



CAO Legislative Report

Administration

[AB 112](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE BUDGET & F.R.

State government. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, administered by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, regulates the granting of licenses for the manufacture, distribution, and sale of alcoholic beverages within the state. The act provides for the issuance of licenses for which various fees, including annual fees, are charged depending upon the type of license issued. This bill would make a correction in the provisions that specify annual licensing fees.

[AB 289](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: SENATE JUD.

California Public Records Act Ombudsperson. Would establish, within the California State Auditor's Office, the California Public Records Act Ombudsperson. The bill would require the California State Auditor to appoint the ombudsperson subject to certain requirements. The bill would require the ombudsperson to receive and investigate requests for review, as defined, determine whether the denials of original requests, as defined, complied with the California Public Records Act, and issue written opinions of its determination, as provided.

[AB 315](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \(Dist. 58\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY L. GOV.

Local government: lobbying associations: expenditure of public funds. Current law authorizes the legislative body of a local agency, defined as a county, city, or city and county, or a district, defined broadly to include other political subdivisions or public corporations in the state other than the state or a county, city and county, or city, to attend the Legislature and the Congress of the United States, and any committees thereof, and to present information regarding legislation that the legislative body or the district deems to be beneficial or detrimental to the local agency or the district. Current law also authorizes the legislative body of a local agency or a district to enter into an association for these purposes and specifies that the cost and expense incident to the legislative body's or district's membership in the association and the activities of the association are proper charges against the local agencies or districts comprising the association. This bill, with respect to moneys paid to or otherwise received by an association from a local agency or district member of the association, would prohibit an association of local agencies or districts from expending those moneys for any purpose other than the above-described activities and educational activities.

[AB 400](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State mandates. The California Constitution requires the state to provide a subvention of funds to reimburse local

government for the costs of a new program or a higher level of service, with specified exceptions, when the Legislature or a state agency mandates a new program or higher level of service on any local government, including school districts. Current law authorizes a local agency or school district, by February 15, to file an annual reimbursement claim detailing these state-mandated costs, as specified. This bill would extend that date to March 1.

[AB 509](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

General plans. Current law, under the Planning and Zoning Law, requires if a general plan has been adopted, each county or city officer, department, board, or commission, and each governmental body, commission, or board within the jurisdiction of the city or county is required to submit a list of proposed public works for the ensuing fiscal year to a designated official agency. The agency receiving the list of proposed public works is required to prepare a coordinated program of proposed public works for the ensuing fiscal year. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 510](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local government records: destruction of records. Current law authorizes the head of a department of a county or city, or the head of a special district to destroy recordings of telephone and radio communications maintained by that county, city, or special district after 100 days if that person receives approval from the legislative body and the written consent of the agency attorney. This bill would exempt the head of a department of a county or city, or the head of a special district from these recording retention requirements if the county, city, or special district adopts a records retention policy governing recordings of routine video monitoring and recordings of telephone and radio communications.

[AB 964](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

County jails: visitation. Current law prohibits a local detention facility, as defined, that offered in person visitation as of January 1, 2017, from converting to video visitation only. Current law prohibits a local detention facility from charging for onsite visitation, whether such visitation is in person or via video. This bill would require all local detention facilities to offer in-person visitation. The bill would give any facility that does not offer in-person visitation until January 1, 2025, to comply with this requirement.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

[AB 1185](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Officer oversight: sheriff oversight board. Would authorize a county to establish a sheriff oversight board, either by action of the board of supervisors or through a vote of county residents. The bill would authorize a sheriff oversight board to issue a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum when deemed necessary to investigate a matter within the jurisdiction of the board. The bill would authorize a county to establish an office of the inspector general to assist the board with its supervisory duties, as provided.

[AB 1253](#)

[Rivas, Robert D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Local agency formation commissions: grant program. This bill would require the Strategic Growth Council, until July 31, 2025, to establish and administer a local agency formation commissions grant program for the payment of costs associated with initiating and completing the dissolution of districts listed as inactive, the payment of costs associated with a study of the services provided within a county by a public agency to a disadvantaged community, as defined, and for other specified purposes, including the initiation of an action, as defined, that is limited to service

providers serving a disadvantaged community and is based on determinations found in the study, as approved by the commission. The bill would specify application submission, reimbursement, and reporting requirements for a local agency formation commission to receive grants pursuant to the bill. The bill would require the council, after consulting with the California Association of Local Agency Formation Commissions, to develop and adopt guidelines, timelines, and application and reporting criteria for development and implementation of the program, as specified, and would exempt these guidelines, timelines, and criteria from the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. The bill would make the grant program subject to an appropriation for the program in the annual Budget Act, and would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2026. This bill contains other existing laws.

[AB 1471](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State-mandated local costs: preventable loss revenue. Under the California Constitution, whenever the Legislature or a state agency mandates a new program or higher level of service on any local agency the state is required to provide a subvention of funds to reimburse the local agency, with specified exceptions, including if, among other things, a statute or executive order imposes duties that are necessary to implement, or are expressly included in, a ballot measure approved by the voters in a statewide or local election. Current law establishes a procedure for local agencies to file a test claim for reimbursement of these costs with the Commission on State Mandates. This bill would provide that reimbursement to an underprivileged or disadvantaged local agency for preventable lost revenue sustained as a result of the delayed implementation of a state action shall be provided pursuant to the same procedures described above.

[AB 1582](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Joint powers authorities. Current law authorizes 2 or more public agencies, by agreement, to form a joint powers authority to exercise any power common to the contracting parties, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[AB 1640](#)

[Boerner Horvath D \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local government finance: budget reserves. Would require a local government by September 1, 2020, and annually thereafter, to submit a written report to the State Controller's office on how it plans to spend any of its budget reserves, as defined, on specified priorities over a 5-year fiscal period, including, among others, mental and behavioral health services and affordable housing. The bill would provide this reporting requirement only applies to a local government if the local government's budget reserve in the immediately preceding fiscal year was in excess of 30 percent of the total expenditures of the local government in that fiscal year.

[AB 1675](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local government: counties: board of supervisors. Current law requires each county to have a board of supervisors consisting of 5 members and requires that no more than 3 members be elected at the same general election. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1844](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.

Paid sick leave: behavioral health conditions. Current law requires employers to provide their employees paid sick leave that is accrued at a specified rate. Current law authorizes an employee to request a paid sick day for prescribed purposes, including diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition of, or preventive care for,

an employee or an employee's family member. This bill would expand the prescribed purposes to also include diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing behavioral health condition of, or preventive care for, an employee or an employee's family member.

[AB 1850](#)

[Gonzalez D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Employee classification. Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would further clarify the application of the California Supreme Court's decision in Dynamex and recently-enacted requirements under the Labor Code.

[AB 1928](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Employment standards: independent contractors and employees. Current law establishes that, for purposes of the Labor Code, the Unemployment Insurance Code, and the wage orders of the Industrial Welfare Commission, a person providing labor or services for remuneration is considered an employee rather than an independent contractor unless the hiring entity demonstrates that the person is free from the control and direction of the hiring entity in connection with the performance of the work, the person performs work that is outside the usual course of the hiring entity's business, and the person is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, or business. This test is commonly known as the "ABC" test. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner with the enforcement of labor laws, including worker classification. Current law exempts specified occupations and business relationships from the application of Dynamex and these provisions. Current law instead provides that these exempt relationships are governed by the test adopted in *S. G. Borello & Sons, Inc. v. Department of Industrial Relations* (1989) 48 Cal.3d (Borello). This bill would repeal those existing provisions and instead require a determination of whether a person is an employee or an independent contractor to be based on the specific multifactor test set forth in Borello, including whether the person to whom service is rendered has the right to control the manner and means of accomplishing the result desired, and other identified factors. The bill would make related, conforming changes.

[ACA 1](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval. The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

[SB 135](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Paid family leave. Current law prohibits an employer with 50 or more employees in a 75-mile radius to refuse to grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee worked 1,250 hours in the prior 12 months. Current law includes within "family care and medical leave" the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child and the serious health condition of the employee's child, parent, or spouse. This bill would expand the scope of those provisions to instead prohibit an employer with 5 or more employees to refuse to grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee had 180 days of service with the employer.

[SB 182](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local government: planning and zoning: wildfires. Current law requires the planning agency to review and, if necessary, revise the safety element upon each revision of the housing element or local hazard mitigation plan, but not less than once every 8 years to identify new information relating to flood and fire hazards and climate adaptation and resiliency strategies applicable to the city or county that was not available during the previous revision of the safety element. Current law requires that the Office of Planning and Research, among other things, coordinate with appropriate entities, including state, regional, or local agencies, to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities, as provided. This bill would require the safety element, upon the next revision of the housing element or the hazard mitigation plan, on or after January 1, 2020, whichever occurs first, to be reviewed and updated as necessary to include a comprehensive retrofit strategy to reduce the risk of property loss and damage during wildfires, as specified, and would require the planning agency to submit the adopted strategy to the Office of Planning and Research for inclusion into the above-described clearinghouse.

[SB 241](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Personal Income Tax: California Voluntary Contribution Program. Current law contains administrative provisions generally applicable to a new or extended voluntary tax contribution. Current law provides for various voluntary contribution funds to be listed on the personal income tax return, including the California Firefighters' Memorial Fund and the California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund, which are both repealed on January 1, 2021, except as otherwise provided. This bill would remove the repeal dates for the California Firefighters' Memorial Fund and the California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund, thereby allowing those voluntary contribution funds to be listed on the personal income tax return indefinitely.

[SB 654](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Local government: planning. Current law, the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000, makes certain findings and declarations relating to local government organizations, including, among other things, the encouragement of orderly growth and development, and the logical formation and modification of the boundaries of local agencies, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these findings and declarations.

[SB 783](#)

Committee on Labor, Public Employment and Retirement

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

County Employees Retirement Law of 1937. The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) authorizes counties to establish retirement systems pursuant to its provisions for the purpose of providing pension and death benefits to county and district employees. This bill would correct several erroneous and obsolete cross-references within CERL.

[SB 799](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

Local agency services: contracts: Counties of Napa and San Bernardino. The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 establishes a pilot program under which the commissions in the Counties of Napa and San Bernardino, upon making specified determinations at a noticed public hearing, may authorize a city or district to provide new or extended services outside its jurisdictional boundary and outside its sphere of influence to support existing or planned uses involving public or private properties, as provided. Current law repeals this pilot program as of January 1, 2021. This bill would delete the January 1, 2021, repeal date with regard to the pilot program, thereby continuing its operation indefinitely.

Location: SENATE E.Q.

Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020. Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$3,920,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program. The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the November 3, 2020, statewide general election. The bill would provide that its provisions are severable.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Low-Carbon Fuel Standard regulations. Would require the State Air Resources Board to amend the Low-Carbon Fuel Standard regulations to consider the attainment of standards under the federal Clean Air Act, consider specified climate goals, complement existing oxides of nitrogen reductions programs to ensure value-added support to meet 2023 and 2031 federal nonattainment deadlines, and apply performance-based metrics.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program: used heavy-duty truck exchange. Current law establishes the Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program, which is administered by the State Air Resources Board. The program authorizes the state board to provide grants to offset the incremental cost of eligible projects that reduce emissions from covered vehicular sources. The program also authorizes funding for a fueling infrastructure demonstration program and for technology development efforts that are expected to result in commercially available technologies in the near-term that would improve the ability of the program to achieve its goals. This bill, until January 1, 2023, would add as an eligible project under the program a used heavy-duty truck exchange, as specified.

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Low-Carbon Innovation Grant Program: Low-Carbon Innovation Panel. Would establish the Low-Carbon Innovation Panel in the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development with a specified membership. The bill would establish the Low-Carbon Innovation Grant Program, to be administered by the panel, to award grants to help researchers, entrepreneurs, and companies create and commercialize new low-carbon technologies that will help the state meet its greenhouse gas emissions reductions targets, as specified. The bill would authorize moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be available, upon appropriation, for allocation by the panel for the purposes of the program.

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Veterinary medicine. The Veterinary Medicine Practice Act, provides for the licensure and registration of veterinarians and the regulation of the practice of veterinary medicine by the Veterinary Medical Board in the Department of Consumer Affairs. Under the act, prescribed actions constitute the practice of veterinary medicine.

The act makes a violation of its provisions a crime. This bill would include in the actions that constitute the practice of veterinary medicine the collection of blood from a dog for the purpose of transferring or selling that blood, or blood products derived from the blood, to a licensed veterinarian for use at a registered premise.

Behavioral Health

[AB 8](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Pupil health: mental health professionals. Would require, on or before December 31, 2024, a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school to have at least one mental health professional, as defined, for every 600 pupils generally accessible to pupils on campus during school hours. The bill would require, on or before December 31, 2024, a school of a school district or county office of education and a charter school with fewer than 600 pupils to have at least one mental health professional generally accessible to pupils on campus during school hours, to employ at least one mental health professional to serve multiple schools, or to enter into a memorandum of understanding with a county agency or community-

[AB 43](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental health. Current law authorizes the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) to be amended by a 2/3 vote of each house of the Legislature if the amendments are consistent with, and further the intent of, the act. Current law authorizes the Legislature to add provisions to the act to clarify procedures and terms of the act by majority vote. This bill would clarify that the planning process for innovative programs is to be completed in collaboration with stakeholders and is to comply with open meetings laws.

[AB 306](#)

[Ramos D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Mental Health Services Fund. Current law, the Mental Health Services Act, an initiative measure enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, funds a system of county mental health plans for the provision of mental health services, as specified. The act establishes the Mental Health Services Fund, which is continuously appropriated to, and administered by, the State Department of Health Care Services to fund specified county mental health programs. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[AB 385](#)

[Calderon D \(Dist. 57\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment mental health services: performance outcomes system: platform. Existing law requires the State Department of Health Care Services, in collaboration with the California Health and Human Services Agency and in consultation with the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, to create a plan for a performance outcomes system for EPSDT mental health services, as specified. This bill would require the department to develop a platform, update an existing platform, or integrate with an existing platform, capable of automating the collection of data from a functional assessment tool that is established pursuant to the department's performance outcomes system plan.

[AB 389](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Substance use disorder treatment: peer navigators. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to either establish a pilot program or expand an existing pilot program for purposes of measuring the efficacy and cost avoidance of utilizing trained substance use disorder peer navigators and behavioral health peer navigators in the emergency department of an acute care hospital, as described, if Funds for this purpose are

appropriated in the annual Budget Act. The bill would provide that an acute care hospital may be eligible to receive funding under the pilot program to fund peer navigator positions.

[AB 563](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental health: funding. Would appropriate \$16,000,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Health Care Services to distribute to the North Orange County Public Safety Task Force for the development of a 2-year pilot program. The bill would require 1/2 of the moneys to be distributed on January 1, 2020, and 1/2 to be distributed on January 1, 2021, and would require the moneys to be used to provide a range of programs, services, and activities designed to assist individuals and families experiencing mental health crises. The bill would require the task force to submit a report to the Legislature by July 1, 2021, and again by July 1, 2022, documenting the findings and outcomes of the pilot program.

[AB 682](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health facilities: residential mental health or substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Public Health, in consultation with specified entities, to develop and submit a proposal to solicit a grant under the federal 21st Century Cures Act to develop a real-time, Internet-based database to collect, aggregate, and display information about the availability of beds in inpatient psychiatric facilities, crisis stabilization units, residential community mental health facilities, and licensed residential alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities for treatment purposes.

[AB 1058](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: specialty mental health services and substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to engage, commencing no later than January 15, 2020, in a stakeholder process to develop recommendations for addressing legal and administrative barriers to the delivery of integrated behavioral health services for Medi-Cal beneficiaries with cooccurring substance use disorders and mental health conditions who access services through the Drug Medi-Cal Treatment Program, the Drug Medi-Cal organized delivery system, and the Medi-Cal Specialty Mental Health Services Program.

[AB 1126](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission. Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, by January 1, 2021, to establish technical assistance centers and one or more clearinghouses to support counties in addressing mental health issues of statewide concern, with a focus on school mental health and reducing unemployment and criminal justice involvement due to untreated mental health issues.

[AB 1275](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Mental health services: county pilot program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a 3-year pilot project to include the County of Los Angeles and up to 9 additional counties in which each participating county would be required to establish an outreach team, comprised of county employees, to provide outreach services to individuals with a history of mental illness or substance use disorders who are unable to provide for urgently needed medical care and who are homeless or at risk of experiencing homelessness.

[AB 1295](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Temporary housing and supportive services program. Would require the California Health and Human Services Agency, in consultation with specified stakeholders, to, upon the closure of the Fairview Developmental Center, operate at the site of the former Fairview Developmental Center a temporary housing program for individuals with severe mental illness who are experiencing homelessness. The bill would require the program to accommodate up to 200 individuals and provide program participants with access to housing and onsite services, as specified.

[AB 1443](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental health: technical assistance centers. Would require, subject to available funding, the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission to establish one or more technical assistance centers to support counties in addressing mental health issues, as determined by the commission, that are of statewide concern and establish, with stakeholder input, which mental health issues are of statewide concern. The bill would require costs incurred as a result of complying with those provisions to be paid using funds allocated to the commission from the Mental Health Services Fund. The bill would state the finding and declaration of the Legislature that this change is consistent with and furthers the intent of the act.

[AB 1474](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Community mental health services: vocational rehabilitation systems. Current law sets forth the principles that should guide the development of community vocational rehabilitation systems, including that staffing patterns at all levels should reflect the cultural, linguistic, ethnic, racial, disability, sexual, and other social characteristics of the community the program serves. This bill would revise the principles regarding staffing patterns to also state that they should reflect the age and other demographic or social characteristics of the community the program serves.

[AB 1546](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Pupil health: mental health. Would authorize a county mental health plan to contract with a local educational agency (LEA) to provide EPSDT services, including mental health assessments, and mental health, social work, and counseling services, to Medi-Cal eligible pupils. The bill would require the department to permit an LEA to make claims for federal financial participation directly to the department for EPSDT services, to examine methodologies for increasing LEA participation in the Medi-Cal program, and to seek federal approval to implement these provisions.

[AB 1547](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Special education funding: mental health services. Would express the intent of the Legislature to later enact legislation that would increase the flexibility of the use of funds appropriated in the Budget Act of 2011 for providing educationally related mental health services, including out-of-home residential services for emotionally disturbed pupils, required by an individualized education program.

[AB 1550](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Crisis stabilization units: psychiatric patients. Would authorize a certified crisis stabilization unit designated by a mental health plan, at the discretion of the mental health plan, to provide medically necessary crisis stabilization services to individuals beyond the service time of 24 hours, but not for more than 48 hours, when the individual needs inpatient psychiatric care or outpatient care and inpatient psychiatric beds or outpatient services are not reasonably available. The bill would require a person who is placed under, or who is already under, a 72-hour

involuntary hold because the person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to themselves or others, or is gravely disabled, to be credited for the time detained at a certified crisis stabilization unit. The bill would require the department to amend its contract with a mental health plan to include a provision authorizing the provision of crisis stabilization services for more than 24 hours if the mental health plan elects to provide crisis stabilization services under these provisions.

[AB 1572](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental health services: gravely disabled. Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled.” This bill would change the definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[AB 1601](#)

[Ramos D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Office of Emergency Services: behavioral health response. Would establish a behavioral health deputy director within the Office of Emergency Services to ensure individuals have access to necessary mental and behavioral health services and supports in the aftermath of a natural disaster or declaration of a state of emergency and would require the deputy director to collaborate with the Director of Health Care Services to coordinate the delivery of trauma-related support to individuals affected by a natural disaster or state of emergency.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1615](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Mental health: anti-immigration activities and rhetoric. Current law governs the operation and financing of community mental health services for the mentally disordered in every county through locally administered and locally controlled community mental health programs. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to mitigate the impact of anti-immigration activities and rhetoric on the mental health and well-being of children in immigrant families in California by, among other things, investing in community-based treatment modalities.

[AB 1676](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health care: mental health. Would require health care service plans and health insurers, by January 1, 2021, to establish a telehealth consultation program that provides providers who treat children and pregnant and postpartum persons with access to a psychiatrist, as specified, in order to more quickly diagnose and treat children and pregnant and postpartum persons suffering from mental illness.

[AB 1739](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Pupil health: mental health. Current law requires the governing board of a school district to give diligent care to the health and physical development of pupils and authorizes the governing board of a school district to employ properly certified persons for this purpose. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would promote mental health and the prevention of mental illness for California’s pupils.

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental health: involuntary commitment. Under current law, if a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services as a facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. Current law prohibits specified mental health personnel from taking certain actions that interfere with a peace officer seeking to transport, or having transported, a person detained for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Veterans: mental health. Current law establishes the Department of Veterans Affairs. The department, among other services, provides veterans and their dependents and survivors with assistance in processing service-related disability claims, assistance in obtaining affordable housing, and information about health ailments associated with military service. This bill would require the department to study suicide among women veterans and submit a report summarizing their findings and recommendations to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2022.

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental Health Services Act: inpatient treatment funding. Would specify, to the extent MHSA funds are otherwise available for use pursuant to the Mental Health Services Act, those funds may be used to provide inpatient treatment, including involuntary treatment of a patient who is a danger to self or others or gravely disabled, in specified settings, including an acute psychiatric hospital, an institution for mental disease, and a mental health rehabilitation center, as defined. The bill would state that this change is declaratory of existing law.

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental health services: involuntary detention. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reform the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, including expanding the definition of “gravely disabled” to add a condition in which a person is unable to provide for their own medical treatment as a result of a mental health disorder, and emphasizing the necessity to create policies that prioritize living safely in communities.

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Health care coverage: mental health parity. Would require the Department of Managed Health Care and the Department of Insurance annually to report to the Legislature the information obtained through activities taken to enforce state and federal mental health parity laws.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Mental health services: youth. The Mental Health Services Act an initiative statute enacted by the voters as Proposition 63 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, also funds a system of county mental health plans for the provision of mental health services, as specified. Current law provides for the operation and administration of various mental health programs by the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission This bill would require the commission, subject to an appropriation, to administer an Integrated Youth Mental Health Program for purposes of establishing local centers to provide integrated youth mental health services,

as specified.

[SB 331](#)

[Hurtado D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Suicide prevention: strategic plans. The California Suicide Prevention Act of 2000 authorizes the State Department of Health Care Services to establish and implement a suicide prevention, education, and gatekeeper training program to reduce the severity, duration, and incidence of suicidal behaviors. This bill would require counties to create and implement, and update every 3 years, a suicide-prevention strategic plan that places particular emphasis on preventing suicide in children who are less than 19 years of age and includes specified components, including long-term suicide-prevention goals and the selection or development of interventions to be used to prevent suicide.

[SB 539](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental Health Services Act: workforce education and training funds. Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by requiring the Controller, in any fiscal year in which the Department of Finance estimates that the revenues to be deposited into the Mental Health Services Fund for the fiscal year will exceed the base amount of \$1,900,000,000, to, no later than the last day of each month and before any transfer or expenditure from the fund for any other purpose for the following month, reserve in the fund an amount that is equal to 15% of 1/12 of the estimated amount of increased revenue for the fiscal year, except as specified.

[SB 582](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Youth mental health and substance use disorder services. Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, when making grant funds available on and after July 1, 2021, to allocate at least 1/2 of those funds to youth services, as specified, if moneys are appropriated for this purpose. The bill would require this funding to be made available to support prevention, early intervention, and direct services, as determined by the commission. The bill would require the commission, in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, to consider specified criteria when determining grant recipients. The bill would authorize the commission to allocate the funds towards other purposes if there is an inadequate number of qualified applicants, as specified. The bill would require the commission to provide a status report to the fiscal and policy committees of the Legislature, as specified, no later than March 1, 2022.

[SB 590](#)

[Stone R \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Mental health evaluations: gravely disabled due to impairment by chronic alcoholism. The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, authorizes an individual to apply to the person or agency designated by a county for a petition alleging that there is in the county a person who is, as a result of mental disorder a danger to others, or to self, or is gravely disabled, and requesting that an evaluation of the person's condition be made to determine whether the person will agree voluntarily to receive crisis intervention services or an evaluation. Current law defines "gravely disabled" for this purpose as a person who, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person's basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter or who has been found mentally incompetent, as specified. This bill would include in that definition of "gravely disabled," for purposes of the petitions for evaluation made under the act, a person who, as a result of impairment by chronic alcoholism, is unable to provide for the person's basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter.

[SB 604](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental Health Services Act: centers of excellence. Would require the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission, by January 1, 2021, to establish one or more centers of excellence to provide counties with technical assistance to implement best practices related to elements of the act. The bill would require those centers of excellence to be funded with state administrative funds provided under the act. In implementing these provisions, the bill would require the commission to determine the areas of focus for the centers of excellence, including, but not limited to, the areas of service delivery that need improvement.

[SB 640](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Mental health services: gravely disabled persons. The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Existing law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person’s basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would authorize a county to instead use a definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes that would read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of the person’s essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[SB 665](#)

[Umberg D \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Mental Health Services Fund: county jails. Current law prohibits Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) funds from being used to pay for persons incarcerated in state prison or parolees from state prisons. The 2011 Realignment Legislation addressing public safety and related statutes, requires that certain specified felonies be punished by a term of imprisonment in a county jail, rather than the state prison, and provides for mandatory supervision, a period of suspended execution of a concluding portion of the sentence that is supervised by the county probation officer. This bill would, until January 1, 2023, authorize a county to use MHSA funds, if that use is included in the county plan, to provide services to persons who are incarcerated in a county jail or subject to mandatory supervision, except persons who are incarcerated in a county jail for a conviction of a felony unless for purposes of facilitating discharge.

Cannabis

[AB 286](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Taxation: cannabis. The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act imposes duties on the Bureau of Cannabis Control in the Department of Consumer Affairs, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health with respect to the creation, issuance, denial, suspension and revocation of commercial cannabis licenses, and imposes an excise tax commencing January 1, 2018, on the purchase of cannabis and cannabis products at the rate of 15% of the average market price of any retail sale by a cannabis retailer. Commencing January 1, 2018, AUMA also imposes a cultivation tax upon all cultivators on all harvested cannabis that enters the commercial market, at specified rates per dry-weight ounce of cannabis flowers and leaves. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2022, at which time the excise tax rate would revert back to 15%.

[AB 545](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Cannabis: Bureau of Cannabis Control. The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), among other things, consolidates the licensure and regulation of commercial medicinal and adult-use cannabis activities. MAUCRSA generally divides responsibility for the state licensure and regulation of commercial cannabis activity among the Bureau of Cannabis Control in the Department of Consumer Affairs, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health. This bill would require the powers and duties of the bureau to be subject to review by the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature and would require the review to be performed as if MAUCRSA were scheduled to be repealed as of January 1, 2023.

[AB 1288](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: track and trace. MAUCRSA requires the Department of Food and Agriculture, in consultation with the Bureau of Cannabis Control, to establish a track and trace program for reporting the movement of cannabis and cannabis products throughout the distribution chain. Current law requires the track and trace program to capture, at a minimum, information on the licensee receiving the product, the transaction date, and the cultivator from which the product originates. Current law requires the track and trace program to include an electronic seed to sale software tracking system with data points for the different stages of commercial activity, including, but not limited to, cultivation, harvest, processing, distribution, inventory, and sale. This bill would require the information recorded by the track and trace program to additionally include the date of retail sale to a customer, whether the sale is on the retail premises or by delivery, and the delivery inventory ledger.

[AB 1356](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Cannabis: local jurisdictions: retail commercial cannabis activity. Would, if more than 50% of the electorate of a local jurisdiction voted in favor of AUMA, require a local jurisdiction to issue a minimum number of local licenses authorizing specified retail cannabis commercial activity within that jurisdiction that would be permitted by a retailer license issued under MAUCRSA.

[AB 1417](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis advertisement and marketing. MAUCRSA requires all cannabis advertisements and marketing to accurately and legibly identify the licensee responsible for that content by adding, at a minimum, the licensee's license number. This bill would impose a civil penalty on any licensee that violates that requirement, not to exceed \$2,500 per day for each violation.

[AB 1420](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: licensing fees. Under current administrative law, the cannabis licensing authorities have adopted regulations setting application fees and annual license fees that vary depending on license category as well as the size of the business for certain annual license fees. This bill would remove the requirement that the licensing authorities charge a renewal fee, and would prohibit licensing authorities from setting application and license fees that exceed certain specified amounts that are consistent with regulations adopted as of May 17, 2019.

[AB 1470](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Cannabis testing. MAUCRSA prohibits cannabis and cannabis products from being sold unless a representative sample has been tested by a licensed testing laboratory in the final form in which the cannabis or cannabis product will be consumed or used. This bill would specify that for this purpose "final form" means the unpackaged product

as it will be consumed and would specify that the cannabis or cannabis product does not have to be delivered to the licensed testing laboratory in the final retail packaging or, if applicable, within its vaporizer device to be considered in its final form.

[AB 1525](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Cannabis: financial institutions. Would provide that an entity, as defined, that receives deposits, extends credit, conducts fund transfers, transports cash or financial instruments on behalf of a financial institution, or provides other financial services, including public accounting, as provided, for a person licensed to engage in commercial cannabis activity does not commit a crime under any California law solely by virtue of receiving deposits, extending credit, conducting fund transfers, transporting cash or other financial instruments, or providing other financial services for the person. The bill would authorize a person licensed to engage in commercial cannabis activity to request, in writing, that a licensing authority or the California Cannabis Authority share the person's application, license, and other regulatory and financial information, as specified, with a financial institution of the person's designation and would require the request to include a waiver authorizing the transfer of that information and waiving any confidentiality or privilege that applies to that information.

[AB 1530](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY B.&P.

Unauthorized cannabis activity reduction grants: local jurisdiction restrictions on cannabis delivery. Would require the Board of State and Community Corrections to create and administer a program of grants to be made on a competitive basis to cities, counties, and joint powers authorities to establish or expand an enforcement program against unauthorized cannabis activity, as defined, and provide consumer education about the difference between licensed or legal cannabis activity and unlicensed or illegal cannabis activity.

[AB 1678](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Indoor-Grown Cannabis Commission. Would create the Indoor-Grown Cannabis Commission in state government with a prescribed membership, and would specify the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the commission's board of directors. The bill would authorize the commission to, among other things, conduct research for specified purposes, assess and address the impact of local and state regulations on the cannabis and indoor-grown cannabis industries, and collect and disseminate market price information to prevent unfair trade practices.

[AB 1710](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

Cannabis. Would amend AUMA by authorizing the Elk Valley Rancheria, California, a federally recognized Indian tribe, and the County of Del Norte to enter into an agreement, as defined, regarding local authorization for, and tribal regulation of, commercial cannabis activity. The bill would provide that the agreement would satisfy the requirements of MAUCRSA regarding the approval of a local jurisdiction for state license purposes and would require that the licensee or applicant be subject to all of the requirements of MAUCRSA for the applicable license type.

[AB 1833](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY B.&P.

Cannabis: Good Cannabis Manufacturing Practice Certification. Current law establishes the State Department of Public Health as the licensing authority for cannabis manufacturers and requires the department, among other things, to promulgate regulations governing the licensing of cannabis manufacturers and standards for manufacturing, packaging, and labeling of all manufactured cannabis products. Current law also establishes testing

requirements for batches of cannabis to be sold at retail. This bill, on or before January 1, 2022, would amend AUMA to require the department to establish a Good Cannabis Manufacturing Practice Certification, as specified, which could be obtained by specified manufacturers to test representative samples of batches of cannabis products instead of requiring testing of each batch. The bill would provide for doubled fines for a certificate holder who distributes contaminated cannabis products and would require the department to inspect certificate holders at least twice each year to verify compliance with the certificate program terms.

[AB 1948](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Taxation: cannabis. AUMA requires the Legislative Analyst's Office to submit a report to the Legislature by January 1, 2020, with recommendations for adjustments to the tax rate to achieve the goals of undercutting illicit market prices and discouraging use by persons younger than 21 years of age while ensuring sufficient revenues are generated for specified programs. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend its provisions with a 2/3 vote of both houses to further its purposes and intent. This bill would reduce that excise tax rate to 11% on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2023, at which time the excise tax rate would revert back to 15%. The bill would suspend the imposition of the cultivation tax on and after the operative date of this bill until July 1, 2023. The bill would require the bureau, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to provide the Legislature with reports measuring the success of this bill, as specified.

[SB 51](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Financial institutions: cannabis. Would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Banking and Credit Union Law, to be administered by the Commissioner of Business Oversight and the Department of Business Oversight. The bill would create the Cannabis Limited Charter Bank and Credit Union Advisory Board and specify its composition, to include the Treasurer, the Controller, and the Chief of the Bureau of Cannabis Control, and commit to it the general responsibility for ensuring that this law functions in a safe and efficient way. The bill would prescribe the powers and duties of the board, including reviewing department enforcement reports, holding meetings that would be open to public comment, and issuing its own recommendations, which would be submitted to the Legislature and the Governor. The board would also be required to provide guidance on specified investment activities.

This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 67](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY B.&P.

Cannabis: temporary licenses. MAUCRSA, until January 1, 2020, authorizes a licensing authority to issue a provisional license to an applicant that holds, or held, a temporary license for the same premises and the same commercial cannabis activity, if specified conditions are met. Current law required the provisional license to be valid for 12 months and prohibits the provisional license from being renewed. This bill would, until September 15, 2019, revalidate an expired temporary license issued by the Department of Food and Agriculture, if the licensee submitted an application for an annual state license and application fees for the same premises and commercial cannabis activity for which the temporary license was issued, before the licensee's temporary license expiration date.

[SB 658](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: licensing: cannabis retail business emblem: track and trace. Would, by December 31, 2019, require the Bureau of Cannabis Control to establish a cannabis retail business emblem and would require, beginning on January 1, 2020, the bureau to issue an emblem to each retail licensee, microbusiness licensee, and nonprofit

licensee, including provisional licensees, as provided, upon issuance of the license. The bill would, among other things, require a licensee issued an emblem to post the emblem in a specified location that is clearly visible to the general public and to patrons entering the facility and would require specified employees to carry the emblem when delivering cannabis or cannabis products.

CEQA

[AB 490](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: affordable housing development projects: administrative and judicial streamlining. Would establish specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for projects that meet certain requirements, including, among others, the requirement that the projects are affordable housing developments. Because a public agency would be required to comply with those new procedures, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 586](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: special housing projects. CEQA exempts certain housing projects from its requirements if the project meets certain criteria, including that the project site is not located within the boundaries of a state conservancy. This bill would delete that specific criteria.

[AB 1149](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: record of proceedings. CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. In an action or proceeding alleging the lead agency violated the act, the act requires the lead agency to prepare and certify the record of proceedings and requires the parties to pay any reasonable costs or fees imposed for the preparation of the record of proceedings, as specified.

[AB 1673](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: judicial challenge: litigation transparency: identification of contributors. Would require a plaintiff or petitioner, in an action or proceeding brought pursuant to the act, to disclose the identity of any person or entity that contributes \$1,000 or more, as specified, toward the plaintiff's or petitioner's costs of the action or proceeding. The bill also would require the plaintiff or petitioner to identify any pecuniary or business interest related to the project or issues involved in the action or proceeding of those persons or entities. The bill would authorize a court to withhold publicly those disclosures if the court finds that the public interest in keeping that information confidential clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure.

[SB 25](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: projects funded by qualified opportunity zone funds or other public funds. CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would, until January 1, 2025, establish specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for projects that are funded, in whole or in part, by specified public funds or public agencies and that meet certain requirements.

[SB 198](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

California Environmental Quality Act: historical resources. CEQA provides that a project may have a significant effect on the environment if the project may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in the provision relating to historical resources.

[SB 621](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: expedited judicial review: affordable housing projects:

reports. Would require the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2020, to adopt a rule of court applicable to an action or proceeding brought to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the certification of an environmental impact report for an affordable housing project, as defined, or the granting of an approval of an affordable housing project that requires the action or proceeding, including any potential appeals therefrom, to be resolved, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceeding with the court. The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to an affordable housing project if it is in certain locations.

Disaster Preparedness

[AB 235](#)

[Mayes I \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Electrical corporations: wildfire victim recovery bonds. Would, under specific circumstances, authorize the Public Utilities Commission, upon application by an electrical corporation, to issue financing orders to support the issuance of wildfire victim recovery bonds by an electrical corporation or other financing entity to finance wildfire recovery costs, as provided. The bill would authorize the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank to act as a financing entity for these purposes, for wildfire victim recovery bonds totaling not more than \$20,000,000,000 at any one time. This bill contains other related provisions.

[AB 291](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund. Would establish a Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund to support staffing, planning, and other emergency mitigation priorities to help local governments meet emergency management, preparedness, readiness, and resilience goals. The bill would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, require the Controller to transfer \$500,000,000 to the fund. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish the Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund Committee under the Standardized Emergency Management System Advisory Board.

[AB 486](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Disaster preparedness: local government: animal wildfire evacuation plan. Would require a city or county that requires a kennel license or permit to operate a kennel within its jurisdiction, to require, as a condition for obtaining the kennel license or permit, that the kennel owner create and submit to the city or county an animal natural disaster evacuation plan for any kennel covered by the license or permit. By imposing a new duty on local government, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 868](#)

[Bigelow R \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation plans. Would require each electrical corporation that deenergizes portions of the distribution grid as a wildfire mitigation measure to adopt protocols for when deenergization will be undertaken and for providing notice and other steps to be taken to minimize any adverse effects from deenergization, as specified. The bill would require that the electrical corporation, in developing the protocols,

consult with persons and institutions that are reasonably likely to be affected by a deenergization, including local schools, water suppliers, wastewater agencies, disability rights advocates, consumer groups, fire departments, law enforcement agencies, local government officials, local elected officials, hospitals, and communications providers.

[SB 45](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020. Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,189,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

[SB 133](#)

[Galgiani D \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Wildfires: detection. Current law establishes various programs for the prevention, detection, and mitigation of wildfires. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to create and fund a program for installing remote infrared cameras that can help in detecting wildfires.

[SB 801](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE E. U., & C.

Electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation plans: deenergization: public safety protocol. Would require an electrical corporation to deploy backup electrical resources or provide financial assistance for backup electrical resources to a customer receiving a medical baseline allowance if the customer meets those conditions.

Early Childhood Education

[AB 6](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Early childhood education: interagency coordination and quality improvement. Would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, on or before January 1, 2021, to establish an interagency workgroup composed of representatives from certain state entities within the California Health and Human Services Agency. The bill would require the interagency workgroup to identify administrative changes for implementation by the participating state entities to improve the coordination of services provided to children in early learning and care programs. The bill would require the interagency workgroup to report on its work to the Governor, Superintendent, and relevant budget and policy committees of the Legislature at least annually. The bill would require the Superintendent, on or before January 15, 2021, to establish a quality improvement workgroup composed of stakeholders from the early learning and care community and other early learning and care experts.

[AB 15](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Student financial aid: Children's Savings Account Program. Would establish the Children's Savings Account Program, under the administration of the Scholarshare Investment Board, for the purposes of expanding access to higher education through savings. The program would establish the Children's Savings Account Program Fund in the State Treasury to serve as the initial repository of all moneys received from state and private sources for the program, and would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund to the board for the program.

[AB 123](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Early childhood education: state preschool program: access: standards. Would, commencing with the 2020–

21 fiscal year, and notwithstanding any other law, authorize a provider operating a state preschool program within the attendance boundary of a public school, except as provided, where at least 70% of enrolled pupils are eligible for free or reduced-price meals, to enroll 4-year-old children meeting specified priorities. The bill would authorize any remaining slots to be open for enrollment to any other families not otherwise eligible, as provided. The bill would prohibit a state preschool classroom from exceeding 24 children.

[AB 125](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Early childhood education: reimbursement rates. The Child Care and Development Services Act establishes a system of childcare and development services for children up to 13 years of age. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to implement a plan that establishes reasonable standards and assigned reimbursement rates, which vary with the length of the program year and the hours of service. Current law requires the reimbursement system to be submitted to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee. This bill would require the Superintendent to implement a reimbursement system plan that establishes reasonable standards and assigned reimbursement rates that would vary with additional factors, including a quality adjustment factor to address the cost of staffing ratios, as provided.

[AB 167](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Childcare and development services: infants and toddlers: state funding. Would create the California Partnership for Infants and Toddlers, and would provide that a state grant to support the partnership shall be made available and distributed, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to qualifying childcare and development programs and family childcare home education networks that serve infants and toddlers from birth to 3 years of age at a supplemental grant amount of \$4,000 annually per child.

[AB 194](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Childcare and development services. Would provide that \$1,000,000,000 shall be made available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to immediately improve access to alternative payment programs and general childcare and development programs.

[AB 236](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Special education programs: Family Empowerment Centers on Disability. Would revise and recast provisions related to Family Empowerment Centers on Disability, including requiring the State Department of Education to give priority to grant applicants in those of the 32 regions in the state that do not have a center, increasing the minimum base rate for each center awarded a grant from \$150,000 to \$237,000 commencing with the start of the fiscal year after a center has been established in each of the 32 regions, and, commencing with the 2022–23 fiscal year, providing for an annual cost-of-living adjustment of the grant amount, as specified. The bill would also increase the base amount to be made available annually to the council from \$150,000 to \$237,000.

[AB 347](#)

[Choi R \(Dist. 68\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Preschool: privately funded pilot program: tax credits. The Child Care and Development Services Act, administered by the State Department of Education, requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer childcare and development programs that offer a full range of services for eligible children from infancy to 13 years of age. Current law requires the Superintendent to administer all California state preschool programs, including, but not limited to, part-day and full-day age and developmentally appropriate programs for 3- and 4-year-old children.

This bill would, until January 1, 2025, authorize the department, as part of a pilot program, to accept monetary contributions made to the California Preschool Investment Fund, which this bill would create, by a person for purposes of preschool education, as provided.

[AB 452](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Childcare: facilities: grants. Current law requires that a local educational agency or a contracting agency using facilities purchased by the use of funds from the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund be charged a leasing fee, as provided, over a 10-year period. Current law requires title to be transferred from the State of California to the local educational agency or contracting agency upon full repayment of the purchase and relocation costs. Current law requires the Superintendent to deposit all revenue derived from the lease payments or renovation or repair loan repayments into the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund. This bill would repeal that loan program, except as provided, and would require all moneys in the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund as of December 31, 2019, to be transferred to the California Childcare Facilities Grant Fund, which would be established by this bill to fund, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, a grant program administered by the State Department of Education.

[AB 875](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Pupil health: in-school support services. The Healthy Start Support Services for Children Act establishes the Healthy Start Support Services for Children Program Council, specifies the members of the council, and provides for the duties of the council, which include assisting a local educational agency or consortium with local technical assistance, as provided. The act authorizes a local educational agency or consortium to contract with other entities, including county agencies and private nonprofit organizations or private partners, to provide services to pupils and their families. This bill would revise the list of entities that qualify for a grant and the eligibility criteria for a grant, as provided. The bill would rename the council to the Healthy Start Support Services for Children Initiative Council and would revise its membership.

[AB 1109](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Preschool: privately funded pilot program: tax credits. Would, until January 1, 2026, authorize the State Department of Education, as part of a pilot program, to accept monetary contributions made to the California Preschool Investment Fund, which this bill would create, by a person for purposes of preschool education, as provided. The bill would require the money in the fund to be used to, among other things, fund state preschools that are part of the California state preschool program located in one of the 5 counties participating in the pilot program, as provided, and to reimburse state agency administrative costs incurred in connection with the program.

[AB 1716](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Family child care home education networks. Current law requires the family child care home education network programs to include certain components, including an assessment of each family child care home provider to ensure that services are of high quality and are educationally and developmentally appropriate. Current law imposes various requirements on family child care home education network contractors, including recruiting, enrolling, and certifying eligible families. This bill would additionally require family child care home education network contractors to offer providers at least 12 hours annually of training and technical assistance in group or individual settings.

[SB 135](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Paid family leave. Current law prohibits an employer with 50 or more employees in a 75-mile radius to refuse to

grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee worked 1,250 hours in the prior 12 months. Current law includes within “family care and medical leave” the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child and the serious health condition of the employee’s child, parent, or spouse. This bill would expand the scope of those provisions to instead prohibit an employer with 5 or more employees to refuse to grant an employee a request to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for family care and medical leave if the employee had 180 days of service with the employer.

[SB 174](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Early childhood education: reimbursement rates. Current law requires the cost of childcare services to be governed by regional market rates, as provided. Current law requires the regional market rate ceilings to be established at the 75th percentile of the 2016 regional market survey for that region or the regional market rate ceiling that existed in that region on December 31, 2017, whichever is greater. Current law requires reimbursement to license-exempt childcare providers to not exceed 70% of the family childcare home rate, as provided. This bill would instead require, until January 1, 2021, the regional market rate ceilings to be established at the 75th, and thereafter, at the 85th, percentile of the 2018 regional market survey for that region or the regional market rate ceiling that existed in that region on December 31, 2017, whichever is greater.

[SB 217](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Special education: individuals with exceptional needs. Would require, for the 2019–20 school year and each school year thereafter, a school district or charter school to admit a child to a transitional kindergarten program who will have their 5th birthday after December 2 but during that same school year if the child is an individual with exceptional needs, subject to specified conditions.

[SB 614](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Teacher credentialing: reading instruction. Current law requires the Commission on Teacher Credentialing to develop, adopt, and administer a reading instruction competence assessment consisting of one or more instruments to measure an individual’s knowledge, skill, and ability relative to effective reading instruction, as provided. Current law requires the requirements for the issuance of the preliminary multiple subject teaching credential to include successful passage of one of specified components of the reading instruction competence assessment. This bill would repeal those requirements, and other requirements relating to the reading instruction competence assessment, and would provide that the reading instruction competence assessment is not required for the issuance of a teaching credential, as specified.

Economic Development

[AB 11](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Community Redevelopment Law of 2019. Current law dissolved redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012, and designates successor agencies to act as successor entities to the dissolved redevelopment agencies. This bill, the Community Redevelopment Law of 2019, would authorize a city or county, or two or more cities acting jointly, to propose the formation of an affordable housing and infrastructure agency by adoption of a resolution of intention that meets specified requirements, including that the resolution of intention include a passthrough provision and an override passthrough provision, as defined.

[AB 742](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Place-Based Economic Strategies Act. Would enact the Place-Based Economic Strategies Act, which would create the Office of Place-Based Economic Strategies, headed by the deputy director of the Office of Place-Based Economic Strategies, for the purposes of supporting place-based and other geographically targeted economic development programs, including, but not limited to, federal California Promise and California Opportunity Zones. The bill would require the office to serve as a liaison between community and economic stakeholders and the state agencies that oversee programs and offer services that are intended to finance and support business and economic development needs, as specified.

[AB 791](#)

[Gabriel D \(Dist. 45\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: qualified opportunity zone. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2025, would allow a credit against those taxes to a taxpayer that is transferred, and allocated, credits pursuant to the sale of property located in a qualified opportunity zone to a qualified developer, as defined, that has received a credit reservation from the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, in specified amounts.

[AB 1479](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Opportunity Zone Credit Enhancement Act. Would require the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank to consider providing a credit enhancement to support an economic development facility in a qualified opportunity zone and to establish procedures for the expeditious review of applications for those credit enhancements. The bill would further authorize the bank to provide credit enhancements that support financing for economic development facilities located in a qualified opportunity zone.

[AB 1577](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Microenterprise development: local partnerships. Current aw encourages every city, county, and city and county to access microenterprise development in order to create new jobs and income opportunities for individuals of low and moderate income and to include microenterprise development as a part of their development strategy. Current aw encourages California communities and the public agencies that serve them to promote local partnerships that invest in microenterprise development. Current law defines the term “microenterprise” for these purposes to mean a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that meets specified requirements, including a requirement that the entity generally lacks sufficient access to loans, equity, or other financial capital .This bill would move the provisions described above from the Business and Professions Code to the Government Code and would modify the definition of microenterprise by removing the requirement that the entity generally lacks sufficient access to loans, equity, or other financial capital.

[SB 713](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Economic development: California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law authorizes the awarding of grants for this program, and requires this program to only be implemented during fiscal years for which funds are appropriated for these purposes. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2023. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation relating to the program.

Education

[AB 216](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

School safety: Pupil and Staff Safety Pilot Program. Would establish the Pupil and Staff Safety Pilot Program to be administered through the “Scale Up MTSS Statewide” (SUMS) project, in consultation with the State Department of Education. The program would authorize local educational agencies, as defined, to apply for pilot program funds for the purpose of training staff who have contact or interaction with pupils on deescalation techniques and alternatives to physical restraint and seclusion of pupils. The bill would require a local educational agency that provides training pursuant to the pilot program to report on the training to the administrator of the SUMS project and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, as specified.

[AB 1173](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California State University: Center to Close Achievement Gaps. Would, within one year of an appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act or in another statute for this purpose, establish the Center to Close Achievement Gaps at a campus of the California State University to be chosen by the Chancellor of the California State University, or at the office of the chancellor, as specified. The bill would provide that the mission of the center is to provide resources and assistance to local educational agencies in order to eliminate gaps in academic achievement between subgroups of pupils of kindergarten and grades 1 to 12, inclusive, as identified on the California School Dashboard, through professional preparation of educators throughout the California State University system and by serving as a resource for local educational agencies on strategies to close achievement gaps.

[AB 1546](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Pupil health: mental health. Would authorize a county mental health plan to contract with a local educational agency (LEA) to provide EPSDT services, including mental health assessments, and mental health, social work, and counseling services, to Medi-Cal eligible pupils. The bill would require the department to permit an LEA to make claims for federal financial participation directly to the department for EPSDT services, to examine methodologies for increasing LEA participation in the Medi-Cal program, and to seek federal approval to implement these provisions.

[AB 1547](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Special education funding: mental health services. Would express the intent of the Legislature to later enact legislation that would increase the flexibility of the use of funds appropriated in the Budget Act of 2011 for providing educationally related mental health services, including out-of-home residential services for emotionally disturbed pupils, required by an individualized education program.

[AB 1739](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Pupil health: mental health. Current law requires the governing board of a school district to give diligent care to the health and physical development of pupils and authorizes the governing board of a school district to employ properly certified persons for this purpose. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would promote mental health and the prevention of mental illness for California's pupils.

[AB 1858](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

California Youth Empowerment Act. Would create the California Youth Empowerment Act to address, among

other issues, the growing need to engage youth directly with policymakers. The bill would establish the California Youth Empowerment Commission in state government consisting of 24 voting commissioners between 14 and 25 years of age and meeting specified requirements, with 20 members appointed by the Governor, 2 at-large members appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, and 2 at-large members appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, along with several ex officio, nonvoting members from various geographic regions of the state. The bill would establish the commission to be advisory in nature, for the main purpose of providing meaningful opportunities for civic engagement to improve the quality of life for California's disconnected and disadvantaged youth.

[AB 1937](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Homeless children and youths: reporting. Would require a local educational agency to ensure that each school within the local educational agency identifies all homeless children and youths enrolled at the school, create a housing questionnaire, as specified, for purposes of identifying homeless children and youths, and annually provide the housing questionnaire to all parents or guardians of pupils of the local educational agency. The bill would also require the local educational agency to annually report to the department the number of homeless children and youths enrolled.

[AB 1956](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

School calendar: school start date. Would prohibit school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools from beginning instruction in transitional kindergarten, kindergarten, or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, for the fall semester or quarter until after Labor Day. The bill would also prohibit a childcare and development program or a before or after school program from beginning instruction until after Labor Day. The bill would exempt programs offered on a year-round basis and the summer, intersession, or vacation periods of a before or after school program from that prohibition.

[SB 114](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Education finance: education omnibus budget trailer bill. Current law establishes the Early Learning and Care Infrastructure Grant Program under the administration of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to expand access to early learning and care opportunities for children up to 5 years of age by providing resources to build new facilities or retrofit, renovate, or expand existing facilities, as provided. Current law appropriates \$142,705,000 from the General Fund to the State Department of Education for these purposes, as provided. This bill would appropriate an additional \$102,295,000 to the department for the Early Learning and Care Infrastructure Grant Program

[SB 563](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Community colleges: College and Career Access Pathways Grant Program. Current law requires the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, on or before January 1, 2021, to prepare a summary report that includes, among other things, an evaluation of the CCAP partnerships and recommendations for program improvements on certain topics. These provisions are repealed on January 1, 2022. This bill would extend the operation of the CCAP partnership laws until January 1, 2027. The bill would require the chancellor's summary report to include recommendations for program improvements on additional specified topics.

[SB 643](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Career technical education. Current law requires the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges

to collect and maintain information related to career technical education and technical training within the California Community Colleges for inclusion within the integrated statewide information system. With respect to this integrated statewide information system, existing law specifies that its data gathering and analysis capabilities include maintaining a comprehensive inventory of all career technical education and technical training programs that are maintained by the public schools. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[SB 713](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Economic development: California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law authorizes the awarding of grants for this program, and requires this program to only be implemented during fiscal years for which funds are appropriated for these purposes. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2023. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation relating to the program.

[SB 729](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local control funding formula: school districts and charter schools. Current law requires funding pursuant to the local control funding formula to include, in addition to a base grant, supplemental and concentration grant add-ons that are based on the percentage of pupils who are English learners, foster youth, or eligible for free or reduced-price meals, as specified, served by the school district or charter school. Current law specifies the amount of the base grant in the 2013–14 fiscal year and requires that amount to be increased by a specified cost-of-living adjustment in subsequent fiscal years. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to compute the supplemental and concentration grant add-ons as certain percentages of the amount of the base grant. This bill, notwithstanding that specified cost-of-living adjustment, would require the amount of the base grant for the 2019–20 fiscal year to be increased by a 5.16% cost-of-living adjustment.h

Elections

[AB 322](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Political Reform Act of 1974: online filing and disclosure system. Would require a local government agency to post on its internet website a copy of any specified statement, report, or other document filed with that agency in paper format. This bill would require that the statement, report, or other document be made available for four years from the date of the election associated with the filing. By imposing a new duty on local government agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 564](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Mail ballot elections: vacancies: congressional or legislative offices. Current law, until January 1, 2021, authorizes a county, as a pilot program, to conduct an all-mailed ballot special election or special consolidated election to fill a vacancy in a congressional or legislative office. If a county conducts an all-mailed ballot election pursuant to this pilot program, current law requires the county to report to the Legislature and the Secretary of State regarding the success of the election, and requires the report to be posted on the internet website of the county elections official. This bill would require the report to also be posted on the internet website of the Secretary of State.

[AB 592](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Elections: fraud. Current law makes it a crime for a person to commit or aid in fraud regarding the casting of a ballot in an election. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 610](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Elections: local bond measures: tax rate statement. Current law requires local governments, when submitting for voter approval a bond measure that will be secured by an ad valorem tax, to provide the voters with a statement that includes estimates of the tax rates required to fund the measure. Tax rates are expressed as the rate per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property to be taxed to fund the bond measure. This bill would instead require that the tax rate be expressed as the rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation on all property to be taxed to fund the bond measure.

[AB 646](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Elections: voter eligibility. Current law prohibits a person who is on parole for the conviction of a felony from voting, registering to vote, or preregistering to vote. This bill would remove those prohibitions, thereby allowing a parolee to preregister, register, and vote and make other technical and conforming changes.

[AB 787](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Elections: voter registration. Would require a county or a city and county that operates a jail facility to allow organizations to conduct in-person voter registration activities, including, but not limited to, the provision of vote-by-mail applications, in each county jail facility. The bill would require a county or city and county to establish policies and criteria governing the admittance of individuals from those organizations into jail facilities, including procedures for notifying an individual of the basis for denial of admittance and the opportunity to appeal a denial of admittance.

[AB 1276](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Local redistricting. The California Constitution provides that it shall be competent in a city charter to provide for the manner in which, the method by which, the times at which, and the terms for which municipal officers and employees shall be elected or appointed. Current law establishes criteria pursuant to which charter cities adjust or adopt council district area boundaries, as applicable, for the purpose of electing members of the city council. These criteria encourage council districts to be geographically contiguous and compact, to respect the geographic integrity of communities of interest, as defined, and to have easily identifiable and understandable boundaries. Current law authorizes the city council of a charter city to establish an advisory redistricting commission to hold public redistricting hearings. This bill would provide that these criteria do not apply to a charter city that has adopted comprehensive or exclusive redistricting criteria, as defined, in its city charter. The bill would authorize the city council of a charter city to instead establish an advisory body to hold public redistricting hearings.

[AB 1704](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Elections: all-mailed ballot elections. Current law authorizes counties, on or after specified dates, to conduct any election as an all-mailed ballot election under certain conditions. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1724](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Elections: general law city and county redistricting. Would declare the intent of the Legislature to require each

general law city and county to establish an independent redistricting commission that is modeled after the Citizens Redistricting Commission. The bill would require each of those local jurisdictions to establish an independent redistricting commission for the purpose of adjusting the boundary lines of districts for the legislative body of the local jurisdiction after each federal decennial census. The bill would require the auditor of each local jurisdiction to implement an application process for members to the commission, as specified.

[AB 1843](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Elections: nomination documents: retention and preservation. Current law requires elections officials to retain all nomination documents and signatures in lieu of filing fee petitions during the term of office for which the documents are filed and for four years after the expiration of the term. Members of the public may view these documents, but are prohibited from copying or distributing documents containing signatures of voters. This bill, notwithstanding that prohibition, would authorize a candidate or the candidate's designee to view and copy nomination documents and signatures in lieu of filing fee petitions filed by the candidate or on the candidate's behalf, but would prohibit the distribution of documents that contain signatures of voters.

[ACA 4](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE E. & C.A.

Elections: voting age. The California Constitution authorizes any person who is a United States citizen, at least 18 years of age, and a resident of the state to vote. This measure, in addition, would authorize a United States citizen who is 17 years of age, is a resident of the state, and will be at least 18 years of age at the time of the next general election to vote in any intervening primary or special election that occurs before the next general election.

[ACA 6](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Elections: disqualification of electors. Would direct the Legislature to provide for the disqualification of electors who are serving a state or federal prison sentence for the conviction of a felony. This measure would also delete the requirement that the Legislature provide for the disqualification of electors while on parole for the conviction of a felony. The measure would provide for the restoration of voting rights upon completion of the prison term.

[ACA 8](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE E. & C.A.

Elections: voter qualifications. The California Constitution allows a United States citizen who is at least 18 years of age and a resident of California to vote. This measure would reduce the minimum voting age to 17.

[SB 149](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Mail ballot elections. Current law provides for the conduct of mail ballot elections. Under current law, the ballot at the first general district election conducted solely by mailed ballot must contain a question as to whether all future general district elections shall be so conducted. Current law applies this requirement only to districts in which an all-mailed ballot election was conducted pursuant to a specified resolution. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[SB 157](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Elections: vote by mail ballots. Current law requires that the vote by mail ballot be available to any registered voter and requires an application for a vote by mail voter's ballot to be made in writing to the elections official having jurisdiction over the election between the 29th and the 7th day before the election. Current law requires any

applications received by the elections official before the 29th day to be kept and processed during the application period. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[SB 207](#)

[Hurtado D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Elections: voter registration: partisan primary elections. Would permit a voter, from the 14th day immediately preceding an election until the close of polls on election day, in lieu of executing a new affidavit of registration, to change the voter's residence address or political party preference by submitting to the voter's county elections official a written request containing the new residence address or political party preference and signed under penalty of perjury. The bill would require a ballot or provisional ballot to be provided to the voter, as specified, and would require that the registration of the voter be immediately updated.

[SB 636](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Elections: ballot label. Current law defines the ballot label as the portion of the ballot containing the names of the candidates or a statement of a measure. For statewide measures, current law requires the Attorney General to prepare a condensed version of the ballot title and summary, including the fiscal impact summary prepared by the Legislative Analyst that is printed in the state voter information guide. This bill would additionally require the ballot label for statewide measures to include a listing of the signers of ballot arguments printed in the state voter information guide that support and oppose the measure or the signers of the rebuttal arguments to the arguments that support and oppose the measure, as specified.

[SCA 2](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Elections: recalls. The California Constitution provides that voters may recall a state officer and, in the same election, elect a successor. The Constitution prohibits an officer who is the subject of a recall election from being a candidate for successor. The Constitution also prohibits a successor candidacy for the office of judge of the Supreme Court or a court of appeal. For an officer other than a judicial officer, this measure would instead require that the name of the officer be placed on the ballot as a successor candidate if the officer does not resign no later than 10 days after the date of certification of sufficient signatures. If the officer does so resign, the office would be deemed vacant and the recall election would not be held. In a recall election, if a candidate other than the officer receives a plurality, that candidate would be elected as the successor to serve the remainder of the officer's term. If the officer receives a plurality, however, the recall would fail and the officer would remain in office.

Emergency Services

[AB 1455](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Emergency medical services. The Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority. The act requires the authority, among other things, to develop planning and implementation guidelines for emergency medical services systems and to review plans for the implementation of emergency medical services and trauma care systems from local EMS agencies. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the establishment of the Emergency Medical Services Authority.

[AB 1544](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act. Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the

Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

[AB 1945](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Emergency services: first responders. Would, for purposes of the California Emergency Services Act, define “first responder” as an employee of the state or a local public agency who provides emergency response services, including a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, public safety dispatcher, public safety telecommunicator, emergency response communication employee, rescue service personnel, or emergency manager.

[SB 130](#)

[Galgiani D \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Fire prevention grants: cities in very high fire hazard severity zones: emergency fire siren warning system. Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, in consultation with the Office of Emergency Services, to establish a grant program to provide grants to applicant cities located in areas designated as very high fire hazard severity zones, as specified, to be used for the installation and implementation or the refurbishment of an emergency fire siren warning system, which could include a voice warning system, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to establish a cost-share requirement for the grant program and the director to make advance payments of up to 25% of the total grant award.

[SB 261](#)

[Wilk R \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Office of Emergency Services. The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, establishes the Office of Emergency Services for the purpose of mitigating the effects of natural, manmade, or war-caused emergencies and makes findings and declarations relating to ensuring that preparation within the state will be adequate to deal with those emergencies. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

Employee Relations

[AB 71](#)

[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Employment standards: independent contractors and employees. Current case law establishes a three-part test, known as the “ABC” test, for determining whether a worker is considered an independent contractor for purposes of specified wage orders. Under this test, a worker is properly considered an independent contractor only if the hiring entity establishes; 1) that the worker is free from the control and direction of the hirer in connection with the performance of the work, both under the contract for performance of the work and in fact; 2) that the worker performs work outside the usual course of the hiring entity’s business; and 3) that the worker is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, or business of the same nature as the work performed for the hiring entity. This bill would, instead, require a determination of whether a person is an employee or an independent contractor to be based on a specific multifactor test, including whether the person to whom service is rendered has the right to control the manner and means of accomplishing the result desired, and other identified factors.

[AB 196](#)

[Gonzalez D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Paid family leave. Would revise the formula for determining benefits available pursuant to the family temporary

disability insurance program, for periods of disability commencing after January 1, 2020, by redefining the weekly benefit amount to be equal to 100% of the wages paid to an individual for employment by employers during the quarter of the individual's disability base period in which these wages were highest, divided by 13, but not exceeding the maximum workers' compensation temporary disability indemnity weekly benefit amount established by the Department of Industrial Relations.

[AB 249](#)

[Choi R \(Dist. 68\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public employers: employee organizations. Would prohibit a public employer from deterring or discouraging a public employee or an applicant to be a public employee from opting out of becoming or remaining a member of an employee organization. The bill would prohibit a public employer from taking adverse action against a public employee or applicant to be a public employee who opts out of becoming or remaining a member of an employee organization and would specify that adverse action includes reducing a public employee's current level of pay or benefits.

[AB 271](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Civil service: Personnel Classification Plan: salary equalization. Would require the Department of Human Resources to, by December 31, 2020, and every 2 years thereafter, evaluate all civil service classifications and prepare a detailed report on gender and ethnicity pay equity in each classification where there is an underrepresentation of women and minorities. The bill would require each state agency to submit specified information to the department about each state civil service classification within the agency.

[AB 418](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Evidentiary privileges: union agent-represented worker privilege. Would establish a privilege between a union agent, as defined, and a represented employee or represented former employee to refuse to disclose any confidential communication between the employee or former employee and the union agent made while the union agent was acting in the union agent's representative capacity, except as specified. The bill would permit a represented employee or represented former employee to prevent another person from disclosing a privileged communication, except as specified.

[AB 472](#)

[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public employees' retirement. Current law, the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013, establishes various limits on retirement benefits generally applicable to a public employee retirement system, as defined. The act prescribes, among other things, limits on service after retirement without reinstatement into the applicable retirement system. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[AB 555](#)

[Gonzalez D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Paid sick leave. Would modify a employer's alternate sick leave accrual method to require that an employee have no less than 40 hours of accrued sick leave or paid time off by the 200th calendar day of employment or each calendar year, or in each 12-month period. The bill would modify that satisfaction provision to authorize an employer to satisfy accrual requirements by providing not less than 40 hours or 5 days of paid sick leave that is available to the employee to use by the completion of the employee's 200th calendar day of employment. The bill would also provide that an employer is under no obligation to allow an employee's total accrual of paid sick leave to exceed 80 hours or 10 days, as specified.

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Employment: victims of sexual harassment: protections. Current law prohibits an employer from discharging or discriminating or retaliating against, an employee who is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking because of the employee's status as a victim, if the employer has notice or knowledge of that status. Current law additionally prohibits an employer with 25 or more employees from discharging, or discriminating or retaliating against, an employee who is a victim, in this regard, who takes time off to obtain specified services or counseling. This bill would extend these employment protections to victims of sexual harassment, as defined. The bill would also extend these employment protections to specified family members, as defined, of the victims for taking time off from work to provide assistance to the victims when seeking relief or obtaining those services and counseling, as specified.

[AB 664](#)[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

County employees' retirement: permanent incapacity. Would require, for purposes of determining permanent incapacity of certain members employed as peace officers in the County of Sacramento, that those members be evaluated by the retirement system to determine if they can perform all of the usual and customary duties of a peace officer, as specified. The bill would apply to members who file applications for disability on or after the effective date of the act, except for cases on appeal at that time. The bill would require the board of retirement to develop a method of tracking the costs of providing permanent disability retirement to the members who become eligible for disability retirement pursuant to the bill's provisions. The bill would repeal these provisions on December 31, 2024.

[AB 1066](#)[Gonzalez D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Unemployment insurance: trade disputes: eligibility for benefits. Would restore eligibility for unemployment benefits after the first 3 weeks of a trade dispute for an employee who left work because of the trade dispute. The bill would also codify specified case law that holds that employees who left work due to a lockout by the employer, even if it was in anticipation of a trade dispute, are eligible for benefits. The bill would specify that the bill's provisions do not diminish eligibility for benefits of individuals deprived of work due to an employer lockout or similar action, as specified.

[AB 1107](#)[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Workers' compensation. Current law requires, when payment of compensation has been unreasonably delayed or refused, either prior to or subsequent to the issuance of an award, the amount of the payment unreasonably delayed or refused to be increased up to 25% or up to \$10,000, whichever is less, except for unreasonable delay in the provision of medical treatment for periods of time necessary to complete the utilization review process. Current law provides that a determination by the appeals board or a final determination of the administrative director pursuant to independent medical review that medical treatment is appropriate is not conclusive evidence that medical treatment was unreasonably delayed or denied for purposes of imposing those penalties. This bill would exclude a final determination of the administrative director pursuant to independent medical review from the latter provision regarding conclusive evidence that medical treatment was unreasonably delayed or denied.

[AB 1198](#)[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public employees' retirement: pension reform: excepted employees: transit workers. Would except transit workers hired before January 1, 2016, from PEPRA by removing the federal district court contingency language

from the provision excepting certain transit workers from PEPRA, as specified.

[AB 1224](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Disability insurance: paid family leave program. Current law establishes, within the state disability insurance program, the family temporary disability insurance program, also known as the paid family leave program, for the provision of up to 6 weeks of wage replacement benefits to workers who take time off work to care for a seriously ill family member or to bond with a minor child within one year of the birth or placement of the child in connection with foster care or adoption. Current law limits the temporary disability benefits paid under these provisions to not more than 6 weeks within any 12-month period. This bill would authorize up to 12 weeks of temporary disability benefits in a 12-month period, but would limit each disability benefit period to 6 weeks of temporary disability benefits.

[ACA 19](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Right to Earn a Living Act. The California Constitution grants many rights to persons, including the right to speak and write freely, as specified, and to be free from cruel and unusual punishment. Current statutory law requires that a person providing labor or services for remuneration shall be considered an employee rather than an independent contractor, for specified purposes, unless the hiring entity demonstrates that the person is free from the control and direction of the hiring entity in connection with the performance of the work, both under the contract for the performance of the work and in fact, the person performs work that is outside the usual course of the hiring entity's business, and the person is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, or business of the same nature as that involved in the work performed. This measure, "The Right to Earn a Living Act," would require determinations of whether a person is an employee or an independent contractor to be made using a specified multifactor test that differs from the test described above.

[SB 179](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Excluded employees: arbitration. Would enact the Excluded Employee Arbitration Act to permit an employee organization that represents an excluded employee who has filed certain grievances with the Department of Human Resources to request arbitration of the grievance if specified conditions are met. The bill would require the designation of a standing panel of arbitrators and, under specified circumstances, the provision of arbitrators from the California State Mediation and Conciliation Service within the Public Employment Relations Board.

[SB 238](#)

[Grove R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Worker status: factors for determination of employee status. Current law, as established in the case of *Dynamex Operations W. v. Superior Court* (2018) 4 Cal.5th 903 (Dynamex), creates a presumption that a worker who performs services for a hirer is an employee. Current law requires a 3-part test, commonly known as the "ABC" test, to establish that a worker is an independent contractor for purposes of claims for wages and benefits arising under wage orders issued by the Industrial Welfare Commission. This bill would instead, for purposes of claims for wages and benefits arising under wage orders, analyze whether the worker is economically dependent upon the hiring entity to determine whether that worker is an employee based upon the economic reality of the relationship with the hiring entity.

[SB 266](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Public Employees' Retirement System: disallowed compensation: benefit adjustments. Would establish

new procedures under PERL for cases in which PERS determines that the benefits of a member or annuitant are, or would be, based on disallowed compensation that conflicts with PEPR and other specified laws and thus impermissible under PERL. The bill would also apply these procedures retroactively to determinations made on or after January 1, 2017, if an appeal has been filed and the employee member, survivor, or beneficiary has not exhausted their administrative or legal remedies. At the threshold, after determining that compensation for an employee member reported by the state, school employer, or a contracting agency is disallowed, the bill would require the applicable employer to discontinue the reporting of the disallowed compensation.

[SB 567](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE L., P.E. & R.

Workers' compensation: hospital employees. Would define "injury," for a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital, to include infectious diseases and musculoskeletal injuries. The bill would create rebuttable presumptions that these injuries that develop or manifest in a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital arose out of and in the course of the employment. The bill would extend these presumptions for specified time periods after the hospital employee's termination of employment. The bill would also make related findings and declarations.

[SB 783](#)

Committee on Labor, Public Employment and Retirement

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

County Employees Retirement Law of 1937. The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) authorizes counties to establish retirement systems pursuant to its provisions for the purpose of providing pension and death benefits to county and district employees. This bill would correct several erroneous and obsolete cross-references within CERL.

Energy

[SB 772](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Long duration bulk energy storage: procurement. Would require the ISO, on or before June 30, 2022, to complete a competitive solicitation process for the procurement of one or more long duration energy storage projects that in aggregate have at least 2,000 megawatts capacity, but not more than 2,400 megawatts, as provided. The bill would require the ISO, after December 31, 2030, and only if found to be necessary, to complete an additional competitive solicitation process for additional long duration bulk energy storage projects that in aggregate have up to 2,000 megawatts capacity and have targeted commercial operation dates of no later than January 1, 2045.

Finance

[AB 213](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Local government finance: property tax revenue allocations: vehicle license fee adjustments. Would, for the 2019–20 fiscal year, require the vehicle license fee adjustment amount to be the sum of the vehicle license fee adjustment amount in the 2018–19 fiscal year, the product of that sum and the percentage change in gross taxable assessed valuation within the jurisdiction of that entity between the 2018–19 fiscal year to the 2018–19 fiscal year, and the product of the amount of specified motor vehicle license fee revenues that the Controller allocated to the applicable city in July 2010 and 1.17.

[ACA 1](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval. The California

Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

First Responders

[AB 1231](#)

[Boerner Horvath D \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Emergency services. Would require response time requirements in any contract for ground emergency medical transportation entered into, amended, or renewed, by a state or local entity on and after January 1, 2020, to be consistent with performance standards established by the International Academies of Emergency Dispatch. By increasing the duties of local entities, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1544](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act. Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

Health and Human Services

[AB 4](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: eligibility. Current law requires that individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the Director of Health Care Services makes a determination that systems have been programmed for implementation of these provisions to be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, which includes outreach strategies. Current law makes the effective date of enrollment for those individuals the same day that systems are operational to begin processing new applications pursuant to the director's determination, and requires the department to seek any necessary federal approvals to obtain federal financial participation for purposes of implementing the requirements. Current law requires that benefits for services under these provisions be provided with state-only funds only if federal financial participation is not available for those services. This bill would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals of all ages, if otherwise eligible for those benefits, but for their immigration status, and would delete provisions delaying eligibility and enrollment until the director makes the determination as specified.

[AB 50](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: Assisted Living Waiver program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to submit to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services a request for amendment of the Assisted Living Waiver program with specified amendments. The bill would require, as part of the amendments, the department to increase the number of participants in the program from the currently authorized 5,744 participants to 18,500, to be phased in, as specified. The bill would require the department to increase its provider reimbursement tiers to

compensate for mandatory minimum wage increases, as specified.

[AB 122](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Multidisciplinary teams: human trafficking and domestic violence. Current law authorizes a city, county, city and county, or community-based nonprofit organization to establish a domestic violence multidisciplinary personnel team and a human trafficking multidisciplinary personnel team consisting of two or more persons who are trained in the prevention, identification, management, or treatment of domestic violence or human trafficking cases and who are qualified to provide a broad range of services related to domestic violence or human trafficking. Current law authorizes members of those multidisciplinary personnel teams to disclose to one another information and records that may be confidential but that are relevant to the prevention, identification, management, or treatment of those crimes. This bill would remove the prohibition on disclosing confidential information without the individual's informed, written, and reasonably time-limited consent to the disclosure with regards to information obtained from a minor.

[AB 163](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \(Dist. 58\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Services for unaccompanied undocumented minors: facilities liaison. Would require the State Department of Social Services to create a facilities liaison position within its immigration services unit to, among other duties, assist state-licensed group homes, short-term residential therapeutic programs (STRTPs), foster family agencies, and resource families that serve undocumented immigrant youth in connecting with appropriate supports and services, including, but not limited to, legal services, mental health assessments and services, and public benefits, as specified. The bill would, when appropriate, require the facilities liaison to assist in arranging a meeting for identified unaccompanied undocumented minors with a qualified organization that has received a grant to provide legal services.

[AB 224](#)

[Brough R \(Dist. 73\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Alcohol and drug programs: discharge plans. Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of adult alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities by the State Department of Health Care Services. Existing law authorizes the department to certify alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment programs in order to, among other things, identify programs that exceed minimal levels of service quality. This bill would require programs licensed or certified by the department to have a written patient discharge plan policy that includes a process for identifying appropriate posttreatment housing for patients, and to submit a copy of that policy to the department upon initial licensure or certification and renewal of licensure or certification.

[AB 229](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

In-home supportive services: written content translation. Current law requires the State Department of Social Services to translate a specified notice of action into all languages spoken by a substantial number of the public receiving in-home supportive services, as specified. This bill would clarify that the department is required to provide translations of written content, as defined, and transcriptions or captioning of videos, in languages spoken by a substantial number of providers of in-home supportive services in California. The bill would permit the department to work with counties and the County Welfare Directors Association of California to repurpose existing, county-produced translations of written content and videos.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 268](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Indian children. Current federal law, the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978 (ICWA), governs the proceedings for determining the placement of an Indian child when that child is removed from the custody of the child's parent or guardian. Current state law specifies that the state is committed to protecting the essential tribal relations and best interest of an Indian child by promoting practices in accordance with ICWA. Current law requires a court in an Indian child custody proceeding to, among other things, comply with ICWA. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those state provisions governing Indian child custody proceedings.

[AB 337](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Foster care payments: reasonable travel reimbursement for school. Current law requires counties to provide payment to an emergency caregiver who is not yet a foster care provider on behalf of a child or nonminor dependent placed in the home of the caregiver that is equivalent to that per-child, per-month rate. This bill would additionally require a county to provide to those emergency caregivers a payment to cover the cost of reasonable travel for the child to remain in the school in which the child or nonminor dependent is enrolled at the time of placement

[AB 341](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

CalHEERS: application for CalFresh. Would require the Office of Systems Integration to ensure that CalHEERS transfers an individual's application for health care benefits that is processed by CalHEERS to the county of residence of the individual if that individual is determined by CalHEERS to be potentially eligible for CalFresh benefits and the individual opts into applying for CalFresh benefits, as specified. The bill would require the office to collaborate with the State Department of Social Services to ensure that the application transferred via CalHEERS to a county for purposes of treatment as a CalFresh application meets all state and federal requirements necessary to qualify as a CalFresh application.

[AB 395](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Child abuse or neglect: foster children. Would require certain agencies to develop and implement protocols for coordinating investigations of alleged child abuse and neglect involving children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. The bill would require, when an agency receives a report that contains a report of abuse or neglect alleged to have occurred in a resource family home, foster family home, certified foster home, the home of an approved relative or nonrelative extended family member, or a facility licensed to care for children by the department, to notify the licensing office or agency with oversight responsibility over the home or facility within the 24-hour period as specified.

[AB 442](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Child abuse and neglect. Current law defines "child abuse or neglect" for the purposes of the Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Act to include, among other things, physical injury or death inflicted by other than accidental means and the willful harming or injuring of a child. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[AB 480](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Mental health: older adults. Would establish within the State Department of Health Care Services an Older Adult Mental Health Services Administrator to oversee mental health services for older adults. The bill would require that

position to be funded with administrative funds from the Mental Health Services Fund. The bill would prescribe the functions of the administrator and its responsibilities, including, but not limited to, developing outcome and related indicators for older adults for the purpose of assessing the status of mental health services for older adults, monitoring the quality of programs for those adults, and guiding decisionmaking on how to improve those services.

[AB 526](#)

[Petrie-Norris D \(Dist. 74\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children. Current law requires the former Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board and former State Department of Health Services, in collaboration with program offices for the WIC Program and other designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment gateway system, subject to appropriation, allowing children applying to the WIC Program to obtain presumptive eligibility for, and to facilitate application for enrollment in, the Medi-Cal program or the former Healthy Families Program, to the extent federal financial participation is available, as specified. This bill would delete the above-described provisions relating to the automated enrollment gateway system and would instead require the State Department of Health Care Services, in collaboration with the same designated entities, to design, promulgate, and implement policies and procedures for an automated enrollment pathway, designating the WIC Program and its local WIC agencies as Express Lane agencies and using WIC eligibility determinations to meet Medi-Cal eligibility requirements.

[AB 531](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Foster youth: housing. The California Community Care Facilities Act requires the State Department of Social Services to license and regulate transitional housing placement providers as a community care facility. A “transitional housing placement provider” is an organization licensed by the department to provide transitional housing to foster children at least 16 years of age and not more than 18 years of age, and nonminor dependents to promote their transition to adulthood. Current law requires transitional housing units to include, among others, a host family certified by a transitional housing placement provider. This bill would authorize a host family to be certified by the transitional housing placement provider, or to be an approved resource family, a licensed foster family home or certified foster home, an approved relative caregiver, or a nonrelative extended family member of a participant, without requiring additional certification by the transitional housing placement provider. The bill would require, if a nonminor dependent receiving transitional housing services lives with a host family, payment for those services to be split equally between the transitional housing placement provider, the host family, and the nonminor dependent, unless a different apportionment is agreed to by all parties.

[AB 534](#)

[Mayes I \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Social services: access to food. Would require the State Department of Social Services, the State Department of Public Health, the State Department of Education, and the Department of Food and Agriculture, to develop a plan to end hunger. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to serve as the lead agency for the development of the plan. The bill would require the plan to be distributed to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2021, and would establish criteria for the plan, including that the plan establish a budget of \$11,500,000, contingent upon an appropriation in the annual Budget Act or other measure, for the Department of Food and Agriculture to support local food hub efforts.

[AB 536](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Developmental services. Current law under the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act defines a “developmental disability” as a disability that originates before an individual attains 18 years of age, continues, or can

be expected to continue, indefinitely, and constitutes a substantial disability for the individual. This bill would modify that definition to mean a disability that originates before an individual attains 22 years of age, continues, or can be expected to continue, indefinitely, and constitutes a substantial disability for the individual. The bill would make various technical and nonsubstantive changes.

[AB 549](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Alcoholism and drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities. Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of adult alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities by the State Department of Health Care Services. Current law gives the department sole authority in state government to establish the appropriate minimum qualifications of the licensee or designated administrator, and the staff of a provider of alcoholism and drug abuse recovery services. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to these provisions.

[AB 568](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Care Corps Act. Would establish, until July, 1, 2026, a pilot program, administered by the Chief Service Officer of California Volunteers, under which nonprofit entities known as Care Corps Grantees that would contract with the officer would select, train, and place volunteers to provide care to persons who are at least 65 years of age, who have Alzheimer's disease or related dementia, and who have difficulty with self-care or living independently. The bill would establish selection criteria for prospective volunteers and specified training requirements.

[AB 574](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Child abuse. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact Legislation relating to child abuse.

[AB 621](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Human trafficking. Current law establishes a petition process for a person who has been arrested for, convicted of, or adjudicated a ward of the juvenile court for, committing a nonviolent offense, as defined, while they were a victim of human trafficking. Current law requires, among other things, the petitioner to establish that the arrest, conviction, or adjudication was the direct result of being a victim of human trafficking in order to obtain relief, and requires the petition for relief to be submitted under penalty of perjury. Current law authorizes the court to vacate the conviction or adjudication and issue an order that provides the relief described above and also provides for the sealing and destruction of the petitioner's arrest and court records, as specified. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[AB 667](#)

[Muratsuchi D \(Dist. 66\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal. Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, and under which qualified low-income individuals receive healthcare services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid Program provisions. Under current law, healthcare, as administered under the Medi-Cal program, is considered a component of public social services. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[AB 683](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Medi-Cal: eligibility. Current law requires Medi-Cal benefits to be provided to individuals eligible for services

pursuant to prescribed standards, including a modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) eligibility standard. Current law prohibits the use of an asset or resources test for individuals whose financial eligibility for Medi-Cal is determined based on the application of MAGI. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to disregard, commencing July 1, 2020, specified assets and resources, such as motor vehicles and life insurance policies, in determining the Medi-Cal eligibility for an applicant or beneficiary whose eligibility is not determined using MAGI, subject to federal approval and federal financial participation.

[AB 696](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

County juvenile facilities: pepper spray. Would require the Board of State and Community Corrections to contract with a research entity to conduct a study on the efficacy and impacts of the use of pepper spray in juvenile halls and juvenile ranches, camps, and forestry camps. The bill would require the research entity to satisfy specified requirements, including that it has not previously taken a policy position on, or made recommendations regarding, the use of pepper spray in juvenile facilities, and require the study to examine, at a minimum, specified topics, including the impacts of pepper spray on youth in county juvenile facilities.

[AB 741](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program: trauma screening. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to convene an advisory working group to update, amend, or develop, if appropriate, tools and protocols for the screening of children for trauma, within the EPSDT benefit. Current law requires that the group be disbanded on December 31, 2019, and requires, on or before May 1, 2019, the department to identify an existing advisory working group to periodically review and consider the protocols for the screening of trauma in children at least once every 5 years, or upon the request of the department. This bill would require the department, in order to ensure the success and sustainability of trauma screenings for children as part of the EPSDT benefit, to provide trainings for certain personnel, including, among other things, instruction on how to identify and make appropriate referrals for patients who have tested positive in trauma screenings.

[AB 763](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal specialty mental health services. Would require, on or before March 31, 2020, the State Department of Health Care Services to convene a stakeholder workgroup, including representatives from the County Behavioral Health Directors Association of California, to identify all forms currently used by mental health plan contractors for purposes of determining eligibility and reimbursement for specialty mental health services that are provided under Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment Program, and to develop standard forms. The bill would also authorize the department and the workgroup to develop a list of department-approved nonstandard forms. The bill would require the standard forms to be completed by January 1, 2021.

[AB 826](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: specialty mental health services: foster youth. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to issue policy guidance concerning the conditions for, and exceptions to, presumptive transfer of responsibility for providing or arranging for specialty mental health services to a foster youth from the county of original jurisdiction to the county in which the foster youth resides, as prescribed. This bill would make those provisions for presumptive transfer inapplicable to foster youth placed in a group home or a short-term residential therapeutic program (STRTP) outside of their county of original jurisdiction, as specified.

[AB 861](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Juveniles. Current law specifies that a proceeding to declare a juvenile a dependent is commenced by the social worker filing a petition with the juvenile court and authorizes a person to apply to the social worker to commence dependency proceedings. If the social worker does not undertake a program of supervision of the child or file a petition in the juvenile court within 3 weeks after the application, the social worker is required to document that decision and the person who applied to the social worker may apply to the juvenile court to review the social worker's decision. This bill would shorten that time period to 10 business days after the application if the child about whom an application is made is homeless, has been a dependent or ward of the juvenile court, or has received informal probation or child welfare services.

[AB 870](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public social services. Would require the California Health and Human Services Agency, in collaboration with the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, the Labor and Workforce Development Agency, and the State Department of Education, among other things, to examine the eligibility process and systems for public assistance programs and supportive services, as specified.

[AB 910](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Medi-Cal: dispute resolution. Would require a county mental health plan and Medi-Cal managed care plan that are unable to resolve a dispute to submit a request for resolution to the State Department of Health Care Services. The bill would require the department to issue a written decision to the plans within 30 calendar days from receipt of the request by either the county mental health plan or the Medi-Cal plan. The bill would also prohibit the dispute from delaying the provision of medically necessary services, as specified.

[AB 959](#)

[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Human trafficking: vertical prosecution program. Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services, which is required to, among other things, allocate and award funds to communities developing and providing ongoing citizen involvement and crime resistance programs. This bill would require the office, to the extent funds are available for this purpose and until January 1, 2024, to allocate and award funds to up to 11 district attorney offices that employ a vertical prosecution methodology for the prosecution of human trafficking crimes and that meet other specified criteria, including minimum staffing levels for the program.

[AB 977](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to conduct a review of a report published by the California State Auditor concerning EPSDT services, to develop and publish a report on the department's findings and response, and to solicit comments from the public regarding the department's report.

[AB 980](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Department of Motor Vehicles: records: confidentiality. Current law prohibits the disclosure of the home addresses of certain public employees and officials that appears in records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, except to a court, a law enforcement agency, an attorney in a civil or criminal action under certain circumstances, and certain other official entities. This bill would extend that prohibition, subject to those same exceptions, to the

disclosure of the home addresses of an adult abuse investigator or social worker working in protective services within a social services department, and the public guardian, public conservator, and public administrator of each county, and their staff.

[AB 987](#)

[Rivas, Robert D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

CalWORKs: special diet and food preparation allowance. Current law specifies the amounts of cash aid to be paid each month to CalWORKs recipients, including a recurring special needs allowance of up to \$10 per month for each eligible recipient. Under current law, recurring special needs includes special diets upon the recommendation of a physician for circumstances other than pregnancy, and unusual costs of transportation, laundry, housekeeping services, telephone, and utilities. This bill would include food preparation within the list of unusual costs for purposes of the recurring special needs allowance. The bill would provide that the reasons for which a county shall grant a recurring special needs allowance for a special diet include, but are not limited to, verified lack of access to potable water and a child recipient having an elevated blood lead level, as specified.

[AB 1005](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Foster children and youth: family urgent response system. Would make legislative findings and declarations, stating the intent of the Legislature in adopting this bill to build upon the current CCR implementation effort. The bill would require the State Department of Social Services to establish a statewide hotline, operational no later than January 1, 2021, as the entry point for a Family Urgent Response System, as defined, to respond to calls from caregivers or current or former foster children or youth when a crisis arises, as specified.

[AB 1022](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

California Antihunger Response and Employment Training Act of 2019. This bill would require the Department of Social Services to establish the California Antihunger Response and Employment Training (CARET) program to provide benefits to a person who has been determined ineligible for CalFresh benefits, or for whom CalFresh benefits have been discontinued, as a result of the ABAWD time limit, and who also is ineligible for a percentage exemption, as specified. The bill would require that the person receive the same amount of benefits under the CARET program that they would have received under the CalFresh program if the ABAWD time limit did not make them ineligible.

[AB 1031](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Youth Substance Use Disorder Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 2019. The current Adolescent Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 1998, which authorized the department to establish community-based nonresidential and residential recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and other drug use among youth, became inoperative on July 1, 2013. This bill would repeal those inoperative provisions and would enact the Youth Substance Use Disorder Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 2019, with similar provisions to, in part, require the State Department of Health Care Services, on or before January 1, 2021, to establish community-based nonresidential and residential treatment and recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and drug use among youth under 21 years of age.

[AB 1042](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: beneficiary maintenance needs: home upkeep allowances: transitional needs funds. Would establish eligibility and other requirements for providing the home upkeep allowance or a transitional needs fund to

Medi-Cal patients residing in a long-term care facility. The bill would prescribe general and specific requirements for both facility residents who intend to leave the facility and return to an existing home, who would receive the home upkeep allowance, and for residents who do not have a home but intend to leave the facility and establish a new home, who could establish a transitional needs fund for the purpose of meeting the transitional costs of establishing a home.

[AB 1058](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: specialty mental health services and substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to engage, commencing no later than January 15, 2020, in a stakeholder process to develop recommendations for addressing legal and administrative barriers to the delivery of integrated behavioral health services for Medi-Cal beneficiaries with cooccurring substance use disorders and mental health conditions who access services through the Drug Medi-Cal Treatment Program, the Drug Medi-Cal organized delivery system, and the Medi-Cal Specialty Mental Health Services Program.

[AB 1059](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Child poverty. Current law establishes the Lifting Children and Families Out of Poverty Task Force, until January 1, 2020, for the purpose of recommending future comprehensive strategies aimed at addressing deep child poverty and reducing child poverty in California. The task force is required to submit a report to the executive branch administration and the Legislature by no later than November 1, 2018. This bill would extend the operation of the task force to January 1, 2022

[AB 1070](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

CalWORKs Home Visiting Initiative. Would state in the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would expand eligibility for the CalWORKs Home Visiting Initiative to all parents served through the CalWORKs program and applicants deemed apparently eligible for CalWORKs.

[AB 1091](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Child support: suspension. Current law, until January 1, 2020, suspends a money judgment or order for child support for any period exceeding 90 consecutive days in which the person ordered to pay support is incarcerated or involuntarily institutionalized, except as specified. Under current law, a child support obligation suspended under these provisions resumes on the first day of the first full month after the release of the person owing the child support. This bill would delete the repeal date, making these provisions effective indefinitely.

[AB 1114](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Crisis nurseries: study. Current law requires the State Department of Social Services to license and regulate crisis nurseries. Current law defines crisis nurseries as nonprofit corporations that care for and supervise children under 6 years of age who are voluntarily placed at the crisis nursery by a parent or guardian due to a family crisis or stressful situation for no more than 30 days. This bill, until January 1, 2023, would require the department to implement a 2-year pilot project to evaluate the effectiveness of crisis nurseries in the Counties of Contra Costa, Nevada, Sacramento, and Yolo on the outcomes for children and families, including the incidence of child abuse and neglect in those counties.

[AB 1136](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Department of Community Living. Would establish the California Department of Community Living within the California Health and Human Services Agency to consolidate leadership on issues and programs serving California's older adults, people with disabilities, and caregivers. The bill would prescribe the duties of the department, including assisting older adults and people with disabilities in connecting to specified services including care coordination, health insurance counseling, peer-based programs, and community transition services.

[AB 1137](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

The California Department of Aging. The Mello-Granlund Older Californians Act establishes the California Department of Aging in the California Health and Human Services Agency, and sets forth its mission to provide leadership to the area agencies on aging in developing systems of home- and community-based services that maintain individuals in their own homes or least restrictive homelike environments. Current law requires the department to develop minimum standards for service delivery, and requires those standards to ensure that a system meets specified requirements, including that it has cost containment and fiscal incentives consistent with the delivery of appropriate services at the appropriate level. This bill would delete that cost containment and fiscal incentives requirement

[AB 1229](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

End Foster Youth Student Hunger in California Act of 2019. Current law requires the Student Aid Commission to work cooperatively with the State Department of Social Services to develop an automated system to verify a student's status as a foster youth to aid in the processing of applications for federal financial aid. Under current law, the commission, through an interagency agreement with the State Department of Social Services, operates the Chafee Educational and Training Vouchers Program, to provide federal grants to current and former foster youth with access to postsecondary education. This bill, the End Foster Youth Student Hunger in California Act of 2019, would require the Student Aid Commission to report to the Legislature, no later than July 1, 2020, the amount of funding and the authority it would need to establish a Transition Age Foster Youth Meal Plan Program.

[AB 1248](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Capital Investment Incentive Program: local governments: property tax abatement. Would, commencing with the 2020–21 fiscal year, until January 1, 2024, additionally authorize the governing body of a county, city and county, or city to pay a proponent of a qualified targeted manufacturing facility, as defined, a capital investment incentive amount, for up to 10 consecutive years, that does not exceed the amount of ad valorem property tax revenues allocated to that entity, as specified, derived from that portion of the assessed value that exceeds \$5,000,000 of a qualified targeted manufacturing facility located within the jurisdiction of that county, city and county, or city commencing with the first fiscal year after the date upon which the qualified targeted manufacturing facility is certified for occupancy or commences operation, as specified.

[AB 1285](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Child custody. Current law governs the determination of child custody and visitation in contested proceedings. Current law provides that custody should be granted according to the best interest of the child in a specified order of preference. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[AB 1324](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Foster children: immigration counsel. Would require the State Department of Social Services, subject to the availability of funding, to contract with nonprofit legal services organizations to provide legal services to undocumented immigrants who are dependent children or nonminor dependents of the juvenile court or who are the subject of an order for out-of-home placement through the juvenile court and would specify the required qualifications for those nonprofit legal services organizations.

[AB 1378](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Standby guardianship of minors. Would authorize a custodial parent or a person who has been awarded custody or guardianship of a minor child to designate a person to serve as a standby guardian of the person, the estate, or both, by completing a Standby Guardian's Authorization Affidavit. The bill would require the designation of a standby guardian to take effect, absent an objection of a noncustodial parent, under specified circumstances that include if the custodial parent or guardian has died or is detained by law enforcement, incarcerated, or deported.

[AB 1403](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

General assistance: eligibility. Current law requires each county to provide aid to its indigent residents not supported by other means. These county programs are known as general assistance programs. Current law makes an individual who is not eligible for benefits under the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program as a result of the 48-month limitation ineligible for aid or assistance from a general assistance program until the children on whose behalf the individual received CalWORKs benefits are 18 years of age or older. This bill would remove that restriction on eligibility for aid or assistance from a general assistance program if the individual is a parent of a child who is under 18 years of age and not living in the home as the result of one or more specified conditions, including, among others, a court-ordered custody agreement.

[AB 1434](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Public social services: SSI/SSP. Current law provides for the State Supplementary Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (SSP), which requires the State Department of Social Services to contract with the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services to make payments to SSP recipients to supplement Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments made available pursuant to the federal Social Security Act. This bill would reinstate the cost-of-living adjustment beginning January 1 of the 2020 calendar year. The bill would also require a maximum aid payment provided to an individual or a married couple that does not equal or exceed 100% of the 2019 federal poverty level to be increased to an amount that equals 100% of the federal poverty level.

[AB 1436](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

CalWORKs: eligibility: income exemptions. Current law, exempts certain income from the calculation of a family's income for purposes of determining eligibility for the CalWORKs program, including disability-based unearned income, in accordance with specified provisions, depending upon whether or not that income exceeds \$225. This bill would incrementally increase the above amounts of exempted income on an annual basis, commencing on January 1, 2020. The bill would declare that no appropriation would be made for purposes of the bill pursuant to the provision continuously appropriating funds for the CalWORKs program.

[AB 1498](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Child support: Child Support Evader Law. Would require the Department of Child Support Services, on or before January 1, 2021, to create an internet website and make publicly available information regarding persons

who are delinquent in the payment of court-ordered child support, as specified, including the obligor's name, photograph, and the amount of child support owed. The bill would require the department to comply with specified notification procedures before publishing an obligor's information on the website.

[AB 1556](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Foster care: automobile insurance. Current law establishes the Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care (AFDC-FC) program, under which counties provide payments to foster care providers on behalf of qualified children in foster care. The program is funded by a combination of federal, state, and county funds. This bill would add automobile insurance for a child to the definition of care and supervision. By creating new duties for counties, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1572](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental health services: gravely disabled. Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines "gravely disabled." This bill would change the definition of "gravely disabled" for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person's own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[AB 1766](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Licensed adult residential facilities and residential care facilities for the elderly: data collection: residents with a serious mental disorder. Would require the State Department of Social Services to collect and publicly report data from licensed adult residential facilities and residential care facilities for the elderly, including whether the facility accepts residents with a serious mental disorder, as defined, and the destination for all residents with a serious mental disorder who exited during the previous 12 months, among other information. The bill would also require the department to publicly report on a quarterly basis how many licensed residential facilities primarily serving low-income residents closed permanently in the prior quarter and to create guidelines to ensure that the county in which a facility is located is notified when that facility notifies the department that it is closing.

[AB 1773](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

CalWORKs: supportive services. Current law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program, under which each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families and individuals. Current law generally requires a recipient of CalWORKs benefits to participate in welfare-to-work activities as a condition of eligibility for aid. Existing law requires that necessary supportive services be available to participants in welfare-to-work activities, including child care, personal counseling, transportation costs, and ancillary expenses. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

[AB 1779](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Recovery residences. Would establish, and require the State Department of Health Care Services to adopt and implement, minimum standards for counties receiving public funding for recovery residences, as defined. The bill

would also require a state affiliate of the National Alliance for Recovery Residences (NARR) to deny an application for, or deny or revoke the recognition, registration, or certification of, and require a county behavioral health department to terminate a contract with, a recovery residence under certain circumstances, including if the recovery residence fails to meet the minimum standards.

[AB 1781](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Human trafficking. Current law makes it a crime of human trafficking for a person to deprive or violate the personal liberty of another with the intent to obtain forced labor or services, or with the intent to effect or maintain any of specified crimes, including offenses relating to prostitution, child pornography, or extortion. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to human trafficking.

[AB 1853](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Health care: medical goods: reuse and redistribution. Would require the California Department of Aging, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish a comprehensive 3-year pilot program in the Counties of Contra Costa, Napa, and Solano to facilitate the reuse and redistribution of durable medical equipment and other home health supplies. The bill would require the department to contract in each county with a local nonprofit agency to oversee the program and would require the contracting nonprofit agency to, at a minimum, develop a computerized system to track the inventory of equipment and supplies available for reuse and redistribution and organize pickup and delivery of equipment and supplies.

[AB 1929](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Child abuse and neglect reporting. Current law, only until January 1, 2021, authorizes certain county welfare agencies to develop a pilot program for internet-based reporting of child abuse and neglect, as specified, to receive reports by specified mandated reporters. Current law, only until January 1, 2021, also requires the State Department of Social Services to consult with the County Welfare Directors Association of California and the county welfare agencies of the individual counties to determine which counties may be involved in the pilot program and to oversee and administer the pilot program. Current law requires a county that chooses to participate in the pilot program to hire an evaluator to monitor implementation of the program, to develop outcome measures that determine the effectiveness of the pilot program of the county, as specified, and to report to specified committees of the Legislature on or before January 1, 2020, on the effectiveness of the pilot program. Existing law authorizes the department to conclude a county pilot program prior to January 1, 2021, if the evaluation and monitoring indicate that implementation of the program compromises the safety of children. This bill would enact provisions similar to the pilot program that would be operative indefinitely and would permit the program to receive reports from any mandated reporter.

[AB 1944](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Foster care payments: reasonable travel reimbursement for school. Current law establishes the Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care (AFDC-FC) program, under which counties provide to foster care providers a per-child, per-month rate, established by the State Department of Social Services, for the care and supervision of the child or nonminor dependent placed with the provider. Current law requires that foster care providers be reimbursed for the costs of reasonable travel for the child to remain in the school in which the child was enrolled at the time of placement. Current law also requires counties to provide payment to an emergency caregiver who is not yet a foster care provider on behalf of a child or nonminor dependent placed in the home of the caregiver that is equivalent to that per-child, per-month rate. This bill would additionally require a county to provide to those

emergency caregivers a payment to cover the cost of reasonable travel for the child to remain in the school in which the child or nonminor dependent is enrolled at the time of placement.

[AB 1946](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental health services: involuntary detention. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reform the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, including expanding the definition of “gravely disabled” to add a condition in which a person is unable to provide for their own medical treatment as a result of a mental health disorder, and emphasizing the necessity to create policies that prioritize living safely in communities.

[AB 1954](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Foster care: relative and sibling placement. Current law provides that a child may be adjudged to be a dependent of the juvenile court because of abuse or neglect, and that after this determination, the court is required to hear evidence on the question of the proper disposition to be made of the child. Current law requires that before determining the appropriate disposition, the court receive in evidence, among other things, the social study of the child made by the social worker and evaluation made by a child advocate appointed by the court. Existing law further prescribes the information that is required to be included in that social study or evaluation, including the appropriateness of any relative placement. This bill would extend the definition of relative to include caregivers of minor siblings who are in a permanent plan of adoption, legal guardianship, or placement with a fit and willing relative, and would delete that provision prohibiting the consideration and investigation of a relative placement from being a cause for continuance of the dispositional hearing.

[SB 29](#)

[Durazo D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY THIRD READING

Medi-Cal: eligibility. Would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, and effective July 1, 2020, extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals who are 65 years of age or older, and who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status.

[SB 33](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Electronic benefits transfer system. Would require the State Department of Social Services to convene a workgroup of interested stakeholders no later than February 1, 2021, to make recommendations to the department on how to prepare the EBT system to accommodate online purchases and to provide the workgroup technical assistance and assign staff to assist the workgroup in carrying out its responsibilities. The bill would authorize individual members of the workgroup, and any other stakeholder, to make additional recommendations on any item considered by the workgroup. The bill would require the department to review and analyze all recommendations and, by December 1, 2021, report to the Legislature regarding the recommendations. The bill would authorize the workgroup to continue meeting from January 1, 2022, to January 1, 2023, to develop recommendations on additional topics and assist the department, the Legislature, or both, on any topic relating to the EBT system.

[SB 121](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Social services. Current law requires a county, beginning when the Statewide Automated Welfare System (SAWS) has the capability to produce a specified report identifying overpayments, to deem an overpayment uncollectible and expunge that overpayment if the individual responsible for the overpayment has not received aid under CalWORKs for 36 consecutive months or longer, except as specified. This bill would instead impose that requirement relating to overpayments beginning when SAWS can automate those provisions.

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Medi-Cal: California Community Transitions program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to implement and administer the California Community Transitions (CCT) program, as authorized under federal law and pursuant to the terms of the Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration, to help an eligible Medi-Cal beneficiary move to a qualified residence, as defined, after residing in an institutional health facility for a period of 90 days or longer. The bill would require CCT program services to be provided by a lead organization, as defined, which would coordinate and ensure the delivery of all services necessary to implement the program.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Foster youth: enrichment activities. Would require the State Department of Social Services, to establish, on or before January 1, 2020, the California Foster Youth Enrichment Grant Pilot Program, upon appropriation by the Legislature of funds for that purpose, to provide grants of \$500 or less to qualified foster youth to enable them to participate in activities designed to enhance the foster youth's skills, abilities, self-esteem, or overall well-being. The bill would require the department, on or before July 1, 2020, to allocate funds appropriated for these purposes, up to a total of \$12,500,000, to 4 county child welfare agencies that submit a 2-year plan by a request for proposal developed by the department.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public social services. Current law declares the intent of the Legislature that representatives from the State Department of Social Services, the State Department of Health Care Services, the Office of Systems Integration, the Interim Statewide Automated Welfare System (SAWS) consortia, and counties meet with advocates, clients, and other stakeholders at least quarterly to review the development status of the California Statewide Automated Welfare System (CalSAWS) project and to engage with stakeholders to discuss current and planned functionality changes, among other topics. This bill would require those entities to discuss and recommend how the public-facing elements of CalSAWS may allow users to initiate applications for other health and human services benefits serving low-income Californians, including, but not limited to, the California Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), and other programs that are in substantial use, as specified, in order to minimize the burdens of the overall enrollment processes for eligible individuals and households to receive health and human services benefits.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Poverty reduction. Would require the State Department of Social Services, commencing in 2020 and every 5 years thereafter, until January 1, 2039, to conduct an analysis and submit a report to the Legislature with specified information, including, among other things, the current California child poverty rate and an estimate of the progress that California is making toward ending deep child poverty by 2024 and reducing overall child poverty by 50% by 2039.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

CalWORKs: supportive services: childcare. Would require that specified information necessary to enroll or transfer a family into childcare services be made available by a county welfare department to a contractor that provides childcare services. The bill would require, beginning no later than November 1, 2020, a county welfare

department to provide a monthly report to stage-2 contractors containing specified information. The bill would authorize a county welfare department to provide training on security protocols and confidentiality of individual family data to a contractor who is given access to data pursuant to those provisions.

[SB 470](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Electronic benefits transfer system. Current law provides for the establishment of a statewide electronic benefits transfer (EBT) system, administered by the State Department of Social Services, for the purpose of providing financial and food assistance benefits. Current law authorizes a county to deliver CalFresh benefits through the use of the EBT system. This bill would require the EBT system to limit the purchase of food through an online transaction only to retailers that are authorized to accept CalFresh benefits by the United States Department of Agriculture and that comply with various requirements, including, providing reasonable access to exchange food within 4 hours of receipt of the food.

[SB 489](#)

[Hurtado D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

CalWORKs: multidisciplinary services teams. Existing law requires the State Department of Social Services to develop 3-year pilot projects in Counties of Alameda, San Bernardino, and Ventura, at the option of each county, to create an integrated and coordinated case management system for the delivery of services to families receiving CalWORKs benefits through the use of multidisciplinary service teams, as defined. Existing law required the department to submit a report to the Legislature by April 1, 2002, on the outcomes of these pilot programs and other specified factors. This bill would require the State Department of Social Services to submit a new report to the Legislature by April 1, 2020, that considers all relevant pilot program data from 2002 to 2019, inclusive. The bill would repeal these provisions on April 1, 2024.

[SB 492](#)

[Galgiani D \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Elder or dependent adult abuse. Would, when the alleged victim of elder or dependent adult abuse has a personal representative, as defined, who is the alleged abuser, require the adult protective services agency or long-term care ombudsman to proceed with an investigation as if the alleged victim has provided consent. The bill would require an investigation to be reported to the local law enforcement agency that has a primary investigative role. By increasing the investigative and reporting duties of local governments, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.

[SB 596](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

In-home supportive services: additional higher energy allowance. The Public Utilities Act requires the Public Utilities Commission to designate a baseline quantity of electricity and gas necessary for a significant portion of the reasonable energy needs of the average residential customer, and to establish a higher energy allowance above the baseline for residential customers with specified medical needs, including those residential customers dependent on life-support equipment. This bill would require a county human services agency to inform each applicant for benefits under the IHSS program that the applicant may be eligible to receive that higher energy allowance and any advanced notifications that may be provided by a public utility when the public utility plans to deenergize portions of the electrical distribution system or in an emergency.

[SB 640](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Mental health services: gravely disabled persons. The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the

involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Existing law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person’s basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would authorize a county to instead use a definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes that would read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of the person’s essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[SB 642](#)

[Stone R \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Pharmacy benefit management: Prescription Acquisition and Adjudication Agency. Would, on and after July 1, 2021, prohibit a health care service plan or a health insurer from entering into, renewing, or extending a contract for pharmacy benefit manager services, as specified.

[SB 661](#)

[Hurtado D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Long-term care. Current law provides various regulatory structures under which long-term care may be provided to older individuals and individuals with disabilities, including within licensed nursing facilities, residential care facilities for the elderly, and home- and community-based services. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to address the growing need for long-term care for seniors and individuals with disabilities in California, and would make related findings and declarations.

[SB 753](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Public social services: emergency notification. Current law permits an authorized employee of a county social services department to disclose the name and residential address of elderly or disabled clients to police, fire, or paramedical personnel, or other designated emergency services personnel, in the event of a public safety emergency that necessitates the possible evacuation of the area in which those elderly or disabled clients reside. Current law specifies that public safety emergencies include, but are not limited to, events that jeopardize the immediate physical safety of county residents. This bill would additionally permit those individuals’ telephone numbers and e-mail addresses to be disclosed and would specifically identify a public safety power shut-off as a public safety emergency.

Health Care

[AB 316](#)

[Ramos D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: benefits: beneficiaries with special dental care needs. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to implement a special needs treatment and management benefit that would be provided for 4 visits in a 12-month period for a Medi-Cal dental program beneficiary with special dental care needs, as defined. The bill would require a Medi-Cal dental program provider to document specified information, including the need for additional time to treat a Medi-Cal dental program beneficiary with special dental care needs, for purposes of reimbursement.

[AB 319](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Narcotic treatment: medication-assisted treatment: Drug Medi-Cal. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to create reimbursement rates and rate billing codes for authorized medications that are provided by licensed narcotic treatment programs electing to provide noncontrolled medications approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for patients with a substance use disorder.

[AB 515](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: unrecovered payments: interest rate. Current law requires the Director of Health Care Services to establish administrative appeal processes to review grievances or complaints arising from the findings of an audit or examination. Under current law, if recovery of a disallowed payment has been made by the department, a provider who prevails in an appeal of that payment is entitled to interest at the rate equal to the monthly average received on investments in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, or simple interest at the rate of 7% per annum, whichever is higher. Under current law, with exceptions, interest at that same rate is assessed against any unrecovered overpayment due to the department. In the case of an assessment against any unrecovered overpayment due to the department, this bill would authorize the department to reduce the interest rate as part of a repayment agreement entered into with the provider, after taking into account specified factors, including the importance of the provider to the health care safety net in the community and the impact of the repayment amounts on the fiscal solvency of the provider.

[AB 537](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal managed care: quality improvement and value-based financial incentive program. Would require, commencing January 1, 2022, a Medi-Cal managed care plan to meet a minimum performance level (MPL) that improves the quality of health care and reduces health disparities for enrollees, as specified. The bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish both a quality assessment and performance improvement program and a value-based financial incentive program to ensure that a Medi-Cal managed care plan achieves an MPL. The bill would, among other things, require the department to establish a public stakeholder process in the planning, development, and ongoing oversight of the programs.

[AB 648](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Wellness programs. Would prohibit health care service plans and insurers from sharing any personal information or data collected through a wellness program, and would prohibit health care service plans or insurers from taking any adverse action, as defined, against an enrollee or member, or insured (“individual”), if the action of the health care service plans or insurers is in response to a matter related to a wellness program, such as an individual’s election to not participate in a wellness program. The bill would establish and impose upon health care service plans and insurers various requirements related to a wellness programs, such as requiring a health care service plan or insurer to provide an individual information concerning its policies and practices pertaining to wellness programs, as specified.

[AB 769](#)

[Smith D \(Dist. 38\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Federally qualified health centers and rural health clinics: licensed professional clinical counselor. Would require an FQHC or RHC that currently includes the cost of the services of a licensed professional clinical counselor for the purposes of establishing its FQHC or RHC rate to apply to the State Department of Health Care Services for an adjustment to its per-visit rate, and, after the rate adjustment has been approved by the department, would require the FQHC or RHC to bill for these services as a separate visit, as specified. The bill would require an

FQHC or RHC that does not provide the services of a licensed professional clinical counselor, and later elects to add this service and bill these services as a separate visit, to process the addition of these services as a change in scope of service.

[AB 770](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: federally qualified health clinics: rural health clinics. Current law provides that federally qualified health center (FQHC) services and rural health clinic (RHC) services, as defined, are covered benefits under the Medi-Cal program, to be reimbursed, in accordance with Medicare reasonable cost principles, and to the extent that federal financial participation is obtained, to providers on a per-visit basis that is unique to each facility. Current law prescribes the reimbursement rate methodology for establishing and adjusting the per-visit rate. This bill would require the methodology of the adjusted per-visit rate to exclude, among other things, a provider productivity standard. The bill would authorize an FQHC or RHC to apply for a rate adjustment for the adoption, implementation, or upgrade of a certified electronic health record system as a change in the scope of service.

[AB 990](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal managed care plans: financial incentives. Would require a Medi-Cal managed care plan contract entered into, or amended, on or after January 1, 2021, to require the contracting Medi-Cal managed care plan to offer financial incentives to its existing enrollees for the purpose of promoting participation in preventive health or wellness activities, as specified, for a value of at least \$100 annually per participating enrollee.

[AB 1246](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Health care coverage: basic health care services. Would require large group health insurance policies, except certain specialized health insurance policies, issued, amended, or renewed on or after July 1, 2020, to include coverage for medically necessary basic health care services, as defined, and would prohibit those large group health insurance policies from imposing annual or lifetime dollar limits on basic health care services or medically necessary prescription drugs.

[AB 1611](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Emergency hospital services: costs. Would require a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020, to provide that if an enrollee or insured receives covered services from a noncontracting hospital, the enrollee or insured is prohibited from paying more than the same cost sharing that the enrollee or insured would pay for the same covered services received from a contracting hospital. The bill would require a health care service plan or insurer to pay a noncontracting hospital for emergency services rendered to an enrollee or insured pursuant to a specified formula, would require a noncontracting hospital to bill, collect, and make refunds in a specified manner, and would provide a dispute resolution procedure if any party is dissatisfied with payment.

[AB 1670](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Health care coverage. Would authorize a provider that contracts with a health care service plan or health insurer to bill an enrollee or insured for a service that is not a covered benefit if the enrollee or insured consents in writing and that written consent meets specified criteria. The bill would require a contracting provider to provide an enrollee or insured with a written estimate of the person's total cost, based on the standard rate the provider would charge for the service, if the service sought is not a covered benefit under the person's health care service plan contract or

health insurance policy.

[AB 1676](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health care: mental health. Would require health care service plans and health insurers, by January 1, 2021, to establish a telehealth consultation program that provides providers who treat children and pregnant and postpartum persons with access to a psychiatrist, as specified, in order to more quickly diagnose and treat children and pregnant and postpartum persons suffering from mental illness.

[SB 11](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Health care coverage: mental health parity. Would require the Department of Managed Health Care and the Department of Insurance annually to report to the Legislature the information obtained through activities taken to enforce state and federal mental health parity laws.

[SB 65](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health care coverage: financial assistance. Would, until January 1, 2023, require the board of the Exchange to develop and prepare one or more reports to be issued at least quarterly and to be made publicly available within 30 days following the end of each quarter for the purpose of informing the California Health and Human Services Agency, the Legislature, and the public about the enrollment process for the individual market assistance program. The bill would require the reports to contain specified information, including, among other things, the number of applications received for the program, the disposition of those applications, and the total number of grievances and appeals filed by applicants and enrollees.

[SB 66](#)

[Atkins D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: federally qualified health center and rural health clinic services. Current law provides that federally qualified health center (FQHC) services and rural health clinic (RHC) services, as defined, are covered benefits under the Medi-Cal program, to be reimbursed, to the extent that federal financial participation is obtained, to providers on a per-visit basis. "Visit" is defined as a face-to-face encounter between a patient of an FQHC or RHC and specified health care professionals, including a physician and marriage and family therapist. Under existing law, "physician," for these purposes, includes, but is not limited to, a physician and surgeon, an osteopath, and a podiatrist. This bill would authorize reimbursement for a maximum of 2 visits taking place on the same day at a single location if after the first visit the patient suffers illness or injury requiring additional diagnosis or treatment, or if the patient has a medical visit and a mental health visit or a dental visit, as defined.

[SB 115](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Medi-Cal: managed care organization provider tax. Current law declares the intent of the Legislature to enact a managed care organization provider tax in California, and requires the collection of the tax and the associated revenue contingent upon receipt of approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. This bill would establish a managed care organization provider tax, with substantially similar provisions, that would become effective and operative on the effective date of the federal approval necessary for receipt of federal financial participation, as specified. The bill would specify the applicable tax amounts for each taxing tier for the 2019–20, 2020–21, and 2021–22, fiscal years, and the first 6 months of the 2022–23 fiscal year. The bill would establish the Health Care Services Special Fund. All revenues, less refunds, derived from the taxes provided for in the bill would be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the fund and continuously appropriated, without regard to fiscal

year, to the department for purposes of funding the nonfederal share of Medi-Cal managed care rates for health care services furnished to children, adults, seniors and persons with disabilities, and persons dually eligible for Medi-Cal and Medicare.

[SB 175](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health care coverage. Current law requires a health care service plan that issues, sells, renews, or offers plan contracts for health care coverage in the state to comply with the requirements of the PPACA, and any rules or regulations issued under the PPACA, that generally prohibit a health plan offering group or individual coverage from imposing lifetime or annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for a participant or beneficiary. Current law requires a plan to comply with those provisions to the extent required by federal law. This bill would delete the requirement that a plan comply with the prohibition on lifetime or annual limits to the extent required by federal law, and would instead prohibit an individual or group health care service plan contract from establishing lifetime or annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for an enrollee, thereby indefinitely extending the prohibitions on lifetime or annual limits, except as specified.

[SB 406](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Health care coverage. Current law requires a group or individual health care service plan contract issued, amended, renewed, or delivered on or after September 23, 2010, to comply with the requirements of the PPACA, and any rules or regulations issued under the PPACA, that require a group health plan and health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage to, at a minimum, provide coverage for specified preventive services, and prohibits the plan or health insurance issuer from imposing any cost-sharing requirements for those preventive services. Current law requires a plan to comply with those provisions to the extent required by federal law. This bill would delete the requirement that a plan comply with the requirement to cover preventive health services without cost sharing to the extent required by federal law, and would instead require a group or individual health care service plan contract to, at a minimum, provide coverage for specified preventive services without any cost-sharing requirements for those preventive services, thereby indefinitely extending those requirements.

Homelessness

[AB 14](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Multifamily Housing Program: homeless youths: homeless families. Would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund into the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund to be expended under the Multifamily Housing Program to fund housing for homeless youths and homeless families in accordance with certain requirements, including that the department prioritize loans to housing projects in disadvantaged communities, as defined, and that unspecified amounts be set aside for both certain homeless youths and certain homeless families.

[AB 22](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Housing: children and families. Would declare that it is the policy of the state that every child and family has the right to safe, decent, and affordable housing, and would require the policy to consider homelessness prevention, emergency accommodations, and permanent housing, as specified. The bill would, among other things, require all relevant state agencies and departments, including, but not limited to, the Department of Housing and Community Development, the State Department of Social Services, and the Office of Emergency Services, and local jurisdictions to consider that state policy when revising, adopting, or establishing policies, regulations, and grant criteria when those policies, regulations, and criteria are pertinent to advancing the guidelines listed as core components of Housing First.

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Homeless integrated data warehouse. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a state homeless integrated data warehouse, in coordination with state and local partners, including the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to develop a composite portrayal of the homeless population in the state and the services provided to this population or to those at risk of becoming homeless. The bill would require that the information compiled for the database include the data necessary, if available, to make certain findings, including, among other things, the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, their access to benefits, and the stated reasons for their homelessness. The bill would require the department to coordinate with other state agencies to draft and carry out a strategy to integrate information to provide longitudinal, cost-based studies with relevant data, as specified.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 246](#)[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State highways: property leases. Would authorize the Department of Transportation to offer a lease on a right of first refusal basis of any airspace under a freeway, or real property acquired for highway purposes, located in a disadvantaged community, that is not excess property to the city or county in which the disadvantaged community is located for purposes of an emergency shelter or feeding program, or for park, recreational, or open-space purposes for a rental amount of \$1 per month, subject to certain conditions.

[AB 302](#)[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Parking: homeless students. Would, until December 31, 2023, require a community college campus that has parking facilities on campus to grant overnight access to those facilities, commencing on or before July 1, 2021, to any homeless student who is enrolled in coursework, has paid any enrollment fees that have not been waived, and is in good standing with the community college, for the purpose of sleeping in the student's vehicle overnight. The bill would require the governing board of the community college district, commencing on or before July 1, 2021, and with the participation of student representatives, to determine a plan of action to implement this requirement, as specified.

[AB 307](#)[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Homeless youth: grant program. Would require the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council to develop and administer a grant program to support young people experiencing homelessness and prevent and end homelessness. The program would be funded by a combination of funds provided to the council by the State Department of Health Care Services from the Youth Education, Prevention, Early Intervention and Treatment Account, funds appropriated by the Legislature, and gifts and donations made to the council for that purpose. This bill contains other related provisions.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1226](#)[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

State highways: property leases: assessment. Current law authorizes the Department of Transportation to lease to public or private entities areas above or below state highways. Current law authorizes the department, in certain cases, to make the land or airspace within the right-of-way of a highway available to a public entity for specified transit-related purposes. This bill would provide examples of "airspace" and "areas above or below state highways"

for purposes of those provisions.

[AB 1275](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Mental health services: county pilot program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish a 3-year pilot project to include the County of Los Angeles and up to 9 additional counties in which each participating county would be required to establish an outreach team, comprised of county employees, to provide outreach services to individuals with a history of mental illness or substance use disorders who are unable to provide for urgently needed medical care and who are homeless or at risk of experiencing homelessness.

[AB 1295](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Temporary housing and supportive services program. Would require the California Health and Human Services Agency, in consultation with specified stakeholders, to, upon the closure of the Fairview Developmental Center, operate at the site of the former Fairview Developmental Center a temporary housing program for individuals with severe mental illness who are experiencing homelessness. The bill would require the program to accommodate up to 200 individuals and provide program participants with access to housing and onsite services, as specified.

[AB 1534](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Regional Homeless Management Planning Act. Would enact the Regional Homeless Management Planning Act, which would require the department, on or before December 31, 2020, to develop standards and definitions for a county to use in developing regional homeless action plans, as specified. The bill would require a county to complete and submit to the department a Regional Homeless Action Plan on or before January 1, 2022, and every 2 years thereafter, as specified. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1572](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental health services: gravely disabled. Current law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled.” This bill would change the definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[AB 1711](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Homeless populations: disease outbreak. Would require a city or city and county to take certain actions if a homeless population of 4,500 persons or more residing on the streets of a city or city and county is currently experiencing a disease outbreak, or is at risk of a disease outbreak, as determined by the local health officer based on an unspecified minimum incidence rate. The bill would require that those actions include, as applicable, cleaning streets, providing free and voluntary disease testing and vaccination, and developing a systematic plan for outreach to the affected homeless population.

[AB 1845](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Homelessness: Office to End Homelessness. Would create, within the Governor's office, the Governor's Office to End Homelessness, which would be administered by the Secretary on Housing Insecurity and Homelessness appointed by the Governor. The bill would require that the office serve the Governor as the lead entity for ending homelessness in California and would task the office with coordinating the various federal, state, and local departments and agencies that provide housing and services to individuals experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness.

[AB 1861](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental health: involuntary commitment. Under current law, if a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services as a facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. Current law prohibits specified mental health personnel from taking certain actions that interfere with a peace officer seeking to transport, or having transported, a person detained for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1905](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Housing and Homeless Response Fund: personal income taxation: mortgage interest deduction. The Personal Income Tax Law allows various deductions in computing the income that is subject to the taxes imposed by that law, including, in modified conformity with federal income tax laws, a deduction for a limited amount of interest paid on acquisition indebtedness, as defined, with respect to a qualified residence of the taxpayer. Current law limits the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness for these purposes to \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return. Existing law specifies for these purposes that a qualified residence includes the taxpayer's principal residence and one other residence selected by the taxpayer, as provided. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and with respect to acquisition indebtedness initially incurred by a taxpayer on or after January 1, 2018, would reduce the above-described limit on the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness from \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return, to \$750,000 and \$375,000, respectively.

[AB 1908](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Department of Transportation: Homeless Encampment and Litter Program. Would require the Department of Transportation, within its maintenance program, to establish a Homeless Encampment and Litter Program to provide timely abatement and cleanup of homeless encampments on department property and expedited and coordinated access to housing and supportive services. The bill would require the department to coordinate with homeless service provider agencies and to establish homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel teams. The bill would require the department, upon receiving a report of a homeless encampment, to deploy a multidisciplinary personnel team to expedite and coordinate access to housing and supportive services for occupants of the encampment.

[AB 1937](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Homeless children and youths: reporting. Would require a local educational agency to ensure that each school within the local educational agency identifies all homeless children and youths enrolled at the school, create a housing questionnaire, as specified, for purposes of identifying homeless children and youths, and annually provide the

housing questionnaire to all parents or guardians of pupils of the local educational agency. The bill would also require the local educational agency to annually report to the department the number of homeless children and youths enrolled.

[AB 1938](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental Health Services Act: inpatient treatment funding. Would specify, to the extent MHSA funds are otherwise available for use pursuant to the Mental Health Services Act, those funds may be used to provide inpatient treatment, including involuntary treatment of a patient who is a danger to self or others or gravely disabled, in specified settings, including an acute psychiatric hospital, an institution for mental disease, and a mental health rehabilitation center, as defined. The bill would state that this change is declaratory of existing law.

[AB 1946](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental health services: involuntary detention. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reform the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, including expanding the definition of “gravely disabled” to add a condition in which a person is unable to provide for their own medical treatment as a result of a mental health disorder, and emphasizing the necessity to create policies that prioritize living safely in communities.

[SB 48](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Low Barrier Navigation Center developments. Current law requires that the housing element identify adequate sites for housing, including rental housing, factory-built housing, mobilehomes, and emergency shelters, and to make adequate provision for the existing and projected needs of all economic segments of a community. This bill would revise the requirements of the housing element, as described above, in connection with the identification of zones where emergency shelters are allowed as a permitted use with a conditional use or other discretionary permit. The bill would generally require that emergency shelters be in areas that allow residential use, including mixed-use areas, but would permit designation in nonresidential zones if a zoning designation is not possible where residential use is a permitted use and if a local government can demonstrate that the zone is connected to specified amenities and services.

[SB 258](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program: grants: homeless shelters: pets and veterinary services. Current law establishes the California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program, under the administration of the Department of Housing and Community Development and requires the department to, among other things, provide rental assistance and housing relocation and stabilization services to ensure housing affordability to people who are experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of homelessness. This bill would require the department to develop and administer a program to award grants to qualified homeless shelters, as described, for the provision of shelter, food, and basic veterinary services for pets owned by people experiencing homelessness.

[SB 333](#)

[Wilk R \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council. Would require the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, by July 1, 2021, to develop and implement a statewide strategic plan for addressing homelessness in the state, as specified. The bill would require the council, by January 1, 2021, to implement strategic plans to assist federal Housing and Urban Development Continuum of Care lead agencies in better implementing Housing and Urban Development recommended activities and meeting Housing and Urban Development requirements.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Homeless Emergency Aid program: funding. Current law establishes the Homeless Emergency Aid program, administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, for the purpose of providing localities with one-time flexible block grant funds to address their immediate homelessness challenges. This bill would, upon appropriation, make funding available to the agency to be used to provide an allocation of funds to administrative entities under the program.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Mental health services: gravely disabled persons. The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Existing law, for the purposes of involuntary commitment and conservatorship, defines “gravely disabled,” among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the person’s basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would authorize a county to instead use a definition of “gravely disabled” for these purposes that would read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, the person’s own basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of the person’s essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Hepatitis A pilot project: County of San Diego. Would require the County of San Diego to operate a 3-year pilot program for the purpose of providing general health care outreach and triage care for the homeless population in the County of San Diego, including providing specific outreach and vaccinations against hepatitis A. The bill would require the County of San Diego’s local health department to be the lead agency for the pilot project and would require the local health department to provide public health nurses at homeless shelters in the County of San Diego and to establish a mobile health unit to be dispatched for purposes of assisting public health nurses in providing health-related services to homeless individuals outside of the shelter setting.

Hospitals

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Hospitals: assaults and batteries. Would make an assault committed on the property of a public or private hospital punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding \$2,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health facilities. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation requiring health facilities to evaluate their safety and sanitation practices.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health facilities: residential mental health or substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Public Health, in consultation with specified entities, to develop and submit a proposal to solicit a grant under the federal 21st Century Cures Act to develop a real-time, Internet-based database to collect, aggregate, and display information about the availability of beds in inpatient psychiatric facilities, crisis stabilization units, residential community mental health facilities, and licensed residential alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities for treatment purposes.

[AB 1404](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Nonprofit sponsors: reporting obligations. The Nonprofit Corporation Law regulates the organization and operation of nonprofit public benefit corporations, nonprofit mutual benefit corporations, and nonprofit religious corporations, including, but not limited to, health care service plans. That law requires a nonprofit public benefit corporation to furnish annually to its members a report that includes the assets and liabilities of the corporation, revenue or receipts of the corporation, and the expenses or disbursements of the corporation. This bill would require a nonprofit sponsor to make specified annual disclosures publicly available by posting those disclosures on the nonprofit sponsor's public internet website in the same location where it posts copies of its annual report.

[AB 1405](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Permanent supportive housing for parolees. Current law requires the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to provide a supportive housing program, known as the Integrated Services for Mentally Ill Parolees (ISMIP) program, that provides wraparound services to mentally ill parolees at risk of homelessness using funding appropriated for that purpose. This bill would require the department to enter into contracts with contractors who provide short-term housing to parolees through an adult day reporting center or through the department's Specialized Treatment for Optimized Programming (STOP) to provide permanent housing for individuals exiting prison who are at risk of homelessness and to parolees experiencing homelessness.

[AB 1544](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act. Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

[AB 1611](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Emergency hospital services: costs. Would require a health care service plan contract or insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020, to provide that if an enrollee or insured receives covered services from a noncontracting hospital, the enrollee or insured is prohibited from paying more than the same cost sharing that the enrollee or insured would pay for the same covered services received from a contracting hospital. The bill would require a health care service plan or insurer to pay a noncontracting hospital for emergency services rendered to an enrollee or insured pursuant to a specified formula, would require a noncontracting hospital to bill, collect, and make refunds in a specified manner, and would provide a dispute resolution procedure if any party is

dissatisfied with payment.

[SB 567](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE L., P.E. & R.

Workers' compensation: hospital employees. Would define "injury," for a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital, to include infectious diseases and musculoskeletal injuries. The bill would create rebuttable presumptions that these injuries that develop or manifest in a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital arose out of and in the course of the employment. The bill would extend these presumptions for specified time periods after the hospital employee's termination of employment. The bill would also make related findings and declarations.

[SB 758](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Hospitals: seismic safety. The Alfred E. Alquist Hospital Facilities Seismic Safety Act of 1983 requires, before January 1, 2020, the owner of an acute care inpatient hospital whose building does not substantially comply with described seismic safety regulations or standards to submit to the office an attestation that the board of directors of that hospital is aware that the hospital building is required to meet a specified deadline for substantial compliance with those regulations and standards. This bill would require, on or before January 1, 2021, the owner of an acute care inpatient hospital to update the above-described submission by reporting the services provided in each building of the acute care inpatient hospital.

Housing

[AB 10](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income taxes: credits low-income housing: farmworker housing. Current law limits the total annual amount of the state low-income housing credit for which a federal low-income housing credit is required to the sum of \$70,000,000, as increased by any percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year, any unused credit for the preceding calendar years, and the amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year, and authorizes CTCAC, for calendar years beginning in 2020, to allocate an additional \$500,000,000 to specified low-income housing projects and, for calendar years beginning in 2021, requires this additional amount only to be available for allocation pursuant to an authorization in the annual Budget Act or related legislation, and specified regulatory action by CTCAC. This bill would remove the requirement that, beginning in the 2021 calendar year, the above-described additional \$500,000,000 allocation only be available pursuant to an authorization in the annual Budget Act or related legislation, and specified regulatory action by CTCAC.

[AB 11](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Community Redevelopment Law of 2019. Current law dissolved redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012, and designates successor agencies to act as successor entities to the dissolved redevelopment agencies. This bill, the Community Redevelopment Law of 2019, would authorize a city or county, or two or more cities acting jointly, to propose the formation of an affordable housing and infrastructure agency by adoption of a resolution of intention that meets specified requirements, including that the resolution of intention include a passthrough provision and an override passthrough provision, as defined.

[AB 14](#)

[Rivas, Luz D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Multifamily Housing Program: homeless youths: homeless families. Would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund into the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund to be expended under the Multifamily Housing

Program to fund housing for homeless youths and homeless families in accordance with certain requirements, including that the department prioritize loans to housing projects in disadvantaged communities, as defined, and that unspecified amounts be set aside for both certain homeless youths and certain homeless families.

[AB 22](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Housing: children and families. Would declare that it is the policy of the state that every child and family has the right to safe, decent, and affordable housing, and would require the policy to consider homelessness prevention, emergency accommodations, and permanent housing, as specified. The bill would, among other things, require all relevant state agencies and departments, including, but not limited to, the Department of Housing and Community Development, the State Department of Social Services, and the Office of Emergency Services, and local jurisdictions to consider that state policy when revising, adopting, or establishing policies, regulations, and grant criteria when those policies, regulations, and criteria are pertinent to advancing the guidelines listed as core components of Housing First.

[AB 36](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Residential tenancies: rent control. The Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act prescribes statewide limits on the application of local rent control with regard to certain properties. This bill would modify those provisions to authorize an owner of residential real property to establish the initial and all subsequent rental rates for a dwelling or unit that has been issued its first certificate of occupancy within 20 years of the date upon which the owner seeks to establish the initial or subsequent rental rate, or for a dwelling or unit that is alienable separate from the title to any other dwelling unit or is a subdivided interest in a subdivision and the owner is a natural person who owns 10 or fewer residential units within the same jurisdiction as the dwelling or unit for which the owner seeks to establish the initial or subsequent rental rate, subject to certain exceptions.

[AB 53](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Rental housing unlawful housing practices: applications: criminal records. Would make it an unlawful housing practice for the owner of a rental housing accommodation to inquire about, or require an applicant for a rental housing accommodation to disclose, a criminal record during the initial application assessment phase, as defined, unless otherwise required by state or federal law. The bill would permit an owner of a rental housing accommodation, after the successful completion of the initial application assessment phase, to request a criminal background check of the applicant and consider an applicant's criminal record in deciding whether to rent or lease to the applicant.

[AB 113](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE BUDGET & F.R.

Housing. Current law creates the National Mortgage Special Deposit Fund in the State Treasury, which is continuously appropriated and subject to allocation by the Department of Finance, for the receipt of moneys from the National Mortgage Settlement. This bill, in accordance with a specified California appellate court decision, would provide for \$331,044,084 to be transferred from the General Fund to the National Mortgage Special Deposit Fund. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to create a trust to manage these funds, as specified. The bill would specify purposes to which these funds will be applied. The bill would appropriate \$100,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Finance to study the most effective way to establish and manage a trust for those purposes.

[AB 168](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Housing: streamlined approvals. The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. Prior to the release of a negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration, or an EIR for a project, CEQA requires the lead agency to begin consultation with a California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed project, as provided. Current law provides that a development subject to the streamlined ministerial approval process described above is not subject to CEQA. This bill would require a development proponent, before submitting an application for streamlined approval described above, to submit notice of its intent to submit an application under these provisions, which must provide a description and the location of the proposed development. The bill would require, after that notice is received by the local government, a local government and California Native American tribe to engage in a scoping consultation, as defined, regarding the potential effects the proposed development could have on a potential tribal cultural resource.

[AB 191](#)

[Patterson R \(Dist. 23\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Building standards: exemptions: rebuilding after disasters. Current law, the State Housing Law, establishes statewide construction and occupancy standards for buildings used for human habitation, including energy conservation and fire prevention requirements relating to energy efficiency and the installation of interior sprinklers. This bill would, until January 1, 2030, exempt homes that meet specified requirements and are being rebuilt after wildfires or specified emergency events that occurred on or after January 1, 2017, from meeting certain current building standards.

[AB 192](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

California Integrated Community Living Program. Would establish the California Integrated Community Living Program in the State Department of Developmental Services. The program would provide deferred payment loans to finance capital and other specified costs for permanent supportive housing for individuals who are regional center clients in order to maximize affordable integrated community living opportunities within communities for people with intellectual and developmental disabilities.

[AB 195](#)

[Patterson R \(Dist. 23\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Department of Housing and Community Development: housing bond programs. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development, on or before December 31 of each year, to submit an annual report containing specified information to the Governor and both houses of the Legislature on the operations and accomplishments during the previous fiscal year of the housing programs administered by the department. This bill would require the department to include in those annual reports specified information relating to grant-based programs administered by the department, including the amount of the original awards to recipients, the portions not yet disbursed to recipients, and an estimate of how many individuals could benefit from the remaining balance.

[AB 246](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State highways: property leases. Would authorize the Department of Transportation to offer a lease on a right of first refusal basis of any airspace under a freeway, or real property acquired for highway purposes, located in a disadvantaged community, that is not excess property to the city or county in which the disadvantaged community is located for purposes of an emergency shelter or feeding program, or for park, recreational, or open-space purposes

for a rental amount of \$1 per month, subject to certain conditions.

[AB 264](#)

[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

Income taxes: credits: development impact fees. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would establish credits against the taxes imposed by those laws for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, in an amount equal to the total amount paid or incurred during the taxable year by a qualified taxpayer, as defined, for the payment of development impact fees and connection fees applied to newly constructed single-family and multifamily homes.

[AB 298](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing: home purchase assistance program: first responders: Legislative Analyst: study and report. Would require the Legislative Analyst to conduct a study, and present the findings thereof to the Legislature, to inform the creation of a low-interest loan program for first responders. The bill would require the report to be submitted on or before January 1, 2024. The bill would require the report to include a recommendation as to which state department is best suited to administer the program, an estimation of the amount of funding that would be necessary to conduct the program, and recommendations for qualifications for participation in the program.

[AB 434](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Housing financing programs: universal application. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer the Infill Incentive Grant Program of 2007, also known as the Infill Infrastructure Grant Program, and award competitive grants under that program to selected capital improvement projects that are an integral part of, or necessary to facilitate the development of, a qualifying infill project or a qualifying infill area. Current law establishes the Transit-Oriented Development Implementation Program, to be administered by the department, to provide local assistance to specified local agencies and developers for the purpose of developing or facilitating the development of higher density uses within close proximity to transit stations. This bill, on or before December 31, 2020, would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to develop a single, universal application form that may be used by applicants for funds under the above-described programs.

[AB 437](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Move-In Loan Program. Would establish the Move-In Loan Program for the purpose of providing grants to eligible nonprofit organizations to be used to provide no-interest loans to eligible applicants to afford the security deposit and first month's rent for a rental dwelling. The bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer the program and to determine the standards for the program, as specified, and would require the department to control selection of, eligible nonprofit organization applicants to receive a grant to administer a loan program, as specified.

[AB 492](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Property tax assistance: eligibility. The Gonsalves-Deukmejian-Petris Senior Citizens Property Tax Assistance Law authorizes individuals who meets specified criteria, including that they either be 62 years of age or older or blind or disabled, as defined, to file with the Franchise Tax Board a claim for assistance. This bill, until December 1, 2025, would recast these provisions as the Gonsalves-Deukmejian-Petris Property Tax Assistance Law and authorize any individual, without regard to age, blindness, or disability, who otherwise meets specified criteria to file

a claim for assistance.

[AB 531](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Foster youth: housing. The California Community Care Facilities Act requires the State Department of Social Services to license and regulate transitional housing placement providers as a community care facility. A “transitional housing placement provider” is an organization licensed by the department to provide transitional housing to foster children at least 16 years of age and not more than 18 years of age, and nonminor dependents to promote their transition to adulthood. Current law requires transitional housing units to include, among others, a host family certified by a transitional housing placement provider. This bill would authorize a host family to be certified by the transitional housing placement provider, or to be an approved resource family, a licensed foster family home or certified foster home, an approved relative caregiver, or a nonrelative extended family member of a participant, without requiring additional certification by the transitional housing placement provider. The bill would require, if a nonminor dependent receiving transitional housing services lives with a host family, payment for those services to be split equally between the transitional housing placement provider, the host family, and the nonminor dependent, unless a different apportionment is agreed to by all parties.

[AB 553](#)

[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

High-speed rail bonds: housing. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase I blended system.

[AB 599](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing programs: definitions: workforce housing. Current law provides that 20% of the moneys in the Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund on and after January 1, 2019, be appropriated by the Legislature and expended for affordable owner-occupied workforce housing. This bill, for these purposes, would define the terms “affordable workforce housing” and “affordable owner-occupied workforce housing” as housing that is affordable to persons and families of low or moderate income.

[AB 694](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020. Would enact the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020 to authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$600,000,000 to provide additional funding for the VHPA. The bill would provide for the handling and disposition of the funds in the same manner as the 2014 bond act.

[AB 724](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Rental property data registry. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a rental registry online portal, which would be designed to receive specified information from landlords regarding their residential tenancies and to disseminate this information to the general public. The bill would require the department to complete the rental registry online portal, the form necessary to support it, by January 1, 2021, and would require landlords who own or operate property that includes more than 15 dwelling units to register within 90 days and annually thereafter.

[AB 725](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

General plans: housing element: moderate-income and above moderate-income housing: suburban and metropolitan jurisdictions. The Planning and Zoning Law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable for residential development, to be used to identify sites that can be developed for housing within the planning period and that are sufficient to provide for the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need determined pursuant to specified law. This bill would require that at least 25% of a metropolitan jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need for moderate-income housing be allocated to sites with zoning that allows at least 2 units of housing, but no more than 35 units per acre of housing. The bill would require that at least 25% of a metropolitan jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need for above moderate-income housing be allocated to sites with zoning that allows at least 2 units of housing, but no more than 35 units per acre of housing.

[AB 726](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing: downpayment assistance. Under current law, there are programs providing assistance for, among other things, emergency housing, multifamily housing, farmworker housing, homeownership for very low and low-income households, and downpayment assistance for first-time homebuyers. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would create a pilot program to provide downpayment assistance to persons who are purchasing their rental residence pursuant to a rent-to-own contract.

[AB 738](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Regional housing need allocation: County of San Mateo. Would, until January 31, 2031, authorize the County of San Mateo (county) or a jurisdiction within the county, if the county or the jurisdiction contributes affordable housing funds to a deed-restricted affordable housing development in another jurisdiction in the county or to a housing joint powers authority serving the county, and if certain conditions are met, including that the contributing and receiving jurisdictions are in agreement, to report, in proportion to the amount of funds contributed, the associated completed entitlements, building permits, or a certificates of occupancy on the contributing jurisdiction's annual production report.

[AB 816](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

California Flexible Housing Subsidy Pool Program. Would establish the California Flexible Housing Subsidy Pool Program within the Department of Housing and Community Development for the purpose of making grants available to applicants, defined to include a city, county, city and county, or continuum of care, for eligible activities including, among other things, rental assistance, operating subsidies in new and existing affordable or supportive housing units, and specified outreach services. The bill would continuously appropriate \$450,000,000 from the General Fund every fiscal year to the department for purposes of the program, and set forth how these funds must be allocated.

[AB 831](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Department of Housing and Community Development: study: local fees: new developments. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to post the study on its internet website on or before March 1, 2020. The bill would also require the department, by January 1, 2024, to issue a report to the Legislature on the progress of cities and counties in adopting the recommendations made in the study.

[AB 847](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing: transportation-related impact fees grant program. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development , upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish a competitive grant program to award grants to cities and counties to offset up to 100% of any transportation-related impact fees exacted upon a qualifying housing development project, as defined, by the local jurisdiction.

[AB 1020](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State of California Housing Agency Act. Would enact the State of California Housing Agency Act and, as of July 1, 2021, would separate the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency into the Business and Consumer Services Agency and the Housing Agency. The bill would provide that the Business and Consumer Services Agency consists of the Department of Consumer Affairs, the Department of Fair Employment and Housing, the Department of Business Oversight, the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Appeals Board, the California Horse Racing Board, and the Alfred E. Alquist Seismic Safety Commission. The bill would rename the Secretary of Business, Consumer Services, and Housing as the Secretary of Business and Consumer Services.

[AB 1074](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020. Would enact the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020 (bond act), which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Program, established as part of the bond act. The bill would authorize the Department of Housing and Community Development to enter into a contract under that program with a homeowner to provide financing to pay for the eligible costs incurred by the homeowner in constructing an accessory dwelling unit on the homeowner's property, subject to specified terms and conditions.

[AB 1177](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Planning and zoning: housing development: streamlined approval. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development, which satisfies specified objective planning standards, that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit. Under current law, those objective planning standards include that the development proponent must certify both (1) that the development is either a public work, for purposes of specified law, or that all construction workers employed in the execution of the development will be paid at least the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for the type of work and geographic area and (2) that if the development meets certain conditions, a skilled and trained workforce, as defined, will be used to complete the development if the application is approved, as provided. Existing law exempts from any requirement to pay prevailing wages or use a skilled and trained workforce a project that includes 10 or fewer units and is not a public work. This bill would delete the requirement that a skilled and trained workforce be employed on any project subject to these provisions.

[AB 1206](#)

[Choi R \(Dist. 68\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

Income tax credits: leased or rented property: persons receiving housing services or assistance. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2024, would allow a credit against those taxes to a taxpayer that owns qualified property, as defined, in an amount

equal to \$500 for each qualified property owned by the taxpayer, not to exceed \$5,000 per taxable year.

[AB 1226](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

State highways: property leases: assessment. Current law authorizes the Department of Transportation to lease to public or private entities areas above or below state highways. Current law authorizes the department, in certain cases, to make the land or airspace within the right-of-way of a highway available to a public entity for specified transit-related purposes. This bill would provide examples of “airspace” and “areas above or below state highways” for purposes of those provisions.

[AB 1239](#)

[Cunningham R \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Planning and zoning: housing element. The Planning and Zoning Law law requires that the housing element, among other things, sets forth a schedule of actions during the planning period that the local government is undertaking or intends to undertake to implement the policies and achieve the goals of the housing element, as provided. Current law authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development to allow a city or county to substitute the provision of units for up to 25% of the community’s obligation to identify adequate sites for any income category in its housing element pursuant to a schedule of actions. This bill would additionally authorize the department to allow a city or county to substitute the provision of units for up to 25% of the community’s obligation to identify adequate sites for any income category under the above-described schedule of actions if the governing body of the city or county has adopted both (1) an ordinance that implements requirements under state law, as well as any applicable requirements of the city or county, relating to accessory dwelling units and meets certain requirements and (2) an ordinance establishing a permitting process and appropriate standards to regulate short-term rentals of single-family dwellings in order to accomplish specified objectives. The bill would also make various nonsubstantive changes.

[AB 1244](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Environmental quality: judicial review: housing projects. Would, in an action or proceeding seeking judicial review under the California Environmental Quality Act, prohibit a court from staying or enjoining a housing project for which an environmental impact report has been certified, unless the court makes specified findings.

[AB 1251](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Planning and zoning: housing development. The Planning and Zoning Law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable and available for residential development, as provided. If the inventory of sites does not identify adequate sites to accommodate the need for groups of all household income levels, as specified, current law requires the local government to rezone those sites within specified time periods. Current law requires this rezoning to accommodate 100% of the need for housing for very low and low-income households, allocated as provided, for which site capacity has not been identified in the inventory of sites on sites zoned to permit specified residential developments as a use by right, as that term is defined. This bill would additionally require that, if a local government fails to complete the above-described rezoning within one year of the specified deadline, a housing development in which at least 40% of the units have an affordable housing cost or affordable rent for lower income households be a use by right in all zones where multifamily, commercial, and mixed uses are permitted.

[AB 1279](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Planning and zoning: housing development: high-resource areas. Would require the department to designate areas in this state as high-resource areas, as provided, by January 1, 2021, and every 5 years thereafter. The bill would authorize a city or county to appeal the designation of an area within its jurisdiction as a high-resource area during that 5-year period. In any area designated as a high-resource area, the bill would require that a housing development project be a use by right, upon the request of a developer, in any high-resource area designated pursuant to be a use by right in certain parts of the high-resource area if those projects meet specified requirements, including specified affordability requirements. For certain development projects where the initial sales price or initial rent exceeds the affordable housing cost or affordable rent to households with incomes equal to or less than 100% of the area median income, the bill would require the applicant agree to pay a fee equal to 10% of the difference between the actual initial sales price or initial rent and the sales price or rent that would be affordable, as provided. The bill would require the city or county to deposit the fee into a separate fund reserved for the construction or preservation of housing with an affordable housing cost or affordable rent to households with a household income less than 50% of the area median income. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1318](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing: school employees. Current law exempts certain transactions from the requirements that otherwise apply to the sale or lease of real property by a school district if certain conditions are met, including that the financing proceeds obtained by the school district pursuant to the transaction are expended solely for capital outlay purposes, including the acquisition of real property for intended use as a schoolsite. This bill would specify that the acquisition of real property for intended use as school district employee housing is a permissible capital outlay expenditure for purposes of those provisions.

[AB 1326](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

Property taxation: welfare exemption: low income housing. Current law, through the 2027–28 fiscal year, treats a unit of property owned by an owner who is eligible for the federal low-income housing tax credit as occupied by a lower income household if the occupants were lower income households on the lien date in the fiscal year in which occupancy of the unit commenced and the unit continues to be rent restricted, notwithstanding an increase in the income of the occupants of the unit to 140% of area median income, but that the unit would cease to be treated as a lower income unit if the income of the occupants of the unit increases above 140% of area median income. Current law, through the 2027–28 fiscal year, requires a claim for the welfare exemption on qualified property to be accompanied by an affidavit containing specified information regarding the units occupied by lower income households for which the exemption is claimed and provides that affidavit is not subject to public disclosure. This bill would extend indefinitely the treatment of a unit of property whose owner is eligible for specified federal low-income housing tax credits as occupied by a lower income household, as provided.

[AB 1367](#)

[Brough R \(Dist. 73\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing: live-work units. Would state the Legislature’s intent to enact legislation that would encourage the development of live-work units.

[AB 1386](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Residential fees and charges. The Mitigation Fee Act prohibits a local agency that imposes fees or charges on a residential development for the construction of public improvements or facilities from requiring the payment of those fees or charges until the date of the final inspection or the date the certificate of occupancy is issued, whichever occurs first, except that the payment may be required sooner when the fees or charges are to reimburse the local

agency for previously made expenditures, or when the local agency determines that an account has been established, funds have been appropriated for the public improvements or facilities, and the local agency has adopted a proposed construction schedule or plan prior to final inspection or issuance of the certificate of occupancy. This bill would delete the above-described authorization for a local agency to require payment of fees or charges prior to the date of final inspection or issuance of the certificate of occupancy, whichever occurs first.

[AB 1481](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Tenancy termination: just cause. Would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a lessor of residential property from terminating the lease without just cause, as defined, stated in the written notice to terminate.

[AB 1484](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Mitigation Fee Act: housing developments. The Mitigation Fee Act requires a local agency that establishes, increases, or imposes a fee as a condition of approval of a development project to, among other things, determine a reasonable relationship between the fee's use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed. This bill would prohibit a local agency from imposing a housing impact requirement adopted by the local agency on a housing development project, as defined, unless specified requirements are satisfied by the local agency, including that the housing impact requirement be roughly proportional in both nature and extent to the impact created by the housing development project.

[AB 1534](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Regional Homeless Management Planning Act. Would enact the Regional Homeless Management Planning Act, which would require the department, on or before December 31, 2020, to develop standards and definitions for a county to use in developing regional homeless action plans, as specified. The bill would require a county to complete and submit to the department a Regional Homeless Action Plan on or before January 1, 2022, and every 2 years thereafter, as specified. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1536](#)

[Gray D \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Reinvestment in Infrastructure for a Sustainable and Equitable California (RISE) districts: standards. Would, no later than November 30, 2020, require the Office of Planning and Research to develop standards for the formation of Reinvestment in Infrastructure for a Sustainable and Equitable California (RISE) districts. The bill would require that these standards encourage equitable development in location-efficient areas adjacent to public transit investments in passenger rail in order to refocus growth toward city centers while reducing greenhouse gas emissions and reinforcing community resilience.

[AB 1562](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing guidebook. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to prepare the guidebook for use following the 2020 Census of Population and Housing and would require the guidebook to be completed by December 31, 2023.

[AB 1568](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Housing law compliance: prohibition on applying for state grants. The Housing Element Law, prescribes

requirements for the preparation of the housing element, including a requirement that a planning agency submit a draft of the element or draft amendment to the element to the Department of Housing and Community Development prior to the adoption of the element or amendment to the element. Current law requires the department to review the draft and report its written findings, as specified. Current law also requires the department, in its written findings, to determine whether the draft substantially complies with the Housing Element Law. This bill would authorize the city or county to submit evidence that the city or county is no longer in violation of state law to the department and to request the department to issue a finding that the city or county is no longer in violation of state law.

[AB 1579](#)

[Gabriel D \(Dist. 45\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

College and university student housing: impact mitigation fees. Would prohibit a school district from levying a fee, charge, dedication, or other requirement against the construction or operation of a college or university student housing facility, as defined. The bill would require the owner of the facility to pay the school impact mitigation fee for a unit of the facility if a child residing in that unit attends a school of the district. The bill would require the owner of a facility to record a covenant in favor of the school district requiring the owner to pay the school impact mitigation fee as provided, and submit a report to the school district each year disclosing each unit that houses a child attending a school of the district and the assessable area of each of those units.

[AB 1648](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Housing: school employees: affordable rental housing. Would define affordable rental housing for the purposes of the Teacher Housing Act of 2016 to mean a rental housing development with a majority of its rents restricted to levels that are affordable to persons and families whose income does not exceed 200 percent of area median income, as specified, and located on real property owned by the school district.

[AB 1697](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing: tenancy termination: just cause. Would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a lessor of residential property, for a term not specified by the parties, in which the tenant has occupied the property for 10 months or more, from terminating the lease without just cause, stated in the written notice to terminate.

[AB 1706](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Housing development: incentives. Would, until January 1, 2035, provide specified financial incentives that ensure financial feasibility to a development proponent of a residential housing development in the 9-county San Francisco Bay area region that dedicates at least 20% of the development's housing units to households making no more than 150% of the area median income. The incentives provided to those developments include an exemption from the California Environmental Quality Act, a density bonus of 35%, a waiver of local parking requirements, and a waiver of physical building requirements imposed on development by the local agency, such as green building standards.

[AB 1717](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Transit-Oriented Affordable Housing Funding Program Act. Would establish the Transit-Oriented Affordable Housing Funding Program, to be administered by the California Housing Finance Agency (CalHFA). The bill would authorize the city council of a city, or the board of supervisors of a city and county, to participate in the program by enactment of an ordinance establishing a transit-oriented affordable housing district, as provided.

[AB 1731](#)

[Boerner Horvath D \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Short-term rentals: coastal zone: County of San Diego. Current law requires a hosting platform, as defined, to provide a specific notice to an occupant listing a residence for short-term rental on a hosting platform that states, among other things, that, if the occupant is a tenant, listing the room, home, condominium, or apartment may violate the lease or contract and could result in legal action by the landlord, including possible eviction. This bill would authorize a hosting platform to book a transaction for a unit within an eligible area as a short-term rental 365 days per year if the primary resident lives onsite of the residential property full time. The bill would define “full time” for these purposes as 270 days per year.

[AB 1741](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Postsecondary education: housing. Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to encourage the construction of housing at or near postsecondary educational institutions.

[AB 1786](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Land use and planning: regional housing assessment allocation: housing element. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for its jurisdiction that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. That law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable for residential development, to be used to identify sites that can be developed for housing within the planning period and that are sufficient to provide for the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need determined pursuant to specified law. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to this provision.

[AB 1851](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Faith-based organization affiliated housing development projects: parking requirements. Would upon the request of a developer of a housing development project, require a local agency to ministerially approve a request to that local agency to reduce or eliminate any parking requirements that would otherwise be imposed by that local agency on the development if the housing development project qualifies as a faith-based organization affiliated housing development project, as defined. This bill would prohibit a local agency from requiring the replacement of religious-use parking spaces proposed to be eliminated by a faith-based organization affiliated housing development project pursuant to a request made and ministerially approved pursuant to the bill, or from requiring the curing of any preexisting deficit of religious-use parking as a condition of approval of a faith-based organization affiliated housing development project.

[AB 1905](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Housing and Homeless Response Fund: personal income taxation: mortgage interest deduction. The Personal Income Tax Law allows various deductions in computing the income that is subject to the taxes imposed by that law, including, in modified conformity with federal income tax laws, a deduction for a limited amount of interest paid on acquisition indebtedness, as defined, with respect to a qualified residence of the taxpayer. Current law limits the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness for these purposes to \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return. Existing law specifies for these purposes that a qualified residence includes the taxpayer's principal residence and one other residence selected by the taxpayer, as provided. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and with respect to acquisition indebtedness initially incurred by a taxpayer on or after January 1, 2018, would reduce the above-described limit on the aggregate amount treated as acquisition indebtedness from \$1,000,000, or \$500,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return, to \$750,000 and \$375,000, respectively.

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

California Environmental Quality Act: emergency shelters: supportive and affordable housing: exemption. Would, until January 1, 2029, exempt from environmental review under CEQA certain activities approved by or carried out by a public agency in furtherance of providing emergency shelters, supportive housing, or affordable housing, as each is defined. The bill would require a lead agency that determines to carry out or approve an activity that is within this CEQA exemption to file a notice of exemption, as specified.

[AB 1934](#)[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Planning and zoning: affordable housing: streamlined, ministerial approval process. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development, which satisfies specified objective planning standards, that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit. Current law requires a local government to notify the development proponent in writing if the local government determines that the development conflicts with any of those objective standards by a specified time; otherwise, the development is deemed to comply with those standards. Current law provides that if a local government approves a project pursuant to that process, that approval will not expire until a specified period of time depending on the nature of the development. This bill would, notwithstanding those provisions, authorize a development proponent to submit an application for a development to be subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process provided that development meet specified objective planning standards, including that the development provide housing for persons and families of low or moderate income

[ACA 1](#)[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval. The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

[SB 4](#)[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Housing. Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project or eligible transit-oriented development (TOD) project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a “neighborhood multifamily project” to mean a project to construct a multifamily unit of up to 2 residential dwelling units in a nonurban community, as defined, or up to 4 residential dwelling units in an urban community, as defined, that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019.

[SB 15](#)[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Property tax revenue allocations: Local-State Sustainable Investment Program. Would establish the Local-State Sustainable Investment Program, which would be administered by the Department of Finance. The bill would

authorize a city, a county, or a specified joint powers agency that meets specified eligibility criteria to apply to the Department of Finance for funding for projects that further certain purposes, including increasing the availability of affordable housing. The bill would require that funding under the program be provided by an allocation of ad valorem property tax revenues, as provided, and would limit the amount of funding approved under the program to \$200,000,000 per fiscal year and \$1,000,000,000 total.

[SB 48](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Low Barrier Navigation Center developments. Current law requires that the housing element identify adequate sites for housing, including rental housing, factory-built housing, mobilehomes, and emergency shelters, and to make adequate provision for the existing and projected needs of all economic segments of a community. This bill would revise the requirements of the housing element, as described above, in connection with the identification of zones where emergency shelters are allowed as a permitted use with a conditional use or other discretionary permit. The bill would generally require that emergency shelters be in areas that allow residential use, including mixed-use areas, but would permit designation in nonresidential zones if a zoning designation is not possible where residential use is a permitted use and if a local government can demonstrate that the zone is connected to specified amenities and services.

[SB 50](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Planning and zoning: housing development: streamlined approval: incentives. Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a “neighborhood multifamily project” to mean a project to construct a multifamily structure on vacant land, or to convert an existing structure that does not require substantial exterior alteration into a multifamily structure, consisting of up to 4 residential dwelling units and that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019. The bill would also define “eligible parcel” to mean a parcel that meets specified requirements, including requirements relating to the location of the parcel and restricting the demolition of certain housing development that may already exist on the site.

[SB 215](#)

[Morrell R \(Dist. 23\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Local government: housing. Current law authorizes local governments to conduct a review or appeal regarding allocation data provided by the Department of Housing and Community Development or the council of governments regarding the locality’s share of the regional housing need or the submittal of data or information for a proposed allocation, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[SB 258](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program: grants: homeless shelters: pets and veterinary services. Current law establishes the California Emergency Solutions and Housing Program, under the administration of the Department of Housing and Community Development and requires the department to, among other things, provide rental assistance and housing relocation and stabilization services to ensure housing affordability to people who are experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of homelessness. This bill would require the department to develop and administer a program to award grants to qualified homeless shelters, as described, for the provision of shelter, food, and basic veterinary services for pets owned by people experiencing homelessness.

[SB 282](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Supportive housing for parolees. Would repeal the Integrated Services for Mentally Ill Parolees (ISMIP) program and would instead enact the Supportive Housing Program for Persons on Parole (the program) to be administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development. The program would incorporate similar eligibility criteria for eligible participants and similar criteria for housing funded by the program. The bill would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to transfer funds appropriated from the General Fund for the ISMIP program to the department for the new program, as specified.

[SB 333](#)

[Wilk R \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council. Would require the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, by July 1, 2021, to develop and implement a statewide strategic plan for addressing homelessness in the state, as specified. The bill would require the council, by January 1, 2021, to implement strategic plans to assist federal Housing and Urban Development Continuum of Care lead agencies in better implementing Housing and Urban Development recommended activities and meeting Housing and Urban Development requirements.

[SB 384](#)

[Morrell R \(Dist. 23\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Housing. CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would establish specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for housing development projects with 50 or more residential units

[SB 521](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Income and corporation taxes: credits: leased or rented property: persons receiving Section 8 assistance. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2025, would allow a credit against those taxes to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to 3% of the amount of rent or lease payments in the form of certain federal housing assistance vouchers per qualified property, defined as a dwelling or unit rented or leased to persons receiving certain federal assistance.

[SB 573](#)

[Chang R \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Homeless Emergency Aid program: funding. Current law establishes the Homeless Emergency Aid program, administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, for the purpose of providing localities with one-time flexible block grant funds to address their immediate homelessness challenges. This bill would, upon appropriation, make funding available to the agency to be used to provide an allocation of funds to administrative entities under the program.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[SB 592](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Housing development: Housing Accountability Act: permit streamlining. The Housing Accountability Act (the HAA), among other things, requires a local agency that proposes to disapprove or impose specified conditions on a housing development project that complies with applicable, objective general plan, zoning, and subdivision

standards and criteria in effect at the time the application for the project is deemed complete, within the meaning of the Permit Streamlining Act, to make specified written findings based on a preponderance of the evidence in the record. This bill would additionally require a local agency to make those findings if it proposes to disapprove or impose specified conditions on a housing development project that is determined to be complete, as provided, and would make other related conforming changes.

[SB 621](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: expedited judicial review: affordable housing projects: reports. Would require the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2020, to adopt a rule of court applicable to an action or proceeding brought to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the certification of an environmental impact report for an affordable housing project, as defined, or the granting of an approval of an affordable housing project that requires the action or proceeding, including any potential appeals therefrom, to be resolved, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceeding with the court. The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to an affordable housing project if it is in certain locations.

[SB 712](#)

[Grove R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Housing for the elderly. Current law prohibits a city, county, city and county, or other political subdivision from requiring more than one building permit for a low-rent housing development for the elderly financed with federal or state funds or by a loan insured by the federal or state government and limits the fee for the permit, as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to that provision.

[SB 725](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY V. A.

Veterans rental housing. Current law creates the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Act of 2014, to provide for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of affordable multifamily supportive housing, affordable transitional housing, affordable rental housing, or related facilities for veterans and their families to allow veterans to access and maintain housing stability. This bill would require the department to establish a rental housing assistance program to provide financial assistance to veterans seeking rental housing, based on the needs of the veterans.

[SB 795](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Program. Would establish in state government the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Program, which would be administered by the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Committee. The bill would authorize a city, county, city and county, joint powers agency, enhanced infrastructure financing district, affordable housing authority, community revitalization and investment authority, transit village development district, or a combination of those entities, to apply to the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Committee to participate in the program and would authorize the committee to approve or deny plans for projects meeting specific criteria.

[SCA 1](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Public housing projects. The California Constitution prohibits the development, construction, or acquisition of a low-rent housing project, as defined, in any manner by any state public body until a majority of the qualified electors of the city, town, or county in which the development, construction, or acquisition of the low-rent housing project is proposed approve the project by voting in favor at an election, as specified. This measure would repeal these

provisions.

[SCA 4](#)

[Galgiani D \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

The California Home Fairness and Primary Residence Act. This measure, on and after January 1, 2021, would limit the exclusion for the purchase or transfer of a principal residence between parents and their children and between grandparents and their grandchild or grandchildren to instances in which the residence continues as the principal residence of the transferee. The measure would prescribe the method for calculating the new base year value of the principal residence of the transferee. The measure, commencing January 1, 2022, and each January 1 thereafter, would require the county assessor to adjust the amount of the exclusion, as specified.

IHSS

[AB 229](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

In-home supportive services: written content translation. Current law requires the State Department of Social Services to translate a specified notice of action into all languages spoken by a substantial number of the public receiving in-home supportive services, as specified. This bill would clarify that the department is required to provide translations of written content, as defined, and transcriptions or captioning of videos, in languages spoken by a substantial number of providers of in-home supportive services in California. The bill would permit the department to work with counties and the County Welfare Directors Association of California to repurpose existing, county-produced translations of written content and videos.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[SB 596](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

In-home supportive services: additional higher energy allowance. The Public Utilities Act requires the Public Utilities Commission to designate a baseline quantity of electricity and gas necessary for a significant portion of the reasonable energy needs of the average residential customer, and to establish a higher energy allowance above the baseline for residential customers with specified medical needs, including those residential customers dependent on life-support equipment. This bill would require a county human services agency to inform each applicant for benefits under the IHSS program that the applicant may be eligible to receive that higher energy allowance and any advanced notifications that may be provided by a public utility when the public utility plans to deenergize portions of the electrical distribution system or in an emergency.

Immigration

[AB 163](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \(Dist. 58\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Services for unaccompanied undocumented minors: facilities liaison. Would require the State Department of Social Services to create a facilities liaison position within its immigration services unit to, among other duties, assist state-licensed group homes, short-term residential therapeutic programs (STRTPs), foster family agencies, and resource families that serve undocumented immigrant youth in connecting with appropriate supports and services, including, but not limited to, legal services, mental health assessments and services, and public benefits, as specified. The bill would, when appropriate, require the facilities liaison to assist in arranging a meeting for identified unaccompanied undocumented minors with a qualified organization that has received a grant to provide legal services.

Infrastructure

[SB 15](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Property tax revenue allocations: Local-State Sustainable Investment Program. Would establish the Local-State Sustainable Investment Program, which would be administered by the Department of Finance. The bill would authorize a city, a county, or a specified joint powers agency that meets specified eligibility criteria to apply to the Department of Finance for funding for projects that further certain purposes, including increasing the availability of affordable housing. The bill would require that funding under the program be provided by an allocation of ad valorem property tax revenues, as provided, and would limit the amount of funding approved under the program to \$200,000,000 per fiscal year and \$1,000,000,000 total.

Land Use

[AB 69](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Land use: accessory dwelling units. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to propose building standards to the California Building Standards Commission, and to adopt, amend, or repeal rules and regulations governing, among other things, apartment houses and dwellings, as specified. This bill would require the department to propose small home building standards governing accessory dwelling units smaller than 800 square feet, junior accessory dwelling units, and detached dwelling units smaller than 800 square feet, as specified, and to submit the small home building standards to the California Building Standards Commission for adoption on or before January 1, 2021.

[AB 148](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Regional transportation plans: sustainable communities strategies. Current law requires certain transportation planning agencies to prepare and adopt a regional transportation plan directed at achieving a coordinated and balanced regional transportation system. Current law requires the regional transportation plan to include, if the transportation planning agency is also a metropolitan planning organization, a sustainable communities strategy. This bill would require each sustainable communities strategy to identify areas within the region sufficient to house an 8-year projection of the emergency shelter needs for the region, as specified.

[AB 246](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State highways: property leases. Would authorize the Department of Transportation to offer a lease on a right of first refusal basis of any airspace under a freeway, or real property acquired for highway purposes, located in a disadvantaged community, that is not excess property to the city or county in which the disadvantaged community is located for purposes of an emergency shelter or feeding program, or for park, recreational, or open-space purposes for a rental amount of \$1 per month, subject to certain conditions.

[AB 606](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local government zoning ordinances. Current law requires a local agency, as defined, to comply with all applicable building and zoning ordinances of the county or city in which the agency's territory is situated. Current law exempts location or construction of certain utility facilities from these requirements, including facilities for the storage or treatment of water and for the production or generation of electrical energy, as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to these provisions.

[AB 953](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Land use: accessory dwelling units. Current law requires a local agency to ministerially approve or deny a permit

application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit within 60 days from the date the local agency receives a completed application if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. This bill would deem a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit approved if the local agency has not acted upon the completed application within 60 days.

[AB 1074](#)

[Diep R \(Dist. 72\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020. Would enact the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Bond Act of 2020 (bond act), which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance the Accessory Dwelling Unit Construction Program, established as part of the bond act. The bill would authorize the Department of Housing and Community Development to enter into a contract under that program with a homeowner to provide financing to pay for the eligible costs incurred by the homeowner in constructing an accessory dwelling unit on the homeowner's property, subject to specified terms and conditions.

[AB 1250](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Subdivisions: local ordinances. The Subdivision Map Act limits a local ordinance that requires improvements for a subdivision consisting of 4 or fewer lots from imposing regulations other than the dedication of rights-of-way, easements, and the construction of reasonable offsite and onsite improvements of the parcels being created. This bill would impose a similar limitation on a local ordinance that requires improvements on a division of eligible land that is a subdivision consisting of 10 or fewer lots that are located in an urbanized area, as defined, and are a part of a housing development project, as defined.

[AB 1315](#)

[Boerner Horvath D \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Housing: small lot subdivisions. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. Current law provides for various incentives intended to facilitate and expedite the construction of affordable housing. This bill would authorize a development proponent to submit an application for the construction of a small lot subdivision, as defined, that meets specified criteria. The bill would require a small lot subdivision to be located on a parcel zoned for multifamily residential use and consist of single-family housing units with a floorspace of 1,200 square feet or less.

[AB 1585](#)

[Boerner Horvath D \(Dist. 76\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, and height standards. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[SB 25](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: projects funded by qualified opportunity zone funds or other public funds. CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would, until January 1, 2025, establish specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for projects that are funded, in whole or in part, by specified public funds or public agencies and that meet certain requirements.

Location: SENATE RLS.

Planning and zoning: housing development: streamlined approval: incentives. Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a “neighborhood multifamily project” to mean a project to construct a multifamily structure on vacant land, or to convert an existing structure that does not require substantial exterior alteration into a multifamily structure, consisting of up to 4 residential dwelling units and that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019. The bill would also define “eligible parcel” to mean a parcel that meets specified requirements, including requirements relating to the location of the parcel and restricting the demolition of certain housing development that may already exist on the site.

[SB 191](#)[Morrell R \(Dist. 23\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Land use: housing element. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan that includes various mandatory elements, including a housing element. That law requires the housing element to contain, among other things, an assessment of housing needs and an inventory of resources and constraints relevant to meeting those needs. That law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to determine the current and projected need for housing for each region, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that law.

[SB 773](#)[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Land use: accessory dwelling units. Current law requires a local agency to ministerially approve or deny a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit within 60 days from the date the local agency receives a completed application if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. This bill would deem a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit approved if the local agency has not acted upon the completed application within 60 days.

Law and Justice / Courts

[AB 972](#)[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Proposition 47: resentencing. Would, on or before July 1, 2020, amend Proposition 47 to require the Department of Justice to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for resentencing under the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act. The bill would require the department to notify the district attorney and the court of all cases in that jurisdiction that are potentially eligible for resentencing.

[SB 16](#)[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Courts: judgeships. Would appropriate \$36,500,000 from the General Fund for the purpose of funding 25 superior court judgeships currently authorized by the Legislature, and expenses associated with those positions. The bill would require the Judicial Council to determine the allocation of those positions, pursuant to that uniform criteria.

[SB 144](#)[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Criminal fees. Current law imposes various fees contingent upon a criminal arrest, prosecution, or conviction for the cost of administering the criminal justice system, including administering probation and diversion programs, collecting restitution orders, processing arrests and citations, administering drug testing, and incarcerating inmates. This bill would repeal the authority to collect most of these fees, among others. The bill would make the unpaid balance of most court-imposed costs unenforceable and uncollectible and would require any portion of a judgment imposing those costs to be vacated.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

[SB 353](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Criminal records: data sharing: research. Current law authorizes a public agency or bona fide research body immediately concerned with the prevention or control of crime, or as specified, to be provided with criminal offender record information as is required for the performance of its duties, if any material identifying individuals is not transferred, revealed, or used for purposes other than research or statistical activities and any resulting reports or publications do not identify specific individuals, and if that agency or body pays the cost of the processing of those data as determined by the Attorney General. This bill would specify criminal court records, as defined, as part of criminal offender record information to be provided to the agency or body. The bill would add a court executive officer as a person authorized to determine the cost of processing the above-described data.

[SB 433](#)

[Monning D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Youth development and diversion. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in collaboration with the State Department of Public Health, to establish and oversee a 3-year pilot program known as the Office of Youth Development and Diversion (OYDD) Pilot Program. The bill would provide that the purpose of the program would be to advance a comprehensive, coordinated, and expanded approach to youth diversion, with the goal of minimizing youth contact with the juvenile or criminal justice systems. The bill would require the department to award grants to up to 5 counties to establish a local OYDD. Under the bill, the local OYDD would be administered by the county public health department or the county health services department.

Parks

[AB 1111](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Outdoor recreation: Office of Outdoor Recreation: California Outdoor Recreation Account. Would establish, until January 1, 2025, the Office of Outdoor Recreation in the Office of the Governor. The bill would require the office to undertake certain activities, including supporting the outdoor recreation economy and working toward equitable access to outdoor areas of the state by engaging in specified activities. The bill would also require the office to create an advisory committee to provide advice, expertise, support, and service to the office.

[AB 1610](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State highways: Hollywood Central Park: environmental quality. Would require the Department of Transportation to review and approve the Hollywood Central Park project, which is a freeway cap project, as provided. The bill would require the department to grant to the City of Los Angeles encroachment permits that are necessary for the construction and operation of the project. The bill would require the department to transfer the ownership of any structure built pursuant to the project and any associated air space rights to the City of Los Angeles.

[SB 447](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Department of Transportation: transfer of property: City of Orange. Would require the Department of Transportation, if requested by the City of Orange, to transfer two parcels, which are currently leased to the city for use as public parks, to the city, subject to certain requirements, including a requirement that the property be used solely for recreation and open-space purposes.

Privacy & Security

[AB 523](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Telecommunications: customer right of privacy. The Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities including telephone corporations. Current law prohibits a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of a provider, from including the dialing number or a subscriber in a directory or selling the contents of a directory database without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber. This bill would prohibit a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of the provider, except as provided, from disclosing a subscriber's historical, current, or prospective cell site location without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber.

[AB 654](#)

[Rubio, Blanca D \(Dist. 48\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public records: utility customers: disclosure of personal information. Would authorize a local agency to disclose the name, utility usage data, and home address of utility customers to an officer or employee of another governmental agency when the disclosure is not necessary for the performance of the other governmental agency's official duties but is to be used for scientific, educational, or research purposes, and the requesting agency receiving the disclosed material agrees to maintain it as confidential in accordance with specified criteria.

[AB 713](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE JUD.

California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018. The California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 (CCPA) grants a consumer various rights with regard to personal information relating to that consumer collected by a business. The act also grants a consumer the right to request a business to delete any personal information about the consumer collected by the business and requires a business to do so upon receipt of a verified request, except as specified. The act excepts certain categories of personal information and entities from its provisions, including medical information, as specified. This bill would except from the CCPA information that was deidentified in accordance with specified federal law, was derived from protected health information, individually identifiable health information, or identifiable private information, consistent with specified federal policy, as provided.

[SB 561](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018: consumer remedies. Would expand a consumer's rights to bring a civil action for damages to apply to other violations under the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018.

Public Health

[AB 138](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

California Community Health Fund. Would, subject to specified exemptions, impose a fee on every distributor, as defined, for the privilege of distributing bottled sugary drinks and concentrate in the state, at a rate of \$0.02 per fluid ounce and for the privilege of distributing syrups and powders concentrate in this state, either as concentrate or as sweetened beverages derived from that concentrate, at the rate of \$0.02 per fluid ounce of sweetened beverage

to be produced from concentrate.

[AB 388](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Alzheimer’s disease. Current law authorizes any postsecondary higher educational institution with a medical center to establish diagnostic and treatment centers for Alzheimer’s disease, and requires the State Department of Public Health to administer grants to the postsecondary higher educational institutions that establish a center pursuant to these provisions. Until January 1, 2025, this bill would require the department to implement the action agenda items in the Healthy Brain Initiative, as defined, to the extent resources are available. The bill would require the department to annually notify the Legislature about activities conducted pursuant to these provisions.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 764](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Sugar-sweetened beverages: nonsale distribution incentives. Would regulate promotion and marketing activities related to sugar-sweetened beverages, as defined, by prohibiting a beverage company, as defined, manufacturer, or distributor, as defined, from giving or offering incentives or other financial support to compensate distributors or retailers for the cost of promotional offers, coupons, or other incentives offered to consumers for branded products of the beverage company. The bill would exempt from that prohibition contracts between a beverage company, manufacturer, or distributor and a theme or amusement park, zoo, other attraction, or professional sports stadium that include nonfood promotions.

[AB 765](#)

[Wicks D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Health Checkout Aisles for Healthy Families Act. Would enact the California Healthy Checkout Aisles for Healthy Families Act, and would require a store, as defined, to make available only specified beverages, including milk and natural fruit and vegetable juice, in the checkout areas of the store. The bill would require the department and the local health agency having jurisdiction over the store to administer and enforce the act. The bill would make a violation of its provisions an infraction, and would require the first violation to result in a notice of violation. The bill would make the 2nd and 3rd violations within a 5-year period punishable by fines of not more than \$250 and \$500, respectively.

[AB 1131](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: comprehensive medication management. Would provide that comprehensive medication management (CMM) services, as defined, are covered under the Medi-Cal program, and would require CMM services to include, among other specified functions, the development of a care plan in collaboration with the beneficiary and the beneficiary’s health care providers to address identified medication therapy problems. The bill would require CMM services to be offered to a beneficiary who is referred by a physician and surgeon as having a medical condition that could benefit from the provision of CMM services and who meets one or more of specified criteria, including being prescribed 8 or more prescription drugs or biologics, collectively by multiple prescribers, to treat or prevent 2 or more chronic medical conditions.

[AB 1683](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Sexually transmitted diseases: prevention and control. Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to develop and review plans and participate in a program for the prevention and control of venereal disease. Current law authorizes the department to establish, maintain, and subsidize clinics, dispensaries, and prophylactic

stations for the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of venereal disease. The bill would delete this authority to establish, maintain, and subsidize clinics, dispensaries, and prophylactic stations and, instead, would authorize the department to provide medical, advisory, financial, or other assistance to organizations as the department deems appropriate.

[AB 1711](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Homeless populations: disease outbreak. Would require a city or city and county to take certain actions if a homeless population of 4,500 persons or more residing on the streets of a city or city and county is currently experiencing a disease outbreak, or is at risk of a disease outbreak, as determined by the local health officer based on an unspecified minimum incidence rate. The bill would require that those actions include, as applicable, cleaning streets, providing free and voluntary disease testing and vaccination, and developing a systematic plan for outreach to the affected homeless population.

[ACR 149](#)

[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Opioid epidemic. This measure would designate the month of September 2020 as Opioid Awareness Month in California.

[SB 642](#)

[Stone R \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Pharmacy benefit management: Prescription Acquisition and Adjudication Agency. Would, on and after July 1, 2021, prohibit a health care service plan or a health insurer from entering into, renewing, or extending a contract for pharmacy benefit manager services, as specified.

[SB 768](#)

[Hueso D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Hepatitis A pilot project: County of San Diego. Would require the County of San Diego to operate a 3-year pilot program for the purpose of providing general health care outreach and triage care for the homeless population in the County of San Diego, including providing specific outreach and vaccinations against hepatitis A. The bill would require the County of San Diego's local health department to be the lead agency for the pilot project and would require the local health department to provide public health nurses at homeless shelters in the County of San Diego and to establish a mobile health unit to be dispatched for purposes of assisting public health nurses in providing health-related services to homeless individuals outside of the shelter setting.

[SB 793](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Flavored tobacco products. Would prohibit a tobacco retailer from selling, offering for sale, or possessing with the intent to sell or offer for sale, a flavored tobacco product, as defined. The bill would make a violation of this prohibition an infraction punishable by a fine of \$250 for each violation. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature that these provisions not be construed to preempt or prohibit the adoption and implementation of local ordinances related to the prohibition on the sale of flavored tobacco products. The bill would state that its provisions are severable.

[SB 859](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Master Plan for HIV, HCV, and STDs. Would require the Secretary of California Health and Human Services and the Chief of the Office of Aids to develop and implement a master plan on human immunodeficiency virus

(HIV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), and sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), for the purpose of improving the health of people living with, and vulnerable to, those conditions, reducing new transmissions, and ending these epidemics. The bill would require the secretary and chief to create a Master Plan on HIV, HCV, and STDs Stakeholder Advisory Committee and work with that advisory committee and relevant state agencies to identify recommended programs, policies, strategies, and funding necessary to implement the master plan.

Public Lands

[AB 986](#)

[Rivas, Robert D](#) (Dist. 30)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Agricultural land: socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers: REEAL Act of 2019. Would enact the Regional Economies and Equity in Agricultural Lands Act of 2019, or the REEAL Act of 2019, which would require the department, in consultation with the Department of Food and Agriculture, to establish the Regional Economies and Equity in Agricultural Lands Program and the Regional Economies and Equity in Agricultural Lands Fund. The bill would provide that moneys in the fund are available upon appropriation by the Legislature for the purposes of the program. The bill would require the department, under the program, to award grants to certain eligible entities to protect agricultural lands and to make agricultural lands accessible to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers, as prescribed.

[SB 195](#)

[Nielsen R](#) (Dist. 4)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Sierra Nevada Conservancy. Current law establishes the Sierra Nevada Conservancy and prescribes the functions and duties of the conservancy with regard to the preservation of specified lands in the Sierra Nevada Region, as defined. Current law makes specified findings and declarations relating to the importance and significance of the Sierra Nevada Region and the need to protect, conserve, restore, and enhance lands within the region. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in those findings and declarations.

Public Safety

[AB 180](#)

[Gipson D](#) (Dist. 64)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Institutional and community corrections: Smart Justice Student Program. Would establish, until January 1, 2025, the Smart Justice Student Program that would require the Board of State and Community Corrections to solicit proposals for postsecondary education programs among the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges to receive funding, with the intent of directly serving individuals who are or have been incarcerated, or are currently on parole, probation, or other form of supervised release.

[AB 222](#)

[Voepel R](#) (Dist. 71)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Law enforcement: cooperation with immigration authorities. Current law generally prohibits law enforcement from providing information regarding the release date of an individual from custody or from transferring an individual to immigration authorities without a warrant or judicial probable cause determination, unless the person has been convicted of specified crimes. This bill would allow information regarding the release or transfer of an individual to be provided to immigration authorities if the individual has been convicted of misdemeanor or felony assault or battery against the person of a peace officer or firefighter, as specified.

[AB 243](#)

[Kamlager-Dove D](#) (Dist. 54)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Implicit bias training: peace officers. Current law requires every peace officer to participate in expanded training prescribed by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training that includes and examines evidence-based

patterns, practices, and protocols that make up racial and identity profiling, including implicit bias. Once basic training is completed, current law requires specified peace officers to complete a refresher course on racial and identity profiling at least every 5 years. This bill would require those peace officers currently required to take the refresher course every 5 years, and additional peace officers, as specified, to instead take refresher training on racial and identity profiling, including the understanding of implicit bias and the promotion of bias-reducing strategies, at least every 2 years.

[AB 277](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Parole: reintegration credits. Would create a program under which the length of a parolee's period of parole would be reduced through the successful completion of specified education, training, or treatment programs, or by participating in volunteer service, while adhering to the conditions of parole. The bill would make this program inapplicable to a person who is required to register as a sex offender. The bill would also increase the 50-mile travel restriction for a parolee who successfully participates in the program, subject to certain restrictions. The bill would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation and the Board of Parole Hearings to adopt regulations to carry out the program.

[AB 300](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Hate crime and incident reporting. Would require a law enforcement agency, if it has updated its crime reporting system to align with the California Incident Based Reporting System, to (1) include in the agency's informational, incident, and crime reports a check box indicating whether the underlying incident in the report is a suspected hate crime or hate incident, as defined, and (2) complete for each hate crime or hate incident, a supplemental hate crime or hate incident report form that indicates the type of bias motivation and any other identifying information to assist in the prosecution of the hate crime, or, in the case of a hate incident, to be used for informational, crime prevention, law enforcement planning, trend analysis, and potential evidentiary purposes.

[AB 301](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Hate crime data collection and outreach. Would require the Department of Justice to carry out various duties relating to documenting and responding to hate crimes, including conducting reviews of all law enforcement agencies every 3 years to evaluate the accuracy of hate crime data provided and agencies' hate crime policies, implementing a school-based program in conjunction with school districts and local law enforcement agencies aimed at educating students regarding how to report all suspected hate crimes to prevent future hate crimes, and submitting specified hate crime reports to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the national crime repository for crime data. The bill would also include a statement of legislative findings and declarations.

[AB 656](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Office of Healthy and Safe Communities. Would create the Office of Healthy and Safe Communities (OHSC) under the direction of the State Department of Public Health, to provide a comprehensive violence prevention strategy. The bill would require the department to oversee the OHSC and would require the Governor to appoint the Director of the OHSC. The bill would set forth the duties of the OHSC, including the duty to develop, implement, and monitor a California vision and plan for violence prevention, safety, and healing.

[AB 675](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Prisons: security assessments. Current law establishes the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

(CDCR) and charges them with jurisdiction over the prisons and correctional institutions of the state, as specified. This bill would require the CDCR to conduct a security inspection and audit, as specified, of each facility that houses inmates at regular intervals, but at least every 4 years.

[AB 732](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

County jails: prisons: incarcerated pregnant persons. Would require an inmate of a county jail or the state prison who is identified as possibly pregnant during an intake health examination to be scheduled for laboratory work to verify pregnancy within 3 business days of arrival at the jail or prison. The bill would require an incarcerated person who is confirmed to be pregnant to be scheduled for an obstetrics examination within 7 days. The bill would require incarcerated pregnant persons to be scheduled for prenatal care visits, as specified.

[AB 757](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Local public safety dispatchers: training: human trafficking. Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, on or before January 1, 2021, to adopt training requirements for local public safety dispatchers that include 3 hours of training in recognizing the signs of human trafficking. The bill would require a person hired on or after January 1, 2021, to have received the training before beginning duty and would require a person employed as a local public safety dispatcher prior to January 1, 2021, to receive the training no later than January 1, 2022.

[AB 837](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Peace officers: training: hate crimes. Would require each local law enforcement agency to require peace officers to attend periodic training in the investigation of hate crimes, using the most recent POST training materials, and would authorize each agency to make the training culturally relevant to the community served by that agency. The bill would require POST to develop guidelines and establish standards for the frequency of that periodic training. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 855](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Department of Justice: law enforcement policies on the use of deadly force. Would require the Attorney General to convene a task force, as specified, to study the use of deadly force by law enforcement officers and to develop recommendations, including a model written policy, for law enforcement agencies.

[AB 964](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

County jails: visitation. Current law prohibits a local detention facility, as defined, that offered in person visitation as of January 1, 2017, from converting to video visitation only. Current law prohibits a local detention facility from charging for onsite visitation, whether such visitation is in person or via video. This bill would require all local detention facilities to offer in-person visitation. The bill would give any facility that does not offer in-person visitation until January 1, 2025, to comply with this requirement.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

[AB 972](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Proposition 47: resentencing. Would, on or before July 1, 2020, amend Proposition 47 to require the Department of Justice to review the records in the state summary criminal history information database and to

identify past convictions that are potentially eligible for resentencing under the Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act. The bill would require the department to notify the district attorney and the court of all cases in that jurisdiction that are potentially eligible for resentencing.

[AB 1147](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Peace officer reports: stops. Current law requires each state and local agency that employs peace officers to annually report to the Attorney General data on all stops conducted by the agency's peace officers, and requires that data to include specified information, including the time, date, and location of the stop, and the reason for the stop. Current law defines a "stop" for that purpose. For purposes of those reporting requirements, this bill would clarify that a "stop" does not include circumstances upon which a peace officer is dispatched to a call for service or a medical emergency.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1182](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Post-release supervision of offenders. Current law requires that specified persons who have been released on parole from state prison who were not imprisoned for a violent felony, a serious felony, or an offense requiring registration as a sex offender, and who have been on parole for a period of 6 months, be discharged from parole unless the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation recommends to the Board of Parole Hearings that the person should be retained, and the board, for good cause, determines that the person is to be retained. This bill would instead require those persons, if they have been scored as low or moderate risk by the department's risk assessment tool, to be released if they have been on parole continuously for 180 days and have not committed any new offenses.

[AB 1599](#)

[Cunningham R \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Peace officers: release of records. Current law deems a record relating to an incident in which a sustained finding was made by any law enforcement agency or oversight agency that a peace officer or custodial officer engaged in sexual assault involving a member of the public as a public record. This bill would also make available for public inspection, pursuant to the California Public Records Act, peace officer or custodial officer personnel records pertaining to a peace officer or custodial officer accused of sexual assault involving a member of the public when the peace officer or custodial officer resigns before the employing agency has concluded its investigation into the sexual assault. By requiring local government entities to provide these additional records, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1861](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Mental health: involuntary commitment. Under current law, if a person, as a result of a mental disorder, is a danger to others, or to themselves, or is gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services as a facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. Current law prohibits specified mental health personnel from taking certain actions that interfere with a peace officer seeking to transport, or having transported, a person detained for 72-hour treatment and evaluation. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1950](#)

[Kamlager D \(Dist. 54\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Probation: length of terms. Current law authorizes courts that have jurisdiction in misdemeanor cases to suspend the sentence and make and enforce terms of probation in those cases, for a period not to exceed 3 years, except when the period of the maximum sentence imposed by law exceeds 3 years, in which case the terms of probation may be imposed for a longer period than 3 years, but not to exceed the time for which the person may be imprisoned. This bill would instead restrict the period of probation for a misdemeanor to no longer than 2 years.

[SB 58](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Alcoholic beverages: hours of sale. Would, beginning January 1, 2022, and before January 2, 2027, require the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to conduct a pilot program that would authorize the department to issue an additional hours license to an on-sale licensee located in a qualified city that would authorize, with or without conditions, the selling, giving, or purchasing of alcoholic beverages at the licensed premises between the hours of 2 a.m. and 3 a.m., upon completion of specified requirements by the qualified city in which the licensee is located. The bill would impose specified fees related to the license to be deposited in the Alcohol Beverage Control Fund.

[SB 132](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Corrections. Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to, during initial intake and classification, ask each individual entering into the custody of the department to specify the individual's gender identity and sex assigned at birth, and, if the individual's gender identity is different from their sex assigned at birth, their gender pronoun and honorific. The bill would prohibit the department from disciplining a person for refusing to answer or not disclosing complete information in response to these questions. The bill would authorize a person under the jurisdiction of the department to update this information. The bill would prohibit staff and contractors from failing to consistently use the gender pronoun and honorific an individual has specified in verbal and written communications with or regarding that individual that involve the use of a pronoun or honorific.

[SB 409](#)

[Wilk R \(Dist. 21\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Illegal dumping. Current law makes it unlawful to dump waste matter in certain locations, such as upon a public or private highway or road, upon private property without the consent of the owner, or in or upon a public park or other public property, as specified. Current law also makes it unlawful to place, deposit, or dump rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt in certain locations, as specified. A person who violates these provisions is guilty of an infraction punishable by specified fines. Existing law also makes it a misdemeanor to place, deposit, or dump waste matter in commercial quantities, as defined, in certain locations. This bill would make it a crime to transport waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt for the purpose of dumping it in the locations described above.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[SB 433](#)

[Monning D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Youth development and diversion. Would require the State Department of Social Services, in collaboration with the State Department of Public Health, to establish and oversee a 3-year pilot program known as the Office of Youth Development and Diversion (OYDD) Pilot Program. The bill would provide that the purpose of the program would be to advance a comprehensive, coordinated, and expanded approach to youth diversion, with the goal of minimizing youth contact with the juvenile or criminal justice systems. The bill would require the department to award grants to up to 5 counties to establish a local OYDD. Under the bill, the local OYDD would be administered by the county public health department or the county health services department.

[SB 666](#)

[Stone R \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Mental health diversion. Current law authorizes a court to grant pretrial diversion, for a period no longer than 2 years, to a defendant suffering from a mental disorder, on an accusatory pleading alleging the commission of a misdemeanor or felony offense, in order to allow the defendant to undergo mental health treatment. Current law conditions eligibility on, among other criteria, a court finding that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense. Current law makes defendants ineligible for the diversion program for certain offenses. This bill would make defendants ineligible for the diversion program for charges of robbery if the defendant was armed with a weapon at the time of the offense, assault with a deadly weapon, elder abuse, and child abuse, as defined.

[SB 678](#)

[Glazer D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Restorative Justice Pilot Program. Would, until January 1, 2025, require the Board of State and Community Corrections to establish the Restorative Justice Pilot Program and, upon appropriation of money for this purpose by the Legislature, would require the board to make 5-year grants to up to 3 counties to establish and operate restorative justice diversion programs. As part of the program, commencing January 1, 2021, the bill would require a court to defer an eligible defendant's sentence for up to 36 months while the defendant undergoes specified counseling.

Public Utilities

[AB 281](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Transmission and distribution lines: undergrounding and fire hardening. Would require the Public Utilities Commission to require electrical corporations to develop and administer programs to replace overhead electric facilities along public streets and roads, and on other public or private properties in high fire threat districts, as determined by the commission, with underground electric facilities.

[AB 868](#)

[Bigelow R \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation plans. Would require each electrical corporation that deenergizes portions of the distribution grid as a wildfire mitigation measure to adopt protocols for when deenergization will be undertaken and for providing notice and other steps to be taken to minimize any adverse effects from deenergization, as specified. The bill would require that the electrical corporation, in developing the protocols, consult with persons and institutions that are reasonably likely to be affected by a deenergization, including local schools, water suppliers, wastewater agencies, disability rights advocates, consumer groups, fire departments, law enforcement agencies, local government officials, local elected officials, hospitals, and communications providers.

[AB 1915](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY U. & E.

Electrical corporations: deenergization events. Would, if the Public Utilities Commission approves a wildfire mitigation plan that authorizes an electrical corporation to deenergize portions of the electrical grid, this bill would require the commission to adopt rules setting forth the circumstances under which a deenergization event may be undertaken and continued in effect and the appropriate geographic range of a deenergization event. Following a deenergization event, the bill would require the commission to determine whether the electrical corporation complied with the rules and also determine if the entire duration and geographic range of the deenergization event was reasonable, as specified.

[SB 862](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Planned power outage: public safety. Current law defines the terms “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a planned deenergization event, as defined, within those conditions constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

Public Works

[AB 1045](#)

[Chen R \(Dist. 55\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Public works: prevailing wages. Current law generally requires that not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, as specified, be paid to workers employed on a public works project that exceeds \$1,000. Current law sets forth the penalties for a violation of this requirement. This bill would increase the threshold to require the payment of a prevailing rate of per diem wages to \$100,000.

Registrar of Voters

[AB 259](#)

[Calderon D \(Dist. 57\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Vehicle registration: Voluntary Deaf or Hard of Hearing Notification Program. Would establish and require the Department of Motor Vehicles, on and after July 1, 2022, to administer the Voluntary Deaf or Hard of Hearing Notification Program. The program would allow a person, as specified, at the time of the original or renewal of registration of a vehicle to voluntarily indicate that a driver of the vehicle may be deaf or hard of hearing and further allow a peace officer to access that information when accessing the vehicle registration information, as specified.

[AB 265](#)

[Choi R \(Dist. 68\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Elections: state and county voter information guides: judicial candidates. Would require the Secretary of State, whenever a ballot contains a question as to the confirmation or retention of a justice of the Supreme Court or a court of appeal, to provide specified information about each justice in the state voter information guide. County elections officials would also be required to provide specified information about each candidate for judge of the superior court in the county voter information guide. The bill would grant the Secretary of State and county elections officials the discretion to only include the information regarding court of appeal justices and candidates for superior court judge in the online versions of the state and county voter information guides, as specified.

[AB 363](#)

[Gonzalez D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Elections: vote by mail ballots. Would require local elections officials to permit a voter using a vote by mail ballot to vote the ballot in person at satellite locations and would require local elections officials to provide for at least one satellite location to be open, for a minimum of eight hours per day, on the Saturday, Sunday, and Monday preceding the election, as specified.

[AB 820](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Ballots. Current law authorizes the Secretary of State to approve the use of ballot cards only under specified conditions, including if the ballot is designed with a section with places for the voter to punch holes to indicate the voter’s choices of candidates and votes on measures. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1784](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Elections: open-source paper ballot voting systems. Current law prohibits the use of a voting system unless it has been certified or conditionally approved by the Secretary of State, or approved by the Secretary of State as part of a pilot program, prior to the election at which it is to be used. This bill, the Secure the VOTE Act, would authorize the Secretary of State to award up to \$16,000,000 in matching funds, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to counties for the development of open-source paper ballot voting systems.

[SB 57](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE E. & C.A.

California New Motor Voter Program: voter registration. Current law requires the Secretary of State and the Department of Motor Vehicles to establish the California New Motor Voter Program. Under the program, the Department of Motor Vehicles is required to provide to the Secretary of State specified information associated with each person who submits an application for a driver's license or identification card, and additionally to report to the Secretary of State that an applicant has attested that the applicant meets the voter preregistration requirements for a person who is at least 16 years of age and otherwise meets all voter eligibility requirements. This bill would require a person to affirmatively agree to become registered or preregistered to vote during a transaction with the department before the Secretary registers or preregisters that person, and it would make other conforming changes.

[SB 300](#)

[Umberg D \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Political Reform Act of 1974: contribution limitations. The Political Reform Act of 1974 prohibits a foreign government or a foreign principal, as defined, from making any contribution, expenditure, or independent expenditure in connection with the qualification or support of, or opposition to, a state or local ballot measure. The act prohibits a person or committee from soliciting or accepting a contribution from a foreign government or foreign principal for the same purposes. The act makes a violation of these prohibitions a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine equal to the amount contributed or expended. This bill would expand these prohibitions to include contributions, expenditures, or independent expenditures in connection with the qualification or support, or opposition to, a state or local candidate.

[SB 727](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Elections: voter registration. Current law authorizes a person who is at least 16 years of age and otherwise meets all voter eligibility requirements to preregister to vote by submitting an affidavit of registration. The affidavit of registration is deemed effective as of the date the affiant will be 18 years of age. This bill would lower the minimum age for voter preregistration to 15 years of age. The bill also would make conforming changes to current law.

Renewable Energy

[AB 383](#)

[Mayes I \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Clean Energy Financing Clearinghouse. Would establish the Clean Energy Financing Clearinghouse, a new office under the direction of the Treasurer, to coordinate all government programs that invest capital in clean energy technologies, as defined, that advance environmental protection goals; make program information clear and accessible for market participants; and partner with capital providers, investors, project developers, technology companies, and other market actors to catalyze more private investment into clean energy technologies that advance environmental protection and environmental justice goals.

[AB 600](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Building energy efficiency standards: solar reflectance of roofs. Would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, during one or more of the next 4 triennial code adoption cycles after January 1, 2020, to consider amendments to the roof replacement building standards for alterations to existing low-rise, steep-sloped roof residential buildings with the goal of increasing the value of minimum aged solar reflectance up to 0.40 in the 2031 standard and the goal of expanding the range of climate zones in which minimum aged solar reflectance values are prescribed for those alterations. The bill would require the commission, prior to considering these amendments, to assess whether there is an adequate supply of labor resources and available compliant products in the climate zones for which the commission may consider the amendments.

Risk Management

[AB 1124](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Employment safety: outdoor workers: wildfire smoke. Would require, by July 18, 2019, the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board to adopt emergency regulations that require employers to make respirators available to outdoor workers on any day the outdoor worker could reasonably be expected to be exposed to harmful levels of smoke from wildfires, or burning structures due to a wildfire, while working. By expanding the scope of an existing crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Technology

[AB 161](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Solid waste: paper waste: proofs of purchase. Current law prohibits certain stores from providing a single-use carryout bag to a customer at the point of sale and prohibits full-service restaurants from providing single-use plastic straws to consumers unless requested by the consumer. This bill would require a business, as defined, that accepts payment through cash, credit, or debit transactions, subject to certain exceptions, to provide a proof of purchase to a consumer only at the consumer's option and would prohibit a business from printing a paper proof of purchase if the consumer opts to not receive a proof of purchase, unless otherwise required by state or federal law.

[AB 459](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State government: Artificial Intelligence in State Government Services Commission: report. Would require the Artificial Intelligence in State Government Services Commission, which would be established if AB 976 of the 2018–19 Regular Session is enacted, to report to the Legislature on the commission's recommended minimum standards for the use of artificial intelligence that includes specified information, including fostering accountability in state government services and prioritizing the safety and security of artificial intelligence technologies used by state government. The bill would make its operation contingent on the enactment of AB 976 of the 2018–19 Regular Session on or before January 1, 2020, and establishes the artificial intelligence commission as specified.

[AB 523](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Telecommunications: customer right of privacy. The Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities including telephone corporations. Current law prohibits a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of a provider, from including the dialing number or a subscriber in a directory or selling the contents of a directory database without first obtaining the express content of the subscriber. This bill would prohibit a provider of mobile telephony services, or any direct or indirect affiliate or agent of the provider, except as provided, from disclosing a subscriber's historical, current, or prospective cell site location without first obtaining the express consent of the subscriber.

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Publicly funded technology projects. Would require a public agency undertaking a publicly funded major technology project that is estimated to cost \$100,000,000 or more to form an oversight committee subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act or the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, as applicable, and to develop and use risk management plans throughout the course of the project. The bill would require the oversight committee to be composed of specified members selected by the public agency undertaking the project. The bill would require the oversight committee to act as the authority for critical decisions regarding the project and to have sufficient staff to support decision making.

Transportation

[AB 148](#)[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Regional transportation plans: sustainable communities strategies. Current law requires certain transportation planning agencies to prepare and adopt a regional transportation plan directed at achieving a coordinated and balanced regional transportation system. Current law requires the regional transportation plan to include, if the transportation planning agency is also a metropolitan planning organization, a sustainable communities strategy. This bill would require each sustainable communities strategy to identify areas within the region sufficient to house an 8-year projection of the emergency shelter needs for the region, as specified.

[AB 172](#)[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Speed limits: rural areas. Would authorize a person to drive a motortruck or truck tractor having 3 or more axles, or a motortruck or truck tractor drawing any other vehicle, in rural areas at a speed of up to 65 miles per hour. The bill would also make conforming changes.

[AB 422](#)[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

High-speed rail: performance measurement dashboards. Current law requires the High-Speed Rail Authority to establish an independent peer review group for purposes of reviewing the planning, engineering, financing, and other elements of the authority's plans and issuing an analysis of the appropriateness and accuracy of the authority's assumptions and an analysis of the viability of the authority's funding plan, including the funding plan for each corridor. This bill would require the authority, in consultation with the peer review group, to develop and update quarterly a set of summary performance measurement dashboards that show ongoing performance of the project and post on its internet website full sets of the summary performance measurement dashboards.

[AB 553](#)[Melendez R \(Dist. 67\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

High-speed rail bonds: housing. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase I blended system.

[AB 659](#)[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Transportation: emerging transportation technologies: California Smart City Challenge Grant

Program. Would establish the California Smart City Challenge Grant Program to enable municipalities to compete

for grant funding for emerging transportation technologies to serve their transportation system needs, and would specify certain program goals. The bill would require the commission to form the California Smart City Challenge Workgroup on or before July 1, 2020, to guide the commission on program matters, as specified. The bill would require the commission, in consultation with the workgroup, to develop guidelines on or before March 1, 2021, for the program, which would not be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, and would authorize the commission to revise them as necessary.

[AB 1046](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Air Quality Improvement Program: Clean Vehicle Rebate Project. Would require the State Air Resources Board to develop a plan to provide for the continuous funding of the Clean Vehicle Rebate Project, as specified.

[AB 1142](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Regional transportation plans: transportation network companies. Current law requires a regional transportation plan to include a policy element, an action element, a financial element, and, if the transportation planning agency is also a metropolitan planning organization, a sustainable communities strategy. Under current law, the policy element describes the transportation issues in the region, identifies and quantifies regional needs, and describes the desired short-range and long-range transportation goals, as well as pragmatic objective and policy statements. Current law authorizes the policy element of transportation planning agencies with populations that exceed 200,000 persons to quantify a set of specified indicators. This bill would authorize the inclusion of an additional indicator regarding measures of policies to increase use of existing transit.

[AB 1148](#)

[Patterson R \(Dist. 23\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

High-speed rail: independent peer review group. Would require the independent peer review group to study and annually report to the Legislature on alternative uses for high-speed rail project infrastructure that is located in the project's Central Valley corridor and the construction of which the group anticipates will be completed by the end of the calendar year in which the report will be submitted to the Legislature.

[AB 1167](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: high-speed rail: forestry and fire protection. Would no longer continuously appropriate 25% of the annual proceeds of the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund for certain components of a specified high-speed rail project. The bill, beginning with the 2021–22 fiscal year, would continuously appropriate 25% of the annual proceeds of the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to purchase new engines and equipment, hire new firefighters, and clear overgrowth or tree mortality and to the Firefighter Home Relief Trust Fund Program.

[AB 1277](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Transportation projects: oversight committees. Would require a public agency administering a megaproject, which the bill would define as a transportation project with total estimated development and construction costs exceeding \$1,000,000,000, to take specified actions to manage the risks associated with the megaproject, including establishing a comprehensive risk management plan and regularly reassessing its reserves for potential claims and unknown risks. The bill would require a public agency administering a megaproject to establish a project oversight committee composed of specified individuals to review the megaproject and perform other specified duties.

[AB 1350](#)

[Gonzalez D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Free youth transit passes: eligibility for state funding. Would require transit agencies to offer free youth transit passes to persons 18 years of age and under in order to be eligible for state funding under the Mills-Deddeh Transit Development Act, the State Transit Assistance Program, or the Low Carbon Transit Operations Program. The bill would also require a free youth transit pass to count as a full price fare for purposes of calculating the ratio of fare revenues to operating costs.

[AB 1457](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Omnitrans Transit District. Would create the Omnitrans Transit District in the County of San Bernardino. The bill would provide that the jurisdiction of the district would initially include the Cities of Chino, Chino Hills, Colton, Fontana, Grand Terrace, Highland, Loma Linda, Montclair, Ontario, Rancho Cucamonga, Redlands, Rialto, San Bernardino, Upland, and Yucaipa, and specified portions of the unincorporated areas of the County of San Bernardino. The bill would authorize other cities in the County of San Bernardino to subsequently join the district.

[AB 1568](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Housing law compliance: prohibition on applying for state grants. The Housing Element Law, prescribes requirements for the preparation of the housing element, including a requirement that a planning agency submit a draft of the element or draft amendment to the element to the Department of Housing and Community Development prior to the adoption of the element or amendment to the element. Current law requires the department to review the draft and report its written findings, as specified. Current law also requires the department, in its written findings, to determine whether the draft substantially complies with the Housing Element Law. This bill would authorize the city or county to submit evidence that the city or county is no longer in violation of state law to the department and to request the department to issue a finding that the city or county is no longer in violation of state law.

[AB 1717](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Transit-Oriented Affordable Housing Funding Program Act. Would establish the Transit-Oriented Affordable Housing Funding Program, to be administered by the California Housing Finance Agency (CalHFA). The bill would authorize the city council of a city, or the board of supervisors of a city and county, to participate in the program by enactment of an ordinance establishing a transit-oriented affordable housing district, as provided.

[AB 1848](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

High-speed rail: Metrolink commuter rail system. The California High-Speed Rail Act creates the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and implement a high-speed rail system in the state. The Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, approved by the voters as Proposition 1A at the November 4, 2008, general election, provides for the issuance of \$9,000,000,000 in general obligation bonds for high-speed rail purposes and \$950,000,000 for other related rail purposes. This bill would appropriate \$4,000,000,000 of those bond revenues to the Southern California Regional Rail Authority to fund improvements to the Metrolink commuter rail system.

[SB 59](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Transportation Commission: advisory committee: autonomous vehicle technology. Current law creates the California Transportation Commission with various powers and duties, including the duty to advise and

assist the Secretary of Transportation and the Legislature in formulating and evaluating state policies and plans for transportation programs in the state. This bill would require the chair of the commission to establish an advisory committee, the California Council on the Future of Transportation, to provide the Governor and the Legislature with recommendations for changes in state policy to ensure that California continues to be the world leader in autonomous, driverless, and connected vehicle technology.

[SB 147](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

High-Speed Rail Authority. The California High-Speed Rail Act creates the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and implement a high-speed train system in the state, with specified powers and duties. Current law authorizes the authority, among other things, to keep the public informed of its activities. This bill would revise that provision to instead authorize the authority to keep the public informed through activities, including, but not limited to, community outreach events, public information workshops, and newsletters posted on the authority's internet website.

[SB 162](#)

[Galgiani D \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State Board of Equalization: oversight of local voter approved bonds. Would require, by January 1, 2022, and January 1 of each year thereafter, a local agency to transmit specified data related to the issuance of any bonds by that local agency pursuant to the authorization of any local bond act, as defined, to the State Board of Equalization, including the amount of debt authorized by the local bond act. The bill would require, by December 31, 2022, and by December 31 of each year thereafter, the board to aggregate the data received in a report to the Legislature and make the report available on the board's internet website.

[SB 278](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission. The Metropolitan Transportation Commission Act creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission as a local area planning agency to provide comprehensive regional transportation planning for the region comprised of the 9 San Francisco Bay area counties. The act requires the commission to continue to actively, on behalf of the entire region, seek to assist in the development of adequate funding sources to develop, construct, and support transportation projects that it determines are essential. This bill would also require the commission to determine that those transportation projects are a priority for the region.

[SB 279](#)

[Galgiani D \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

High-Speed Rail Authority: supplemental business plan. Would require the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and adopt a supplemental business plan for the estimated cost of completing the section of the high-speed rail system located between the City of Merced and the northern end of the initial operating segment in the County of Madera on or before February 1, 2020, and submit the supplemental business plan to the Director of Finance, a specified peer review group, and certain legislative committees.

[SB 340](#)

[Stone R \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

High-speed rail bonds. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds received from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes before the effective date of

these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

Veterans

[AB 240](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Veterans' homes: lease of property. Would prohibit a lease or let from exceeding 5 years, unless the lessee is a local government or a nonprofit organization that provides services exclusively for veterans of the Armed Forces of the United States and their families, or the contract for the lease was executed before January 1, 2020. The bill would require each use, other than an easement, of real property held by the department for a home by a person or entity, other than the home or a resident of the home, to be in writing and meet certain criteria, including that it provide substantial and direct benefits to the home and its members and be appropriate and compatible with the nature of the home. The bill would additionally authorize the Director of General Services to lease any real property held by the department for a home, and not needed for any immediate purpose of the home, to any party for the development of housing, as specified. The bill would require that a lease for that purpose be on terms and conditions that the director deems to be in the best interests of the state, including the state's interest in developing housing.

[AB 694](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020. Would enact the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Bond Act of 2020 to authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$600,000,000 to provide additional funding for the VHHPA. The bill would provide for the handling and disposition of the funds in the same manner as the 2014 bond act.

[AB 1476](#)

[Ramos D \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Veterans: transition assistance. Would direct the Department of Veterans Affairs to identify veterans, at the time of separation from the service through the transition assistance program and afterwards as they seek services through the department, who have expertise in information technology, cybersecurity, and related information technology fields. The bill would require the department to use this information to provide veterans who wish to participate with information about training and other resources that will help in obtaining a civilian career in the information technology field.

[AB 1911](#)

[Maienschein D \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY V. A.

State agencies: veterans. Current law requires, as of July 1, 2014, every state agency that requests on any written form or written publication, or through its internet website, whether a person is a veteran, to request that information in a specified manner. This bill would delete the above-described provisions and instead would require each state agency, among other things, to include questions on its intake forms to determine whether an applicant is affiliated with the United States Armed Forces. The bill would require the state agency, through the intake form, to request permission from that person to transmit their contact information to the Department of Veterans Affairs so that the person may be notified of potential eligibility to receive state and federal veterans benefits.

[AB 1935](#)

[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Veterans: mental health. Current law establishes the Department of Veterans Affairs. The department, among other services, provides veterans and their dependents and survivors with assistance in processing service-related disability claims, assistance in obtaining affordable housing, and information about health ailments associated with

military service. This bill would require the department to study suicide among women veterans and submit a report summarizing their findings and recommendations to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2022.

[ACA 9](#)

[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Veterans Support Stabilization Account. Would create the Veterans Support Stabilization Account in the General Fund, and require the annual budget to allocate 0.5% of the funding allocated for the purpose of services for veterans to be allocated to the Veterans Support Stabilization Account. The measure would prohibit funds transferred to the Veterans Support Stabilization Account from being appropriated unless the Governor issues a proclamation declaring a budget emergency and the funds are used to provide for the support of services for veterans.

[SB 312](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Veterans: service dog assistance. Would require the Department of Veterans Affairs, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish a competitive grant program to provide assistance for the cost of service dogs to veterans with post-traumatic stress disorder. The bill would award grants to certified veteran service dog providers, as defined, that provide services including, among other things, the purchase of the dog, training of the dog, and equipment for the dog. The bill would additionally require the Department of Veterans Affairs to publicize the program, as specified. The bill would require the department to, on and after December 1, 2021, accept and either approve or reject applications to certify veteran service dog providers.

[SB 571](#)

[Grove R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Veterans: benefits. Current law defines “veteran” for the purposes of the various programs granting benefits to veterans. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

[SB 572](#)

[Grove R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Department of Veterans Affairs: use of real property. Current law requires the Department of Veterans Affairs, by July 1, 2016, to create a prioritized list of unused or underutilized nonresidential real property owned by the department, and to propose one or more potential uses of those properties that will benefit California veterans, as specified. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[SB 725](#)

[Rubio D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY V. A.

Veterans rental housing. Current law creates the Veterans Housing and Homeless Prevention Act of 2014, to provide for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of affordable multifamily supportive housing, affordable transitional housing, affordable rental housing, or related facilities for veterans and their families to allow veterans to access and maintain housing stability. This bill would require the department to establish a rental housing assistance program to provide financial assistance to veterans seeking rental housing, based on the needs of the veterans.

Water

[AB 134](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Safe Drinking Water Restoration. Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to report to the Legislature by July 1, 2025, on its progress in restoring safe drinking water to all California communities and to

create an internet website that provides data transparency for all of the board's activities described in this measure. The bill would require the board to develop metrics to measure the efficacy of the fund in ensuring safe and affordable drinking water for all Californians.

[AB 231](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: recycled water. Would exempt from CEQA a project to construct or expand a recycled water pipeline for the purpose of mitigating drought conditions for which a state of emergency was proclaimed by the Governor if the project meets specified criteria. Because a lead agency would be required to determine if a project qualifies for this exemption, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would also exempt from CEQA the development and approval of building standards by state agencies for recycled water systems.

[AB 382](#)

[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Integrated regional water management plans: grant funding: upper watershed health. Current law provides that an integrated regional water management plan is eligible for funding allocated specifically for implementation of integrated regional water management. Current law requires certain state agencies to include in any set of criteria used to select projects and programs for funding, a criterion that provides a preference for regional projects or programs. This bill would require the department to include in any criteria used to select a project or program for grant funding authorized on or after January 1, 2020 a criterion that provides a preference for a regional water management group undertaking a project improving upper watershed health upstream and outside of the defined geographical area covered by the group's plan.

[AB 402](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

State Water Resources Control Board: local primacy delegation: funding stabilization program. The California Safe Drinking Water Act requires the State Water Resources Control Board to administer provisions relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect public health, including, but not limited to, conducting research, studies, and demonstration programs relating to the provision of a dependable, safe supply of drinking water, enforcing the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, adopting implementing regulations, and conducting studies and investigations to assess the quality of water in private domestic water supplies. This bill would authorize the state board to delegate partial responsibility for the act's administration and enforcement by means of a local primacy delegation agreement. The bill would authorize the state board, for counties that have not been delegated primary responsibility as of January 1, 2020, to offer an opportunity for the county to apply for partial or primary responsibility if the state board determines that it needs assistance in performing administrative and enforcement activities, as specified.

[AB 441](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Water: underground storage. Under current law, the right to water or to the use of water is limited to that amount of water that may be reasonably required for the beneficial use to be served. Current law provides for the reversion of water rights to which a person is entitled when the person fails to beneficially use the water for a period of 5 years. Current law declares that the storing of water underground, and related diversions for that purpose, constitute a beneficial use of water if the stored water is thereafter applied to the beneficial purposes for which the appropriation for storage was made. This bill would instead provide that any diversion of water to underground storage constitutes a diversion of water for beneficial use for which an appropriation may be made if the diverted water is put to beneficial use, as specified.

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

State Water Resources Control Board: disadvantaged communities: drinking water. Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, before taking an action that significantly impacts drinking water, to use existing information to identify impacted disadvantaged communities and to seek to reduce impacts to those communities to the greatest extent practicable. The bill would also require the board to ensure that disadvantaged communities are provided an opportunity to participate in the public process for a decision that significantly impacts drinking water by holding a public hearing in or near an impacted community.

[AB 722](#)[Bigelow R \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Water: dams: fees. Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to adopt, by regulation, a schedule of fees to cover the department's costs in carrying out the supervision of dam safety. Existing law limits the total annual fee for a dam or reservoir located on a farm or ranch property or a privately owned dam with less than 100 acre-feet of storage capacity to no more than 20% of the fees assessed pursuant to the schedule of fees. This bill would limit the total annual fee for a dam operated by certain irrigation districts to no more than 20% of the fees assessed pursuant to the schedule of fees.

[ACA 3](#)[Mathis R \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY W.,P. & W.

Clean Water for All Act. This measure, the Clean Water for All Act, would additionally require, commencing with the 2021–22 fiscal year, not less than 2% of specified state revenues to be set apart for the payment of principal and interest on bonds authorized pursuant to the Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014; water supply, delivery, and quality projects administered by the department, and water quality projects administered by the state board, as provided.

[SB 226](#)[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Watershed restoration: wildfires: grant program. Would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, require the National Resources Agency to develop and implement a watershed restoration grant program, as provided, for purposes of awarding grants to eligible counties, as defined, to assist them with watershed restoration on watersheds that have been affected by wildfire, as specified. The bill would require the agency to develop guidelines for the grant program, as provided. The bill would require an eligible county receiving funds pursuant to the grant program to submit annually to the agency a report regarding projects funded by the grant program, as provided.

[SB 332](#)[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Wastewater treatment: recycled water. Would declare, except in compliance with the bill's provisions, that the discharge of treated wastewater from ocean outfalls is a waste and unreasonable use of water. The bill would require each wastewater treatment facility that discharges through an ocean outfall and affiliated water suppliers to reduce the facility's annual flow as compared to the average annual wastewater discharge baseline volume, as prescribed, by at least 50% on or before January 1, 2030, and by at least 95% on or before January 1, 2040. The bill would subject the owner or operator of a wastewater treatment facility, as well as the affiliated water suppliers, to a civil penalty of \$2,000 per acre-foot of water above the required reduction in overall volume discharge for the failure to meet these deadlines.

[SB 669](#)[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Water quality: Safe Drinking Water Fund. Would establish the Safe Drinking Water Fund in the State Treasury and would provide that moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the State Water Resources Control Board. The bill would require the state board to administer the fund to assist community water systems in disadvantaged communities that are chronically noncompliant relative to the federal and state drinking water standards and do not have the financial capacity to pay for operation and maintenance costs to comply with those standards, as specified.

Workforce

[AB 198](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Career Resource Network Program: career aptitude test. Would require the California Career Resource Network Program to identify publicly available evidence-based career aptitude tests that present pupils with various career options aligned with their academic and extracurricular interests, and would require the program to post information on how to access these tests on its internet website.

[AB 568](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

California Care Corps Act. Would establish, until July, 1, 2026, a pilot program, administered by the Chief Service Officer of California Volunteers, under which nonprofit entities known as Care Corps Grantees that would contract with the officer would select, train, and place volunteers to provide care to persons who are at least 65 years of age, who have Alzheimer's disease or related dementia, and who have difficulty with self-care or living independently. The bill would establish selection criteria for prospective volunteers and specified training requirements.

[AB 721](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Workforce training programs: supportive services. Would require the California Workforce Development Board, in partnership with the State Department of Social Services and the Office of the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, to establish and administer the Lifting Families Out of Poverty Workforce Training Supportive Services Program. The bill would require the board, upon appropriation by the Legislature for that purpose, to make \$50,000,000 in grants available to consortia, composed of representatives from local workforce development boards, county welfare departments, community colleges, or other stakeholders, that apply for funding to provide supportive services, as defined, and are approved in accordance with the bill.

[AB 742](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Place-Based Economic Strategies Act. Would enact the Place-Based Economic Strategies Act, which would create the Office of Place-Based Economic Strategies, headed by the deputy director of the Office of Place-Based Economic Strategies, for the purposes of supporting place-based and other geographically targeted economic development programs, including, but not limited to, federal California Promise and California Opportunity Zones. The bill would require the office to serve as a liaison between community and economic stakeholders and the state agencies that oversee programs and offer services that are intended to finance and support business and economic development needs, as specified.

[AB 1015](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Education finance: Opportunity Youth Reengagement Program. Would, for each fiscal year, upon

appropriation by the Legislature, require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to make an apportionment to local educational agencies that would equal the amounts apportioned in the supplemental grant provisions of the local control funding formula (LCFF) that are attributable to the number of reengaged opportunity youth, as defined, enrolled in that agency. The bill would require the funds apportioned pursuant to the bill to be used to serve the reengaged opportunity youth under the Opportunity Youth Reengagement Program, which the bill would establish.

[AB 1431](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Greenhouse gases: education, career technical education, job training, and workforce development. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation on the need for increased education, career technical education, job training, and workforce development resources or capacity to help industry, workers, and communities transition to economic and labor-market changes related to statewide greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals in response to the report.

[AB 1720](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Office of Planning and Research: land use guidelines. Would require the Office of Planning and Research by January 1, 2021, to develop and adopt guidelines for a city or county to implement policies and practices that represent best practices to support small businesses within their jurisdictions. The bill would require those guidelines to include, among other things, recommendations for policies and practices to be included within mandatory elements required in general plans, specific plans, and other land use planning documents of a city or county.

[SB 539](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Mental Health Services Act: workforce education and training funds. Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by requiring the Controller, in any fiscal year in which the Department of Finance estimates that the revenues to be deposited into the Mental Health Services Fund for the fiscal year will exceed the base amount of \$1,900,000,000, to, no later than the last day of each month and before any transfer or expenditure from the fund for any other purpose for the following month, reserve in the fund an amount that is equal to 15% of 1/12 of the estimated amount of increased revenue for the fiscal year, except as specified.

[SB 563](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Community colleges: College and Career Access Pathways Grant Program. Current law requires the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, on or before January 1, 2021, to prepare a summary report that includes, among other things, an evaluation of the CCAP partnerships and recommendations for program improvements on certain topics. These provisions are repealed on January 1, 2022. This bill would extend the operation of the CCAP partnership laws until January 1, 2027. The bill would require the chancellor's summary report to include recommendations for program improvements on additional specified topics.

[SB 643](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Career technical education. Current law requires the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges to collect and maintain information related to career technical education and technical training within the California Community Colleges for inclusion within the integrated statewide information system. With respect to this integrated statewide information system, existing law specifies that its data gathering and analysis capabilities include maintaining a comprehensive inventory of all career technical education and technical training programs that are maintained by the public schools. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

Location: SENATE RLS.

Economic development: California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program. Current law authorizes the awarding of grants for this program, and requires this program to only be implemented during fiscal years for which funds are appropriated for these purposes. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2023. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation relating to the program.

Total Measures: 525

Total Tracking Forms: 525