that local agency on the development if the housing development project qualifies as a faith-based organization affiliated housing development project, as defined. This bill would prohibit a local agency from requiring the replacement of religious-use parking spaces proposed to be eliminated by a faith-based organization affiliated housing development project pursuant to a request made and ministerially approved pursuant to the bill, or from requiring the curing of any preexisting deficit of religious-use parking as a condition of approval of a faith-based organization affiliated

housing development project.

[AB 1905](#)

[Chiu D \( Dist. 17\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Housing and Homeless Response Fund: personal income taxation: mortgage interest deduction.** The Personal Income Tax Law allows various deductions in computing the income that is subject to the taxes imposed by that law, including, in modified conformity with federal income tax laws, a deduction for a limited amount of interest paid on acquisition indebtedness, as defined, with respect to a qualified residence of the taxpayer. Current law limits the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness for these purposes to \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return. Existing law specifies for these purposes that a qualified residence includes the taxpayer's principal residence and one other residence selected by the taxpayer, as provided. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and with respect to acquisition indebtedness initially incurred by a taxpayer on or after January 1, 2018, would reduce the above-described limit on the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness from \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return, to \$750,000 and \$375,000, respectively.

[AB 1907](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

**California Environmental Quality Act: emergency shelters: supportive and affordable housing: exemption.** Would, until January 1, 2029, exempt from environmental review under CEQA certain activities approved by or carried out by a public agency in furtherance of providing emergency shelters, supportive housing, or affordable housing, as each is defined. The bill would require a lead agency that determines to carry out or approve an activity that is within this CEQA exemption to file a notice of exemption, as specified.

[AB 1934](#)

[Voepel R \( Dist. 71\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Planning and zoning: affordable housing: streamlined, ministerial approval process.** Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development, which satisfies specified objective planning standards, that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit. Current law requires a local government to notify the development proponent in writing if the local government determines that the development conflicts with any of those objective standards by a specified time; otherwise, the development is deemed to comply with those standards. Current law provides that if a local government approves a project pursuant to that process, that approval will not expire until a specified period of time depending on the nature of the development. This bill would, notwithstanding those provisions, authorize a development proponent to submit an application for a development to be subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process provided that development meet specified objective planning standards, including that the development provide housing for persons and families of low or moderate income

[AB 1962](#)

[Voepel R \( Dist. 71\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**Sales and use taxes: exemption: senior housing.** Current state sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state of, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill, on and after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2026, would exempt from these taxes the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, building materials and supplies purchases by a qualified person for use by that qualified person in the construction of specified senior housing developments.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Foster youth: housing.** Current law requires county agencies that place children in foster care to conduct an evaluation of the county's placement resources and programs in relation to the needs of children placed in out-of-home care, and specifically requires county placement agencies to examine placements that are out of county and determine the reason the placement was necessary. This bill would additionally require a county placement agency to examine its ability to meet the emergency housing needs of nonminor dependents.

[ACA 1](#)[Aguiar-Curry D \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.** The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

[SB 50](#)[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE THIRD READING

**Planning and zoning: housing development: streamlined approval: incentives.** Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a "neighborhood multifamily project" to mean a project to construct a multifamily structure on vacant land, or to convert an existing structure that does not require substantial exterior alteration into a multifamily structure, consisting of up to 4 residential dwelling units and that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019. The bill would also define "eligible parcel" to mean a parcel that meets specified requirements, including requirements relating to the location of the parcel and restricting the demolition of certain housing development that may already exist on the site.

[SB 215](#)[Morrell R \( Dist. 23\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Local government: housing.** Current law authorizes local governments to conduct a review or appeal regarding allocation data provided by the Department of Housing and Community Development or the council of governments regarding the locality's share of the regional housing need or the submittal of data or information for a proposed allocation, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[SB 258](#)[Hertzberg D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program: grants: homeless shelters: pets and veterinary services.** Current law establishes the California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program, under the administration of the Department of Housing and Community Development and requires the department to, among other things, provide rental assistance and housing relocation and stabilization services to ensure housing affordability to people who are experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of homelessness. This bill would require the department to develop and administer a program to award grants to qualified homeless shelters, as described, for the provision of shelter, food, and basic veterinary services for pets owned by people experiencing homelessness.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Supportive housing for parolees.** Would repeal the Integrated Services for Mentally Ill Parolees (ISMIP) program and would instead enact the Supportive Housing Program for Persons on Parole (the program) to be administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development. The program would incorporate similar eligibility criteria for eligible participants and similar criteria for housing funded by the program. The bill would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to transfer funds appropriated from the General Fund for the ISMIP program to the department for the new program, as specified.

[SB 333](#)[Wilk R \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council.** Would require the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, by July 1, 2021, to develop and implement a statewide strategic plan for addressing homelessness in the state, as specified. The bill would require the council, by January 1, 2021, to implement strategic plans to assist federal Housing and Urban Development Continuum of Care lead agencies in better implementing Housing and Urban Development recommended activities and meeting Housing and Urban Development requirements.

[SB 521](#)[Portantino D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Income and corporation taxes: credits: leased or rented property: persons receiving Section 8 assistance.** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2025, would allow a credit against those taxes to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to 3% of the amount of rent or lease payments in the form of certain federal housing assistance vouchers per qualified property, defined as a dwelling or unit rented or leased to persons receiving certain federal assistance.

[SB 573](#)[Chang R \( Dist. 29\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Homeless Emergency Aid program: funding.** Current law establishes the Homeless Emergency Aid program, administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, for the purpose of providing localities with one-time flexible block grant funds to address their immediate homelessness challenges. This bill would, upon appropriation, make funding available to the agency to be used to provide an allocation of funds to administrative entities under the program.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

[SB 592](#)[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Housing development: Housing Accountability Act: permit streamlining.** The Housing Accountability Act (the HAA), among other things, requires a local agency that proposes to disapprove or impose specified conditions on a housing development project that complies with applicable, objective general plan, zoning, and subdivision standards and criteria in effect at the time the application for the project is deemed complete, within the meaning of the Permit Streamlining Act, to make specified written findings based on a preponderance of the evidence in the record. This bill would additionally require a local agency to make those findings if it proposes to disapprove or impose specified conditions on a housing development project that is determined to be complete, as provided, and would make other related conforming changes.

[SB 621](#)[Glazer D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Environmental Quality Act: expedited judicial review: affordable housing projects: reports.** Would require the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2020, to adopt a rule of court applicable to an action or proceeding brought to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the certification of an environmental impact report for an affordable housing project, as defined, or the granting of an approval of an affordable housing project that requires the action or proceeding, including any potential appeals therefrom, to be resolved, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceeding with the court. The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to an affordable housing project if it is in certain locations.

[SB 712](#)

[Grove R \( Dist. 16\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Housing for the elderly.** Current law prohibits a city, county, city and county, or other political subdivision from requiring more than one building permit for a low-rent housing development for the elderly financed with federal or state funds or by a loan insured by the federal or state government and limits the fee for the permit, as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to that provision.

[SB 725](#)

[Rubio D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY V. A.

**Veterans rental housing.** Current law creates the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Act of 2014, to provide for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of affordable multifamily supportive housing, affordable transitional housing, affordable rental housing, or related facilities for veterans and their families to allow veterans to access and maintain housing stability. This bill would require the department to establish a rental housing assistance program to provide financial assistance to veterans seeking rental housing, based on the needs of the veterans.

[SB 795](#)

[Beall D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE GOV. & F.

**Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Program.** Would establish in state government the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Program, which would be administered by the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Committee. The bill would authorize a city, county, city and county, joint powers agency, enhanced infrastructure financing district, affordable housing authority, community revitalization and investment authority, transit village development district, or a combination of those entities, to apply to the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Committee to participate in the program and would authorize the committee to approve or deny plans for projects meeting specific criteria.

[SB 872](#)

[Dodd D \( Dist. 3\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE INS.

**Residential property insurance: state of emergency.** Would require an insurer to provide 6-month extensions to collect the full replacement cost if an insured acting in good faith and with reasonable diligence encounters delays in approval for, or reconstruction of, the insured property that are beyond the insured's control. The bill would additionally require coverage for loss of use relating to a state of emergency to be for a period of no less than 24 months, plus an extension of up to 12 additional months, for a total of 36 months, if an insured acting in good faith and with reasonable diligence encounters delays in the reconstruction process, as specified. The bill would extend the prohibition against limiting or denying payment of the building code upgrade cost or the replacement cost to an insured who has decided to purchase any already built structure at a new location, and would prohibit an insurer from deducting the value of land at the new location if the insured decides to purchase an already built structure at a new location.

[SB 899](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Density bonuses.** Current law, known as the Density Bonus Law, requires a city or county to provide a developer that proposes a housing development within the jurisdictional boundaries of that city or county with a density bonus and other incentives or concessions for the production of lower income housing units, or for the donation of land within the development, if the developer agrees to construct a specified percentage of units for very low income, low-income, or moderate-income households or qualifying residents and meets other requirements. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to that law.

[SB 902](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**General plan.** the Planning and Zoning Law requires a planning agency of a city or county to provide by April 1 of each year an annual report to, among other entities, the Department of Housing and Community Development. The law requires that the annual report include, among other specified information, the number of housing development applications received and the number of units approved and disapproved in the prior year. This bill would additionally require the planning agency include in the annual report whether the city or county is a party to a court action related to a violation of state housing law, and the disposition of that action. By requiring a planning agency to include additional information in its annual report, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SCA 1](#)

[Allen D \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Public housing projects.** The California Constitution prohibits the development, construction, or acquisition of a low-rent housing project, as defined, in any manner by any state public body until a majority of the qualified electors of the city, town, or county in which the development, construction, or acquisition of the low-rent housing project is proposed approve the project by voting in favor at an election, as specified. This measure would repeal these provisions.

[SCA 4](#)

[Galgiani D \( Dist. 5\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE GOV. & F.

**The California Home Fairness and Primary Residence Act.** This measure, on and after January 1, 2021, would limit the exclusion for the purchase or transfer of a principal residence between parents and their children and between grandparents and their grandchild or grandchildren to instances in which the residence continues as the principal residence of the transferee. The measure would prescribe the method for calculating the new base year value of the principal residence of the transferee. The measure, commencing January 1, 2022, and each January 1 thereafter, would require the county assessor to adjust the amount of the exclusion, as specified.

IHSS

[AB 1993](#)

[Kamlager D \( Dist. 54\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Unemployment insurance: benefits.** Would provide that the definition of “employment” for the purposes of unemployment insurance coverage includes services performed by an individual in the employ of their parent, child, or spouse if that individual is providing services through the In-Home Supportive Services program.

[SB 596](#)

[Stern D \( Dist. 27\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**In-home supportive services: additional higher energy allowance.** Would require a county human services agency to, using existing materials, inform each applicant for benefits under the IHSS program that the applicant may be eligible to receive that higher energy allowance and any advanced notifications that may be provided by a public

utility when the public utility plans to deenergize portions of the electrical distribution system or in an emergency. By creating additional duties for counties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

#### Immigration

[AB 163](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \( Dist. 58\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Services for unaccompanied undocumented minors: facilities liaison.** Would require the State Department of Social Services to create a facilities liaison position within its immigration services unit to, among other duties, assist state-licensed group homes, short-term residential therapeutic programs (STRTPs), foster family agencies, and resource families that serve undocumented immigrant youth in connecting with appropriate supports and services, including, but not limited to, legal services, mental health assessments and services, and public benefits, as specified. The bill would, when appropriate, require the facilities liaison to assist in arranging a meeting for identified unaccompanied undocumented minors with a qualified organization that has received a grant to provide legal services.

#### Land Use

[AB 69](#)

[Ting D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to propose building standards to the California Building Standards Commission, and to adopt, amend, or repeal rules and regulations governing, among other things, apartment houses and dwellings, as specified. This bill would require the department to propose small home building standards governing accessory dwelling units smaller than 800 square feet, junior accessory dwelling units, and detached dwelling units smaller than 800 square feet, as specified, and to submit the small home building standards to the California Building Standards Commission for adoption on or before January 1, 2021.

[AB 953](#)

[Ting D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** Current law requires a local agency to ministerially approve or deny a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit within 60 days from the date the local agency receives a completed application if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. This bill would deem a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit approved if the local agency has not acted upon the completed application within 60 days.

[AB 1074](#)

[Diep R \( Dist. 72\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

**Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020.** Would enact the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020 (bond act), which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Program, established as part of the bond act. The bill would authorize the Department of Housing and Community Development to enter into a contract under that program with a homeowner to provide financing to pay for the eligible costs incurred by the homeowner in constructing an accessory dwelling unit on the homeowner's property, subject to specified terms and conditions.

[SB 25](#)

[Caballero D \( Dist. 12\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Environmental Quality Act: projects funded by qualified opportunity zone funds or other public funds.** CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead

agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would, until January 1, 2025, establish specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for projects that are funded, in whole or in part, by specified public funds or public agencies and that meet certain requirements.

[SB 50](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE THIRD READING

**Planning and zoning: housing development: streamlined approval: incentives.** Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a “neighborhood multifamily project” to mean a project to construct a multifamily structure on vacant land, or to convert an existing structure that does not require substantial exterior alteration into a multifamily structure, consisting of up to 4 residential dwelling units and that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019. The bill would also define “eligible parcel” to mean a parcel that meets specified requirements, including requirements relating to the location of the parcel and restricting the demolition of certain housing development that may already exist on the site.

[SB 191](#)

[Morrell R \( Dist. 23\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Land use: housing element.** The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan that includes various mandatory elements, including a housing element. That law requires the housing element to contain, among other things, an assessment of housing needs and an inventory of resources and constraints relevant to meeting those needs. That law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to determine the current and projected need for housing for each region, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that law.

[SB 773](#)

[Skinner D \( Dist. 9\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Land use: accessory dwelling units.** Current law requires a local agency to ministerially approve or deny a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit within 60 days from the date the local agency receives a completed application if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. This bill would deem a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit approved if the local agency has not acted upon the completed application within 60 days.

#### Law and Justice / Courts

[AB 972](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Proposition 47: resentencing.** Would, on or before July 1, 2020, amend Proposition 47 to require the Department of Justice to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for resentencing under the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act. The bill would require the department to notify the district attorney and the court of all cases in that jurisdiction that are potentially eligible for resentencing.

[AB 1984](#)

[Maienschein D \( Dist. 77\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Courts.** Would conform various statutory provisions of law to the abolition of municipal courts and their unification within the superior courts, including, among others, repealing provisions relating to the responsibilities of a county board of supervisors for court facilities and operation. The bill would also make related statutory changes with respect to the operations of the superior courts, including, among others, responsibilities for court security for the

superior courts, the duties of the Judicial Council to establish a task force on county law libraries, and provisions related to specific county courts.

[SB 16](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Courts: judgeships.** Would appropriate \$36,500,000 from the General Fund for the purpose of funding 25 superior court judgeships currently authorized by the Legislature, and expenses associated with those positions. The bill would require the Judicial Council to determine the allocation of those positions, pursuant to that uniform criteria.

[SB 144](#)

[Mitchell D \( Dist. 30\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Criminal fees.** Current law imposes various fees contingent upon a criminal arrest, prosecution, or conviction for the cost of administering the criminal justice system, including administering probation and diversion programs, collecting restitution orders, processing arrests and citations, administering drug testing, and incarcerating inmates. This bill would repeal the authority to collect most of these fees, among others. The bill would make the unpaid balance of most court-imposed costs unenforceable and uncollectible and would require any portion of a judgment imposing those costs to be vacated.

**Position:** San Bernardino County Oppose

#### Parks

[AB 1111](#)

[Friedman D \( Dist. 43\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Outdoor recreation: Office of Outdoor Recreation: California Outdoor Recreation Account.** Would establish, until January 1, 2025, the Office of Outdoor Recreation in the Office of the Governor. The bill would require the office to undertake certain activities, including supporting the outdoor recreation economy and working toward equitable access to outdoor areas of the state by engaging in specified activities. The bill would also require the office to create an advisory committee to provide advice, expertise, support, and service to the office.

[AB 2021](#)

[Chen R \( Dist. 55\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**State park system: Chino Hills State Park: expansion.** Would require the Department of Parks and Recreation to provide all necessary assistance for the state's acquisition and acceptance of 3 specified parcels from willing sellers that are adjacent to the Chino Hills State Park. The bill would require the department to agree to accept and manage each parcel as it is acquired with specified funds as part of the Chino Hills State Park, and to expedite development of a management plan for the parcels once acquired.

#### Privacy & Security

[AB 523](#)

[Irwin D \( Dist. 44\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Telecommunications: customer right of privacy.** The Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities including telephone corporations. Current law prohibits a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of a provider, from including the dialing number or a subscriber in a directory or selling the contents of a directory database without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber. This bill would prohibit a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of the provider, except as provided, from disclosing a subscriber's historical, current, or prospective cell site location without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber.

[AB 713](#)

[Mullin D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE JUD.

**California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018.** The California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 (CCPA) grants a consumer various rights with regard to personal information relating to that consumer collected by a business. The act also grants a consumer the right to request a business to delete any personal information about the consumer collected by the business and requires a business to do so upon receipt of a verified request, except as specified. The act excepts certain categories of personal information and entities from its provisions, including medical information, as specified. This bill would except from the CCPA information that was deidentified in accordance with specified federal law, was derived from protected health information, individually identifiable health information, or identifiable private information, consistent with specified federal policy, as provided.

**Public Health**

[AB 138](#)

[Bloom D \( Dist. 50\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**California Community Health Fund.** Would, subject to specified exemptions, impose a fee on every distributor, as defined, for the privilege of distributing bottled sugary drinks and concentrate in the state, at a rate of \$0.02 per fluid ounce and for the privilege of distributing syrups and powders concentrate in this state, either as concentrate or as sweetened beverages derived from that concentrate, at the rate of \$0.02 per fluid ounce of sweetened beverage to be produced from concentrate.

[AB 388](#)

[Limón D \( Dist. 37\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Alzheimer's disease.** Current law authorizes any postsecondary higher educational institution with a medical center to establish diagnostic and treatment centers for Alzheimer's disease, and requires the State Department of Public Health to administer grants to the postsecondary higher educational institutions that establish a center pursuant to these provisions. Until January 1, 2025, this bill would require the department to implement the action agenda items in the Healthy Brain Initiative, as defined, to the extent resources are available. The bill would require the department to annually notify the Legislature about activities conducted pursuant to these provisions.

**Position: San Bernardino County Support**

[AB 764](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

**Sugar-sweetened beverages: nonsale distribution incentives.** Would regulate promotion and marketing activities related to sugar-sweetened beverages, as defined, by prohibiting a beverage company, as defined, manufacturer, or distributor, as defined, from giving or offering incentives or other financial support to compensate distributors or retailers for the cost of promotional offers, coupons, or other incentives offered to consumers for branded products of the beverage company. The bill would exempt from that prohibition contracts between a beverage company, manufacturer, or distributor and a theme or amusement park, zoo, other attraction, or professional sports stadium that include nonfood promotions.

[AB 1131](#)

[Gloria D \( Dist. 78\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Medi-Cal: comprehensive medication management.** Would provide that comprehensive medication management (CMM) services, as defined, are covered under the Medi-Cal program, and would require CMM services to include, among other specified functions, the development of a care plan in collaboration with the beneficiary and the beneficiary's health care providers to address identified medication therapy problems. The bill would require CMM services to be offered to a beneficiary who is referred by a physician and surgeon as having a medical condition that could benefit from the provision of CMM services and who meets one or more of specified

criteria, including being prescribed 8 or more prescription drugs or biologics, collectively by multiple prescribers, to treat or prevent 2 or more chronic medical conditions.

[ACR 149](#)

[Voepel R \( Dist. 71\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Opioid epidemic.** This measure would designate the month of September 2020 as Opioid Awareness Month in California.

[SB 642](#)

[Stone R \( Dist. 28\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Pharmacy benefit management: Prescription Acquisition and Adjudication Agency.** Would, on and after July 1, 2021, prohibit a health care service plan or a health insurer from entering into, renewing, or extending a contract for pharmacy benefit manager services, as specified.

[SB 793](#)

[Hill D \( Dist. 13\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Flavored tobacco products.** Would prohibit a tobacco retailer from selling, offering for sale, or possessing with the intent to sell or offer for sale, a flavored tobacco product, as defined. The bill would make a violation of this prohibition an infraction punishable by a fine of \$250 for each violation. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature that these provisions not be construed to preempt or prohibit the adoption and implementation of local ordinances related to the prohibition on the sale of flavored tobacco products. The bill would state that its provisions are severable.

[SB 859](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE HEALTH

**Master Plan for HIV, HCV, and STDs.** Would require the Secretary of California Health and Human Services and the Chief of the Office of Aids to develop and implement a master plan on human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), and sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), for the purpose of improving the health of people living with, and vulnerable to, those conditions, reducing new transmissions, and ending these epidemics. The bill would require the secretary and chief to create a Master Plan on HIV, HCV, and STDs Stakeholder Advisory Committee and work with that advisory committee and relevant state agencies to identify recommended programs, policies, strategies, and funding necessary to implement the master plan.

[SB 885](#)

[Pan D \( Dist. 6\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Sexually transmitted diseases.** Would specify that family planning services for which a Medi-Cal managed care plan may not restrict a beneficiary's choice of a qualified provider include sexually transmitted disease (STD) testing and treatment. The bill would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, authorize an office visit to a Family PACT waiver provider or Medi-Cal provider for STD-related services for uninsured, income-eligible patients, or patients with health care coverage who have confidentiality concerns and who are not at risk for pregnancy, to be reimbursed at the same rate as comprehensive clinical family planning services.

#### Public Lands

[SB 195](#)

[Nielsen R \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Sierra Nevada Conservancy.** Current law establishes the Sierra Nevada Conservancy and prescribes the functions and duties of the conservancy with regard to the preservation of specified lands in the Sierra Nevada Region, as defined. Current law makes specified findings and declarations relating to the importance and significance

of the Sierra Nevada Region and the need to protect, conserve, restore, and enhance lands within the region. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in those findings and declarations.

**Public Safety**

[AB 243](#)

[Kamlager-Dove D \( Dist. 54\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Implicit bias training: peace officers.** Current law requires every peace officer to participate in expanded training prescribed by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training that includes and examines evidence-based patterns, practices, and protocols that make up racial and identity profiling, including implicit bias. Once basic training is completed, current law requires specified peace officers to complete a refresher course on racial and identity profiling at least every 5 years. This bill would require those peace officers currently required to take the refresher course every 5 years, and additional peace officers, as specified, to instead take refresher training on racial and identity profiling, including the understanding of implicit bias and the promotion of bias-reducing strategies, at least every 2 years.

[AB 300](#)

[Chu D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Hate crime and incident reporting.** Would require a law enforcement agency, if it has updated its crime reporting system to align with the California Incident Based Reporting System, to (1) include in the agency's informational, incident, and crime reports a check box indicating whether the underlying incident in the report is a suspected hate crime or hate incident, as defined, and (2) complete for each hate crime or hate incident, a supplemental hate crime or hate incident report form that indicates the type of bias motivation and any other identifying information to assist in the prosecution of the hate crime, or, in the case of a hate incident, to be used for informational, crime prevention, law enforcement planning, trend analysis, and potential evidentiary purposes.

[AB 656](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \( Dist. 56\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Office of Healthy and Safe Communities.** Would create the Office of Healthy and Safe Communities (OHSC) under the direction of the State Department of Public Health, to provide a comprehensive violence prevention strategy. The bill would require the department to oversee the OHSC and would require the Governor to appoint the Director of the OHSC. The bill would set forth the duties of the OHSC, including the duty to develop, implement, and monitor a California vision and plan for violence prevention, safety, and healing.

[AB 732](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**County jails: prisons: incarcerated pregnant persons.** Would require an incarcerated person in a county jail or the state prison who is identified as possibly pregnant or capable of becoming pregnant during an intake health examination or at any time during incarceration to be offered a test upon intake or request, and in the case of a county jail, within 72 hours of arrival at the jail. The bill would require an incarcerated person who is confirmed to be pregnant to be scheduled for pregnancy examination with a physician, nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, or physician assistant within 7 days. The bill would require incarcerated pregnant persons to be scheduled for prenatal care visits, as specified.

[AB 972](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Proposition 47: resentencing.** Would, on or before July 1, 2020, amend Proposition 47 to require the Department of Justice to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for resentencing under the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools

Act. The bill would require the department to notify the district attorney and the court of all cases in that jurisdiction that are potentially eligible for resentencing.

[AB 1599](#)

[Cunningham R \( Dist. 35\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Peace officers: release of records.** Current law deems a record relating to an incident in which a sustained finding was made by any law enforcement agency or oversight agency that a peace officer or custodial officer engaged in sexual assault involving a member of the public as a public record. This bill would also make available for public inspection, pursuant to the California Public Records Act, peace officer or custodial officer personnel records pertaining to a peace officer or custodial officer accused of sexual assault involving a member of the public when the peace officer or custodial officer resigns before the employing agency has concluded its investigation into the sexual assault. By requiring local government entities to provide these additional records, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1861](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Mental health: involuntary commitment.** Under current law, if a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services as a facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. Current law prohibits specified mental health personnel from taking certain actions that interfere with a peace officer seeking to transport, or having transported, a person detained for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1950](#)

[Kamlager D \( Dist. 54\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

**Probation: length of terms.** Current law authorizes courts that have jurisdiction in misdemeanor cases to suspend the sentence and make and enforce terms of probation in those cases, for a period not to exceed 3 years, except when the period of the maximum sentence imposed by law exceeds 3 years, in which case the terms of probation may be imposed for a longer period than 3 years, but not to exceed the time for which the person may be imprisoned. This bill would instead restrict the period of probation for a misdemeanor to no longer than 2 years.

[SB 58](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

**Alcoholic beverages: hours of sale.** Would, beginning January 1, 2022, and before January 2, 2027, require the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to conduct a pilot program that would authorize the department to issue an additional hours license to an on-sale licensee located in a qualified city that would authorize, with or without conditions, the selling, giving, or purchasing of alcoholic beverages at the licensed premises between the hours of 2 a.m. and 3 a.m., upon completion of specified requirements by the qualified city in which the licensee is located. The bill would impose specified fees related to the license to be deposited in the Alcohol Beverage Control Fund.

[SB 132](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Corrections.** Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to, during initial intake and classification, ask each individual entering into the custody of the department to specify the individual's gender identity and sex assigned at birth, and, if the individual's gender identity is different from their sex assigned at birth, their gender pronoun and honorific. The bill would prohibit the department from disciplining a person for refusing to answer or not disclosing complete information in response to these questions. The bill would authorize a person

under the jurisdiction of the department to update this information. The bill would prohibit staff and contractors from failing to consistently use the gender pronoun and honorific an individual has specified in verbal and written communications with or regarding that individual that involve the use of a pronoun or honorific.

[SB 409](#)

[Wilk R \( Dist. 21\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Illegal dumping.** Current law makes it unlawful to dump waste matter in certain locations, such as upon a public or private highway or road, upon private property without the consent of the owner, or in or upon a public park or other public property, as specified. Current law also makes it unlawful to place, deposit, or dump rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt in certain locations, as specified. A person who violates these provisions is guilty of an infraction punishable by specified fines. Existing law also makes it a misdemeanor to place, deposit, or dump waste matter in commercial quantities, as defined, in certain locations. This bill would make it a crime to transport waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt for the purpose of dumping it in the locations described above.

**Position:** San Bernardino County Support

[SB 678](#)

[Glazer D \( Dist. 7\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Restorative Justice Pilot Program.** Would, until January 1, 2025, require the Board of State and Community Corrections to establish the Restorative Justice Pilot Program and, upon appropriation of money for this purpose by the Legislature, would require the board to make 5-year grants to up to 3 counties to establish and operate restorative justice diversion programs. As part of the program, commencing January 1, 2021, the bill would require a court to defer an eligible defendant's sentence for up to 36 months while the defendant undergoes specified counseling.

[SB 889](#)

[Skinner D \( Dist. 9\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Juveniles.** Current law generally subjects any person under 18 years of age who commits a crime to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, which may adjudge that person to be a ward of the court. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to raise the age limit on California's youth justice system.

#### Public Utilities

[AB 1915](#)

[Chu D \( Dist. 25\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY U. & E.

**Electrical corporations: deenergization events.** Would, if the Public Utilities Commission approves a wildfire mitigation plan that authorizes an electrical corporation to deenergize portions of the electrical grid, this bill would require the commission to adopt rules setting forth the circumstances under which a deenergization event may be undertaken and continued in effect and the appropriate geographic range of a deenergization event. Following a deenergization event, the bill would require the commission to determine whether the electrical corporation complied with the rules and also determine if the entire duration and geographic range of the deenergization event was reasonable, as specified.

[AB 2033](#)

[Wood D \( Dist. 2\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Deenergization: spoilage claims.** Would require an electrical corporation that engages in a public safety power shutoff to compensate a customer for any qualified claim for spoilage of food or medication if the customer experienced an interruption in electrical service for greater than 8 hours and received less than 24 hours notice of the interruption.

[SB 862](#)

[Dodd D \( Dist. 3\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE E. U., & C.

**Planned power outage: public safety.** Current law defines the terms “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a planned deenergization event, as defined, within those conditions constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

**Registrar of Voters**

[AB 265](#)

[Choi R \( Dist. 68\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Elections: state and county voter information guides: judicial candidates.** Would require the Secretary of State, whenever a ballot contains a question as to the confirmation or retention of a justice of the Supreme Court or a court of appeal, to provide specified information about each justice in the state voter information guide. County elections officials would also be required to provide specified information about each candidate for judge of the superior court in the county voter information guide. The bill would grant the Secretary of State and county elections officials the discretion to only include the information regarding court of appeal justices and candidates for superior court judge in the online versions of the state and county voter information guides, as specified.

[AB 1141](#)

[Melendez R \( Dist. 67\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: misuse of funds.** Would amend the Political Reform Act of 1974 to prohibit any elected state or local officer, including any state or local appointee, employee, consultant, or agency, from using or permitting others to use public resources for a campaign activity. The bill would authorize the FPPC to impose an administrative or civil penalty against a person for a misuse of public resources for campaign activity, not to exceed \$1,000 for each day on which a violation occurs, plus 3 times the value of the unlawful use of public resources.

[AB 1276](#)

[Bonta D \( Dist. 18\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Local redistricting.** The California Constitution provides that it shall be competent in a city charter to provide for the manner in which, the method by which, the times at which, and the terms for which municipal officers and employees shall be elected or appointed. Current law establishes criteria pursuant to which charter cities adjust or adopt council district area boundaries, as applicable, for the purpose of electing members of the city council. These criteria encourage council districts to be geographically contiguous and compact, to respect the geographic integrity of communities of interest, as defined, and to have easily identifiable and understandable boundaries. Current law authorizes the city council of a charter city to establish an advisory redistricting commission to hold public redistricting hearings. This bill would provide that these criteria do not apply to a charter city that has adopted comprehensive or exclusive redistricting criteria, as defined, in its city charter. The bill would authorize the city council of a charter city to instead establish an advisory body to hold public redistricting hearings.

[AB 1574](#)

[Mullin D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Political Reform Act of 1974: lobbying expenditures: reporting.** The Political Reform Act of 1974 requires lobbyists employed by a lobbyist employer or a lobbying firm to provide a periodic report of the lobbyist’s activity expenses and contributions to the employer or firm within 2 weeks following the end of each quarter. The act requires lobbying firms, lobbyist employers, and persons who make payments to influence legislative or administrative action of \$5,000 or more in value in any calendar quarter to file with the Secretary of State, during the month after the end of each calendar quarter of a biennial legislative session, reports regarding lobbying expenditures

made during the calendar quarter. This bill would, beginning on January 1, 2021, instead require those reports to be filed a monthly basis.

[AB 1784](#)

[Santiago D \( Dist. 53\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Elections: open-source paper ballot voting systems.** Current law prohibits the use of a voting system unless it has been certified or conditionally approved by the Secretary of State, or approved by the Secretary of State as part of a pilot program, prior to the election at which it is to be used. This bill, the Secure the VOTE Act, would authorize the Secretary of State to award up to \$16,000,000 in matching funds, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to counties for the development of open-source paper ballot voting systems.

[ACA 2](#)

[Nazarian D \( Dist. 46\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

**State tax agency.** Would authorize the Legislature to vest all powers, duties, and responsibilities in a single state tax agency or separately in multiple state tax agencies. The measure would deem the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration and the office of Tax Appeals to be state tax agencies for purposes of these provisions and vest in those entities specified powers, duties and responsibilities currently vested in the State Board of Equalization.

[ACA 7](#)

[Kiley R \( Dist. 6\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Elections: initiatives and referenda.** Would transfer from the Attorney General to the Legislative Analyst the duty of preparing the title and summary for a proposed initiative or referendum. The measure would also require, for each measure that appears on a statewide ballot, the Legislative Analyst to prepare the ballot label and the ballot title and summary for the state voter information guide.

[SB 28](#)

[Lara D \( Dist. 0\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Citizens of the state.** Would provide that citizens of the state are all persons born in the state and residing in it, except the children of alien public ministers and consuls, and all persons born out of the state who are citizens of the United States and residing within the state.

[SB 178](#)

[Nielsen R \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Initiative measures: circulating title and summary.** Current law requires the Attorney General to prepare a circulating title and summary of the chief purposes and points of a proposed initiative measure. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[SB 207](#)

[Hurtado D \( Dist. 14\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

**Elections: voter registration: partisan primary elections.** Would permit a voter, from the 14th day immediately preceding an election until the close of polls on election day, in lieu of executing a new affidavit of registration, to change the voter's residence address or political party preference by submitting to the voter's county elections official a written request containing the new residence address or political party preference and signed under penalty of perjury. The bill would require a ballot or provisional ballot to be provided to the voter, as specified, and would require that the registration of the voter be immediately updated.

[SB 288](#)

[Wiener D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Democratic Party of California: Peace and Freedom Party of California: county central committees.** Would permit certain persons who are not United States citizens, including lawful permanent residents and persons who are or were in deferred action status under the federal Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) policy, to be candidates for, and members of, a county central committee of the Democratic Party of California or the Peace and Freedom Party of California if, among others things, the bylaws of the state or county central committee, as applicable, permit such persons to be a candidate and a member, the state or county central committee, as applicable, makes available a specified risk disclosure form, the county elections official provides a prescribed warning notice, and the persons each file a prescribed declaration of intent with the county elections official.

[SB 300](#)

[Umberg D \( Dist. 34\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY E. & R.

**Political Reform Act of 1974: contribution limitations.** The Political Reform Act of 1974 prohibits a foreign government or a foreign principal, as defined, from making any contribution, expenditure, or independent expenditure in connection with the qualification or support of, or opposition to, a state or local ballot measure. The act prohibits a person or committee from soliciting or accepting a contribution from a foreign government or foreign principal for the same purposes. The act makes a violation of these prohibitions a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine equal to the amount contributed or expended. This bill would expand these prohibitions to include contributions, expenditures, or independent expenditures in connection with the qualification or support, or opposition to, a state or local candidate.

#### Renewable Energy

[AB 660](#)

[Levine D \( Dist. 10\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Building energy efficiency standards: solar reflectance of roofs.** Would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, during one or more of the next 4 triennial code adoption cycles after January 1, 2020, to consider amendments to the roof replacement building standards for alterations to existing low-rise, steep-sloped roof residential buildings with the goal of increasing the value of minimum aged solar reflectance up to 0.40 in the 2031 standard and the goal of expanding the range of climate zones in which minimum aged solar reflectance values are prescribed for those alterations. The bill would require the commission, prior to considering these amendments, to assess whether there is an adequate supply of labor resources and available compliant products in the climate zones for which the commission may consider the amendments.

#### Risk Management

[AB 1124](#)

[Maienschein D \( Dist. 77\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE INACTIVE FILE

**Employment safety: outdoor workers: wildfire smoke.** Would require, by July 18, 2019, the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board to adopt emergency regulations that require employers to make respirators available to outdoor workers on any day the outdoor worker could reasonably be expected to be exposed to harmful levels of smoke from wildfires, or burning structures due to a wildfire, while working. By expanding the scope of an existing crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

#### Technology

[AB 161](#)

[Ting D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Solid waste: paper waste: proofs of purchase.** Current law prohibits certain stores from providing a single-use carryout bag to a customer at the point of sale and prohibits full-service restaurants from providing single-use plastic

straws to consumers unless requested by the consumer. This bill would require a business, as defined, that accepts payment through cash, credit, or debit transactions, subject to certain exceptions, to provide a proof of purchase to a consumer only at the consumer's option and would prohibit a business from printing a paper proof of purchase if the consumer opts to not receive a proof of purchase, unless otherwise required by state or federal law.

[AB 523](#)

[Irwin D \( Dist. 44\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Telecommunications: customer right of privacy.** The Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities including telephone corporations. Current law prohibits a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of a provider, from including the dialing number or a subscriber in a directory or selling the contents of a directory database without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber. This bill would prohibit a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of the provider, except as provided, from disclosing a subscriber's historical, current, or prospective cell site location without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber.

[AB 1055](#)

[Levine D \( Dist. 10\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Publicly funded technology projects.** Would require a public agency undertaking a publicly funded major technology project that is estimated to cost \$100,000,000 or more to form an oversight committee subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act or the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, as applicable, and to develop and use risk management plans throughout the course of the project. The bill would require the oversight committee to be composed of specified members selected by the public agency undertaking the project. The bill would require the oversight committee to act as the authority for critical decisions regarding the project and to have sufficient staff to support decision making.

#### Transportation

[AB 422](#)

[Frazier D \( Dist. 11\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**High-speed rail: performance measurement dashboards.** Current law requires the High-Speed Rail Authority to establish an independent peer review group for purposes of reviewing the planning, engineering, financing, and other elements of the authority's plans and issuing an analysis of the appropriateness and accuracy of the authority's assumptions and an analysis of the viability of the authority's funding plan, including the funding plan for each corridor. This bill would require the authority, in consultation with the peer review group, to develop and update quarterly a set of summary performance measurement dashboards that show ongoing performance of the project and post on its internet website full sets of the summary performance measurement dashboards.

[AB 553](#)

[Melendez R \( Dist. 67\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**High-speed rail bonds: housing.** Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase I blended system.

[AB 1046](#)

[Ting D \( Dist. 19\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Air Quality Improvement Program: Clean Vehicle Rebate Project.** Would require the State Air Resources Board to develop a plan to provide for the continuous funding of the Clean Vehicle Rebate Project, as specified.

[AB 1142](#)

[Friedman D \( Dist. 43\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Regional transportation plans: transportation network companies.** Current law requires a regional transportation plan to include a policy element, an action element, a financial element, and, if the transportation planning agency is also a metropolitan planning organization, a sustainable communities strategy. Under current law, the policy element describes the transportation issues in the region, identifies and quantifies regional needs, and describes the desired short-range and long-range transportation goals, as well as pragmatic objective and policy statements. Current law authorizes the policy element of transportation planning agencies with populations that exceed 200,000 persons to quantify a set of specified indicators. This bill would authorize the inclusion of an additional indicator regarding measures of policies to increase use of existing transit.

[AB 1167](#)

[Mathis R \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: high-speed rail: forestry and fire protection.** Would no longer continuously appropriate 25% of the annual proceeds of the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund for certain components of a specified high-speed rail project. The bill, beginning with the 2021–22 fiscal year, would continuously appropriate 25% of the annual proceeds of the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to purchase new engines and equipment, hire new firefighters, and clear overgrowth or tree mortality and to the Firefighter Home Relief Trust Fund Program.

[AB 1350](#)

[Gonzalez D \( Dist. 80\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Free youth transit passes: eligibility for state funding.** Would require transit agencies to offer free youth transit passes to persons 18 years of age and under in order to be eligible for state funding under the Mills-Deddeh Transit Development Act, the State Transit Assistance Program, or the Low Carbon Transit Operations Program. The bill would also require a free youth transit pass to count as a full price fare for purposes of calculating the ratio of fare revenues to operating costs.

[AB 1457](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Omnitrans Transit District.** Would create the Omnitrans Transit District in the County of San Bernardino. The bill would provide that the jurisdiction of the district would initially include the Cities of Chino, Chino Hills, Colton, Fontana, Grand Terrace, Highland, Loma Linda, Montclair, Ontario, Rancho Cucamonga, Redlands, Rialto, San Bernardino, Upland, and Yucaipa, and specified portions of the unincorporated areas of the County of San Bernardino. The bill would authorize other cities in the County of San Bernardino to subsequently join the district.

[AB 1848](#)

[Lackey R \( Dist. 36\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY TRANS.

**High-speed rail: Metrolink commuter rail system.** The California High-Speed Rail Act creates the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and implement a high-speed rail system in the state. The Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, approved by the voters as Proposition 1A at the November 4, 2008, general election, provides for the issuance of \$9,000,000,000 in general obligation bonds for high-speed rail purposes and \$950,000,000 for other related rail purposes. This bill would appropriate \$4,000,000,000 of those bond revenues to the Southern California Regional Rail Authority to fund improvements to the Metrolink commuter rail system.

[AB 1991](#)

[Friedman D \( Dist. 43\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program: passenger tramways.** Would expand the purpose of the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program to authorize funding for passenger tramway transit systems. By expanding the purposes for which continuously appropriated moneys may be used, the bill would make an appropriation.

[AB 1992](#)

[Friedman D \( Dist. 43\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Transportation: asset management plan: California Transportation Plan: transportation infrastructure: climate change.** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would establish a new program to fund climate change adaptation planning for transportation impacts, data collection, modeling, and training. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the commission, to update the asset management plan on or before December 31, 2022, and for the update to also address the forecasted transportation infrastructure impacts of climate change. The bill would require both the 3rd update to the California Transportation Plan, which is due in 2025, and the Strategic Growth Council's report to include a forecast of the transportation impacts of climate change and measures to address those impacts.

[AB 2011](#)

[Holden D \( Dist. 41\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**West San Bernardino County Rail Construction Authority.** Would create the West San Bernardino County Rail Construction Authority for purposes of awarding and overseeing all design and construction contracts for completion of an extension of the Metro Gold Line light rail project from the duties of the construction authority.

[SB 59](#)

[Allen D \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Transportation Commission: advisory committee: autonomous vehicle technology.** Current law creates the California Transportation Commission with various powers and duties, including the duty to advise and assist the Secretary of Transportation and the Legislature in formulating and evaluating state policies and plans for transportation programs in the state. This bill would require the chair of the commission to establish an advisory committee, the California Council on the Future of Transportation, to provide the Governor and the Legislature with recommendations for changes in state policy to ensure that California continues to be the world leader in autonomous, driverless, and connected vehicle technology.

[SB 147](#)

[Beall D \( Dist. 15\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**High-Speed Rail Authority.** The California High-Speed Rail Act creates the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and implement a high-speed train system in the state, with specified powers and duties. Current law authorizes the authority, among other things, to keep the public informed of its activities. This bill would revise that provision to instead authorize the authority to keep the public informed through activities, including, but not limited to, community outreach events, public information workshops, and newsletters posted on the authority's internet website.

[SB 162](#)

[Galgiani D \( Dist. 5\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**State Board of Equalization: oversight of local voter approved bonds.** Would require, by January 1, 2022, and January 1 of each year thereafter, a local agency to transmit specified data related to the issuance of any bonds by that local agency pursuant to the authorization of any local bond act, as defined, to the State Board of Equalization, including the amount of debt authorized by the local bond act. The bill would require, by December 31, 2022, and by December 31 of each year thereafter, the board to aggregate the data received in a report to the Legislature and make the report available on the board's internet website.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY DESK

**Metropolitan Transportation Commission.** The Metropolitan Transportation Commission Act creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission as a local area planning agency to provide comprehensive regional transportation planning for the region comprised of the 9 San Francisco Bay area counties. The act requires the commission to continue to actively, on behalf of the entire region, seek to assist in the development of adequate funding sources to develop, construct, and support transportation projects that it determines are essential. This bill would also require the commission to determine that those transportation projects are a priority for the region.

SB 895

Archuleta D ( Dist. 32)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Energy: zero-emission fuel, infrastructure, and transportation technologies.** Current law requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, within the limits of available funds, to provide technical assistance and support for the development of petroleum diesel fuels that are as clean or cleaner than alternative clean fuels and clean diesel engines. This bill would instead require the commission, within the limits of available funds, to provide technical assistance and support for the development of zero-emission fuels, zero-emission fueling infrastructure, and zero-emission fuel transportation technologies.

#### Veterans

AB 240

Irwin D ( Dist. 44)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Veterans' homes: lease of property.** Would prohibit a lease or let from exceeding 5 years, unless the lessee is a local government or a nonprofit organization that provides services exclusively for veterans of the Armed Forces of the United States and their families, or the contract for the lease was executed before January 1, 2020. The bill would require each use, other than an easement, of real property held by the department for a home by a person or entity, other than the home or a resident of the home, to be in writing and meet certain criteria, including that it provide substantial and direct benefits to the home and its members and be appropriate and compatible with the nature of the home. The bill would additionally authorize the Director of General Services to lease any real property held by the department for a home, and not needed for any immediate purpose of the home, to any party for the development of housing, as specified. The bill would require that a lease for that purpose be on terms and conditions that the director deems to be in the best interests of the state, including the state's interest in developing housing.

AB 694

Irwin D ( Dist. 44)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020.** Would enact the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020 to authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$600,000,000 to provide additional funding for the VHHPA. The bill would provide for the handling and disposition of the funds in the same manner as the 2014 bond act.

AB 1476

Ramos D ( Dist. 40)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY RLS.

**Veterans: transition assistance.** Would direct the Department of Veterans Affairs to identify veterans, at the time of separation from the service through the transition assistance program and afterwards as they seek services through the department, who have expertise in information technology, cybersecurity, and related information technology fields. The bill would require the department to use this information to provide veterans who wish to participate with information about training and other resources that will help in obtaining a civilian career in the information technology field.

**Location:** ASSEMBLY V. A.

**State agencies: veterans.** Current law requires, as of July 1, 2014, every state agency that requests on any written form or written publication, or through its internet website, whether a person is a veteran, to request that information in a specified manner. This bill would delete the above-described provisions and instead would require each state agency, among other things, to include questions on its intake forms to determine whether an applicant is affiliated with the United States Armed Forces. The bill would require the state agency, through the intake form, to request permission from that person to transmit their contact information to the Department of Veterans Affairs so that the person may be notified of potential eligibility to receive state and federal veterans benefits.

[AB 1935](#)[Voepel R \( Dist. 71\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Veterans: mental health.** Current law establishes the Department of Veterans Affairs. The department, among other services, provides veterans and their dependents and survivors with assistance in processing service-related disability claims, assistance in obtaining affordable housing, and information about health ailments associated with military service. This bill would require the department to study suicide among women veterans and submit a report summarizing their findings and recommendations to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2022.

[ACA 9](#)[Voepel R \( Dist. 71\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY PRINT

**Veterans Support Stabilization Account.** Would create the Veterans Support Stabilization Account in the General Fund, and require the annual budget to allocate 0.5% of the funding allocated for the purpose of services for veterans to be allocated to the Veterans Support Stabilization Account. The measure would prohibit funds transferred to the Veterans Support Stabilization Account from being appropriated unless the Governor issues a proclamation declaring a budget emergency and the funds are used to provide for the support of services for veterans.

[SB 312](#)[Leyva D \( Dist. 20\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Veterans: service dog assistance.** Would require the Department of Veterans Affairs, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish a competitive grant program to provide assistance for the cost of service dogs to veterans with post-traumatic stress disorder. The bill would award grants to certified veteran service dog providers, as defined, that provide services including, among other things, the purchase of the dog, training of the dog, and equipment for the dog. The bill would additionally require the Department of Veterans Affairs to publicize the program, as specified. The bill would require the department to, on and after December 1, 2021, accept and either approve or reject applications to certify veteran service dog providers.

[SB 571](#)[Grove R \( Dist. 16\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Veterans: benefits.** Current law defines “veteran” for the purposes of the various programs granting benefits to veterans. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[SB 572](#)[Grove R \( Dist. 16\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Department of Veterans Affairs: use of real property.** Current law requires the Department of Veterans Affairs, by July 1, 2016, to create a prioritized list of unused or underutilized nonresidential real property owned by the department, and to propose one or more potential uses of those properties that will benefit California veterans,

as specified. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[SB 725](#)

[Rubio D \( Dist. 22\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY V. A.

**Veterans rental housing.** Current law creates the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Act of 2014, to provide for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of affordable multifamily supportive housing, affordable transitional housing, affordable rental housing, or related facilities for veterans and their families to allow veterans to access and maintain housing stability. This bill would require the department to establish a rental housing assistance program to provide financial assistance to veterans seeking rental housing, based on the needs of the veterans.

Water

[AB 134](#)

[Bloom D \( Dist. 50\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Safe Drinking Water Restoration.** Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to report to the Legislature by July 1, 2025, on its progress in restoring safe drinking water to all California communities and to create an internet website that provides data transparency for all of the board's activities described in this measure. The bill would require the board to develop metrics to measure the efficacy of the fund in ensuring safe and affordable drinking water for all Californians.

[AB 402](#)

[Quirk D \( Dist. 20\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**State Water Resources Control Board: local primacy delegation: funding stabilization program.** The California Safe Drinking Water Act requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect public health, including, but not limited to, conducting research, studies, and demonstration programs relating to the provision of a dependable, safe supply of drinking water, enforcing the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, adopting implementing regulations, and conducting studies and investigations to assess the quality of water in private domestic water supplies. This bill would authorize the state board to delegate partial responsibility for the act's administration and enforcement by means of a local primacy delegation agreement. The bill would authorize the state board, for counties that have not been delegated primary responsibility as of January 1, 2020, to offer an opportunity for the county to apply for partial or primary responsibility if the state board determines that it needs assistance in performing administrative and enforcement activities, as specified.

[AB 722](#)

[Bigelow R \( Dist. 5\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Water: dams: fees.** Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to adopt, by regulation, a schedule of fees to cover the department's costs in carrying out the supervision of dam safety. Existing law limits the total annual fee for a dam or reservoir located on a farm or ranch property or a privately owned dam with less than 100 acre-feet of storage capacity to no more than 20% of the fees assessed pursuant to the schedule of fees. This bill would limit the total annual fee for a dam operated by certain irrigation districts to no more than 20% of the fees assessed pursuant to the schedule of fees.

[ACA 3](#)

[Mathis R \( Dist. 26\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY W.,P. & W.

**Clean Water for All Act.** This measure, the Clean Water for All Act, would additionally require, commencing with the 2021–22 fiscal year, not less than 2% of specified state revenues to be set apart for the payment of principal and interest on bonds authorized pursuant to the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014;

water supply, delivery, and quality projects administered by the department, and water quality projects administered by the state board, as provided.

[SB 226](#)

[Nielsen R \( Dist. 4\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Watershed restoration: wildfires: grant program.** Would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, require the National Resources Agency to develop and implement a watershed restoration grant program, as provided, for purposes of awarding grants to eligible counties, as defined, to assist them with watershed restoration on watersheds that have been affected by wildfire, as specified. The bill would require the agency to develop guidelines for the grant program, as provided. The bill would require an eligible county receiving funds pursuant to the grant program to submit annually to the agency a report regarding projects funded by the grant program, as provided.

[SB 669](#)

[Caballero D \( Dist. 12\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Water quality: Safe Drinking Water Fund.** Would establish the Safe Drinking Water Fund in the State Treasury and would provide that moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the State Water Resources Control Board. The bill would require the state board to administer the fund to assist community water systems in disadvantaged communities that are chronically noncompliant relative to the federal and state drinking water standards and do not have the financial capacity to pay for operation and maintenance costs to comply with those standards, as specified.

#### Workforce

[AB 568](#)

[Reyes D \( Dist. 47\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**California Care Corps Act.** Would establish, until July, 1, 2026, a pilot program, administered by the Chief Service Officer of CaliforniaVolunteers, under which nonprofit entities known as Care Corps Grantees that would contract with the officer would select, train, and place volunteers to provide care to persons who are at least 65 years of age, who have Alzheimer's disease or related dementia, and who have difficulty with self-care or living independently. The bill would establish selection criteria for prospective volunteers and specified training requirements.

[AB 1720](#)

[Carrillo D \( Dist. 51\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE 2 YEAR

**Office of Planning and Research: land use guidelines.** Would require the Office of Planning and Research by January 1, 2021, to develop and adopt guidelines for a city or county to implement policies and practices that represent best practices to support small businesses within their jurisdictions. The bill would require those guidelines to include, among other things, recommendations for policies and practices to be included within mandatory elements required in general plans, specific plans, and other land use planning documents of a city or county.

[SB 539](#)

[Caballero D \( Dist. 12\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Mental Health Services Act: workforce education and training funds.** Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by requiring the Controller, in any fiscal year in which the Department of Finance estimates that the revenues to be deposited into the Mental Health Services Fund for the fiscal year will exceed the base amount of \$1,900,000,000, to, no later than the last day of each month and before any transfer or expenditure from the fund for any other purpose for the following month, reserve in the fund an amount that is equal to 15% of 1/12 of the estimated amount of increased revenue for the fiscal year, except as specified.

[SB 563](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

**Community colleges: College and Career Access Pathways Grant Program.** Current law requires the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, on or before January 1, 2021, to prepare a summary report that includes, among other things, an evaluation of the CCAP partnerships and recommendations for program improvements on certain topics. These provisions are repealed on January 1, 2022. This bill would extend the operation of the CCAP partnership laws until January 1, 2027. The bill would require the chancellor's summary report to include recommendations for program improvements on additional specified topics.

[SB 643](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Career technical education.** Current law requires the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges to collect and maintain information related to career technical education and technical training within the California Community Colleges for inclusion within the integrated statewide information system. With respect to this integrated statewide information system, existing law specifies that its data gathering and analysis capabilities include maintaining a comprehensive inventory of all career technical education and technical training programs that are maintained by the public schools. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[SB 713](#)

[Roth D \( Dist. 31\)](#)

**Location:** SENATE RLS.

**Economic development: California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program.** Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law authorizes the awarding of grants for this program, and requires this program to only be implemented during fiscal years for which funds are appropriated for these purposes. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2023. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation relating to the program.

Total Measures: 383

Total Tracking Forms: 383